December 10, 2001

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Routine Biosecurity Procedures for EPA Personnel Visiting Farms, Ranches,

Slaughterhouses and other Facilities with Livestock and Poultry

FROM: Michael M. Stahl, Director /s/

Office of Compliance

TO: Acting and Current Regional Administrators and Deputy Regional Administrators

Attached is the final biosecurity guidance for EPA personnel visiting livestock or poultry facilities, including ranches, dairies, feed yards, sale yards, swine premises, slaughterhouses, and other facilities where there are animals or unprocessed animal tissues that may transmit diseases. The guidance was prompted by heightened national concern about the spread of animal diseases. Failing to take appropriate steps to prevent disease transmission could result in severe financial impacts on farmers and the destruction of potentially many of thousands of animals.

While EPA had already incorporated biosecurity discussions into basic CAFO Inspector Training, it was clear that EPA needed to formalize and to reinforce biosecurity measures. Also, while CAFO inspections could be one avenue for possible disease transmission by EPA personnel, guidelines were needed for all EPA field activities that could affect livestock.

The guidance was developed in coordination with USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service and Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and the Food and Drug Administration. We circulated drafts for comment to these organizations, EPA headquarters offices, regions, states, and academic and industry contacts. The final guidance relies heavily on and incorporates much of guidance developed by APHIS for USDA employees on June 21, 2001. My thanks to all who contributed to the development of this guidance.

If you have any questions about this guidance, please contact me or Carol Galloway, National Agriculture Compliance Assistance Center, at 913-551-5008.

Attachment:

Routine Biosecurity Procedures for EPA Personnel Visiting Farms, Ranches, Slaughterhouses, and Other Facilities with Livestock and Poultry

cc: Sylvia Lowrance, OECA, AAA (w/o attachments)

Rick Colbert, OC/AgD (w/o attachments)

Regional Enforcement Coordinators, Regions 1-10 (electronic only)

National Agriculture Sector Contacts (electronic only)

Eric Schaeffer, Director, ORE James Makris, Director, CEPPO Marcia Mulkey, Director, OPP Michael Cook, Director, OWM John Seitz, Director, OAQPS John Chamberlin, OARM, OA

Ty Vannieuwenhoven, USDA, APHIS

Tom Christensen, USDA, NRCS Julius Jimeno, OARM, OA, SHEMD Jeff Davidson, OARM, OA, SHEMD

Judy Nelson, OPPTS Jean-Mari Peltier, OA Ray Mars, FDA

ROUTINE BIOSECURITY PROCEDURES FOR EPA PERSONNEL VISITING FARMS, RANCHES, SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND OTHER FACILITIES WITH LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

This guidance establishes routine procedures to minimize the risk of EPA personnel transmitting animal diseases from livestock or poultry facilities, including farms, ranches, dairies, feed yards, sale yards, swine premises, slaughterhouses, and other facilities where there are animals or unprocessed animal tissues, secretions or excretions (including saliva, manure or urine, soiled feed, bedding, water or dirt, milk) to livestock or poultry. Often, owners/producers have adopted more stringent biosecurity measures than these procedures. More stringent measures might include specific directions on site entry (e.g., showering, changing clothes to come onto or leave the premises, vehicle washing), or vehicle travel on the site, and other measures. EPA should discuss appropriate biosecurity measures with the operator prior to entering animal areas, and are encouraged to follow the more stringent measures.

Separate emergency procedures will be applicable in cases of actual outbreaks of contagious animal diseases. In such a case, EPA generally will avoid visiting affected areas and will coordinate with USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and local emergency control authorities concerning activities in these areas. Periodically, EPA will contact the offices of the appropriate APHIS Area Veterinarians in Charge and the offices of the State veterinarians to identify any areas with existing emergency animal disease events. The addresses and telephone numbers of these offices are attached.

EPA personnel should be aware of personal health and safety issues when visiting livestock facilities and consult with EPA's Health and Safety staff with questions about proper procedures. Livestock facilities may include OSHA-defined "confined spaces," e.g., manure pits. If staff need to enter such areas, all appropriate safety precautions must be followed. In addition, some animal diseases can be spread to humans, such as brucellosis (bacteria) and echinococcus (parasite). Fortunately, the U.S. largely has eliminated major risk of disease transmission from animals to humans by a combination of veterinary medicine and State regulation.

The following procedures are consistent with written procedures developed by APHIS for use by USDA personnel (June 12, 2001).

¹Brucellosis is transmitted through contaminated and untreated milk and milk products and by direct contact with infected animals (cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, camels, buffaloes, and wild ruminants) or animal carcasses. It is extremely variable in humans. The acute form (less than 8 weeks from illness onset) may result in nonspecific and "flu-like" symptoms including fever, sweats, malaise, anorexia, headache, myalgia, and back pain. Echinococcus granulosus lives on dogs and livestock, and infects humans through contact with these animals. Allergic reactions and damage to various organs from cyst formation are the most common forms of disease in humans.

Biosecurity Procedures

- Individuals should not make on-site visits to livestock operations if they have visited a foreign country and were exposed to or had contact with farm animals (with or without a known contagious disease) within 5 days prior to the site visit. Also, clothing and shoes worn on foreign farm visits should be cleaned before use on U.S. facilities.
- Thoroughly wash hands with soap and water or antibacterial wipes or gel before entering and after leaving any animal facility. Disposable latex gloves also may be used but not as a substitute for proper hand washing.
- Park your vehicle on paved or concrete areas, away from farm production sites, to avoid contact with dirt, mud or manure. If not possible, be certain that tires are free of dirt and debris by hosing the tires and wheel wells before leaving the premises. If this does not clean the tires adequately, take the vehicle to a nearby pressure car wash. Including dates and types of vehicle washing in the vehicle log book is recommended.
- Consider using a vehicle supplied by the facility operator for on site travel if available.
- Prior to entering the site, put on disinfected rubber boots or other footwear that has been cleaned and disinfected, or wear new disposable boot covers. The operator may have its own coveralls and boots for you to wear. However, if visiting only low-risk areas, such as offices that are located away from animal areas, clean street shoes or boots are acceptable (hand washing is still needed). [Note: Boot covers may not provide sufficient traction to safely navigate slopes surrounding lagoons and pits. Personnel may want to use tape to secure the boot cover to prevent slippage].
- On entering a facility, acknowledge any and all other livestock facilities visited within the previous 48 hours including whether or not EPA entered any animal confinement or waste storage areas.
- Inform the operator of where the EPA staff wants to go on the site, determine what biosecurity procedures, if any, the owner/operator has for the on-site locations to be visited, and determine which biosecurity procedures will be followed for the areas to be visited.
- EPA should only enter animal production buildings if it is essential to complete the goals of the visit, and should avoid contact with livestock, poultry or other animals (wild or domestic) on any facility. If close contact with animals is expected, including walking through narrowly confined pens or lots where animals are within reach, wearing coveralls is recommended.
- Designate the interior of your vehicle as a "clean area" and keep clean supplies in this area.
- Designate a "dirty area" of your vehicle, such as the trunk of the car or a specified enclosed area of a truck bed for double bagged clothes or dirty equipment to be taken off site.
- Before leaving the site, clean and disinfect boots or tightly bag boots for later cleaning. Scrub boot bottom and sides to remove all dirt and debris, then wash with disinfectant solution. Disinfectants are not effective on dirt, manure or other organic matter.
- Clean and disinfect equipment if contaminated.
- Use disinfectants that have been registered (or exempted) by EPA for the intended use (see below). Keep a copy of the label and the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any registered disinfectant used and make both available to the facility upon its request. Follow all label safety precautions and dispose of empty containers, unused disinfectant solution, and used disinfectant in accordance with label instructions.

- If non-disposable clothing is soiled with manure, blood, milk, or other animal secretions or there has been close contact with livestock (actual handling or walking where animals were within reach), before leaving the site, double bag clothing for later cleaning.
- Dispose of soiled boot covers, and disposable clothing on-site if acceptable to the owner/operator. Where on-site disposal is not possible, double bag and tightly seal all contaminated clothing and gear in disposable bags.
- Inform the owner/operator of the areas of the site that were visited, and the biosecurity procedures taken. This can be done at an inspection closing conference.

Supplies:

- ! clean boots or new disposable boot covers
- clean change of clothing or coveralls
- appropriate registered or exempted disinfectant (see below)
- water (at least minimum required for hand washing and disinfection)
- a bucket or tray to contain disinfectant
- long handled brush
- clean bags for trash disposal or storage of items to be cleaned
- liquid and/or gel antibacterial soap or wipes
- first aid kit including an eye wash
- phone numbers of the State veterinarian or other local officials available in case you suspect animal diseases are present. Share any such observations with the owner/operator as soon as possible

Disinfectants for Routine Biosecurity

The following products are currently registered by EPA as being effective against a broad range of disease-causing organisms, including Foot and Mouth Disease; they are not effective against all disease-causing organisms. Consult the label information and, if other diseases are a concern, consult the State veterinarian or State Department of Agriculture.

Virkon S (EPA Reg. No. 62432-1, label and MSDS) Oxonia Active (EPA Reg. No. 1677-129, label and MSDS)

There are also two household chemicals subject to EPA Section 18 "quarantine exemptions" (i.e., they are exempted from FIFRA pesticide registration requirements) for use as Foot and Mouth Disease disinfectants. They are issued to APHIS but designed so that the general public can make treatments themselves using these chemicals. One permits vinegar (acetic acid) to be applied as a 4% solution, and the other permits bleach (sodium hypochlorite) to be used in a solution of 3 parts bleach to 2 parts water. Information on these Section 18 actions is attached.

Attachments:

- 1. APHIS Veterinary Series Area Offices and State Veterinarians
- 2. Copies of EPA-approved labels for Virkon S (April 26, 2001) and Oxonia Active (May 11, 2001) and associated Material Safety Data Sheets
- 3. Section 18s for Acetic Acid and Sodium Hypochlorite (Bleach)

Disclaimer

The discussion in this document is intended solely as guidance. This document is not a regulation. It does not impose legally binding requirements on EPA, states, or the regulated community. This guidance does not confer legal rights or impose legal obligations upon any member of the public. The general description provided here may not apply to a particular situation based on the circumstances. Interested parties are free to raise questions and objections about the substance of this guidance and the appropriateness of the application of this guidance to a particular situation. EPA retains the discretion to adopt approaches on a case-by-case basis that differ from those described in this guidance where appropriate. This document may be revised periodically without public notice. EPA welcomes public input on this document at any time.

APHIS Veterinary Services Area Offices

Eastern Region - (919) 716-5570

Montgomery, Alabama -- (334) 223-7141

Gainesville, Florida -- (352) 333-3120

Convers, Georgia -- (770) 922-7860

Springfield, Illinois -- (217) 241-6689

Indianapolis, Indiana -- (317) 290-3300

Frankfort, Kentucky -- (502) 227-9651

Annapolis, Maryland -- (410) 349-9708 (also serves DC & DE)

Sutton, Massachusetts -- (508) 865-1421 (also serves CT, ME, NH, RI & VT)

Lansing, Michigan -- (517) 324-5290

St. Paul, Minnesota -- (651)-290-3691

Jackson, Mississippi -- (601) 965-4307

Robbinsville, New Jersey -- (609) 259-8387

Albany, New York -- (518) 453-0187

Raleigh, North Carolina -- (919) 716-5570

Pickerington, Ohio -- (614) 469-5602 (also serves WV)

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania -- (717) 782-3442

San Juan, Puerto Rico -- (787) 766-6050, 6055

Columbia, South Carolina -- (803) 788-1919

Nashville, Tennessee -- (615) 781-5310

Richmond, Virginia -- (804) 771-2774

Madison, Wisconsin -- (608) 270-4000

Western Region - (817) 276-2201

Little Rock, Arkansas -- (501) 224-9515

Tempe, Arizona -- (480) 491-1002

Sacramento, California -- (916) 857-6170 (also serves NV)

Englewood, Colorado -- (303) 784-6229

Denver, Colorado -- (303) 231-5385

Honolulu, Hawaii -- (808) 861-8560

Boise, Idaho -- (208) 378-5631

Des Moines, Iowa -- (515) 284-4140

Topeka, Kansas -- (785) 235-2365

Baton Rouge, Louisiana -- (504) 389-0436

Jefferson City, Missouri -- (314) 636-3116

Helena, Montana -- (406) 449-5407

APHIS Veterinary Services Area Offices

Lincoln, Nebraska -- (402) 434-2300 Albuquerque, New Mexico -- (505) 761-3160 Bismarck, North Dakota -- (701) 250-4210 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma -- (405) 427-9413 Salem, Oregon -- (503) 399-5871 Pierre, South Dakota -- (605) 224-6186 Austin, Texas -- (512) 916-5551 Salt Lake City, Utah -- (801) 524-5010 Olympia, Washington -- (360) 753-9430 (also serves AK) Cheyenne, Wyoming -- (307) 772-2186

State Veterinarians

ALABAMA

Phone: 334-240-7255 Fax: 334-223-7352

Dept. of Agriculture & Industries

Animal Industry Division

P. O. Box 3336

Montgomery, AL 36109-0336

ALASKA

Phone: 907-745-3236 Fax: 907-745-8125

500 S. Alaska Street, Suite A

Palmer, Alaska 99645

ARIZONA

Phone: 602-542-4293 Fax: 602-542-4290

Arizona Dept. of Agriculture

1688 West Adams Phoenix, AZ 85007

ARKANSAS

Phone: 501-225-5138 Fax: 501-225-9727

Arkansas Livestock & Poultry Commission

One Natural Resources Drive

P. O. Box 5497 Little Rock, AR 72215

CALIFORNIA

Phone: 916-654-0881 Fax: 916-653-2215

CA Dept. of Food & Agriculture 1220 "N" Street, Room A-114 Sacramento, CA 95814

COLORADO

Phone: 303-239-4161 Fax: 303-239-4164

700 Kipling Street, Suite 4000 Lakewood, CO 80215-5894

CONNECTICUT

Phone: 860-566-4616 Fax: 860-566-8791

State Office Building, Room 291

165 Capitol Avenue Hartford, CT 06106

DELAWARE

Phone: 302-739-4811 Fax: 302-697-6287

Delaware Dept. of Agriculture 2320 S. Dupont Highway

Dover, DE 19901

FLORIDA

Phone: 904-488-8280 Fax: 904-487-3641

Florida Dept. of Agriculture Division of Animal Industry Room 32B, Mayo Building Tallahassee, FL 32399-0800

GEORGIA

Phone: 404-656-3671 Fax: 404-657-1357 Dept. of Agriculture Capital Square

Atlanta, GA 30334-4201

HAWAII

Phone: 808-483-7111 Fax: 808-487-5789

Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture 99-941 Halawa Valley Street Aiea, Hawaii 96701-5699

IDAHO

Phone: 208-334-3256 Fax: 208-334-2170 Bureau of Animal Health

128 Klotz Lane P. O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

ILLINOIS

Phone: 217-782-4944 Fax: 217-524-7702

Division of Animal Industries

State Fairgrounds P. O. Box 19281

Springfield, IL 62794-9281

INDIANA

Phone: 317-232-1344 Fax: 317-232-1330

805 Beachway Drive, Suite 50 Indianapolis, IN 46224

IOWA

Phone: 515-281-5305 Fax: 515-281-4282

Bureau of Animal Industry,

IA Dept. of Ag. & Stewardship, Henry Wallace Bldg

Des Moines, Iowa 50319

KANSAS

Phone: 913-296-2326 Fax: 913-296-1765 Livestock Commission

Anchor Savings Building, Ste.4B

712 Kansas Avenue

Topeka, Kansas 66603-3808

KENTUCKY

Phone: 502-564-3956 Fax: 502-564-7852 Division of Animal Health 100 Fair Oaks Lane, Suite 252 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

LOUISIANA

Phone: 504-925-3980 Fax: 504-925-4103 P. O. Box 1951

Baton Rouge, LA 70821

MAINE

Phone: 207-287-3701 Fax: 207-287-7548

Div. of Animal Health & Industry Dept. of Ag., Food & Rural Res. State House Station 28 Augusta, ME 04333-0028

MARYLAND

Phone: 410-841-5810 Fax: 410-841-5999 Div. of Animal Industries MD Dept. of Agriculture 50 Harry S. Truman Parkway Annapolis, MD 21401

MASSACHUSETTS Phone: 617-626-1700 Fax: 617-626-1850

Department of Food and Agriculture

Bureau of Animal Health 251 Causeway Street, Suite 500 Boston, MA 02114-2151

MICHIGAN

Phone: 517-373-1077 Fax: 517-373-6015 MI Dept. of Agriculture Animal Industry Division P.O. Box 30017

Lansing, Michigan 48909

MINNESOTA

Phone: 612-296-2942 Fax: 612-296-7417 Executive Secretary, Board of Animal Health

90 West Plato St. Paul, MN 55107

MISSISSIPPI

Phone: 601-354-6089 Fax: 601-354-6097 State Veterinarian

Box 4389

Jackson, MS 39216

MISSOURI

Phone: 573-751-3377 Fax: 573-751-6919 Div. of Animal Health MO Dept. of Agriculture

P. O. Box 630

Jefferson City, MO 65102

MONTANA

Phone: 406-444-2976 Fax: 406-444-1929 MT Dept. of Livestock Animal Health Division Import/Export Section P. O. Box 202001 6th & Roberts

Helena, MT 59620-2001

NEBRASKA

Phone: 402-471-2351 Fax: 402-471-3252 Dept. of Agriculture Bureau of Animal Industry P. O. Box 94787

Lincoln, Nebraska 68509

NEVADA

Phone: 702-688-1180 Fax: 702-688-1178

Dir. Div. of Animal Industry State Dept. of Agriculture

P. O. Box 11100 Reno, NV 89510

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Phone: 603-271-2404 Fax: 603-271-1109 NH Dept. of Agriculture Div. of Animal Industry

P. O. Box 2042

Concord. NH 03302-2042

NEW JERSEY

Phone: 609-292-3965 Fax: 609-633-2550

Dir., Div. of Animal Health NJ Dept. of Agriculture

CN 330

Trenton, NJ 08625

NEW MEXICO

Phone: 505-841-4000 Fax: 505-841-4012

New Mexico Livestock Board 7013 Central Ave., N. E. Albuquerque, NM 87108-2049

NEW YORK

Phone: 518-457-3502 Fax: 518-457-8892 Div. of Animal Industry NY St. Dept. of Ag. & Markets 1 Winners Circle

1 Winners Circle Albany, NY 12235

NORTH CAROLINA

Phone: 919-733-7601 Fax: 919-733-2277

North Carolina Dept. of Agriculture & Consumer

Services

Veterinary Division P.O. Box 26026 Raleigh, NC 27611

NORTH DAKOTA

Phone: 701-328-2655 Fax: 701-328-4567

ND Board of Animal Health 600 E. Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

OHIO

Phone: 614-728-6220 Fax: 614-728-6310

Chief, Div. of Animal Industry

Ohio Dept. of Ag. 8995 East Main Street Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068

OKLAHOMA

Phone: 405-521-3891 Fax: 405-522-4583 Animal Industry Div. OK Dept. of Ag 2800 N. Lincoln Blvd.

Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4298

OREGON

Phone: 503-986-4680 Fax: 503-986-4734 OR Dept. of Agriculture 635 Capitol Street NE Salem, OR 97310-0110

PENNSYLVANIA

Phone: 717-783-5301 Fax: 717-787-1868

Dir., Bureau of Animal Industry PA Dept. of Agriculture 2301 North Cameron Street Harrisburg, PA 17110

RHODE ISLAND

Phone: 401-277-2781 Fax: 401-277-6047

RI Dept. of Environmental Mgmt.

Div. of Agriculture Roger Williams Building

22 Hayes Street Providence, RI 02908

SOUTH CAROLINA

Phone: 803-788-2260 Fax: 803-788-8058 Clemson University

Livestock-Poultry Health Division

P. O. Box 102406

Columbia, SC 29224-2406

SOUTH DAKOTA

Phone: 605-773-3321 Fax: 605-773-5459 Animal Industry Board 411 South Fort Street Pierre, SD 57501

TENNESSEE

Phone: 615-360-0120 Fax: 615-781-5309 Ellington Ag. Center

P. O. Box 40627, Melrose Station

Nashville, TN 37220

TEXAS

Phone: 512-719-0777 Fax: 512-719-0719

TX Animal Health Commission

2105 Kramer Lane P. O. Box 12966 Austin, TX 78711-2966 UTAH

Phone: 801-538-7160 Fax: 801-538-7169

Utah St. Dept. of Agriculture

350 N. Redwood Rd. P. O. Box 146500

Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6500

VERMONT

Phone: 802-828-2421 Fax: 802-828-2361

Dept. of Ag., Food & Markets Animal Health Section 116 State St., Drawer 20

Montpelier, Vermont 05620-2901

VIRGINIA

Phone: 804-786-2481 Fax: 804-371-2380

Dept. of Ag. & Consumer Services

Division of Animal Health Washington Building, Suite 600

1100 Bank Street Richmond, VA 23219

WASHINGTON

Phone: 360-902-1878 Fax: 360-902-2087 Dept. of Agriculture

Food Safety/Animal Health Division

P. O. Box 42577 1111 Washington St. Olympia, WA 98504-2577

WEST VIRGINIA

Phone: 304-558-2214 Fax: 304-558-2231

Dir. of Animal Health Programs

WV Dept. of Ag.

