



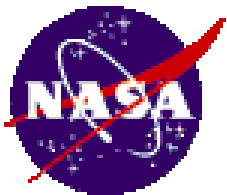
MODIS Summary

EDC LP DAAC
Science Advisory Panel Meeting

February 3, 2002

Robert E. Wolfe

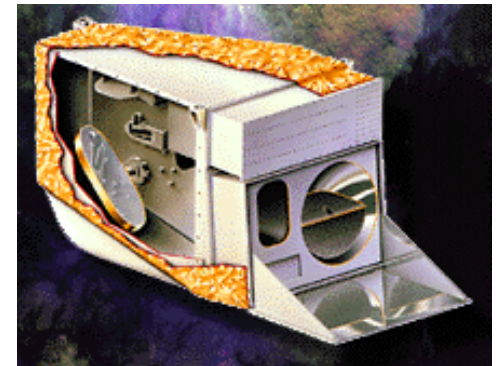
NASA GSFC Code 922, Raytheon ITSS





Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS)

- First launched December 1999 on NASA EOS Terra Polar Orbiting Satellite
- Whisk-broom scanner, 110° Field of View
- Orbit: Attitude 705 km, Inclination 98.2°, mean-period 98.9 min., 16-day repeat cycle, 10:30 am equatorial crossing time
- Senses entire equator every two days, daily full coverage above 30° latitude
- 36 spectral bands: 29 - 1 km, 5 - 500 m and 2 - 250 m nadir spatial resolution
- Second MODIS on Aqua Satellite
 - 1:30 PM equatorial crossing time





Terra Launch: Dec. 18, 1999
First Image: Feb. 24, 2000



Aqua Launch: May 04, 2002
First Image: June 26, 2002



July 25, 2002 – Lower Baja Peninsula



MODIS Land Bands

<i>Band number</i>	<i>Spatial resolution</i>	<i>Wavelength, nm</i>	<i>Waveband region</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>250 m</i>	<i>620-670</i>	<i>Red</i>
<i>2</i>	<i>250 m</i>	<i>841-876</i>	<i>Near-infrared</i>
<i>3</i>	<i>500 m</i>	<i>459-479</i>	<i>Blue</i>
<i>4</i>	<i>500 m</i>	<i>545-565</i>	<i>Green</i>
<i>5</i>	<i>500 m</i>	<i>1230-1250</i>	<i>Near-infrared</i>
<i>6</i>	<i>500 m</i>	<i>1628-1652</i>	<i>Shortwave infrared</i>
<i>7</i>	<i>500 m</i>	<i>2105-2135</i>	<i>Shortwave infrared</i>



MODIS
True color

East Coast Zoom
March 3 2000





Terra MODIS Calibration Summary

- Terra MODIS has been stable for over 26 months
- The multiple OBCs have proven to be valuable for on-orbit characterization
- Changes in system level response are well understood and have been incorporated into the L1B software
- One subsystem (power supply) has failed and a second (formatter) is marginal (was replaced last summer)
- There are no indications of additional problems
- Upcoming deep-space maneuver needed to better characterize angle-of-incidence (AOI) response
- Current Geolocation is very accurate (~50 m)



Aqua MODIS vs. Terra MODIS

- Aqua improvements
 - Thermal Emissive Bands (TEB) RSR measured in TV
 - TEB system level Response Verses Scan angle (RVS) measurement
 - **PC optical leak Aqua << Terra**
 - **SWIR thermal (5.3 micron) leak Aqua < Terra**
 - **SMIR electronic xtalk and sub-frame difference Aqua < Terra**
 - B31/B32 gain change for Sea Surface Temp. (new T_{sat} is about 340K)
- Aqua concerns
 - T_{sat} for B33, B35, and B36 (below 310K)
 - B5/B6 detector operability (**B5 – 1 of 20 dead; B6 – 11 of 20 dead**)

