

Highlights of GAO-03-250, a report to the Chairman and Ranking Minority Member, Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Committee on Governmental Affairs, U.S. Senate

## Why GAO Did This Study

Information technology (IT) will play a critical role in strengthening our nation's homeland security against potential future attacks. Specifically, IT will help enable the nation to identify potential threats, share information more readily, provide mechanisms to protect our homeland, and develop response capabilities. The Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs requested that we identify, for fiscal years 2002 and 2003, IT funding targeted for purposes related to homeland security in those departments and agencies that play a key role in this mission area and, using our prior work, report on the IT management issues facing these organizations.

In commenting on a draft of this report, agencies provided technical comments that were incorporated in the report, as appropriate.

www.gao.gov/cgi-bin/getrpt?GAO-03-250.

To view the full report, including the objectives, scope, and methodology, click on the link above. For more information, contact Dave Powner at (202) 512-9286 or PownerD@gao.gov

## HOMELAND SECURITY

## **Information Technology Funding and Associated Management Issues**

## What GAO Found

We identified \$2.9 billion in IT funding for homeland security for fiscal year 2002 and for fiscal year 2003. For fiscal year 2002, \$1.2 billion of it is for organizations (agencies, departments, or components of these) proposed to move to the Department of Homeland Security. For fiscal year 2003, \$1.7 billion is for organizations proposed to move to the new department. Total reported IT funding for homeland security is likely understated. For example, there may be other potential costs that are not reflected in reported totals, including multi-agency IT infrastructure (for example, secure networks), new intelligence systems, and funding for existing agency missions that appear to be related to homeland security (for example, Department of Defense, Federal Aviation Administration).

Of those organizations with significant IT funding that are proposed to move to the new department, the FBI's National Infrastructure Protection Center (NIPC), the Immigration and Nationalization Service (INS), the Coast Guard, and Customs have a large number of GAO recommendations from our prior work that still require action (see figure below). Although we did not have specific open recommendations for many of the organizations proposed to move to the Department of Homeland Security, most are from parent organizations that, based on our prior work, still face IT management issues. The majority of open recommendations are associated with securing information, having an architecture or blueprint to guide system development efforts, managing IT investments, and developing and acquiring information systems. Since September 1996, we have reported that poor information security is a widespread federal problem and therefore have designated it a governmentwide high-risk area.

Selected Departments with Open GAO IT Recommendations and Associated
Homeland Security IT Funding Requested for Fiscal Year 2003

Department	Open recommendations	Homeland security IT funding (in millions)
Treasury (including Customs)	346	\$633.77
Transportation (including Coa	st	
Guard)	69	680.74
Justice (including NIPC, INS)	17	778.95
Totals	432	\$2,093.46

Source: GAO and agency budget information provided to GAO.