(e) The decision shall become final in accordance with §28.87.

[58 FR 61992, Nov. 23, 1993, as amended at 68 FR 69303, Dec. 12, 2003]

§ 28.123 Standards of conduct for labor organizations.

- (a) The GAO shall only accord recognition to labor organizations that are free from corrupt influences and from influences opposed to basic democratic principles. An organization is not required to prove it is free from such influence if it is subject to governing requirements calling for the maintenance of:
 - (1) Democratic procedures;
- (2) Freedom from totalitarian influence:
- (3) Independence on the part of its agents and officers from any business or financial interests which represent conflicts of interest or potential conflicts of interest; and
 - (4) Fiscal integrity.
- (b) A labor organization which has or seeks recognition as a representative of employees under this chapter shall file financial and other reports with the Board and comply with trusteeship and election standards.
- (c) A labor organization which has or seeks recognition under these Rules shall adhere to principles enunciated in the Regulations issued by the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Employment Standards regarding standards of conduct for labor organizations in the public sector. Complaints of violations of this section shall be filed with the Board. In any matter arising under this section, the Board may require a labor organization to cease and desist from violations of this section and require it to take such actions as it considers appropriate to carry out the policies of this section.
- (d) This chapter does not authorize participation in the management of a labor organization or acting as a representative of a labor organization by a management official, a supervisor, or a confidential employee, or by any employee if the participation or activity would result in a conflict or apparent conflict of interest or would otherwise be incompatible with law or with the official duties of the employee.

- (e) In the case of any labor organization which by omission or commission has willfully and intentionally called or participated in a strike, work stoppage or slowdown, or picketed in a manner which interfered with the operations of a government agency, or has condoned such activity, the Board shall, upon an appropriate finding it has made of such a violation—
- (1) Revoke the recognition status of the labor organization; or
- (2) Take any other appropriate disciplinary action.
- (f) The General Counsel may charge a labor organization with violations of this section. The Board shall conduct proceedings with regard to such charge and may require a labor organization to take such actions as it deems necessary to carry out the policies of this section.

[58 FR 61992, Nov. 23, 1993, as amended at 68 FR 69303. Dec. 12, 2003]

§28.124 Review of arbitration awards.

- (a) Filing an exception. (1) Either party to arbitration, conducted pursuant to a grievance procedure under a collective bargaining agreement, may file with the Board an exception to the arbitrator's award rendered pursuant to the arbitration.
- (2) The time limit for filing an exception to an arbitration award is 30 days from the service of the award on the filing party.
- (3) An opposition to the exception may be filed by a party within 30 days after the service of the exception.
- (4) A copy of the exception and any opposition shall be served on the other party.
- (b) Content of exception. An exception must be a dated, self-contained document which sets forth in full:
- (1) A statement of the grounds on which review is requested;
- (2) Evidence or rulings bearing on the issues before the Board;
- (3) Arguments in support of the stated grounds, together with specific reference to the pertinent documents and citations of authorities:
- (4) A legible copy of the award of the arbitrator and legible copies of other pertinent documents; and
- (5) The name and address of the arbitrator.

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- (c) Grounds for review. (1) The Board will review an arbitrator's award to which an exception has been filed to determine if the award is deficient—
- (i) Because it is contrary to any law, rule or regulation; or
- (ii) On other grounds similar to those applied by Federal courts in private sector labor-management relations.
- (2) The Board will not consider an exception where:
- (i) The award relates to an action based on unacceptable performance covered under 5 U.S.C. 4303;
- (ii) The award relates to a removal, suspension for more than 14 days, reduction in grade, reduction in pay, or furlough of 30 days or less covered under 5 U.S.C. 7512; or
- (iii) the exception is based on a GAO rule which was not introduced into the record submitted to the arbitrator.
- (d) Board decision. The Board shall issue its decision and order taking such action and making such recommendations concerning the award as it considers necessary, consistent with applicable laws, rules, or regulations.

Subpart G—Corrective Action, Disciplinary and Stay Proceedings

§28.130 General authority.

The procedures in this subpart relate to the Board's functions "to consider, decide and order corrective or disciplinary action (as appropriate) in cases arising" from any area within the Board's jurisdiction.

§28.131 Corrective action proceedings.

- (a) When information comes to the attention of the General Counsel suggesting that a prohibited personnel practice may have occurred, exists or is to be taken, the General Counsel shall investigate the matter to the extent necessary to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that a prohibited personnel practice has occurred, exists or is to be taken.
- (b) If the General Counsel terminates any investigation under this section which is not also the subject of a charge, the General Counsel shall prepare and transmit to any person on whose allegation the investigation was initiated, a written statement notifying the person of the termination of

the investigation and the reasons therefore.

- (c) If the General Counsel determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that a prohibited personnel practice has occurred, exists or is to be taken which requires corrective action and which is not also the subject of a charge, the General Counsel shall report the determination together with any findings or recommendations to the GAO.
- (d) If, after a reasonable period, GAO has not taken the corrective action recommended, the Board's Office of General Counsel may file a petition with the Board. Such petition shall be processed in accordance with §§ 28.19 through 28.25.

[58 FR 61992, Nov. 23, 1993, as amended at 68 FR 69303, Dec. 12, 2003]

§ 28.132 Disciplinary proceedings.

- (a) If the General Counsel determines after any investigation under 31 U.S.C. 752(b) that disciplinary action should be initiated against an employee, the General Counsel shall prepare a written complaint against the employee containing his or her determination, together with a statement of the supporting facts, and present the complaint and the statement to the employee and the Board in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.
- (b) In the case of an employee in a confidential, policy making, policy-determining, or policy-advocating position appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the complaint and statement referred to in paragraph (a) of this section, with any response by the employee, shall be presented to the Congress for appropriate action in lieu of being presented under paragraph (d) of this section.
- (c) Any employee against whom a complaint has been presented to the Board under paragraph (a) of this section is entitled to:
- (1) A reasonable time to answer orally and in writing and to furnish affidavits and other documentary evidence in support of the answer;
- (2) Be represented by an attorney or other representative;