Office of the Secretary, Education

- (1) The total possible score for all of the criteria for a program; and
- (2) The assigned weight or the maximum possible score for each criterion or factor under that criterion.
- (c) If no points or weights are assigned to the selection criteria and selected factors, the Secretary evaluates each criterion equally and, within each criterion, each factor equally.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474) [62 FR 10401, Mar. 6, 1997]

§§ 75.202-75.206 [Reserved]

§ 75.209 Selection criteria based on statutory provisions.

- (a) The Secretary may evaluate applications by—
- (1) Establishing selection criteria based on statutory provisions that apply to the authorized program, which may include, but are not limited to—
- (i) Specific statutory selection criteria:
 - (ii) Allowable activities;
- (iii) Application content requirements; or
- (iv) Other pre-award and post-award conditions; and
- (2) Assigning the maximum possible score for each of the criteria established under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.
- (b) The Secretary evaluates an application by determining how well the project proposed by the applicant meets each statutory provision selected under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

Example: If a program statute requires that each application address how the applicant will serve the needs of limited English proficient children, under §75.209 the Secretary could establish a criterion and evaluate applications based on how well the applicant's proposed project meets that statutory provision. The Secretary might decide to award up to 10 points for this criterion. Applicants who have the best proposals to serve the needs of limited English proficient children would score highest under the criterion in this example.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

 $[60~{\rm FR}~63873,~{\rm Dec.}~12,~1995,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~62~{\rm FR}~10401,~{\rm Mar.}~6,~1997]$

§ 75.210 General selection criteria.

In determining the selection criteria to be used in each grant competition, the Secretary may select one or more of the following criteria and may select from among the list of optional factors under each criterion. However, paragraphs (d)(2) and (e)(2) of this section are mandatory factors under their respective criteria:

- (a) Need for project. (1) The Secretary considers the need for the proposed project.
- (2) In determining the need for the proposed project, the Secretary considers one or more of the following factors:
- (i) The magnitude or severity of the problem to be addressed by the proposed project.
- (ii) The magnitude of the need for the services to be provided or the activities to be carried out by the proposed project.
- (iii) The extent to which the proposed project will provide services or otherwise address the needs of students at risk of educational failure.
- (iv) The extent to which the proposed project will focus on serving or otherwise addressing the needs of disadvantaged individuals.
- (v) The extent to which specific gaps or weaknesses in services, infrastructure, or opportunities have been identified and will be addressed by the proposed project, including the nature and magnitude of those gaps or weaknesses.
- (vi) The extent to which the proposed project will prepare personnel for fields in which shortages have been demonstrated.
- (b) Significance. (1) The Secretary considers the significance of the proposed project.
- (2) In determining the significance of the proposed project, the Secretary considers one or more of the following factors:
- (i) The national significance of the proposed project.
- (ii) The significance of the problem or issue to be addressed by the proposed project.
- (iii) The potential contribution of the proposed project to increased knowledge or understanding of educational problems, issues, or effective strategies.