

Corporate Environmental Programs
General Electric Company
100 Woodlawn Ave., Pittsfield, MA 01201 PP 3 2000

S PERE

Transmitted Via FedEx

March 30, 2000

Mr. Alan Weinberg Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup Department of Environmental Protection 436 Dwight Street Springfield, MA 01103

Mr. Dean Tagliaferro Mr. Bryan Olson (HBT) Office Site Remediation and Restoration U.S. Environmental Protection Agency One Congress Street Boston, MA 02203-2211

Re: Newell Street Area II (DEP #1-1057; USEPA Area 5B)
Proposal for Additional DNAPL Recovery Operations

Dear Mr. Weinberg, Mr. Tagliaferro, and Mr. Olson:

Enclosed please find the General Electric Company's (GE's) proposal for additional dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) recovery operations at the Newell Street Area II/USEPA Area 5B Site (the Site). This proposal presents the results of DNAPL recovery activities, including pumping tests conducted in wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I between March 6 and 8, 2000 and proposes a design for the installation of two additional automated DNAPL pumping systems at the Site.

Upon approval of the proposed DNAPL recovery system, GE will start procurement of necessary materials and implement the proposed activities once these materials are received.

Please call if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely.

John D. Ciampa

Remediation Project Manager

JJL/smr 31201938.WPD cc: J. Cutler, DEP*

R. Bell, DEP*

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Public Information Repositories ECL I-P-IV(A)(1) & (2)*

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GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

PROPOSAL FOR DNAPL RECOVERY OPERATIONS FOR WELLS N2SC-02 AND N2SC-03I AT THE NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B SITE

I. INTRODUCTION

On January 14, 2000, the General Electric Company (GE) submitted a *DNAPL Recovery Data and Evaluation at the Newell Street Area, Plant Site 1 Groundwater Management Area* (DNAPL Recovery Evaluation) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP; collectively, the Agencies). The DNAPL Recovery Evaluation included a proposal for conducting additional DNAPL pumping over a three-day period in wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I at the Newell Street Area II/USEPA Area 5B Site (the Site). The proposed program included provisions for evaluating the field data and submitting a proposal for future activities based on the results of DNAPL pumping at the Site.

In a February 29, 2000 letter, the EPA provided conditional approval of the DNAPL Recovery Evaluation and also required that GE perform an evaluation of potential reasons for the decrease in DNAPL recovery rates for well N2SC-01I. This evaluation and the results of the additional pumping at wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I, along with a proposal for future activities, were required to be submitted to the EPA within 30 days of receipt of their February 29, 2000 letter (i.e., on or before March 30, 2000).

In accordance with the EPA's February 29, 2000 letter, GE has performed the above activities. This document, which has been prepared by Blasland, Bouck & Lee, Inc. (BBL) on behalf of GE, presents the results of the evaluation performed for well N2SC-01I and the results of the DNAPL pumping tests and proposes a design for the installation of two additional automated DNAPL recovery systems at the Site. The results of the well N2SC-01I evaluation are presented in Section II. The results of the DNAPL pumping field tests and the design of the two additional DNAPL recovery systems for the Site are presented in Sections III and IV, respectively. Regulatory requirements and the proposed schedule are discussed in Sections V and VI, respectively.

II. RESULTS OF WELL N2SC-011 EVALUATION

As required in the EPA's February 29, 2000 conditional approval letter, an evaluation regarding the fluctuation in DNAPL recovery rates for well N2SC-01I was performed. It is believed that there are several contributing factors to the reduction of DNAPL recovery in well N2SC-01I.

First, it is not unusual for DNAPL recovery rates to decline over time. At the beginning of DNAPL recovery, several physical factors favor relatively rapid DNAPL flow and recovery. Specifically, the thickness, continuity, DNAPL saturation, and relative DNAPL permeability within the DNAPL pool (and the hydraulic gradient) are highest at the beginning of DNAPL recovery. As DNAPL is depleted from the formation, these factors typically decline, resulting in a reduced DNAPL recovery rate.

Second, on December 9, 1999, GE modified the recovery system in well N2SC-01I by adding a probe which triggers the recovery pumps to turn-on when a sufficient thickness of DNAPL (approximately 2 feet) has accumulated in the well. The recovery pumps then shut-off after the DNAPL level in the well decreases by approximately 6 inches. Prior to the installation of the DNAPL-sensing probe, the pumping cycle was

controlled by a timing device. On some occasions, the pump would operate for too long of a time period and water/DNAPL emulsions would be pumped rather than just DNAPL. The new system greatly reduces the pumping of water/DNAPL emulsifications. Thus, the actual decrease in DNAPL recovery for this well may, in fact, be less than the data indicate, since prior to December 9, 1999 the recovery volume included a component of water/DNAPL emulsions.