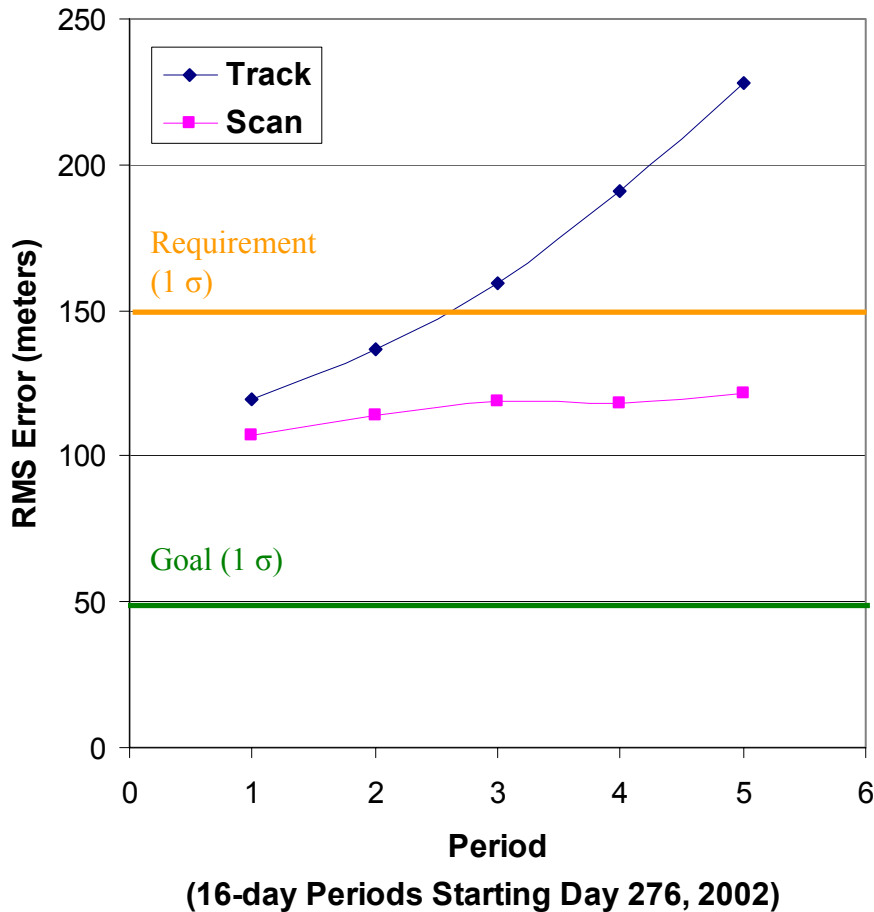


Aqua MODIS Calibration Summary

- Aqua MODIS' ground tests indicate performance better than Terra
- On-orbit data indicates only minor changes from the pre-launch test results
- Aqua MODIS geolocation holding up release of Land products
 - Want for products to be at provisional level before release (no beta products)



Aqua MODIS Geolocation Anomaly



- Unexpected within-orbit variation
 - primarily in yaw, impacts roll as well
- Large trend seen in pitch axis
- Team formed to investigate anomaly
 - recently discovered coordinate system problem – precession not being handled correctly
- Determining best solution to fix problem
 - involves attitude control flight software modification and/or ground software/operations changes

MODIS Land Products* / ESE Research Themes

- **Energy Balance Product Suite**
 - Surface Reflectance
 - Land Surface Temperature
 - BRDF/Albedo
 - Snow Cover
 - **Vegetation Parameters Suite**
 - Vegetation Indices
 - LAI/FPAR
 - NPP/PSN
 - **Land Cover/Land Use Suite**
 - Land Cover/Vegetation Dynamics
 - Vegetation Continuous Fields
 - Vegetation Cover Change
 - Fire and Burned Area
- Global Water Cycle and Energy Balance
- Biology and Biogeochemistry of Ecosystems and the Global Carbon Cycle
- Land Cover and Land Use Change
- Atmospheric Chemistry and Aerosols
-