1900 Kanawha Blvd., East Charleston, WV 25305-0170

WISCONSIN

Phone: 608-224-4873 Fax: 608-224-4871

WI Dept. of Ag., Trade & Consumer Protection

Animal Health Division

P. O. Box 8911

Madison, WI 53708-8911

WYOMING

Phone: 307-777-7515 Fax: 307-777-6561

2020 Carey Ave., 4th Floor Cheyenne, WY 82002 PUERTO RICO

Phone: 809-725-1685 Fax: 809-723-6199 Dir., Vet. Services Dept. of Agriculture

Commonwealth of Puerto Rico

Box 10163

Santurce, PR 00908

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Office of the Commissioner of Agriculture

P. O. Box "U"

Kingshill, St. Croix, USVI 00850

EFFECTIVE AGAINST:

EQUINE BACTERIA
Clostridium perfringens
Fistulous withera (Poll Evil)
Taylorella equigenitalis
Streptococcus equi (Strangles)
Pseudomonas mallei
(Glanders)
Bordetella bronchiseptica

EQUINE VIRUSES
African Horse Sickness
African Viral Arteritis
(Pink Eye)
Coital Exantherma
Myeloencephalopathy
Rhinopneumonitis
Equine Infectious Anemia
(Swamp Fever)
Equine papillomatosis
Equine Contagious Abortion
Adenovirus Pneumonia
Equine Influenza (The Cough)

EQUINE FUNGI
Trichophyton spp. (Ringworm)
Trichophyton spp.
(Mud Fever)
Fusarium moniliforme

BOVINE BACTERIA Moraxella bovis Mycobacterium bovis Haemophilus somnus

BOVINE VIRUSES
Calf rotavirus
Infective Bovine
Rhinotracheitis
Bovine Adenovirus Type 4
Pseudorabies
Foot & Mouth Disease

BOVINE FUNGI Fusarium moniliforme POULTRY BACTERIA
Streptococcus pyogenes
Campylobacter pyloridis
Klebsiella pneumoniae
Escherichia coli
Salmonella typhimurium
Salmonella choleaesuis
Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Staphylococcus aureus
Staphylococcus epidermidis
Mycoplasma gallisepticum
Clostridium perfringens
Bordetella avium

POULTRY VIRUSES
Newcastle Disease
Infectious Bronchitis
Infectious Bursal Disease
Avian Laryngotracheitis
Avian Influenza
Marek's Disease
Egg Drop Syndrome
Adenovirus
Turkey Herpes Virus
Duck Herpes Virus

POULTRY FUNGI Aspergillus flavus Aspergillus fumigatus Candida albicans

Duck Viral Enteritis

SWINE BACTERIA
Bordetella bronchiseptica
Pasteurella multocida
Actinobacillus
pleuropneumonia
Treponema hyodysenteria
Clostridium perfringens

SWINE VIRUSES
Hog Cholera
Swine Influenza
Porcine parvovirus
Rotaviral diarrhea
Vesicular stomatitis
Pseudorabies
Porcine Reproductive and
Respiratory Syndrome
(PRRS)
African Swine Fever
Foot and Mouth Disease

SWINE FUNGI Fusarium moniliforme

COMPANION ANIMALS BACTERIA Streptococcus aureus Streptococcus pyogenes Klebsiella pneumoniae Pseudomonas aeruginosa

VIRUSES
Canine Parvovirus
Distemper
Leptospira canicola
Feline parvovirus
Feline herpes
Feline calicivirus

FUNGI Microsporum canis

page 18

[] indicates optional language

Page 1

VIRKON-S * BROAD SPECTRUM DISINFECTANT

For Use in Cleaning and Disinfecting Industrial, Animal and Agricultural Facilities

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

 Potassium peroxymonosulfate
 20.4%

 Sodium Chloride
 1.5%

 INERT INGREDIENTS
 77.1%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

Equivalent to 9.75% Available Chlorine

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

See Back [Side] Panel[s] for Additional Precautions

__ lbs. (___) Net Weight

EPA Reg. No. 62432-1

EPA Est. No. 62432-EN-001

ANTEC INTERNATIONAL LTD.

Windham Road, Chilton Industrial Estates Sudbury Suffolk C010 6XD, England Tel: (1787) 77305 Telex: 987495 Fax: (1787) 310846

VIRKON S is a registered trademark of and manufactured by Antec International Limited US Patent No. 4822512

ACCEPTED

PR 2 6 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungloide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. USC 432-1

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Powder is corrosive. Causes skin burns and irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves. Avoid breathing dust. Wear goggles, face shield, or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Corrosive statement refers to powder only not in use solution.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF INHALED: If symptoms of coughing, choking, or wheezing are troublesome, remove to fresh air and seek medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of water. Avoid alcohol. Get immediate medical attention. NOTICE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

BROAD SPECTRUM DISINFECTANT

VIRKON-S is effective against numerous microorganisms affecting animals: viruses, gram positive and gram negative bacteria, fungi (molds and yeasts), and mycoplasma. Efficacy was determined in the presence of bard water and organic material. VIRKON-S passes the AOAC germicidal and detergent sanitizer test at a concentration of 0.5% (1:200) in the presence of 200 ppm hard water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Federal law prohibits use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

This powder formula is easily diluted for use in manual or machine operations.

VIRKON-S DILUTION CHART

Fill container with desired amount of water and add VIRKON-S powder to achieve recommended solution concentration.

Quantity of Water	Amount of Powder for 1% Solution	Amount of Powder for 2% Solution
1 Quart	0.3 ounces	0.7 ounces
1 Gallon	1.3 ounces	2.7 ounces
10 Gallons	13.4 ounces	26.7 ounces
50 Gailons	66.8 ounces	133.5 ounces

1.3 or measuring scoop is provided.

4 9 6

[] indicates optional language

Page 4

Add [1.3 oz. (1 scoop) of VIRKON-S] [the contents of one VIRKON-S packet] to one gallon of warm water. Solutions are stable for 7 days. Do not soak metal objects for long periods - 10 minutes is maximum necessary contact time. One gallon of solution is sufficient to treat 135 sq. ft.

POULTRY [AND RATITE PRODUCTION]

CONTROLS: Viruses of Newcastle Disease, Infectious Bronchitis, Infectious Bursal Disease, Avian Laryngotracheitis, Marek's Disease, Egg Drop Syndrome, Avian Influenza, Turkey Herpes Virus and Duck Viral Enteritis. Fungi (molds and yeasts - Aspergillus flavus, Aspergillus fumigatus and Candida albicans. Bacteria - Streptococcus pyogenes, Campylobacter pyloridis, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Escherichia coli, Salmonella typhimurium, Salmonella chloeraesuis, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Staphylococcus aureus, Staphylococcus epidermidis, Bordetella avium and Mycoplasma gallisepticum.

HATCHERIES: VIRKON-S at 1% solution can be used for cleaning and disinfecting hatchers, setters, evaporative coolers, humidifying systems, ceiling fans, chicken houses, transfer trucks, trays, and plastic chick boxes (use 2% solution for Mycoplasma, Aspergillus flavus and Aspergillus fumigatus). VIRKON-S at 1-2% solution is recommended for use in fogging (wet misting) operations as a supplemental measure, either before or after regular cleaning and disinfecting procedures. Fog (wet mist) until the area is moist using automatic foggers according to manufacturer's use directions.

BROILER/BREEDER HOUSES: Remove chickens [birds], feed, and water troughs, then remove manure and litter. Spray floors and walls with VIRKON-S at 1% solution. Thoroughly wash waterers and feeders with a 1% solution of VIRKON-S (use 2% solution for Mycoplasma, Aspergillus flavus and Aspergillus fumigatus). After contact for 10 minutes, rinse with water. Do not house poultry or use equipment until treatment has dried.

FOR AIR SANITIZING: Use VIRKON-S at 1-2% solution, and fog until surfaces are moist. Allow at least 2 hours before entering treated area. Rinse foggers and sprayers with water following use.

PROCESSING PLANTS: Spray VIREON-S at 1% solution to disinfect and clean walls, ceilings and floors.

SWINE [PRODUCTION]

CONTROLS: Viruses of Hog Cholera, Swine influenza, Porcine Parvovirus, Pseudorabies, Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome (PRRS), Rotoviral Diarrhea, African Swine Fever and Foot and Mouth Disease. Bacteria of Pleuropneumonia, Treponema hyodysenteriae, and Clostridium perfringens. Fungi: Fusarium moniliforme.

