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ONE HUNDRED FIFTH CONGRESS

## Congress of the United States

## House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REFORM AND OVERSIGHT 2157 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6143

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March 2, 1998

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The Honorable Dan Burton Chairman Committee on Government Reform and Oversight U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Burton:

Last week, during the meeting of the Committee's document protocol working group, I am sure you will remember that one of your staff members animatedly informed me that he had "forgotten more about criminal law" than I ever knew. Although I appreciate your staff's willingness to share his views of his abilities, I still want to express my concerns to you about the questionable legal advice your staff for the campaign finance investigation is providing to the Committee.

I believe the decision to release your staff's notes of their interview of Steven Clemons, who was scheduled to testify before the Committee last week, was reprehensible. By releasing the notes and simultaneously canceling the hearing, you released unverifiable information about two individuals, Charles Duncan and Phyllis Jones, and then denied Mr. Duncan and Ms. Jones an opportunity to respond to the allegations in a hearing. Furthermore, Mr. Clemons has disputed the accuracy of the notes and claims they do not reflect his views.

Your staff's justification for this act was that it is standard practice for federal prosecutors to leak confidential witness interviews to the media. If that is indeed the standard practice, and I strongly suspect it is not, then I suggest we commence an investigation into this abuse by federal prosecutors.

I am also concerned with the legal advice you have received with regard to the Fifth Amendment. I understand that the Committee attempted to compel testimony from Miami lawyer Charles Intriago even after his attorney, Robert Plotkin, informed the Committee that Mr. Intriago would be asserting his Fifth Amendment privilege. In a February 18, 1998, letter to your chief counsel Richard Bennett, Mr. Plotkin noted that Mr. Bennett had advised him that Mr. Intriago did not need to assert his Fifth Amendment privilege because the applicable statute of limitations had run. Mr. Bennett then informed Mr. Plotkin that the Committee would seek contempt if Mr. Intriago exercised his constitutional right.

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cc:

In a February 25, 1998, article in the *Hill* newspaper, your staff's views were described as "ludicrous at best" by Washington attorney Steve Ryan, an adjunct professor at Georgetown University Law Center who teaches a course on congressional investigations. Among the many defects in Mr. Bennett's legal reasoning are the fact that: (1) fixing precise dates to statutes of limitations is complicated; (2) Mr. Intriago could potentially be prosecuted for conspiracy or obstruction of justice even if the statute of limitations on possible illegal campaign contributions had run; and (3) Mr. Intriago is apparently the subject of an on-going criminal investigation by the Department of Justice. An even more basic question is why your counsel is providing legal advice to Mr. Intriago in the first place.

In addition, as I noted in a February 27, 1998, letter, I believe the legal reasoning behind your February 20, 1998, ruling regarding the subpoena issued to Donald Lam is unfounded. It is clear that as an accountant, Mr. Lam is subject to 26 U.S.C. §7216, which prohibits Mr. Lam from disclosing a client's tax returns. If the Committee were to follow your legal interpretation of this statute, and enforce the subpoena issued to Mr. Lam, the Committee would be compelling a witness to commit a crime. I do not believe this is an appropriate action for this Committee to undertake.

I am dismayed that our Committee would be receiving -- and apparently relying upon -- this kind of dubious advice from the attorneys conducting the campaign finance investigation.

Sincerely.

Henry A. Waxman

Ranking Minority Member

Members of the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight