

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)

DARFUR – Humanitarian Emergency

Fact Sheet #37, Fiscal Year (FY) 2005

June 10, 2005

Note: This report updates fact sheet #36, dated June 3, 2005.

DARFUR EMERGENCY	– NUMBERS AT A	GLANCE	SOURCE
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Conflict-Affected Persons in	2.73 million people	U.N. Office for the Coordination of
Darfur and Eastern Chad		Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)
Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)	1.88 million people	OCHA
in Darfur		
Sudanese Refugees	198,500 people in camps	U.N. High Commissioner for
In Eastern Chad		Refugees (UNHCR)
Conflict-Affected Persons in	1.6 million people during April	U.N. World Food Program (WFP)
Darfur Receiving Food Assistance	1.4 million people during March	

CURRENT HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

USG Assistance

• In response to a U.N. Joint Logistics Center (UNJLC) request, USAID/OFDA airlifted six commodity flights to El Fasher, North Darfur since June 1. The flights contained a total of 156,600 blankets valued at \$956,400 including transport. Benefiting 39,150 families, the blankets will be allocated to the UNJLC common pipeline for distribution by implementing partners. To date in FY 2005, USAID/OFDA has contributed 12,570 rolls of plastic sheeting and 570,880 blankets valued at more than \$7.6 million.

Security

- On June 3, the Sudan Liberation Movement/Army (SLM/A) shelled Justice and Equality Movement (JEM) forces north of Gerida in South Darfur. Field reports indicated that up to 11 civilians died in the attack. The African Union (AU) intervened to separate the two parties, but the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) temporarily pulled out of Gerida.
- Following a mission to eastern Chad on May 31, an AU helicopter made an emergency landing after encountering a sandstorm near Abu Sarouj, West Darfur. While attempting to land, JEM forces fired several rounds in the belief that the helicopter belonged to the Government of Sudan (GOS), disabling the fuel tank but causing no injuries. The AU retrieved the staff and helicopter on June 1 and does not consider the incident to be a targeted attack.

Humanitarian Needs Assessment

• On May 24, OCHA released a report on an interagency needs assessment conducted in the villages of Romalia, Um Shalaya, and Hajr Tama in the Um Shalaya area of Mukjar locality, West Darfur. OCHA conducted the needs assessment in conjunction with WFP, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF), and the non-governmental organizations (NGOs) Concern and Oxfam. Primary findings include: critical water and sanitation needs requiring the urgent drilling of new bore holes, the construction of new latrines, and the replacement of full latrines; increasing food insecurity that could lead to additional displacement despite ongoing preparations for the next planting season; the need to register nomadic communities for WFP food distributions; and the prevalence of malaria and diarrhea as the primary causes of morbidity and mortality.

Camp Coordination

According to the USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (USAID/DART), a blockade is
currently in place in Kalma internally displaced person (IDP) camp that prevents all commercial
vehicles from entering or exiting the camp. The blockade is resulting in large increases in the price
of basic commodities such as soap, bread, sugar, and building materials and is also preventing IDPs
from earning income as day laborers in Nyala.

Relocation

• Preparations continue for the relocation of IDPs from the overcrowded Kalma camp to Al Salaam camp, located in nearby Hashaba, South Darfur. On June 2, OCHA and the Kalma camp coordinator Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) met with sheiks prior to launching an information campaign for IDPs regarding relocation to the new Al Salaam camp. The sheiks voiced concerns over the current security situation at Al Salaam but also support for the information campaign that will allow IDPs to make informed decisions. The sheiks and the humanitarian community representatives agreed that all relocations will be voluntary. The information campaign will be carried out through dialogue between community mobilizers and IDPs and will also utilize Arabic-language posters. Campaign organizers will concentrate efforts in five of the eight sectors of the camp that are the most vulnerable to flooding. Some estimates indicate that 30 to 40 percent of Kalma could flood during the upcoming rainy season; however, many NGOs believe that this may not have an impact on IDPs' willingness to move. Due to recent rains, field sources indicate that Kalma is already experiencing swamp-like conditions and some IDPs are relocating to higher ground within the camp.

Fuel-Efficient Stoves

• Preliminary reports from several NGOs in West Darfur have found that fuel-efficient stoves decrease cooking time and result in a 20 to 40 percent decrease in firewood consumption. One objective of the fuel-efficient stove is to reduce the amount of wood needed for cooking, in order to reduce the vulnerability of women collecting wood for fuel. However, the increased efficiency brought on by the fuel-efficient stoves has led women to increase the proportion of the wood they sell at the market. Internally displaced women continue to collect the same amount of firewood and take the same number of trips to gather wood as prior to having the fuel-efficient stoves. As a result, vulnerability to rape or violence has not decreased as a result of owning the stoves. While this may be disappointing from a protection point of view, the stoves are a success for other benefits such as fire safety and respiratory health.