VIRKON-S at 1% solution is recommended for cleaning and disinfecting farrowing units, nurseries, finisher houses, processing plants (use a 2% solution for Mycoplasma, Aspergillus flavus

c:\antec\Virkon S label proposal 25 April 2001.wpd

and Aspergillus fumigatus), and agricultural production equipment such as trucks, water-proof footwear (such as rubber boots), and associated livestock equipment and instruments.

VIRKON-S at 1-2% solution is recommended for use in fogging (wet misting) operations or as a supplemental measure either before or after regular cleaning and disinfecting procedures. Fog (wet mist) until the area is moist using automatic foggers according to manufacture's use directions. Rinse foggers and sprayers with water following use.

EQUINE [PRODUCTION]

BROAD SPECTRUM EQUINE DISINFECTANT/DETERGANT/WASH FOR CLEANING AND DISINFECTING STABLES, EQUIPMENT, AND AERIAL DISINFECTION

CONTROLS

Viruses of African Horse Sickness, Equine Viral Arteritis (Pink Eye), Coital Exantherma, Myeloencephalopathy, Rhinopneumonitis, Equine Contagious Abortion, Equine Papillomatosis, Equine Infectious anemia (Swamp Fever), Adenovirus Pneumonia, Equine Influenza (The Cough) and Rhinitis. Bacterial: Clostridial Diarrhea, Fistulous Withers (Poll Evil), Taylorella equigenitalis, Bordetella bronchiseptica, Streptococcus equi (Strangles) and Pseudomonas mallei (Glanders). Fungi: Dermatophytosis (Ringworm), Dermatophylosis (Mud Fever), and Fusarium moniliforme.

APPLICATIONS: For cleaning and disinfecting all surfaces, equipment, utensils and instruments in Veterinary practices [, kennels, stables, catteries, etc].

USES:

Stables, [Horse Boxes,][Box]Stalls, Tack , [Equipment,] and Feed Rooms: Thoroughly clean and dry [dry clean] surfaces, then wash the area manually or with pressure washer with a 1% VIRKON-S solution. Rinse with clean water.

Blankets, [Saddle Pads] [and] Rugs: Shampoo by hand or spray lightly with a hand-sprayer and leave to dry. Shake or vacuum to remove residue.

Aerial Spraying to control airborne diseases: Use a hand [or knapsack] sprayer with fine setting, or an automatic spraying system. Spray a 1% VIRKON-S solution for 2-3 minutes twice daily [, first thing in the morning and last thing at night]. Rinse sprayers with water after use.

BOVINE [PRODUCTION]

CONTROLS: Viruses of Calf rotavirus, Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis, Bovine Adenovirus Type 4 and Pseudorabies and Foot and Mouth Disease; Bacteria of Maraxella bovis, Haemophilus somnus and Mycobacterium bovis; Fungi of Fusarium moniliforme.

A 1% solution of VIRKON-S is recommended to clean and disinfect areas associated with bovine housing [stabling], hospital [quarantine] pens, feedlot facilities, and agricultural production

c:\antec\Virkon S label proposal 25 April 2001.wpd

equipment such as trucks, water-proof footwear (such as rubber boots), and associated livestock equipment and instruments.

COMPANION ANIMALS

CONTROLS: Viruses Canine Parvovirus, Distemper, Leptospira canicola, Feline parvovirus, Feline herpes and Feline calicivirus. Bacteria of Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus pyogenes, Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa; Fungi of Microsporum canis.

[APPLICATIONS:] A 1% solution of VIRKON-S is recommended as a "one step" cleaning and disinfecting procedure for all surfaces, equipment, instruments, utensils and cages [caging systems] within [associated with] [Veterinary Medical Hospitals,] [infections disease wards,] [quarantine areas,] [Humane Society facilities,] [laboratory animal quarters,] grooming and boarding facilities, kennels, catteries and animal transportation vehicles.

Do not immerse metal objects in VIRKON-S for long periods - 10 minutes is maximum contact time.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place in tightly closed container away from children. Always replace lid after use.

DISPOSAL: Wash empty container thoroughly and dispose in trash. Do not mix this product with other chemicals

1677-129 5-11-2001 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MAY 1 1 2001

Ecolab Ecolab Inc. 370 N. Wabasha Street St. Paul, MN 55102-1390

Attention: John G. Wood, Director

Product Registration and Compliance

Subject: Oxonia Active

 \boldsymbol{C}

(

EPA Registration Number 1677-129 Amendment Dated April 6, 2001

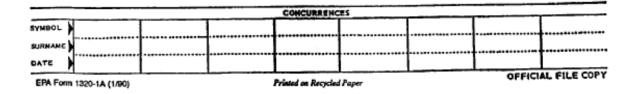
The Agency is conditionally approving your amendment to the registration of the product referenced above under authority of FIFRA Section 3(c)(7)(B). This amendment allows use of the subject product as a virucide against the animal pathogen "Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD)Virus."

This amendment will expire automatically on June 1, 2002. In addition, during the 1 year period that this amendment is effective, it will be subject to the conditions listed below

The following information must be submitted, and found acceptable by December 31, 2001 and the Agency must determine that the data is acceptable by June 1, 2002.

Failure to satisfy the data requirements listed below may result in EPA issuing a notice to cancel this amendment under FIFRA section 6(e). This conditional registration will expire automatically on June 1, 2002. Sale or distribution of the subject product bearing labeling claims for the Foot and Mouth Disease Virucidal use will be illegal if the requirements of this acceptance letter are not satisfied..

- A. The product must be tested, and found to be effective, against the FMD virus in an approved facility (Institute for Animal Health).
- B. Testing must be conducted on two batches of the product.



Page 2

C. The performance standard is total inactivation of the virus or a 3-log reduction if Cytotoxicity is present.

A stamped accepted copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Martha Terry at (703) 308-6217.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell Product Manager 33

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobial Division(7510C)

Enclosure

(

OXONIA ACTIVE

ACID LIQUID SANITIZER FOR FOOD PROCESSING EQUIPMENT in Dairies, Dairy Farms, Breweries, Wineries, Beverage and Food Processing Plants

ACID LIQUID SANITIZER FOR SANITIZING TABLEWARE

DISINFECTANT Hospitals, Health Care Facilities, Animal Care Facilities, Veterinary Facilities, Farms, Livestock Quarters, Poultry Premises, and Poultry Hatcheries

DISINFECTANT FOR THE PHARMACEUTICAL AND COSMETIC INDUSTRY

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

Active Ingredients: 27. Hydrogen Peroxide	.5%
Porovenentic Acid	.079
Inert Ingredients	.770

MAY 1 1 200f

Under the Federal insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act es amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 1677-129

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS - HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER: CORROSIVE: Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if inhaled or
absorbed through the skin. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not
breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses), protective
clothing and rubber gloves. Wash thoroughly after handling with soap and water, and before eating,
drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wear a mask
or pesticide respirator jointly approved by Mine Safety and Health Administration and the National Institute
for Occupational Safety and Health.
STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
IF IN EYES: Hold evelids open and flush with a steady gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get

IF IN EYES: Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air, if not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

mouth. Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor or get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, eggwhites, gelatin solution, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTER OR PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.

FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFORMATION CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-328-0026

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Strong oxidizing agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Never bring concentrate in contact with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

FOR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

EPA Reg. No. 1677-129 EPA Est. 1677-MN-1 (P), 60156-IL-1 (SI), 1677-CA-2(R) 1677-TX-1(D), 1677-OH-1(H), 1677-IL-1(J), 1677-GA-1(M), 1677-PR-1(B), 1677-CA-1(S), 1677-NJ-1(W), 1677-WV-1(V) Superscript refers to first letter of date code

Ecolab Food and Beverage Division Ecolab Inc., 370 N. Wabasha Street St. Paul, MN 55102

1 U.S. Gal. (3.78 L) 4 U.S. Gals. (15.1 L) 2.5 U.S. Gals. 15 U.S. Gals. (56.8 L) 30 U.S. Gals. (113.5 L) 50 U.S. Gals. (189 L) Net Contents: 300 U.S. Gals. (tote)

April 6, 2001

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SANITIZATION

(

Oxonia Active acid sanitizer is recommended for use on pre-cleaned surfaces such as equipment, pipelines, tanks, vats, fillers, evaporators, pasteurizers and aseptic equipment in dairies, breweries, wineries, beverage and food processing plants. This product is effective as a sanitizer when solution is prepared in water of up to 500 ppm hardness as CaCo₃.

SANITIZING FOOD CONTACT SURFACES
Prior to sanitizing, remove gross food particles, then wash with a detergent solution, followed by a potable water rinse. Sanitize with a concentration of 1.3 to 2.0 ounces Oxonia Active concentrate per 4 gallons of water (0.25 - 0.4% v/v concentration). At this dilution Oxonia Active is effective against Stephylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Escherichia coli O157:H7, Listeria monocytogenes, Salmonella typhimurium, Pseudomonas aeruginosa and Vibrio cholerae. Also effective against organisms found in the brewing industry, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Pedicococcus damnosus and Lactobacillus malefermentans. Use immersion, coarse sorav or circulation techniques as appropriate to the equipment. All surfaces should be immersion, coarse spray or circulation techniques as appropriate to the equipment. All surfaces should be exposed to the sanitizing solution for a period of not less than two minutes unless otherwise specified by governing sanitary code. Drain thoroughly and allow to air dry. Do not rinse.

SANITIZING EATING, DRINKING, AND FOOD PREP UTENSILS

- Remove gross food particles by a prescrape, preflush and, when necessary, a presoak treatment.
- Wash with a recommended detergent. 2.
- Rinse with clean water. 3.
- Sanitize in a solution of 1.3 to 2.0 oz Oxonia Active to 4 gallon of water. Immerse all utensils for 4. at least 1 minute or contact time specified by governing sanitary code.
- Drain and air dry.

ELEVATED TEMPERATURE SANITIZING

For sanitization of equipment in food processing plants, restaurants, etc., clean and rinse equipment thoroughly. At a temperature of 120 deg F, Oxonia Active is an effective sanitizer for food contact surfaces at a concentration of 0.1% to 0.28% v/v (1 to 2.8 oz. Oxonia Active to 8 gallons water) against Staphylococcus aureus and Escherichia coli. All surfaces should be exposed to the sanitizing solution for a period of not less than 1 minute. Allow equipment to drain thoroughly.

SANITIZING TABLEWARE
For sanitizing tableware in low-temperature warewashing machines, inject Oxonta Active into the final rinse water at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.28% v/v (1 to 2.8 oz. per 8 gallons of water). Do not exceed 0.28% v/v. Air dry.

To insure that the Oxonia Active sanitizer concentration does not fall below 0.1%, periodically test the rinse solution with a suitable test kit and adjust the dispensing rate accordingly. Consult your local Ecolab Specialist for technical assistance and further information on sanitizing tableware in warewashing machines.

FINAL SANITIZING BOTTLE RINSE

Oxonia Active may be used as a final sanitizing rinse for returnable and non-returnable bottles at a 0.25% dilution (1.3 oz to 4 gallons).

NOTE: FOR MECHANICAL OPERATIONS prepared use solution may not be reused for sanitizing but may be reused for other purposes such as cleaning. FOR MANUAL OPERATIONS fresh sanitizing solutions should be prepared at least daily or more often if the solution becomes diluted or soiled.

> ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated: MAY 1 1 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

1677-129

SANITIZING NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES
Preciean surfaces as directed above. Sanitize non-food contact surfaces such as floors, walls, tables, chairs, benches, drains, troughs, and drip pans with 1 oz Oxonia Active per 8 gl water. At this concentration the product is effective against Staphylococcus aureus, Enterobacter aerogenes, Escherichie coli, Listeria monocytogenes, Salmonella typhimurium, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Also effective against organisms found in the brewing industry, Pediococcus damnosus and Lactobacilius malefermentans. All surfaces should be exposed to the sanitizing solution for a period of not less than 5 minutes. Drain thoroughly and allow to air dry. No rinse necessary.

FOAM SANITIZING NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES

Oxonia Active is an effective foam sanitizer of precleaned non-food contact surfaces, such as boots, floors, walls, drains, and associated equipment. For this application, prepare a solution of 0.2% v/v (1 oz per 4 gallons water) Oxonia Active and 0.13% v/v (0.8 oz per 4 gallons water) Liquid K. For example, in four gallons of water, add 1 ounce of Oxonia Active and 0.8 cunces of Liquid K). Liquid K is the only approved foam generator. Apply solution as a foam using recommended equipment such as a Super Foamer. Wet surfaces thoroughly. At this concentration, the product is effective against Staphylococcus aureus, Enterobacter aerogenes, and Listeria monocytogenes. Surfaces should be exposed to the sanitizing foam for a period of not less than 5 minutes. No rinse is necessary. Contact your Ecolab representative for information on Liquid K and a recommended foamer.

DIRECTIONS FOR FOGGING: To sanitize hard surfaces as an adjunct to acceptable manual cleaning and disinfecting of room surfaces: Prior to fogging, food products and packaging materials must be removed from the room or carefully protected. Fog desired areas using one quart per 1000 cu. ft. of room area with a 0.3% to 3.0% (3 cz. to 30 cz. per 8 gallons of water) Oxonia Active solution. Vacate the area of all personnel during fogging and until the hydrogen peroxide air concentration is below 0.5 ppm. Allow surfaces to drain thoroughly before operations are resumed. Solutions above 0.5% may be corrosive and are not to be used on all surfaces. Test solutions on surfaces prior to use.

SANITIZING NON-FOOD CONTACT PACKAGING EQUIPMENT
Prior to use of this product, remove gross soil particles from surfaces. Wash with a recommended detergent solution, rinse thoroughly with potable water. For sanitization against beverage spoilage organisms that include Pediococcus demnosus, Lactobacillus malefermentans, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae apply 0.5 - 4.0% (5 oz. to 40 oz. per 8 gallons of water) of Oxonia Active to surfaces at a temperature of 25 to 45 deg C and allow to remain wet for at least 5 minutes. Allow surfaces to drain thoroughly before operations are resumed. Drainage may be followed by a potable or sterile water rinse.

SANITIZE PRECLEANED OR NEW RETURNABLE OR NON-RETURNABLE CONTAINERS

To sanitize precleaned or new returnable or non-returnable containers, apply Oxonia Active at a concentration of 1.0% to 4.0% (10 oz. to 40 oz. per 8 gallons or water) at a temperature of 40 to 60 deg. C for at least 7 seconds. At these conditions, Oxonia Active is effective against Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Salmonella typhi, Pediococcus damnosus, Lactobacillus malefermentans, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae. After thorough draining, rinse interior container surfaces with sterile or

ANTIMICROBIAL TREATMENT OF WATER FILTERS
To reduce the number of beverage spoilage organisms that include *Pediococcus damnosus*, *Lactobacillus malefermentans*, and *Saccharomyces cerevislae* apply Oxonia Active as a 0.5 to 2.0% (5 oz. to 20 oz. per 8 gallons of water) solution at 25 to 45 deg C for a minimum contact time of 5 minutes. After thorough draining, rinse filters with potable or sterile water.