III. RESULTS OF THE DNAPL PUMPING TESTS

GE conducted a series of one-day DNAPL pumping tests in well N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I between March 6 and March 8, 2000. Each individual one-day test was conducted over an approximate 5.5- to 7.5-hour duration using an interface probe and a submersible, pneumatic DNAPL recovery pump. During each test, the DNAPL thickness and the volume of DNAPL removed were recorded at regular intervals. The DNAPL recovery data are summarized in Attachment A (Table A-1). Plots of incremental DNAPL recovery volumes and thickness as a function of time for each well are also presented in Attachment A (Figures A-1 and A-2, respectively, for well N2SC-02 and Figures A-3 and A-4, respectively, for well N2SC-03I). The DNAPL recovery results are discussed below.

- Well N2SC-02: Daily DNAPL recovery tests were conducted on March 6, 7, and 8, 2000. The one-day tests ranged from 5.5 to 7.3 hours in duration. Total DNAPL recoveries for each day were 5.13, 4.28, and 4.75 liters, respectively (see Table A-1). During each test, incremental DNAPL removal volumes initially decreased through time and then stabilized (see Figure A-1). The initial DNAPL removal volume for well N2SC-02 recovered substantially between the conclusion of the March 6 test and the commencement of the March 7 test (104% of the March 6 initial volume), and between the conclusion of the March 7 test and the commencement of the March 8 test (100% of the March 6 initial volume). Measurements of DNAPL thickness in well N2SC-02 indicated that the DNAPL recharged substantially overnight, to approximately the same level as the initial measurement performed on March 6, 2000 (approximately 4 feet), and recovered to a thickness of approximately 6 to 7 inches every hour (see Figure A-2).
- Well N2SC-03I: Daily DNAPL recovery tests were conducted on March 6, 7, and 8, 2000. The one-day tests ranged from 5.3 to 7.5 hours in duration. Total DNAPL recoveries for each day were 6.19, 4.54, and 4.97 liters, respectively (see Table A-1). During each test, incremental DNAPL removal volumes decreased during the initial recording of data and then fluctuated slightly throughout the remainder of the tests (see Figure A-3). The initial DNAPL removal volume for well N2SC-03I recovered substantially between the conclusion of the March 6 test and the commencement of the March 7 test (91% of the March 6 initial volume), and between the conclusion of the March 7 test and the commencement of the March 8 test (86% of the March 6 initial volume). Measurements of DNAPL thickness in well N2SC-03I indicated that the DNAPL recharged substantially overnight, to approximately the same level as the initial measurement performed on March 6, 2000 (approximately 3.5 feet), and recovered to a thickness of approximately 9 to 12 inches every hour (see Figure A-4).

In summary, the DNAPL pumping tests indicated that recovery rates decreased during each test; however, both wells fully recharged overnight. Over the approximate 5.5- to 7.5-hour duration of the one-day tests, sustained recovery rates of approximately 0.4 and 0.6 liters per hour were observed for wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I, respectively. These data provide an estimated recovery rate for wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I. Although the results of the short-term tests cannot be employed to predict long-term DNAPL removal rates, the data from these tests indicate that an automated DNAPL recovery system appears feasible for both wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I.

IV. DESCRIPTION OF DNAPL COLLECTION SYSTEMS

As discussed above, GE intends to install an automated DNAPL collection system in wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I. This section provides a general description of the proposed system for each well. Figure 1 provides a site plan and Figures 2 and 3 provide additional system details and specifications.

A pneumatic DNAPL recovery pump will be installed in each well (wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I). The pump will discharge via double wall containment piping into four 1,000 gallon steel tanks located within a portable box trailer enclosure located within the GE parking lot. This collection system was installed to collect DNAPL removed from well N2SC-01I and sufficient capacity is available in this system. The piping run from the wells to the trailer will be insulated and heat traced to prevent freezing during winter operations. Additionally, consistent with previously approved DNAPL collection systems at Newell Street Area II, the piping will be sloped to allow drainage back to each well when the pump is not in operation. The operation of the pump will be controlled by a timer located adjacent to the well head that can be adjusted, as appropriate, to optimize DNAPL recovery. Alternatively, a DNAPL-sensing probe may be utilized depending on actual recovery performance of the wells. The air compressor installed for the existing in-place automated system for wells NS-15, NS-30, NS-32 and N2SC-01I will supply air for the pneumatic recovery pumps in wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I. Additionally, all piping materials, the pumps, floats, etc. that will contact the DNAPL have been selected based on appropriate materials compatibility considerations.

V. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Based on previous correspondence with the EPA, this project is being performed as an on-site removal action under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA); therefore, a Notice of Intent (NOI) is not required to be submitted to the Pittsfield Conservation Commission (PCC). However, this proposal has been prepared to meet substantive requirements of the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act.