Locusts

• As of June 2, experts had identified eight "medium size" swarms of desert locusts moving through West Darfur. The Sudanese Ministry of Agriculture (MOA) is tracking the swarms' movements with scouts from the rural councils who reported locust sightings near Kerenik, Zalingei, Um Tajouk, and Geneina town. The MOA reports having no budget for aerial spraying but will begin ground spraying shortly. Millet bugs and variegated grasshoppers are also problematic in Darfur. While there is no plan for controlling millet bugs, a control operation for the grasshoppers is currently underway. Insecurity remains a serious concern for both the locust and grasshopper control campaigns. The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) is also working to monitor the locust situation in Sudan.

Animal Health

• Since carrying out a donkey health improvement campaign in the areas surrounding Masteri in West Darfur, Tearfund reported significant results in targeted communities. From April to May, the number of donkey deaths decreased from 80 to 5 in Masteri, 20 to 3 in Kongo Haraza, 25 to 1 in Beida, and 40 to 5 in Harara. Tearfund attributed the improvement to the vaccination campaign, along with the distribution of salt licks and fodder in gathering areas and water points. Although final results from lab analysis are not complete, Tearfund believes that the high donkey mortality was due to lack of food and therefore the problem could occur again. FAO reported having stocks of vitamin supplements and salt licks for use by NGOs.

Darfur Humanitarian Emergency – June 10, 2005 U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2005

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount		
	DARFUR, SUDAN				
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE				
ACF	Food Security/Agriculture, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$2,375,000		
ACTED	Road Rehabilitation in support of food distribution	West Darfur	\$1,843,946		
CARE	Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$1,041,284		
ICRC	Primary health and water and sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$6,500,000		
IRC	Health, Shelter, Camp Management, Water and Sanitation, Camp Management, and Prevention of Sexual Violence	Darfur-wide	\$7,355,409		
WFP	Food Security, Logistics, Coordination, Communications, Road Rehabilitation, Flight Operations	Darfur-wide	\$8,820,000		
UNICEF	Health and Nutrition	Darfur-wide	\$11,160,000		
ОСНА	Coordination, Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$1,600,000		
UN FAO	Emergency Agriculture, Livestock, Coordination	Darfur-wide	\$1,800,000		
Various	Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$5,203,234		
Various	Airlift of Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$2,436,907		
	Administrative/DART Support	Darfur-wide	\$7,161,197		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$57,296,977		
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		T		
WFP	120,740 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$101,283,200		
WFP	200,000 MT of Bill Emerson Trust Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$172,039,200		
ICRC	7,710 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$6,297,200		
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$279,619,600		
	USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE				
Coalition for International Justice	Produce two documentaries on the reports of atrocities in Darfur		\$65,635		
Internews Network	Creation of a humanitarian news service	Eastern Chad	\$650,000		
TOTAL USAID/OTI			\$715,635		
TOTAL FY 2005 USA	ID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR		\$337,632,212		
TOTAL FY 2005 USG	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR		\$337,632,212		
	EASTERN CHAD				
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE				
ACTED	Environmental Protection, Water/Sanitation for Affected Chadians	Eastern Chad	\$50,000		
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$50,000		
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE				
WFP	23,290 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$19,461,300		
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$19,461,300		
	STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE ¹				
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance and Protection	Eastern Chad	\$17,850,000		
International Medical Corps	Refugee Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$1,853,877		
AirServ	Transport Services	Eastern Chad	\$2,185,446		
IFRC	Refugee Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$470,000		
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$22,359,323		
TOTAL FY 2005 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$19,511,300		
TOTAL FY 2005 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$41,870,623		
TOTAL FY 2005 USG	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR &	EASTERN CHAD	\$379,502,835		

