#### Vermont

Robert G. Herbst, Quality Control Supervisor, Vermont Department of Employment and Training, 200 Asa Bloomer Building, Rutland, VT 05701. (802) 786–8807. e-mail: rherbst@pop.det.state.vt.us.

#### Virginia

F. W. Tucker, IV, Chief of Benefits, Virginia Employment Commission, P.O. Box 1358, Richmond, VA 23218–1358. (804) 786– 3032. e-mail: wtucker@vec.state.va.us.

#### Washington

Mary Kirker, QC supervisor, Employment Security Department, Employment Security Building, P.O. Box 9046, Olympia, WA 98507–9046. (360) 438–3101. fax: (360) 438–4085. e-mail: mkirker@esd.wa.gov.

#### West Virginia

Tammy G. Hypes, WV Bureau of Employment Programs, Special Projects Division, 106 Dee Drive, Charleston WV 25311. (304) 558–9065. e-mail: thypes@wvbep.org.

#### Wisconsin

John Mand, QC Section Chief, Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, UI Division, 6083 North Teutonia Avenue, P.O. Box 09999, Milwaukee, WI 53209. (414) 438–2055. e-mail: mandj@dwd.state.wi.us.

#### Wyoming

Ellen Schreiner, Administrator, Unemployment Insurance Division, Wyoming Department of Employment, P.O. Box 2760, Casper, WY 82602–2760. (307) 235–3253. e-mail: eschre@state.wy.us.

[FR Doc. 02–22196 Filed 8–29–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–30–P** 

# **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

Employment Standards Administration; Wage and Hour Division

# Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary

of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department.

Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room S–3014, Washington, DC 20210.

## Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of the decisions listed to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

None

Volume II

Delaware

DE020001 (Mar. 1, 2002) DE020002 (Mar. 1, 2002)

DE020002 (Mar. 1, 2002)

DE020005 (Mar. 1, 2002)

DE020009 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Pennsylvania

PA020021 (Mar. 1, 2002)

West Virginia

WV020002 (Mar. 1, 2002)

WV020003 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Volume III

Florida

FL020017 (Mar 1, 2002)

Volume IV

Illinois

IL020005 (Mar 1, 2002)

Michigan

MI020052 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020062 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020063 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020064 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020065 (Mar. 1, 2002) MI020066 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020067 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020068 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020069 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020069 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020070 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020071 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020072 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020074 (Mar. 1, 2002)

MI020071 (Mar. 1, 2002)

#### Volume V

#### Kansas

KS020006 (Mar. 1, 2002) KS020008 (Mar. 1, 2002) KS020012 (Mar. 1, 2002)

KS020022 (Mar. 1, 2002)

KS020069 (Mar. 1, 2002) KS020070 (MAR. 1, 2002)

Texas

TX020002 (Mar. 1, 2002) TX020051 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Volume VI

Alaska

AK020001 (Mar. 1, 2002) AK020002 (Mar. 1, 2002) AK020003 (Mar. 1, 2002) AK020006 (Mar. 1, 2002) AK020008 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Idaho

ID020001 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Montana

MT020002 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Oregon

OR020001 (Mar. 1, 2002) OR020017 (Mar. 1, 2002)

Washington

WA020002 (Mar. 1, 2002) WA020003 (Mar. 1, 2002) WA020007 (Mar. 1, 2002) WA020023 (Mar. 1, 2002)

 $Volume\ VII$ 

None

General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determination issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts". This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically at no cost on the Government Printing Office site at www.access.gpo.gov/davisbacon. They are also available electronically by subscription to the Davis-Bacon Online Service (http:// davisbacon.fedworld.gov) of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1-800-363-2068. This subscription offers value-added features such as electronic delivery of modified wage decisions directly to the user's desktop, the ability to access prior wage decisions issued during the year, extensive Help desk Support, etc.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the six separate Volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates will be distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 22nd day of August 2002.

### Carl J. Poleskey,

Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations.

[FR Doc. 02–21765 Filed 8–29–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Notice of Signing of a Memorandum of Understanding Between the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

August 30, 2002.

AGENCIES: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Department of Labor and Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), effective March 22, 2002. The purpose of the MOU is to facilitate coordination and cooperation concerning the employee protection provisions of the **Aviation Whistleblower Protection** Program, 49 U.S.C. 42121. Both agencies agree that administrative efficiency and sound enforcement policies will be maximized by this cooperation and the timely exchange of information in areas of mutual interest. The text of the MOU is set forth below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Spear, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Room N03468, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210, telephone (202) 693–2187. This is not a toll-free number.

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 42121; Secretary of Labor's Order No. 3–2000, 65 FR 50017 (August 16, 2000).

Signed at Washington, DC, this 15 day of August, 2002.

For the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

# John L. Henshaw,

Assistant Secretary, Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Memorandum of Understanding Between The Federal Aviation Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation and The Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor

# I. Purpose

The purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is to facilitate coordination and cooperation concerning the protection of employees who provide air safety information under the provisions of Section 519 of the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century, 49 U.S.C. 42121.

# II. Background

The Aviation Whistleblower Protection Program, 49 U.S.C. 42121, prohibits air carriers, air carrier contractors, and air carrier subcontractors from discharging an employee or otherwise discriminating against an employee with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because the employee (or any person acting pursuant to a request of the employee)—(1) Provided, caused to be provided, or is about to provide (with any knowledge of the employer) or cause to be provided to the employer or Federal Government information relating to any violation or alleged violation of any order, regulation, or standard of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) or any other provision of Federal law relating to air carrier safety under this subtitle or any other law of the United States; (2) has filed, caused to be filed, or is about to file (with any knowledge of the employer) or cause to be filed a proceeding relating to any violation or alleged violation of any order, regulation, or standard of FAA or any other provision of Federal law relating to air carrier safety under this subtitle or any other law of the United States; (3) testified or is about to testify in such a proceeding; or (4) assisted or participated or is about to assist or participate in such a proceeding.

FAA and the Secretary of Labor, through the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), both have responsibilities related to 49 U.S.C. 42121. FAA has responsibility to investigate complaints related to air carrier safety and has authority under the FAA's statute to enforce air safety regulations and issue sanctions to airmen and air carriers for noncompliance with these regulations. FAA enforcement action may include air carrier and/or airman certificate suspension and/or revocation and/or the imposition of civil penalties. Additionally, FAA may issue civil penalties for violations of 49 U.S.C. 42121. OSHA has the responsibility to investigate employee complaints of discrimination and may order a violator to take affirmative action to abate the violation, reinstate the complainant to his or her former position with back pay, and award compensatory damages, including attorney fees.

Although FAA and OSHA will carry out their statutory responsibilities independently, the agencies agree that administrative efficiency and sound enforcement policies will be maximized by cooperation and the timely exchange of information in areas of mutual interest.

#### III. Process for Coordination

This MOU sets forth a process that FAA and OSHA agree to follow.

FAA and OSHA will establish a procedure for coordinating and supporting enforcement of 49 U.S.C. 42121. OSHA agrees to promptly notify the FAA national headquarters Whistleblower Protection Program point of contact of any discrimination complaints