A portion of the above-mentioned proposed work will be performed within the 100-foot buffer zone and river front area of the Housatonic River. Both wells are located within the 100-year floodplain elevation of the River. Additionally, well N2SC-02 is located within the 100-foot buffer zone and well N2SC-03I is located outside the 100-foot buffer zone. Based on an evaluation of the site in November 1998, by White Engineering, wetland vegetation is confined to the lower portion of the river bank; therefore, this project will not impact wetland vegetation. Also, there will be no impacts on the River as the wells are located greater than 100 feet from the top of the southerly bank of the River. There will be minimal impacts (due to the installation of pipe and equipment supports) to soil and vegetation within the 100-foot buffer zone. In addition, portions of the work (the compressed air and electrical connections to the existing DNAPL collection systems) are also within the inner and outer riparian zones under protection by the Rivers Protection Act. However, there will be minimal temporary disturbance to this area due to the fact that the site has been used previously as a paved parking lot.

Approximately 1.065 cubic yards (cy) of flood storage, in the form of pipe supports, piping, and electrical closures, will be affected in this area (see Table 1). Flood storage compensation for this project (due to pipe supports, piping, and electric enclosures) is being provided by removal of approximately 478.5 linear feet of existing guardrails and support posts located in the parking lot (see Figure 1). A total of 1.130 cy is available from removal of the guardrail and support posts (see Table 1).

There is one other issue that GE would like to raise with respect to DNAPL recovery at the Site. As previously mentioned, the pneumatic DNAPL recovery pump in well N2SC-01I discharges via double wall containment piping into four 1,000-gallon steel tanks located within a portable box trailer enclosure. The box trailer is located in the GE parking lot next to well N2SC-01I. The trailer includes a steel-diked secondary containment area for each set of two tanks. Each containment area holds 110 percent of the total volume of two tanks (i.e., 2,200 gallons). The steel tanks additionally contain overfill protection, level controls, and an ultrasonic level transmitter. A backup high level float is installed for redundant protection.

At present, these tanks are emptied every 30 days or less, as required under 40 CFR 761.65(c)(1). In order to provide more flexibility in the operation of this automated DNAPL recovery system, however, GE seeks approval under 761.61(c) to empty these tanks every 90 days or less. As outlined above, the containment system meets all of the requirements for temporary storage of PCBs specified in 761.65(b)(1) except for the fact that the Newell Street parking lot is located within the 100-year floodplain of the Housatonic River. Because of the location of the containment system, GE would agree to pump the DNAPL storage tanks if a high flow event occurs and the river level approaches the trailer elevation. Since the trailer is located in the parking lot where the grade elevation is approximately 984 feet, the tanks will be pumped if the river level reaches an elevation of approximately 980 feet and the weather conditions are such that the water level is anticipated to continue to rise. It should be noted that in this area, the modeled 2 year flood event (HEC-2 model) has an elevation of approximately 977 feet and the modeled 10 year flood event has an elevation of approximately 981 feet.

The approval that GE seeks here under 761.61(c) is similar to the approval that EPA has already granted for temporary storage of PCB-containing soils and sediments in Building 65. Like the containment system in the Newell Street parking lot, Building 65 meets all the requirements for temporary storage of PCB materials in 761.65(b)(1) except that it is located within the 100-year floodplain of the Housatonic River. In a letter to GE dated April 6, 1999, EPA approved use of Building 65 for temporary storage of PCB-containing soils and sediments, provided that, as here, GE agrees to move the waste materials in the case of certain high flow conditions. EPA also confirmed its approval of the use of Building 65 for temporary storage of PCB-containing soils and sediments when it conditionally approved GE's Operations Plan for the Upper ½ Mile Reach Removal Action in a letter to GE dated September 29, 1999.

VI. ANTICIPATED SCHEDULE

Upon receipt of Agency approval of the proposed DNAPL collection systems, GE will order the necessary materials and implement the proposed activities once these materials are received. The estimated time for procurement and delivery of equipment is 6 to 8 weeks and the estimated installation time is 4 weeks. This schedule may be modified, if necessary, to accommodate possible constraints associated with material procurement and inclement weather. GE will continue to perform previously approved monitoring and DNAPL recovery for wells N2SC-02 and N2SC-03I until the automated recovery system is operational.

Tables

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TABLE 1

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

COMPENSATORY STORAGE

New Items - Well heads and Piping

Fill Volumes (Cubic Yards)								
Elevation Range (Feet AMSL)	Piping/Conduit			Control Panel	Total			
983 - 984	0.0	009	0.03	0	0.039			
984 - 985	0.0	16	0.03	0.1	0.146			
985 - 986	0	.73	0.05	0.1	0.88			
986 - 987		0	0	0	0			
987 - 988		0	0	0	0			
988 - 989 989 - 990		0	0	0	0			
		0	0	0	0			
Total		55	0.11	0.2	1.065			

Removal of Existing Guard Rails

Cut Volumes (Cubic Yards)							
Elevation Range (Feet AMSL)	Guard Rail	Post		Total			
983 - 984	-0.	19 -0.13		-0.32			
984 - 985	-0.6			-0.32			
985 - 986		0 0		0.01			
986 - 987		0 0		0			
987 - 988		0 0		0			
988 - 989		0 0		0			
989 - 990		0 0		0			
Total	3.0-	-0.26		-1.13			