U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR EMERGENCY IN FY 2004

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	DARFUR, SUDA	AN	l
	USAID/OFDA ASSIS	TANCE	
ARC	Health, Water/Sanitation	South and West Darfur	\$1,647,414
ACF	Food Security/Agriculture, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	South Darfur	\$1,500,000
CRS	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	South and West Darfur	\$3,034,357
CARE	Health, Water/Sanitation; Logistics	South Darfur; Darfur-Wide	\$2,667,895
Center for Humanitarian Dialogue	Coordination	Darfur-wide	\$267,709
Concern	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$1,500,000
CHF	Capacity Building, Food Security/Agriculture, Shelter	North and South Darfur	\$2,445,182
GOAL	Food Security/Agriculture, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$2,000,000
IMC	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$3,199,910
IRC	Coordination, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	North, South, and West Darfur	\$4,173,318
Medair	Emergency Relief Supplies	West Darfur	\$500,000
Mercy Corps	Emergency Relief Supplies, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$2,901,076
SC/UK	Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	North Darfur	\$770,370
SC/US	Health, Nutrition, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	West Darfur	\$3,795,804
Tufts University	Research Studies	Darfur-wide	\$105,120
UNDP	Capacity Building	Darfur-wide	\$300,000
UN FAO	Food Security/Agriculture	Darfur-wide	\$1,215,000
UNICEF	Coordination, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$6,574,830
UNJLC	Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$650,000
OCHA	Coordination, Information Management	Darfur-wide	\$1,250,000
UNSECOORD	Security Officers	Darfur-wide	\$900,000
WFP	Flight Operations, Communications, Coordination, Logistics	Darfur-wide	\$14,835,000
WHO	Health	Darfur-wide	\$500,000
World Vision	Emergency Relief Supplies, Health, Shelter, Water/Sanitation,	South Darfur	\$2,270,812
Various	Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$5,627,326
Various	Airlift of Emergency Relief Supplies	Darfur-wide	\$4,480,264
	Administrative/DART Support	Darfur-wide	\$2,549,620
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$71,661,007
	USAID/FFP ASSIST	CANCE	T
WFP	118,400 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$112,912,800
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$112,912,800
	USAID/OTI ASSIST		
IRC	Protection	North Darfur	\$96,205
Halo Partnership	Justice and accountability to Darfuri Diaspora groups		\$24,800
Physicians for Human Rights	Research on Sexual Violence		\$14,000
American Bar Association	Documentation of violence through interviews with refugees	Eastern Chad	\$858,322
OHCHR	Human rights monitors in Darfur	Darfur-wide	\$600,000

TOTAL USAID/OTI		Darjur Aumannarian Eme	\$1,593,327
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
ICRC	Emergency Humanitarian Operations	Darfur-wide ¹	\$6,891,000
UNHCR	Emergency Appeal – IDP Protection	Darfur-wide	\$1,350,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM	[\$8,241,000
TOTAL FY 2004 USA	ID ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR		\$186,167,134
• ,			\$194,408,134
	EASTERN CHA	AD	
	STATE/PRM ASSIST	TANCE ²	
AirServ	Flight Operations	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,090
CARE	Community Services, Psychosocial Interventions, Capacity Building	Eastern Chad	\$765,162
CRS	Capacity Building, Camp Management	Eastern Chad	\$434,026
IFRC	Camp Management, Transportation	Eastern Chad	\$2,400,000
IMC	Primary Health	Eastern Chad	\$1,877,934
IRC	Protection, Health, Food/Relief Supply Distributions, Children's Programs	Eastern Chad	\$2,224,811
UNHCR	Refugee Assistance and Protection	Eastern Chad	\$30,348,249
UNICEF	Nutrition, Water/Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$4,000,000
WFP	Emergency Food Assistance, Flight Operations	Eastern Chad	\$3,000,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$47,274,272
	USAID/OFDA ASSIS	TANCE	
U.S. Embassy Chad	Water Purification and Soap to UNICEF	Eastern Chad	\$114,000
TOTAL USAID/OFD	4		\$114,000
	USAID/FFP ASSIST	ANCE	
WFP	16,780 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$14,577,700
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$14,577,700
TOTAL FY 2004 USA	ID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO	EASTERN CHAD	\$14,691,700
TOTAL FY 2004 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$61,965,972
TOTAL FY 2004 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR AND EASTERN CHAD \$256,374,106			
la mari	to ICPC will also fund increased humanitarian operation		

¹State/PRM's contribution to ICRC will also fund increased humanitarian operations in eastern Chad.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for their humanitarian emergency response efforts in Darfur, Sudan can be found at www.interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they: allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information on making donations and volunteering can be found at:
 - o U.S. Agency for International Development: www.usaid.gov keyword: donations
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or 703-276-1914
 - o InterAction: <u>www.interaction.org</u> -> "How You Can Help"
- Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at <u>www.reliefweb.org</u>

²State/PRM figures do not include un-earmarked Africa-wide contributions to ICRC and UNHCR.