

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Employment and Training
Administration**

[NAFTA-04468 and NAFTA-04468A]

**OBG Manufacturing/Distribution
Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc.,
Liberty KY; OBG Manufacturing/
Distribution Company; OshKosh
B'Gosh, Inc., Albany, KY; Amended
Certification Regarding Eligibility To
Apply for NAFTA Transitional
Adjustment Assistance**

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on April 3, 2001, applicable to workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Liberty, Kentucky. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on May 2, 2001 (66 FR 22008).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm.

New information shows that worker separations occurred at the Albany, Kentucky facility of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of children's apparel.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to cover workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Albany, Kentucky.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc. adversely affected by increased imports of children's apparel from Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-04468 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of OBG Manufacturing Company, OshKosh B'Gosh, Inc., Liberty, Kentucky (NAFTA-04468) and Albany, Kentucky (NAFTA-04468A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 12, 2000, through April 3, 2003, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 4th day of September, 2001.

Edward A. Tomchick,*Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. 01-23536 Filed 9-20-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Employment and Training
Administration**

[NAFTA-5196]

**Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company,
Hopkinsville, KY; Notice of
Termination of Investigation**

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103-182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA), and in accordance with section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), an investigation was initiated on August 13, 2001 in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company, Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

An active certification (NAFTA 3292), valid until August 13, 2001, remained in effect throughout the period of possible coverage for the petitioners and the entire workforce at Phelps Dodge Magnet Wire Company. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 10th day of September, 2001.

Edward A. Tomchick,*Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. 01-23533 Filed 9-20-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Employment Standards Administration
Wage and Hour Division****Minimum Wages for Federal and
Federally Assisted Construction;
General Wage Determination Decisions**

General Wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of

the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department.

Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration,

Wage and Hour Division, Division of
Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution
Avenue, NW., Room S-3014,
Washington, DC 20210.

New General Wage Determination Decision

The number of the decisions added to
the Government Printing Office
document entitled "General Wage
Determinations Issued Under the Davis-
Bacon and related Acts" are listed by
Volume and States:

Volume IV

Michigan

MI010106 (Sept. 21, 2001)

Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed to the
Government Printing Office document
entitled "General Wage determinations
Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and
related Acts" being modified are listed
by Volume and State. Dates of
publication in the **Federal Register** are
in parentheses following the decisions
being modified.

Volume I

Rhode Island

RI010001 (Mar. 2, 2001)

Volume II

Pennsylvania

PA010014 (Mar. 2, 2001)

Volume III

Tennessee

TN010002 (Mar. 2, 2001)

TN010018 (Mar. 2, 2001)

TN010038 (Mar. 2, 2001)

TN010039 (Mar. 2, 2001)

Volume IV

Michigan

MI010004 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010007 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010050 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010062 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010076 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010085 (Mar. 2, 2001)

MI010088 (Mar. 2, 2001)

Volume V

None

Volume VI

None

Volume VII

California

CA010001 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010002 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010009 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010028 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010029 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010030 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010031 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010032 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010033 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010034 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010035 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010036 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010037 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010038 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010039 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010040 (Mar. 2, 2001)

CA010041 (Mar. 2, 2001)

General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determinations issued
under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts,
including those noted above, may be
found in the Government Printing Office
(GPO) document entitled "General Wage
Determinations Issued Under The Davis-
Bacon And Related Acts". This
publication is available at each of the 50
Regional Government Depository
Libraries and many of the 1,400
Government Depository Libraries across
the country.

General wage determinations issued
under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts
are available electronically at no cost on
the Government Printing Office site at
www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon. They
are also available electronically by
subscription to the Davis-Bacon Online
Service ([http://
davisbacon.fedworld.gov](http://davisbacon.fedworld.gov)) of the
National Technical Information Service
(NTIS) of the U.S. Department of
Commerce at 1-800-363-2068. This
subscription offers value-added features
such as electronic delivery of modified
wage decisions directly to the user's
desktop, the ability to access prior wage
decisions issued during the year,
extensive Help desk Support, etc.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be
purchased from: Superintendent of
Documents, U.S. Government Printing
Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202)
512-1800.

When ordering hard-copy
subscription(s), be sure to specify the
State(s) of interest, since subscriptions
may be ordered for any or all of the six
separate volumes, arranged by State.
Subscriptions include an annual edition
(issued in January or February) which
includes all current general wage
determinations for the States covered by
each volume. Throughout the remainder
of the year, regular weekly updates will
be distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 13th day of
September 2001.

Carl J. Poleskey,

*Chief, Branch of Construction Wage
Determinations.*

[FR Doc. 01-23296 Filed 9-20-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-27-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

Proposed Information Collection Request Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations; Notification of Legal Identity

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as
part of its continuing effort to reduce
paperwork and respondent burden,
conducts a preclearance consultation
program to provide the general public
and Federal agencies with an
opportunity to comment on proposed
and/or continuing collections of
information in accordance with the
Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995
(PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This
program helps to ensure that requested
data can be provided in the desired
format, reporting burden (time and
financial resources) is minimized,
collection instruments are clearly
understood, and the impact of collection
requirements on respondents can be
properly assessed.

DATES: Submit comments on or before
November 20, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Lynnette
M. Haywood, Deputy Director,
Administration and Management, 4015
Wilson Boulevard, Room 611,
Arlington, VA 22203-1984. Commenters
are encouraged to send their comments
on a computer disk, or via Internet E-
mail to 1haywood@msha.gov, along
with an original printed copy. Ms.
Haywood can be reached at (703) 235-
1383 (voice), or (703) 235-1563
(facsimile).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Lynnette M. Haywood, Deputy Director,
Administration and Management, U.S.
Department of Labor, Mine Safety and
Health Administration, Room 611, 4015
Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA
22203-1984. Ms. Haywood can be
reached at 1haywood@msha.gov
(Internet E-mail), (703) 235-1383
(voice), or (703) 235-1563 (facsimile).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Title 30 CFR part 41 has implemented
this requirement and provides for the
mandatory use of MSHA Form 2000-7,
Legal Identity Report, for notifying
MSHA of the legal identity of the mien
operator. The legal identity for a mien
operator is fundamental to enable the
Secretary to properly ascertain the
identity of persons charged with
violations of mandatory standards. It is
also used in the assessment of civil
penalties which, by statute, must take