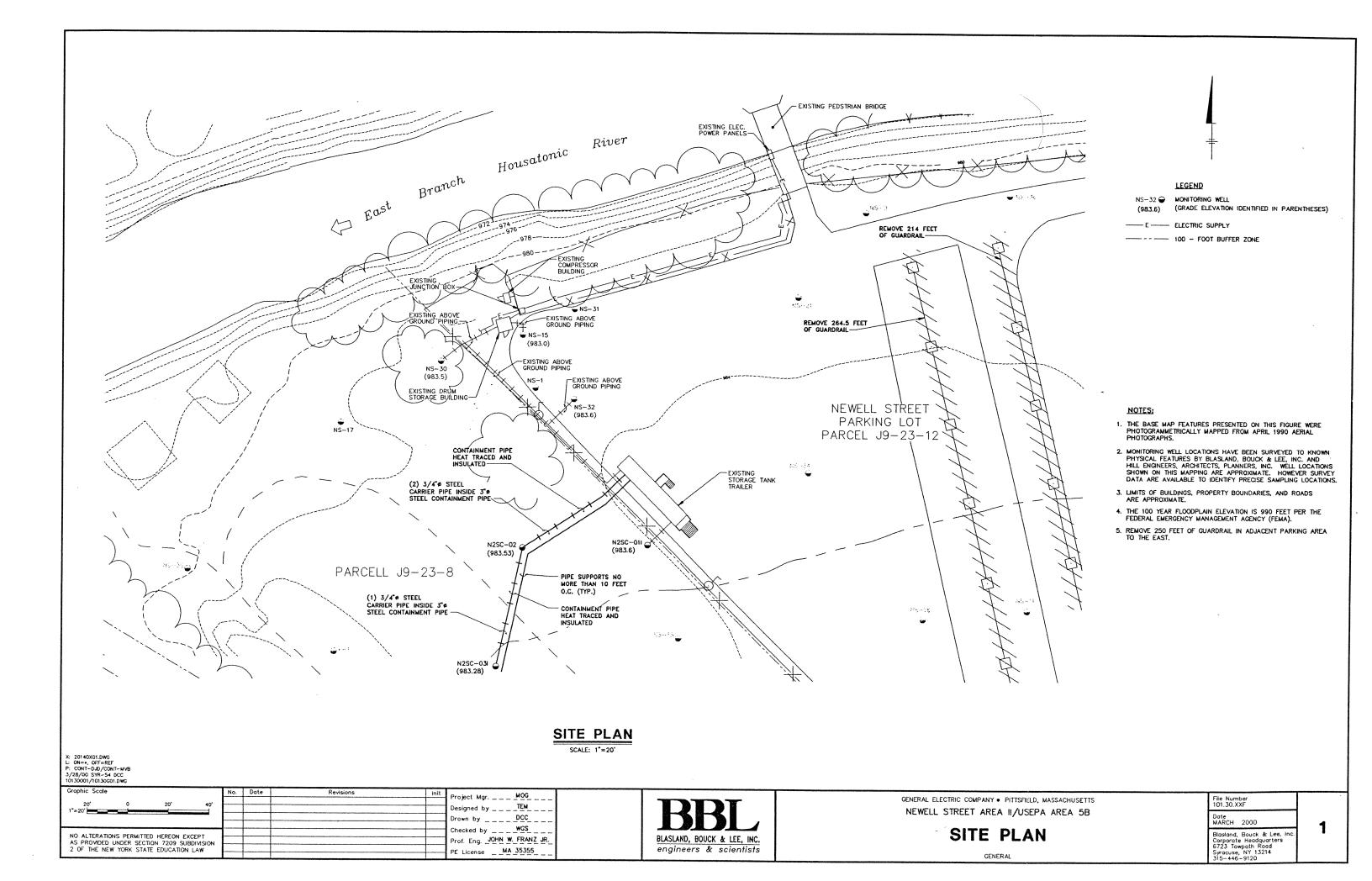
Total Volume of Fill =	1.065 CY
Total Volume of Cut =	-1.130 CY
Surplus Compensatory Volume =	0.065 CY
Existing Surplus Compensatory Volume * =	0.032 CY
Total Surplus Compensatory Volume =	0.097 CY

