§ 121.803

organization or a small business concern under this section.

§121.803 Are formal size determinations binding on parties?

Size determinations by authorized SBA officials are formal actions, based upon a specific patent application pursuant to the rules of the Patent and Trademark Office, Department of Commerce, and are binding upon the parties. Other SBA opinions provided to patent applicants or others are only advisory, and are not binding or appealable.

§ 121.804 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

Size status is determined as of the date of the patent applicant's written verification of size.

§121.805 May a business concern selfcertify its size status?

- (a) A concern verifies its size status with its submission of its patent application.
- (b) Any attempt to establish small size status improperly (fraudulently, through gross negligence, or otherwise) may result in remedial action by the Patent and Trademark Office.
- (c) In the absence of credible information indicating otherwise, the Patent and Trademark Office may accept the verification by the concern as a small business as true.
- (d) Questions concerning the size verification are resolved initially by the Patent and Trademark Office. If not verified as small, the applicant may request a formal SBA size determination.

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH PROGRAMS OF OTHER AGENCIES

§ 121.901 Can other Government agencies obtain SBA size determinations?

Upon request by another Government agency, SBA will provide a size determination, under SBA rules, standards and procedures, for its use in determining compliance with small business requirements of its statutes, regulations or programs.

§ 121.902 What size standards are applicable to programs of other agencies?

SBA size standards. The size standards for compliance with programs of other agencies are those for SBA programs which are most comparable to the programs of such other agencies, unless the agency and SBA agree otherwise.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

§ 121.903 How may an agency use size standards for its programs that are different than those established by SBA?

- (a) Federal agencies or departments promulgating regulations relating to small businesses usually use SBA size criteria. In limited circumstances, if they decide the SBA size standard is not suitable for their programs, then agency heads may establish a more appropriate small business definition for the exclusive use in such programs, but only when:
- (1) The size standard will determine:
- (i) The size of a manufacturing concern by its average number of employees based on the preceding twelve calendar months, determined according to \$121.106:
- (ii) The size of a services concern by its average annual receipts over a period of at least three years, determined according to §121.104;
- (iii) The size of other concerns on data over a period of at least three years; or,
 - (iv) Other factors approved by SBA;
- (2) The agency has consulted in writing with SBA's Assistant Administrator for Size Standards at least fourteen (14) calendar days before publishing the proposed rule which is part of the rulemaking process. The written consultation will include:
- (i) What size standard the agency contemplates using;
- (ii) To what agency program it will apply:
- (iii) How the agency arrived at this particular size standard for this program; and,
- (iv) Why SBA's existing size standards do not satisfy the program requirements;
- (3) The agency proposes the size standard for public comment pursuant

Small Business Administration

to the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553:

- (4) The agency provides a copy of the proposed rule, when it publishes it for public comment as part of the rule-making process, to SBA's Assistant Administrator for Size Standards; and
- (5) SBA's Administrator approves the size standard before the agency adopts a final rule or otherwise prescribes the size standard for its use. The agency's request for the SBA Administrator's approval must include:
- (i) Copies of all comments on the proposed size standard received in response to the proposed rule;
- (ii) A separate written justification for the intended size standard;
- (iii) A copy of the intended final rule if available at that time, or a copy of the intended final rule and preamble prior to its publication; and
- (iv) Other information SBA may request in connection with the request.
- (b) When approving any size standard established pursuant to this section, SBA's Administrator will ensure that the size standard varies from industry to industry to the extent necessary to reflect the differing characteristics of the various industries, and consider other relevant factors.
- (c) Where the agency head is developing a size standard for the sole purpose of performing a Regulatory Flexibility Analysis pursuant to section 601(3) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, the department or agency may, after consultation with the SBA Office of Advocacy, establish a size standard different from SBA's which is more appropriate for such analysis.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

§ 121.904 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

For compliance with programs of other agencies, SBA will base its size determination on the size of the concern as of the date set forth in the request of the other agency.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

PROCEDURES FOR SIZE PROTESTS AND REQUESTS FOR FORMAL SIZE DETERMINATIONS

§ 121.1001 Who may initiate a size protest or request a formal size determination?

- (a) Size Status Protests. (1) For SBA's Small Business Set-Aside Program, including the Property Sales Program, or any instance in which a procurement or order has been restricted to or reserved for small business or a particular group of small business, the following entities may file a size protest in connection with a particular procurement, sale or order:
- (i) Any offeror whom the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size:
 - (ii) The contracting officer;
- (iii) The SBA Government Contracting Area Director having responsibility for the area in which the head-quarters of the protested offeror is located, regardless of the location of a parent company or affiliates, or the Associate Administrator for Government Contracting; and
- (iv) Other interested parties. Other interested parties include large businesses where only one concern submitted an offer for the specific procurement in question. A concern found to be other than small in connection with the procurement is not an interested party unless there is only one remaining offeror after the concern is found to be other than small.
- (2) For competitive 8(a) contracts, the following entities may protest:
- (i) Any offeror whom the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size;
 - (ii) The contracting officer; or
- (iii) The SBA District Director, or designee, in either the district office serving the geographical area in which the procuring activity is located or the district office that services the apparent successful offeror, or the Associate Administrator for 8(a) Business Development.
- (3) For SBA's Subcontracting Program, the following entities may protest:
 - (i) The prime contractor;
 - (ii) The contracting officer;
 - (iii) Other potential subcontractors;