documentation will be compiled and published by BJS.

5. Develop measures to identify the progress achieved in improving criminal justice statistics in Indian Country and tribal participation in national data collection systems and national law enforcement information systems. The grantee will provide documentation in a report to BJS on assistance provided by the TJSAC during the course of the project, and will monitor and report on the number of tribes participating in national databases and information systems.

Award Procedures and Evaluation Criteria

Proposals should describe the plan and implementation strategy to accomplish each of the activities outlined in the Scope of Work. Applications will be reviewed competitively. The final selection decision will be made by the Director of BJS.

The applicant will be evaluated on the basis of:

1. Knowledge of the development, management, and implementation of criminal justice statistics in the areas of reported crime, arrests and dispositions, judicial caseload and workload, corrections, juvenile justice, and records management systems. This should include knowledge of issues related to information sharing, case processing, and data integration among local, state, tribal, and federal criminal justice agencies. Applicant should demonstrate knowledge of issues related to access and participation in national criminal justice information systems such as, but not limited to, the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) and the National Criminal Information Center (NCIC).

2. Knowledge of tribal justice issues and impediments to implementing highquality criminal justice statistics in Indian Country. Applicant must demonstrate the ability to coordinate and facilitate cooperation among local, state, tribal, and federal agencies in recommending the collection and use of statistics and technical improvements to tribes. Applicant should demonstrate an understanding of the historical, political, and economic factors involved in local, state, tribal, and federal relations and must demonstrate the ability (via knowledge, staff, or subcontractual agreement) to collaborate with and involve local, regional, and/or national Native American organizations to ensure coordination of priorities in Indian Country. Applicant must detail their strategy for bringing about

cooperation among these various levels of government and organizations.

3. Ability to generate awareness of and access to the TJSAC by tribal justice agencies throughout the continental U.S. and Alaska. Applicant should detail how they will make tribal justice agencies aware of the TJSAC, the services it provides, and how they can obtain assistance.

4. Contact and experience in dealing with local, state, tribal, and federal representatives on issues relating to criminal justice statistics standards, data collection, data management, and its practical application in Indian Country. Applicant should demonstrate ability to interact with relevant Federal agencies such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Department of Justice's Office of Tribal Justice (OTJ), the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS), the Violence Against Women Office (VAWO), and the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency and Prevention (OJJDP). Applicant also should describe how they will ensure coordination among local, state, and tribal governments. This includes key personnel working in the area of tribal justice, in addition to other relevant criminal justice practitioners, policy makers, and data management personnel.

5. Demonstrated capacity to ensure that provided technical assistance is coordinated with other law enforcement and crime prevention Federal grant resources such as the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS).

6. Demonstrated ability to conduct conferences and workshops that will promote awareness of the TJSAC and an understanding of the relationship between criminal justice statistics and improved administration of tribal justice. Applicant must demonstrate ability to identify key representatives at the local, state, tribal, and federal levels that will work together to advance the goals of this project.

7. Demonstrated fiscal, management, staff, and organizational capability to provide sound management for this project.

Application and Award Process

An original and five (5) copies of the full proposal must be submitted including:

- Standard Form 424, Application for Federal Assistance
- OJP Form 7150/1, Budget Detail Worksheet
- OJP Form 4000/3, Assurances
- OJP Form 4061/6, Certification Regarding Lobbying, Debarment,

Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters; Drug Free Workplace Requirements

• OJP Form 7120–1, Accounting System and Financial Capability Questionnaire (to be submitted by applicants who have not previously received Federal funds from the Office of Justice Programs)

These forms can be obtained online from *http://www2.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/ apply.htm*.

Proposals must include a project narrative and detailed budget. The project narrative should describe activities as discussed in the Scope of Work and address the evaluation criteria. The detailed budget must provide detailed costs including salaries of staff involved in the project and the portion of those salaries to be paid from the award, fringe benefits paid to each staff person, travel costs, supplies required for the project, sub-contractual agreements, and other allowable costs. The grant award will be made for a period of 24 months.

Dated: April 27, 2001.

Lawrence A. Greenfeld,

Acting Director, Bureau of Justice Statistics. [FR Doc. 01–11075 Filed 5–3–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determination in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersede decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., room S–3014, Washington, DC 20210.

Withdrawn General Wage Determination Decisions

This is to advise all interested parties that the Department of Labor is withdrawing, from the date of this notice, the following General Wage Determinations: MO010020—See MO010018

MO010044—See MO010018
MO010051—See MO010018
MO010061—See MO010018
MO010066—See MO010018

Contracts for which bids have been opened shall not be affected by this notice. Also, consistent with 29 CFR 1.6(c)(2)(i)(A), when the opening of bids is less than ten (10) days from the date of this notice, this action shall be affected unless the agency finds that there is insufficient time to notify bidders of the change and the finding is documented in the contract file.

Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

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Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts''. This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically at no cost on the Government Printing Office site at *www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon*. They are also available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1–800–363– 2068.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the six separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates will be distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, DC This 26 Day of April 2001.

Carl J. Poleskey, Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. [FR Doc. 01–10949 Filed 5–3–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. NRTL-3-93]

Factory Mutual Research Corporation; Application for Renewal of Recognition

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the application of Factory Mutual Research Corporation for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) under 29 CFR 1910.7, and presents the Agency's preliminary finding. This preliminary finding does not constitute an interim or temporary approval of this application. **DATES:** Comments submitted by interested parties, or any request for extension of the time to comment, must be received no later than May 18, 2001. **ADDRESSES:** Submit written comments concerning this notice to: Docket Office, Docket NRTL-3-93, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Room N2625, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20210; telephone: (202) 693–2350. Commenters may transmit written comments of 10 pages or less in length by facsimile to (202) 693–1648. Submit request for extension of the comment period for this notice to: Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N3653, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20210. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities,

Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Room N3653 at the above address, or phone (202) 693– 2110.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notice of Application

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice that Factory Mutual Research Corporation (FMRC) has applied for renewal of its current recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). FMRC requests renewal for its existing scope of recognition. However, this scope will be modified, as explained later in this notice.

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in Section 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition, and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, OSHA can accept products "properly certified" by the NRTL. OSHA processes applications related to an NRTL's recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish this public notice of the preliminary finding on an application.

FMRC's scope of recognition appears in OSHA's informational web page for the NRTL (http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/ otpca/nrtl/fmrc.html). OSHA maintains such a page for each NRTL. In general, OSHA grants an NRTL's scope of recognition in Federal Register notices. Following requirements in 29 CFR 1910.7, the Agency must publish two such notices in processing applications for an NRTL's initial recognition, and for expansions or renewal of this recognition. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding and, in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on an application. In the case of FMRC, and as further explained below, OSHA has renewed the NRTL's recognition once before, which the Agency announced on March 29, 1995 (60 FR 16167) and granted on August 16, 1995 (60 FR 42590). Following renewal, OSHA granted one expansion to FMRC, which the Agency announced on April 16, 1999 (64 FR 18939) and granted on August 13,1999 (64 FR 44240). The expansion covered a recognition of additional test standards.

The current addresses of the testing facilities (sites) that OSHA recognizes for FMRC are: Factory Mutual Research Corporation, 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike, Norwood, Massachusetts 02062; and Factory Mutual Research Corporation, 743 Reynolds Road, West Gloucester, Rhode Island 02814.

General Background on the Applicant and the Application

When OSHA published its regulations for the NRTL Program at 29 CFR 1910.7,

it temporarily recognized FMRC as a nationally recognized testing laboratory for a five year period from June 13, 1988, through June 13, 1993 (see Appendix A to 1910.7). In Appendix A, OSHA also required that FMRC apply for renewal of its OSHA recognition at the end of this temporary period. FMRC did apply for the renewal, which OSHA announced in March 1995, as noted above. In its renewal application, FMRC stated that it began testing products in 1886 and that its first published listings of approved fire hose appeared in 1907. The Agency granted FMRC's renewal for a period of five years ending on August 16, 2000.

Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. FMRC has submitted a request, dated November 9, 1999 (see Exhibit 11), to renew its recognition, within the time allotted, and retains its recognition pending OSHA's final decision in this renewal process.

FMRC's existing scope of recognition consists of the facilities listed above, and the test standards and supplemental programs, listed below.

Test Standards

FMRC seeks renewal of its recognition for testing and certification of products to demonstrate compliance to the following 73 test standards, all of which OSHA has determined are appropriate within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). Some of the test standards for which OSHA currently recognizes FMRC were no longer appropriate at the time of preparation of this preliminary notice, primarily because they have been withdrawn by the standards developing organization. OSHA has excluded these test standards in the listing below. However, under OSHA policy, the NRTL may request recognition for comparable standards. Since a number of NRTLs are affected by such withdrawn standards, OSHA will publish a separate notice to make the appropriate substitutions for FMRC and other NRTLs that were recognized for these standards. The Agency has contacted these NRTLs regarding this matter.

OSHA's recognition of FMRC or any NRTL for a particular test standard is limited to equipment or materials (i.e., products) for which OSHA standards require third party testing and certification before use in the workplace. As a result, OSHA's recognition of an NRTL for a test