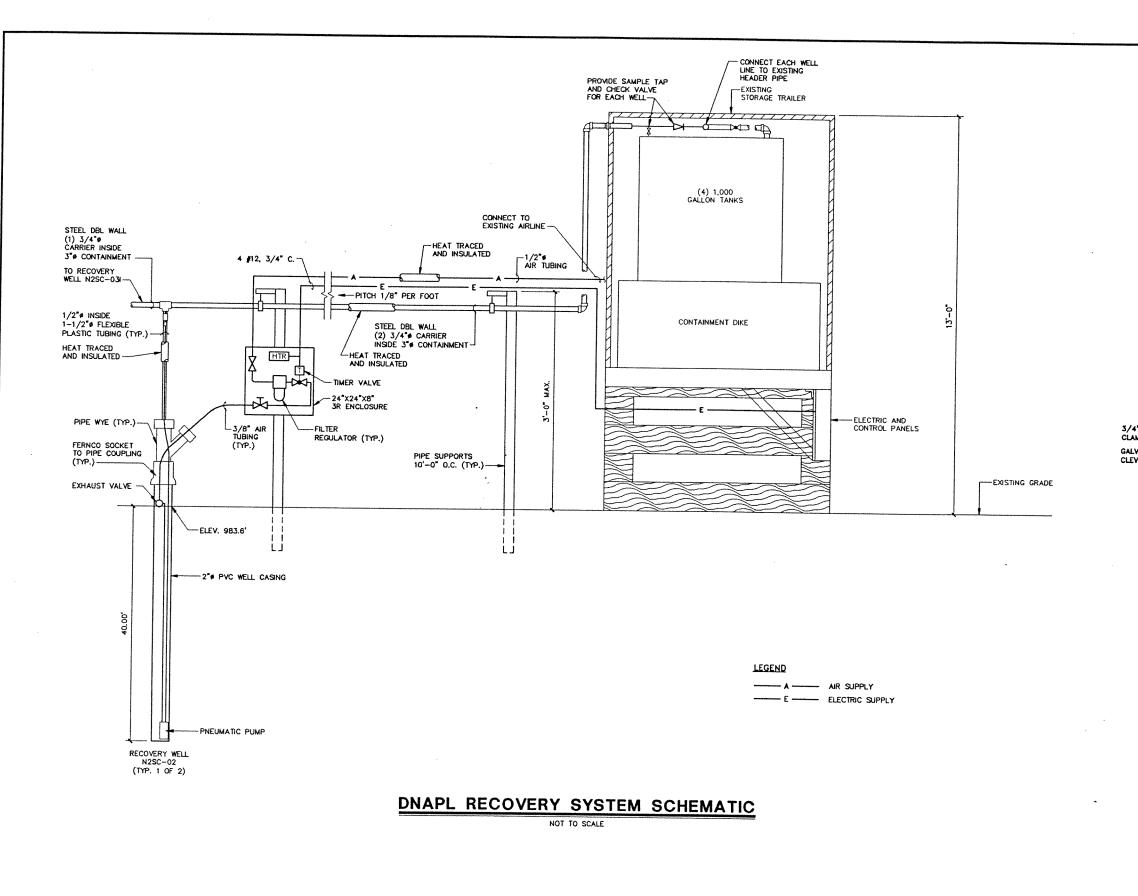
^{*} Floodplain Volume from guard rails removed for Well N2SC-01l DNAPL Collection System

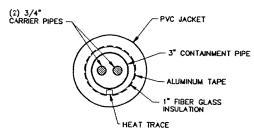
Figures

BLASLAND, BOUCK & LEE, INC.

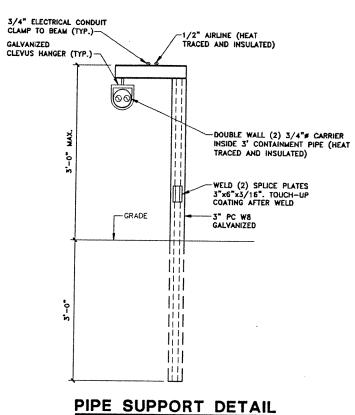
engineers & scientists







PIPE SECTION



NOT TO SCALE

L: ON=*, OFF=REF P: CONT-DJD/CONT-MVB 3/28/00 SYR-54 DCC 10130001/10130G02.DWG

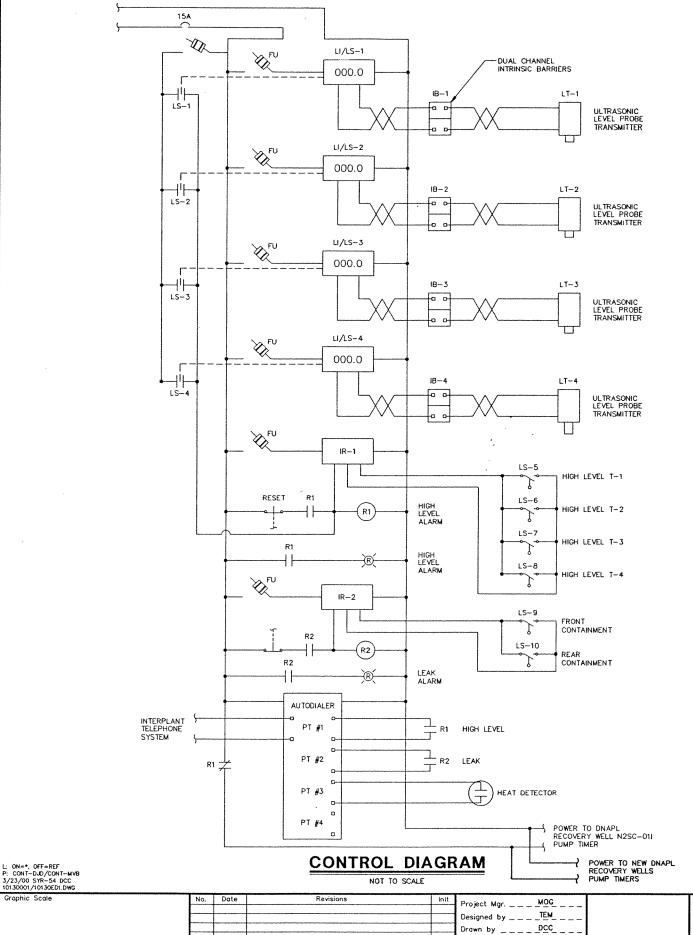
Graphic Scale	No.	Dote	Revisions		
	140.	Dote	Revisions	Init	Project Mgr MOG
Ì	1	1			Froject Mgr
					Designed by TEM
	<u> </u>				Drawn by DCC
					,
NO ALTERATIONS PERMITTED HEREON EXCEPT	1	1 1			Checked byWGS
AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 7209 SUBDIVISION					Prof. Eng. JOHN W. FRANZ JR.
2 OF THE NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION LAW	L				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
					PE LicenseMA_35355

