EAGLE PICHER CAREFREE BATTERY (SOCORRO COUNTY) **SOCORRO, NEW MEXICO**

EPA ID# NMD001829506 Site ID: 0600805



EPA REGION 6 CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 02

Contact: Sai Appaji 214-665-3126

Updated: April 2009

Current Status •

EPA, in cooperation with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED), completed a series of investigations to determine the current condition of the Site and the potential risk it presents to the local community. This report was finalized in April 2007. The Site was added to the National Priorities List on September 19, 2007. EPA and NMED are currently planning the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) at the Site during the 2009 fiscal year.

In March 2009, the Agency for Toxics Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) released a Public Health Assessment report for the site.

Site Description -

Location: The former Eagle Picher Carefree Batteries manufacturing building is located

> approximately two miles north of Socorro. New Mexico at latitude 34° 05' 59" north. longitude 106° 54' 23" west. The Eagle Picher Carefree Batteries Site (Site) boundaries are not defined since the full extent and nature of contamination has not been delineated.

Population: The population of Socorro, New Mexico is approximately 9,000 individuals.

Setting: The former Eagle Picher property encompasses approximately 173 acres of mostly

undeveloped land and includes a 40,000 square foot manufacturing facility built by Eagle Picher in 1964, two sewage lagoons that received the facility's industrial and sewage waste until the 1980s, an industrial waste pit that received the facility's industrial waste, abandoned buildings of a State Tuberculosis Sanitarium that were occupied by Eagle Picher in 1963-1964, a closed City landfill used from October 1977 to January 1980, and

an active City drinking water supply well ("Eagle Picher Well").

The Site is located in the Socorro Basin, which lies within the Basin and Range Province and within the Rio Grande Rift. The principal aquifer system of the Socorro Basin is located in the Tertiary and Quaternary Santa Fe Group and overlying Quaternary deposits. The aquifer system can be divided into three subunits: the shallow aquifer (Quaternary deposits and Sierra Ladrones Formation of the Santa Fe Group), the Popotosa confining bed, and the Popotosa aguifer. The majority of water supply wells in

the Socorro area are completed in the shallow aquifer.

Site History ·

The property was first owned by the U.S. Government and was used as Civilian Conservation Corps barracks in 1932. From 1936 to 1956, the facility was a State of New Mexico tuberculosis sanitarium. In 1962, ownership of the property was transferred from the State of New Mexico to the City of Socorro (the "City"). In 1964, the City sold the 173-acre property to Eagle Picher, Inc. (Eagle Picher). From 1963 until 1976, Eagle Picher operated a manufacturing plant on the Site. Products manufactured during this period included circuit boards, antennae assemblies, and non-automotive lead-acid batteries. In 1976, Eagle Picher deeded the property back to the City. In 1977, the City leased a portion of the property to a company for the purpose of the manufacture of jewelry. The City also operated a municipal landfill at the property from October 1977 to January 1980. In 1979, the City leased the 173-acre property to Eagle Picher for light manufacturing, including, but not limited to the production of non-automotive lead-acid batteries. In 1995, the lease was modified to include only 10.9 acres of the original 173-acre property. The lease to Eagle Picher expired in November 2000. The Site continues to be owned by the City.

In November 1987, chlorinated compounds were detected in a City of Socorro municipal drinking water supply well. As a result, numerous investigations were conducted for the purpose of determining the source of the contamination. In addition, municipal and private drinking water supply wells have been sampled/monitored to ensure the water supply meets all State and Federal drinking water standards. Since 1987, the City has installed a city water line to at least five residences that previously obtained their drinking water from private drinking water wells.

Most recently, EPA, in cooperation with the NMED, conducted a series of investigations including sampling ground water, soil, and soil vapor between 2004 and 2006. The purpose of these investigations was to determine the current condition of the Site, the source of the observed ground water contamination, and the potential risk it presents to the local community.

Wastes and Volume -

Principal Pollutants:

- Trichloroethene (TCE) (ground water)
- 1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-DCE) (ground water)
- Lead (soil)
- Chromium (soil)
- Cadmium (soil)

Volume:

Unknown

National Priorities Listing (NPL) History

Site HRS Score: 50.00

Proposal Date: March 7, 2007 Final Listing Date: September 19, 2007

Record of Decision

A Record of Decision (ROD) has not been initiated for this site.

Contacts -

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