ANTIMICROBIAL RINSE OF PRECLEANED OR NEW RETURNABLE OR NON-RETURNABLE CONTAINERS WITH THE ADDITION OF A SURFACTANT To reduce the number of beverage spoilage organisms that include Pediococcus damnosus, Lactobacillus malefermentans, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae, add a 1.0 to 4.0% (10 oz. to 40 oz. per 8 gallons of water) solution of Oxonia Active to a 0.05 - 0.5% concentration (1 oz per 16 gallons to 2 oz per 3 gallons) of [insert name of surfactant blend] solution. Apply at a temperature of 40 to 60 deg C with a contact time of at least 7 seconds. After thorough draining, rinse interior container surfaces with sterile or potable water. Contact Ecolab for a list of acceptable surfactants.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 1 1 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

April 6, 2001

DISINFECTION

Oxonia Active disinfects as it cleans in one operation. Oxonia Active can be used to disinfect floors, walls and other hard nonporous surfaces such as tables, chairs, countertops, bathroom fixtures, sinks, shelves, racks, carts, refrigerators, coolers, tile, linoleum, vinyl, asphalt, porcelain, plastic (such as polypropylene and polyethylene), stainless steel, or glass.

Areas of Use: In Hospitals, use Oxonia Active for Surgical and Obstetrical Suites; Housekeeping Services; Physical Therapy Departments; Nursing Services; Autopsy Facilities. Also, use Oxonia Active in nursing homes, other health-care facilities, schools, colleges, veterinary clinics, animal life science laboratories, industrial facilities, dietary areas, office buildings, recreational facilities, retail and wholesale establishments. Not for use on food preparation surfaces, medical devices or medical equipment surfaces.

COMBINATION DISINFECTION AND CLEANING

Oxonia Active is effective against Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella choleraesuis, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Salmonella enteriditis, Salmonella typhimurium, Proteus vulgaris, Streptococcus pyogenes and Histoplasma capsulatum* at 0.4% (4 oz per 8 gallons of water) in hard water (500 ppm as CaCO3), 5% blood serum and dried soap film residue on hard nonporous surfaces. For heavily soiled areas a precleaning step is required. Prepare a disinfecting and cleaning solution by diluting 4 ounces Oxonia Active in 8 gallons of water (0.4% v/v). Apply solution with mop, cloth, sponge, brush, scrubber, or coarse spray device or by soaking so as to wet all surfaces thoroughly. Allow to remain wet for 10 minutes, then remove solution and entrapped soil with a clean wet mop, cloth, or wet vacuum pickup. Prepare a fresh solution daily or when it becomes soiled or diluted.

*Not tested in the presence of soap film residue.

TUBERCULOCIDAL

Oxonia Active passes the rigid requirements as a tuberculocide at 0.4% (4 oz. per 8 gallons of water) in the presence of 5% blood serum, 500 ppm hard water and residual soap scum on nonporous surfaces at 20 deg C. Remove heavy soil or gross filth prior to disinfection. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 10 minutes, then remove solution with a clean wet mop, cloth, or wet vacuum pickup.

VIRUCIDAL

At 0.4% (4 oz. per 8 gallons of water) Oxonia Active is effective against Influenza B/Taiwan/2/62, Influenza A(H3N2) and Influenza A (H1N1) when used at 20 deg C with a 10 minute contact time in the presence of 500 ppm hard water and organic soll. Apply as directed under disinfection.

DISINFECTING PHARMACEUTICAL AND COSMETIC SURFACES

Oxonia Active is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls and processing equipment in pharmaceutical and cosmetic processing facilities. This product is effective against Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella choleraesuis, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa at 0.4% (4 oz in 8 gallons water) in hard water (500 ppm as CaCO₃), 5% blood serum and dried soap film residue. For heavily solled areas a precleaning step is required. Rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the disinfecting solution and maintain a contact time of at least 10 minutes. Product contact surfaces must be rinsed with sterile water.

> ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

> > HAY 1 1 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodendcide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 1677-129

Oxonia Active label

Page 5

April 6, 2001

OXONIA ACTIVE is designed for use in animal hospitals, animal laboratories, kennels, pet shops, zoos, pet animal quarters, poultry premises, poultry hatcheries, and livestock quarters. When used as directed, Oxonia Active is specifically designed to disinfect, deodorize and clean inanimate, hard, surfaces such as walls, floors, sink tops, furniture, operating tables, kennel runs, cages and feeding and watering equipment. In addition Oxonia Active will deodorize those areas which are generally hard to keep fresh smelling such as garbage storage areas, empty garbage bins and cans, and any other areas which are prone to odors caused by microorganisms. ACCEPTED

ith COMMENTS All treated equipment that will contact feed or drinking water must be rinsed with potable water being A Letter Dated: reuse.

MAY 1 1 2001

For heavily soiled areas, a pre-cleaning step is required. Prepare a fresh solution for each use the Federal Insecticities.

Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act as DISINFECTION OF POULTRY PREMISES, TRUCKS, COOPS AND CRATES amended, for the pesticide. registered under EPA Reg. No.

Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops and crates.

- Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by /677-/29 poultry.
- Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances.
- Thoroughly clean all surfaces with a detergent and rinse with water.
- Saturate surfaces with a 0.4% (4 oz. per 8 gallons of water) solution of Oxonia Active for a period of 10 minutes.
- Ventilate buildings, coops and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until 6 treatment has been absorbed, set or dried.
- Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers with a detergent and rinse with potable water before reuse.

See your Ecolab or Airkem Representative for specific recommendations for all cleaning and rinsing

POULTRY HATCHERY DISINFECTION

Clean out any remaining eggs and chicks. Remove gross soils, such as litter, down, shell fragments or other hatching related debris. Empty all racks and other equipment. Thoroughly wash all surfaces, including floors, walls, conveyors, trays and water systems with a recommended detergent. Rinse thoroughly with water. Apply a 0.4% (4 oz. per 8 gallons of water) solution of Oxonia Active with a mop, cloth, brush or coarse spray. Wet all surfaces and allow to remain wet for 10 minutes. Ventilate buildings and other closed spaces. Allow to dry before reintroducing eggs.

DISINFECTION AND DEODORIZING OF ANIMAL HOUSING FACILITIES (BARNS, KENNELS, HUTCHES)

Remove animals and feed from facilities. Remove litter, waste matter and gross soils. Empty all troughs, rack and other feeding and watering equipment. Wash surfaces with a recommended alkaline detergent, by manual, foam, or spray application. Rinse with water. Apply a 0.4% (4 oz. per 8 gallons of water) solution of Oxonia Active with a mop, cloth, brush or coarse spray. Wet all surfaces and allow to remain wet for 10 minutes. Ventilate buildings and other closed spaces. Allow to air dry before reintroducing animals. Effective against Aspergillus fumigatus.

VIRUCIDAL ACTIVITY - Poultry and Livestock Pathogens

Oxonia Active is useful as a disinfectant against viruses pathogenic to poultry that include Influenza A (H10N7), Newcastle Disease virus, Infectious bronchitis virus, Reovirus (C0s), as well as bovine and other livestock pathogens, that include Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), Parainfluenza 3 Virus, and the foot & mouth disease virus (Aphthovirus).