BLASLAND, BOUCK & LEE, INC. engineers & scientists

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY . PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

	_
File Number 101.30.XXF	
Date MARCH 2000	
Biasland, Bouck & Lee, inc. Corporote Heodquarters 6723 Towpoth Road Syracuse, NY 13214 315—446—9120	



NO ALTERATIONS PERMITTED HEREON EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 7209 SUBDIMISION

2 OF THE NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION LAW

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS:

- RECOVERY PUMP: PNEUMATIC DNAPL PUMP AS MANUFACTURED BY QED ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS, INC.
- A. TWO (2) PUMP PART # LP1301 FOR 2" DIAMETER WELLS
 TWO (2) MINI PULSE PUMP CYCLE TIMER, PART # MPS360, 120 VOLTS,
 WITH FILTER REGULATOR.
 TWO (2) 2" DIAMETER WELL EXHAUST VALVES, PART # L353
- B. TUBING: 60 FT. NYLON, PART # L417, 1/2" O.D. LIQUID, 3/8" O.D. AIR TUBING: 60 FT. UP-BLACK NYLON, PART # 35097, 1/2" O.D. TUBING: 60 FT. 3/8" NYLON AIR, PART # 35716 TUBING: MISC. FITTINGS PACKAGE, PART # PP-CUSTOM
- 2. TWO (2) TIMER AND REGULATOR ENCLOSURE: HOFFMAN STEEL ENCLOSURE, 24"X24"X8", CATALOG # A-24R248HCR. PADLOCK HASP, CONTINUOUS HINGE.

3. PIPING:

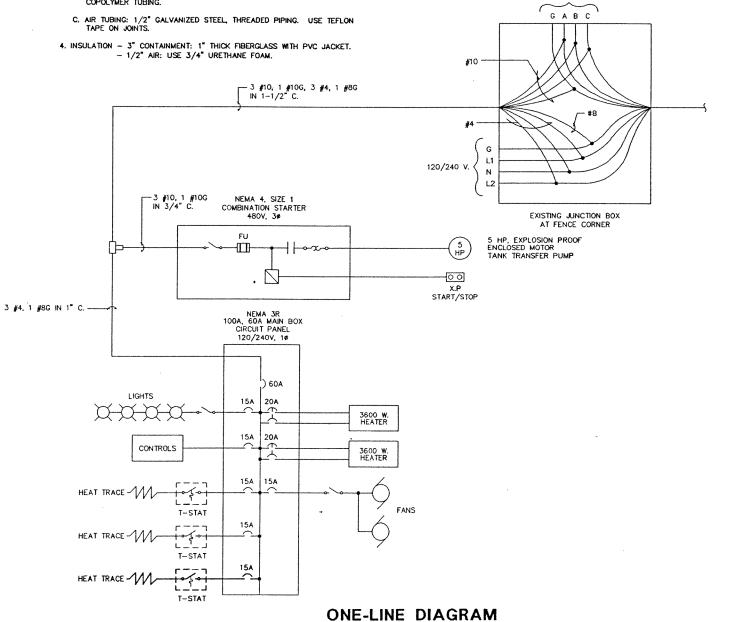
- A. DOUBLE-WALL PRODUCT PIPE: CARBON STEEL PIPING, SCHEDULE 40
 SEAMLESS, ASTM B31.1, 3/4" CARRIER PIPE WITH 3" CONTAINMENT PIPE.
- B. FLEXIBLE PRODUCT TUBING: 1/2" INSIDE, NALGENE 880 KYNAR BY THE NALGE COMPANY. 1-1/2" OUTSIDE, NALGENE 689 POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER TUBING.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS:

- AREA INSDE OF TRAILER SHALL BE CONSIDERED AN EXPLOSIVE HAZARDOUS AREA, CLASS 1 DIMSION II. WELL SHALL BE CONSIDERED A CLASS 1, DIMSION I AREA.
- CONDUIT: RIGID GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT, 3/4" DIAMETER. THREADED COUPLINGS FOR OUTDOOR USE, THREADED CAST FITTINGS AND DEACE AND TOTAL BOXES.
- 3. HEAT TRACE: THERMON TYPE FD. FM RATED CLASS I DIVISION 2, 5 WATTS PER FOOT, 120 VAC, ET-7 END CAPS, TBX-4LC CONNECTORS AS NEEDED.

