

## **Small Business Profile: UTAH**

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of Utah's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in Utah, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in Utah in 2003 was 195,300.¹ Of the 58,507 employer firms in 2003, 96.4 percent or an estimated 56,400 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses increased by 3.8 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 138,928 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 21.8 percent, from 68,644 in 2002 to 83,575 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women increased by 37.5 percent, from 25,625 in 2002 to 35,243 in 2003 and represented 42.1 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$5.1 billion in revenues, employed 54,135 workers, and constituted 42,000 firms or 24.8 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 22.1 percent or 1,900 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 85.9 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$1.2 billion. There were 4,700 Hispanic-owned businesses; 400 Black-owned businesses; 2,400 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 1,400 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

**Business Turnover.** The estimated number of new employer businesses was 10,656 in 2003, which is 2.2 percent more than

the previous year. Business bankruptcies decreased by 13.8 percent, and totaled 519 in 2003. Business terminations decreased by 8 percent and numbered 10,368 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 45,977 in 2001 and employed 436,600 people or 47.7 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).<sup>2</sup> Total net employment loss in the state amounted to 1,798 between 2000 and 2001, and 4,096 jobs were created in MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 13,076 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: <a href="https://www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html">www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html</a>.)

**Small Business Income.** Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 6.4 percent, from \$4.7 billion in 2002 to \$5 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

**Finance.** Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in Utah (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at <a href="https://www.sba.gov/advo/stats">www.sba.gov/advo/stats</a>.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit <a href="www.sba.gov/advo">www.sba.gov/advo</a>, call (202) 205-6533 or email <a href="advocacy@sba.gov">advocacy@sba.gov</a>.

Sign up at <a href="http://web.sba.gov/list">http://web.sba.gov/list</a> for email delivery of:

- Advocacy Communications
- Advocacy Newsletter
- Advocacy Press
- Advocacy Research

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in Utah by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

Industry	Non-employer	Employer Firms			Employment		
industry	Firms	Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
Total	138.93	47.68	44.98	45.98	914.83	320.19	436.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.93	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.23	*	*
Mining	0.3	0.27	0.22	0.23	8	1.87	2.69
Utilities	0.13	0.1	0.09	0.09	5.21	*	1.18
Construction	15	8.23	8.14	8.19	61.91	47.53	56.28
Manufacturing	3.2	2.88	2.53	2.66	120.45	32.19	48.85
Wholesale trade	3.22	2.97	2.5	2.64	44.01	2.5	26.8
Retail trade	14.92	5.54	5.08	5.22	126.48	5.08	57.35
Transportation and warehousing	3.33	1.35	1.19	1.23	38.24	1.19	11.75
Information	2.33	0.8	0.67	0.71	29.35	5.17	8.65
Finance and insurance	8.93	2.51	2.3	2.35	44.76	11.38	15.12
Real estate; rental and leasing	19.33	2.4	2.31	2.33	14.64	8.56	14.64
Professional, scientific, and technical services	20.13	5.54	5.26	5.37	58.52	28.81	37.58
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.28	0.11	0.17	20.75	0.56	2.16
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	6.95	2.71	2.49	2.56	78.15	2.49	23.1
Educational services	3.17	0.51	0.47	0.49	25.2	4.16	6.48
Health care and social assistance	10.73	4.31	4.16	4.24	92.15	29.96	43.34
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	5.83	0.66	0.63	0.64	14.05	5.29	8.66
Accommodation and food services	1.37	3.01	2.83	2.91	81.14	37.46	51.49
Other services	19.15	3.6	3.5	3.54	43.39	20.11	23.31
Auxilary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional							
managing offices	N/A	0.09	0.01	0.03	7.44	*	*
Unclassified	N/A	0.64	0.64	0.79	0.79	*	0.79

<sup>\*</sup>Data suppressed to protect the confidentially of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

		Firm Size (N	umber of Employ	rees)
	Total	1–19	1–499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	61.29	20.49	37	24.29
Expanding establishments	102.92	25.79	53.74	49.18
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-103.14	-17.32	-47.2	-55.94
Closed establishments	-62.87	-15.89	-30.74	-32.13
Net change in employment	-1.8	13.08	12.8	-14.6

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

**Table 3**. Number of Banks in Utah by Asset Size, 1995 – 2003

Number of Banks Per Year				Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003					
1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M <b>–</b> \$500M	\$500 <b>–</b> \$1B	\$1B <b>–</b> \$10B	Over \$10B
44	54	57	56	56	24	17	6	5	4

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board. The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at <a href="https://www.sba.gov/advo/lending">www.sba.gov/advo/lending</a>.