BACTERIOSTATIC

At 0.04% (1 oz. per 20 gallons of water) Oxonia Active is effective at inhibiting the growth of bacteria when used in the presence of 500 ppm hard water and organic soil.

(

April 6, 2001

FOR SANITIZING OF HATCHING EGGS

Prepare a solution of Oxonia Active by diluting 2 oz product with 5 gallons of water. As eggs are gathered or prior to setting, apply solution as a coarse spray so as to lightly wet all shell surfaces.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 1 1 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act es amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

1677-129

STERILIZATION OF MANUFACTURING, FILLING, AND PACKAGING EQUIPMENT IN ASEPTIC

Prior to use of this product, remove gross soil particles from processing surfaces, then wash with a recommended detergent solution, followed by a thorough potable water rinse. Prepare a sterilizing solution by diluting 6.4 ounces Oxonia Active concentrate per each gallon of water (50 mL/liter) (5.0% v/v). Circulate, coarse spray, or flood the sterilizing solution through the system. All surfaces should be exposed to the sterilizing solution for a minimum exposure time based on the product solution temperature. The following time and temperature relationships are required:

Oxonia Active Concentration	Temperature	Time
5%	68°F (20°C)	6 hours
5%	122°F (50°C)	20 minutes
5%	176°F (80°C)	5 minutes

Rinse surfaces completely with a sterile water rinse. For food-contact surfaces, follow with a sanitizing solution of **Oxonia Active**. Allow surfaces to drain thoroughly prior to any food product contact.

NOTE: This product in its use solutions is compatible with stainless steel and aluminum surfaces. If product is intended to be used on any other surface, it is recommended that you apply product to a smaller test area to determine compatibility before proceeding with its use.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

į

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Product should be kept cool and in a vented container to avoid any explosion hazard.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

(1 gl) Do not reuse empty containers. Wrap container and put in trash.

(4, 15, 30, 50 gl plastic) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(2.5 gl bladder in box) Remove empty bladder from outer corrugated box. Triple rinse bladder (or equivalent). Offer box and bladder for recycling or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. (Totes) Verify that the tote is empty. Do not rinse or clean. Seal tote and contact Ecolab for return.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 1 1 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

*** SECTION 18 AMENDMENT ***

Carl Bausch, Deputy Director Environmental Services Policy and Program Development Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) United States Department of Agriculture 4700 River Road, Unit 152 Riverdale, MD 20737-1237

Attn: Kelly White Fax: 301-734-5992

Email: <u>kelly.e.white@aphis.usda.gov</u>

File Symbol: 99-DA-07

Chemical: sodium hypochlorite (bleach)

The Environmental Protection Agency hereby amends the quarantine exemption referred to above, originally issued to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), pursuant to section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, on April 9, 1999. The following provision of the April 9, 1999 authorization is hereby amended as follows:

 Treatments may be made by USDA/APHIS personnel, any State Department of Agriculture personnel, farmers, or any other individuals who need to use this disinfectant on surfaces potentially exposed to certain animal diseases, including Foot and Mouth Disease.

The effect of this amendment is to remove the language that restricts the use of sodium hypochlorite (bleach) to USDA/APHIS personnel. All other provisions of the original April 9, 1999 document and March 15, 2001 amendment remain in effect.

Robert A. I	Forrest, Chief
Minor Use.	, Inerts, & Emergency Response Branch
·	n Division/OPP
Date:	
cc:	
REGION 1	
CONTACT:	Robert Koethe
EAV.	617 010 1505

REGION 2

CONTACT: Adrian Enache FAX: 732-321-6788

REGION 3

CONTACT: Harry Daw

Fatima ElAbdaoui

FAX: 215-814-3113

REGION 4

CONTACT: Lora Lee Schroeder FAX: 404-562-8973

REGION 5

CONTACT: Lavarre Uhlken FAX: 312-353-4788

REGION 6

CONTACT: Johnie Dowell FAX: 214-665-7263

REGION 7

CONTACT: Luetta Flournoy

FAX: 913-551-7165 (-7065, alt)

REGION 8

CONTACT: Debbie Kovacs

FAX: 303-312-6044 (-6363, alt)

REGION 9

CONTACT: Glenda Dugan FAX: 415-744-1073

REGION 10

CONTACT: Chad Schulze FAX: 206-553-1775



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

***** signed 8/31/2001 *****

Carl Bausch
Deputy Director, Environmental Services
Policy and Program Development
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS)
United States Department of Agriculture
4700 River Road
Riverdale, MD 20737-1237

Attn: Kelly White

Kelly.E.White@aphis.usda.gov

Fax: (301) 734-5992

File Symbol: 01-DA-05

Expires: Three years from the date of issuance

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) hereby grants a quarantine exemption under the provisions of section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), for the use of acetic acid to control foot and mouth disease around the country. This quarantine exemption is subject to the conditions in your application as well as the following:

- 1. The USDA/APHIS is responsible for ensuring that all provisions of this quarantine exemption are met. It is also responsible for providing information in accordance with 40 CFR 166.32(b). This information must be submitted to EPA headquarters within 6 months of the above expiration date.
- 2. Treatments consisting of a 4-5% solution of acetic acid (vinegar) and water may be made to farm equipment and slaughter machinery, military equipment, footwear and clothing, agricultural facilities, quarantine facilities, shipping conveyance, aircraft, and any other non-food items or surfaces potentially contaminated with foot and mouth disease virus.
- 3. Treatments may be carried out nationally on an as-needed basis as part of a prevention or eradication program for the foot and mouth disease virus.

- 4. USDA/APHIS shall ensure that mixers will be advised to wear protective eye wear when diluting acetic acid with water.
- 5. No treatments are permitted under this authorization to food or feed items.
- 6. EPA headquarters and the appropriate regional offices shall be informed of any adverse effects resulting from use under this quarantine exemption. An interim report summarizing, to the extent available, the results of this program must be submitted annually and a final report summarizing the results of this program must be submitted six months after the expiration date of this exemption.

/s/

Anne E. Lindsay,

Acting Deputy Director for Pesticide Programs, Office of Pesticide Programs

Date: 8/31/2001

cc:

REGION 1 REGION 7

CONTACT: Robert Koethe CONTACT: Luetta Flournoy PHONE: 617-918-1535 PHONE: 913-551-7653

FAX: 617-918-1505 FAX: 913-551-7165 (-7065, alt)

REGION 2 REGION 8

CONTACT: Adrian Enache CONTACT: Debbie Kovacs PHONE: 732-321-6769 PHONE: 303-312-6020

FAX: 732-321-6788 FAX: 303-312-6044 (-6363, alt)

REGION 3 REGION 9

CONTACT: Harry Daw CONTACT: Glenda Dugan PHONE: 215-814-2041 PHONE: 415-972-3099 FAX: 215-814-3113 FAX: 415-947-3562

REGION 4 Allen Demorest (AZ, HI, Pacific Islands)

CONTACT: Lora Lee Schroeder 415-947-4212

PHONE: 404-562-9015 Karen Heisler (CA) 415-947-4240 FAX: 404-562-8973 Marcy Katzin (Tribes) 415-947-4215

REGION 5 REGION 10

CONTACT: Lavarre Uhlken CONTACT: Chad Schulze PHONE: 312-886-6016 PHONE: 206-553-1747 FAX: 312-353-4788 FAX: 206-553-1775

REGION 6

CONTACT: Johnie Dowell FAX: 214-665-7263