

Small Business Profile: IDAHO

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of Idaho's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in Idaho, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in Idaho in 2003 was 125,700.¹ Of the 41,539 employer firms in 2003, 96.9 percent or an estimated 40,300 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses increased by 2.2 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 85,480 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 2.7 percent, from 67,059 in 2002 to 68,889 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women increased by 2.6 percent, from 27,241 in 2002 to 27,936 in 2003 and represented 40.7 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$2.4 billion in revenues, employed 25,873 workers, and constituted 25,800 firms or 23.5 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 21.2 percent or 1,100 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 88 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$0.7 billion. There were 2,800 Hispanic-owned businesses; 200 Black-owned businesses; 1,000 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 1,200 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. The estimated number of new employer businesses was 5,998 in 2003, which is 19 percent more than

the previous year. Business bankruptcies decreased by 13.5 percent, and totaled 225 in 2003. Business terminations decreased by 4.2 percent and numbered 6,742 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 31,362 in 2001 and employed 263,340 people or 56.4 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).² Total net employment gain in the state amounted to 13,981 between 2000 and 2001. Of that number, 11,815 are attributable to MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 4,677 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html.)

Small Business Income. Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 3.4 percent, from \$4.2 billion in 2002 to \$4.3 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance. Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in Idaho (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at www.sba.gov/advo/stats.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit <u>www.sba.gov/advo</u>, call (202) 205-6533 or email <u>advocacy@sba.gov</u>.

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¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

² The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Industry	Non-employer	Employer Firms			Employment		
musuy	Firms	Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
Total	85.48	32.36	30.8	31.36	467.32	205.79	263.34
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2.38	0.6	0.59	0.59	4.25	3.07	*
Mining	0.13	0.11	0.1	0.1	1.95	*	*
Utilities	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.11	3.36	*	1.1
Construction	12.12	5.65	5.61	5.63	41.02	28.45	31.63
Manufacturing	2.04	1.65	1.51	1.57	66.51	16.88	24.86
Wholesale trade	1.68	1.63	1.38	1.46	25.14	1.38	17.37
Retail trade	10.31	4.32	3.98	4.08	71.67	3.98	38.46
Transportation and warehousing	3.33	1.28	1.2	1.22	12.53	1.2	9.75
Information	0.93	0.4	0.33	0.34	11.88	3.09	4.17
Finance and insurance	3.33	1.3	1.17	1.2	17.68	5.04	7.22
Real estate; rental and leasing	9.3	1.28	1.24	1.25	5.49	3.9	5.49
Professional, scientific, and technical services	9.76	2.95	2.82	2.86	29.66	13.28	15.5
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.13	0.06	0.09	8.87	*	1.49
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	4.59	1.61	1.5	1.53	30.14	1.5	12.72
Educational services	1.36	0.25	0.24	0.24	6.93	*	2.4
Health care and social assistance	7.37	3.02	2.88	2.96	56.54	22.65	34.45
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.15	0.6	0.58	0.58	6.69	4.25	5.32
Accommodation and food services	1.09	2.42	2.3	2.35	44.74	24.96	30.88
Other services	12.51	2.87	2.81	2.83	19.27	14.28	15.2
Auxilary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional							
managing offices	N/A	0.05	0.01	0.02	2.54	*	0.24
Unclassified	N/A	0.52	0.52	0.47	0.47	*	0.47

Table 1. Firms and Employment in Idaho by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentially of individual firms. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

		Firm Size (N	rees)	
	Total	1–19	1-499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	31.11	11.76	18.65	12.45
Expanding establishments	51.4	16.25	29.2	22.2
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-41.36	-11.95	-27.15	-14.2
Closed establishments	-27.17	-11.38	-18.95	-8.22
Net change in employment	13.98	4.68	1.75	12.23

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

Table 3. Number of Banks in Idah	o by Asset Size, 1995 – 2003
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Number of Banks Per Year					Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003				
1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M-\$500M	\$500 - \$1B	\$1B - \$10B	Over \$10B
19	15	17	17	16	6	9	1	0	0

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board. The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at <u>mmn.sba.gov/advo/lending</u>.