480 V.

4. HEAT TRACE CONTROLS: TWO THERMON N-7G-040 THERMOSTATS.



BLASLAND, BOUCK & LEE, INC.
engineers & scientists

Checked by ____WGS

PE License MA 35355

Prof. Eng. JOHN W. FRANZ JR.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY • PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

ONE-LINE DIAGRAM AND SPECIFICATIONS

Blasland, Bouck & Lee, Inc Corporate Headquarters 6723 Towpoth Rood Syracuse, NY 13214 315-446-9120

File Number 101.30.XXF

Date MARCH 2000

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ELECTRICAL

Attachments

BLASLAND, BOUCK & LEE, INC.

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Attachment A

BLASLAND, BOUCK & LEE, INC.

Results of the DNAPL Pumping Tests

TABLE A-1

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

Summary of DNAPL Recovery Data

				Measurement	Measured	Removal	Incremental	Total Daily
Monitoring		Pumping	Pumping	Elapsed Time	DNAPL	Elapsed Time	Volume of DNAPL	Volume
Well	Date	Start Time	Finish Time	(Hours)	Thickness (Feet)	(Hours)	Removal (Liters)	(Liters)
N2SC-02	03/06/2000	935	950	0.0	3.97	0.3	2.40	(=:0::0)
		1050	1100	1.3	1.07	1.4	0.66	
		1200	1220	2.4	0.81	2.8	0.50	
		1320	1330	3.8	0.76	3.9	0.47	
		1430	1440	4.9	0.53	5.1	0.32	
		1540	1545	6.1	0.59	6.2	0.36	
		1645	1655	7.2	0.69	7.3	0.42	5.13
	03/07/2000	1010	1050	0.0	3.99	0.7	2.50	0.10
		1150	1200	1.7	1.17	1.8	0.72	
		1300	1315	2.8	0.66	3.1	0.40	
		1415	1420	4.1	0.64	4.2	0.39	
Ļ		1520	1540	5.2	0.44	5.5	0.27	4.28
	03/08/2000	945	1003	0.0	3.96	0.3	2.40	7.20
		1103	1109	1.3	0.84	1.4	0.51	
		1209	1214	2.4	0.53	2.5	0.31	
		1314	1320	3.5	0.80	3.6	0.50	
		1420	1426	4.6	0.85	4.7	0.51	
		1526	1534	5.7	0.60	5.8	0.34	
		1634	1640	6.8	0.35	6.9	0.19	4.75
N2SC-03I	03/06/2000	910	925	0.0	3.65	0.3	2.20	7.75
ļ		1025	1035	1.3	1.08	1.4	0.66	
		1135	1145	2.4	1.12	2.6	0.69	
		1245	1300	3.6	1.14	3.8	0.70	
		1400	1410	4.8	0.98	5.0	0.60	
		1510	1530	6.0	1.18	6.3	0.72	
		1630	1640	7.3	1.02	7.5	0.62	6.19
	03/07/2000	935	1005	0.0	3.25	0.5	2.00	0.10
		1105	1115	1.5	0.73	1.7	0.45	
		1215	1225	2.7	1.24	2.8	0.76	
		1325	1340	3.8	1.39	4.1	0.85	
		1440	1455	5.1	0.79	5.3	0.48	4.54
	03/08/2000	915	928	0.0	3.20	0.2	1.90	4.04
	***************************************	1028	1037	1.2	0.89	1.4	0.52	
		1137	1144	2.4	0.83	2.5	0.52	
		1244	1251	3.5	1.19	3.6	0.71	
		1351	1400	4.6	0.65	4.8	0.71	
		1500	1508	5.8	1.00	5.9	0.36	
		1608	1616	6.9	0.59	7.0	0.62	4.97

FIGURE A-1

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

DNAPL Removal Volume vs. Time: Daily Results for N2SC-02

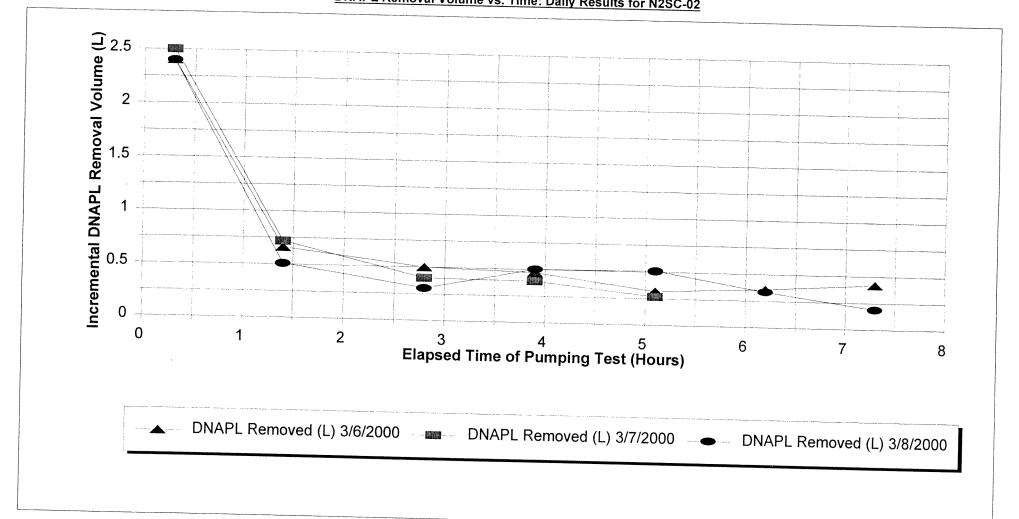
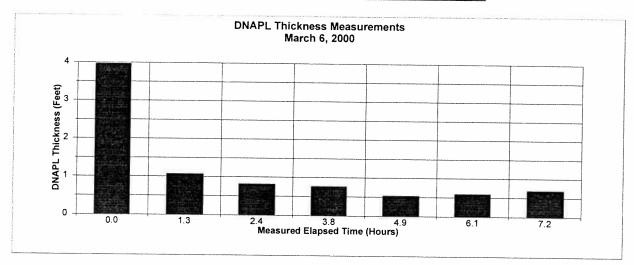
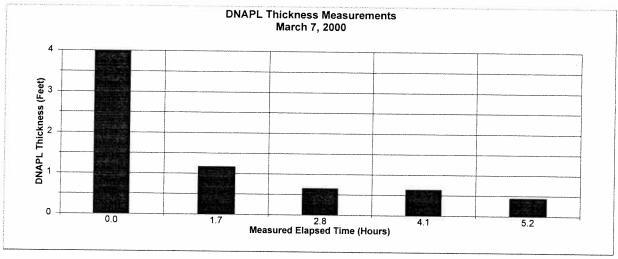


FIGURE A-2

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

DNAPL Thickness vs. Time: Daily Results for N2SC-02





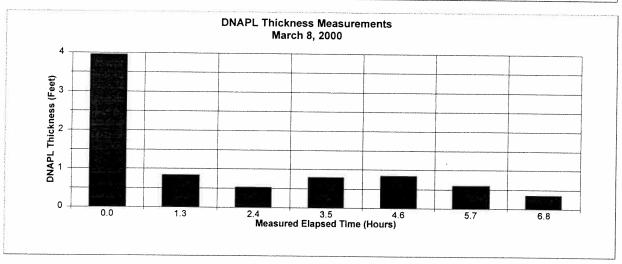


FIGURE A-3

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

DNAPL Removal Volume vs. Time: Daily Results for N2SC-031

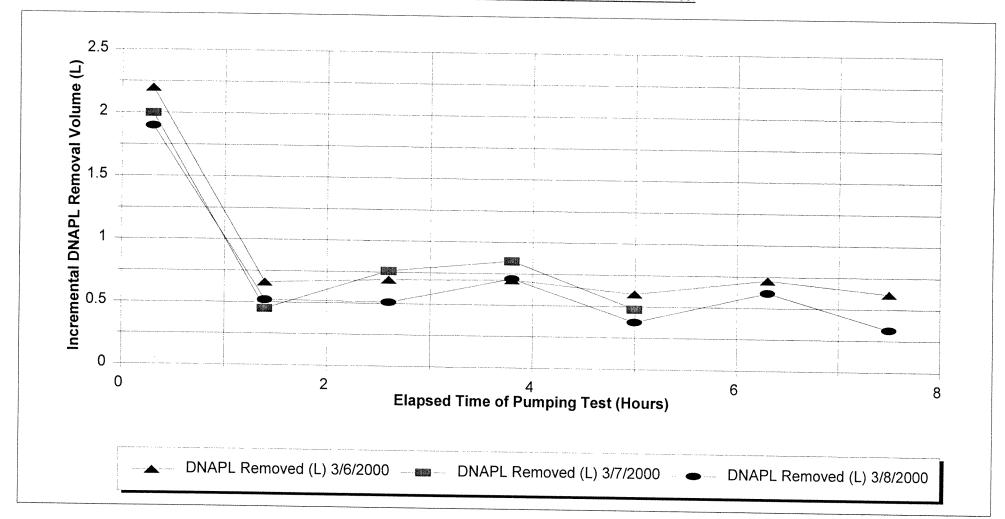


FIGURE A-4

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS NEWELL STREET AREA II/USEPA AREA 5B

DNAPL Thickness vs. Time: Daily Results for N2SC-03I