*Dependencies between products

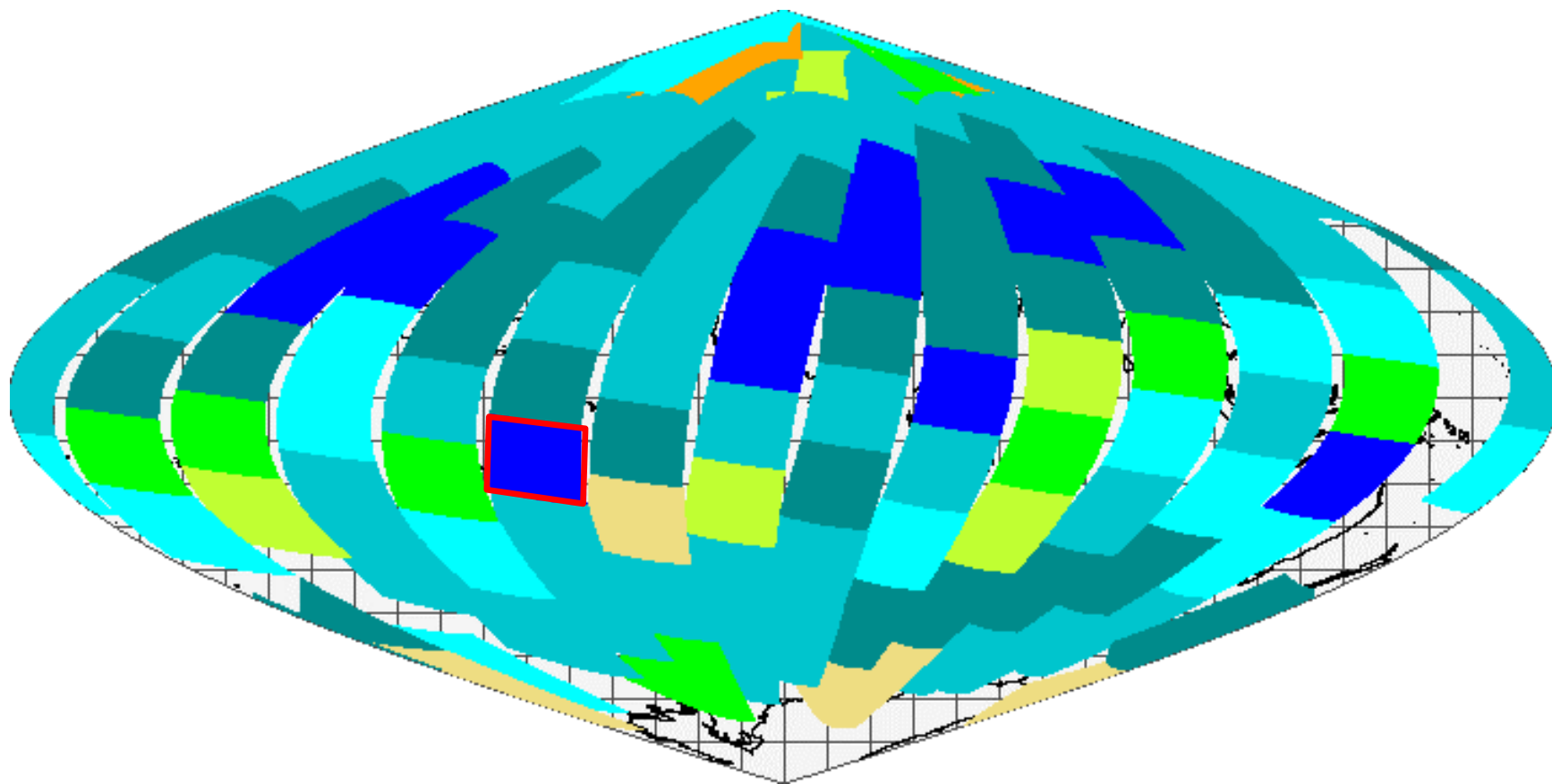


Product Level Hierarchy

- Level 2: retrieved geophysical parameters at the same location as the MODIS Level 1 instrument data
 - 288 granules; 5 min.; approx. 2340 x 2030 km
 - 250m, 500m and 1km nadir resolution
- Level 2G/3: earth-gridded geophysical parameters
 - 10 x 10 deg. tiles; ISIN (equatorial) - 7.5, 15 and 30 arcsec. resolution (roughly 250m, 500m and 1 km); LAEA (sea-ice products, polar projection)
 - Global climate modeling grids; 0.05, 0.25 and 0.5 degrees
 - Daily, 8-day, 16-day, monthly and yearly products
- Level 4: earth-gridded model outputs
 - Similar grids/resolutions as L2G/3 products

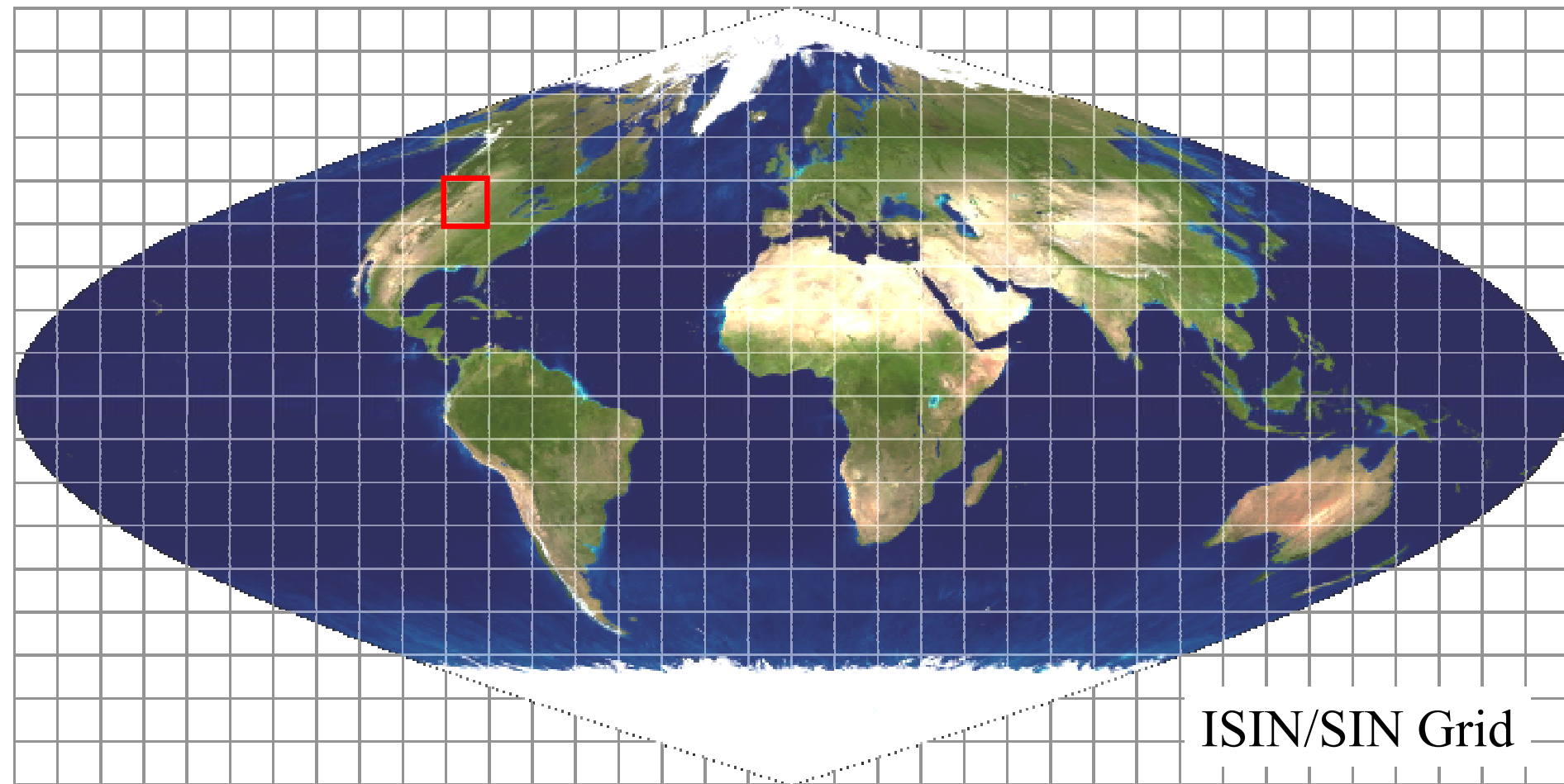


Level 1 and 2 Granules



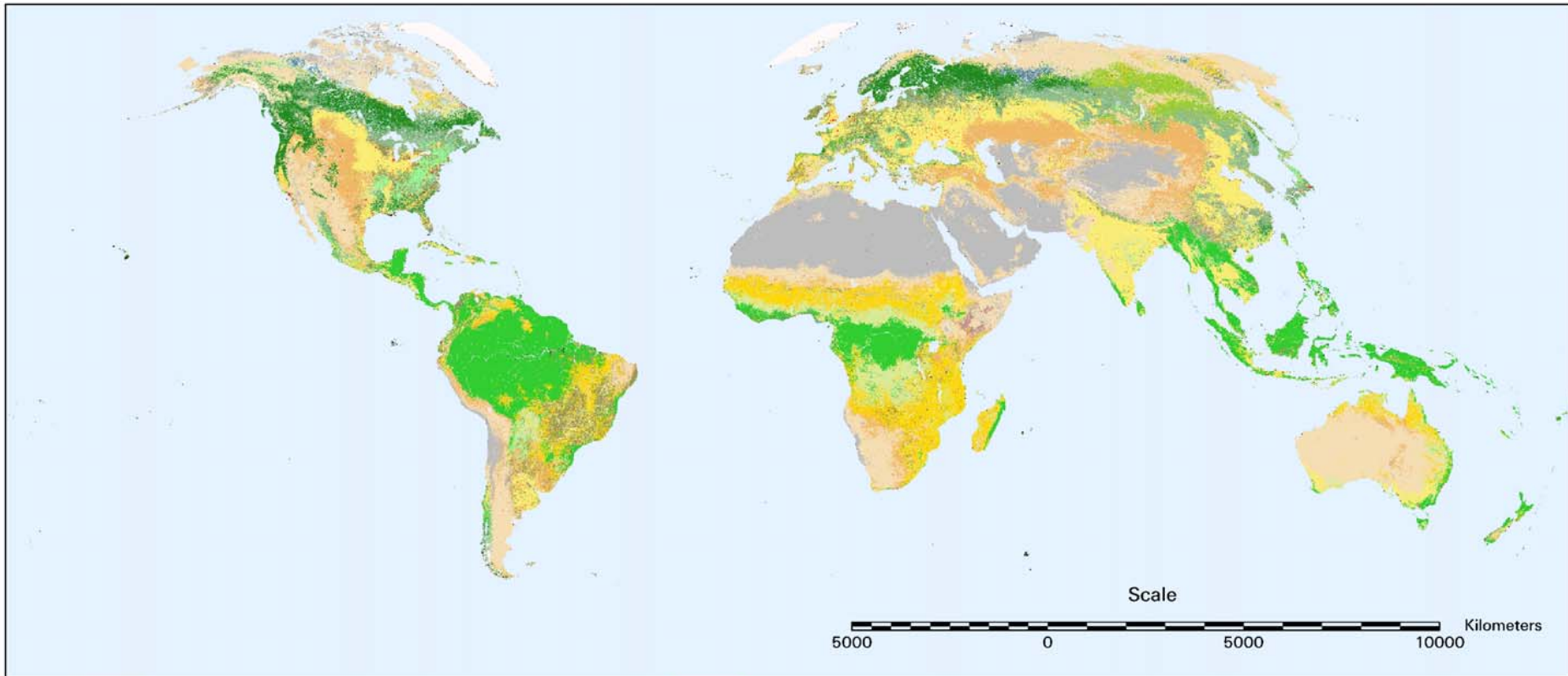




















L2G, L3 and L4 Tiles



ISIN/SIN Grid

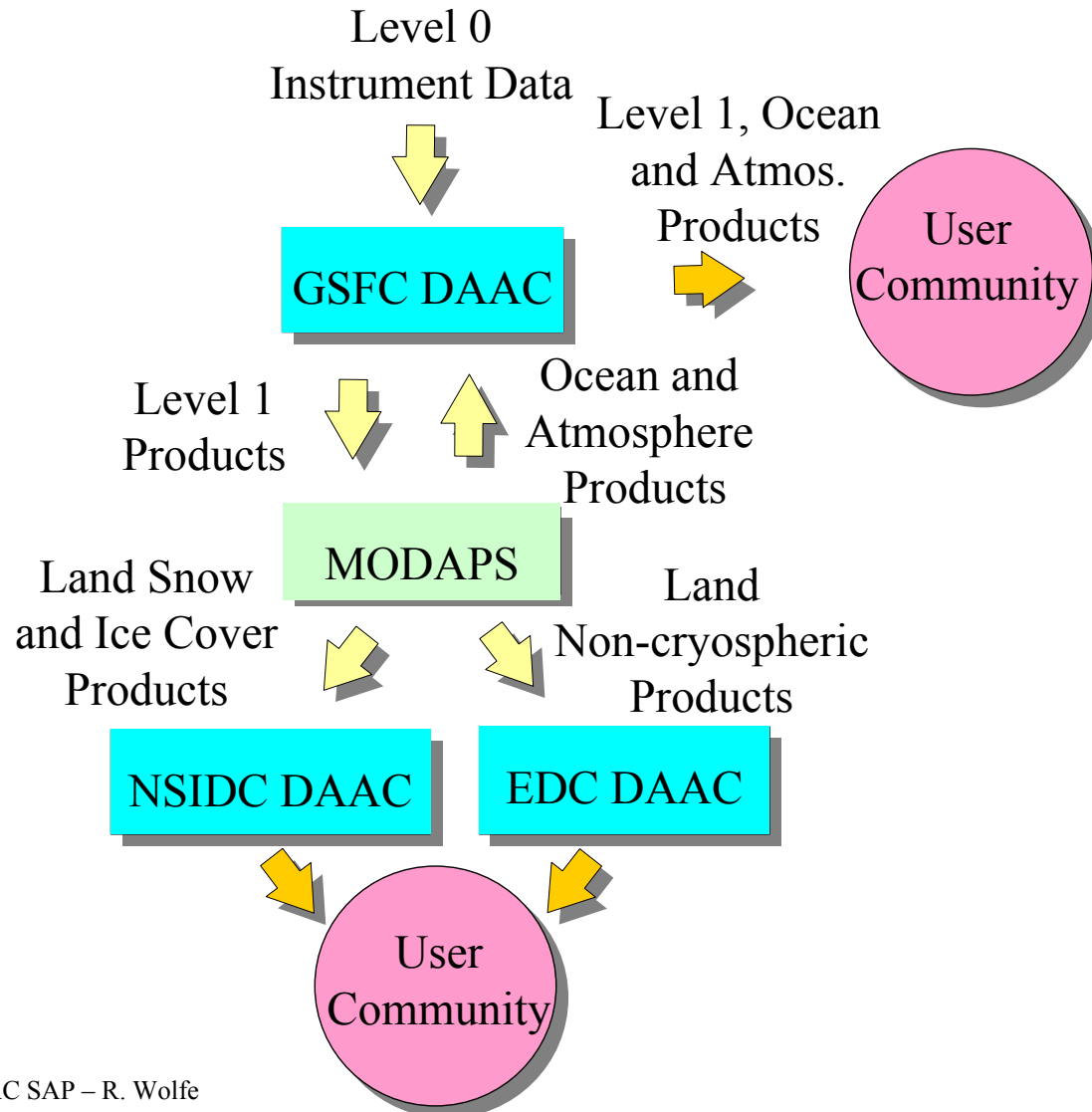
MODIS Terra Land Cover – Nov 2000 - Oct 2001



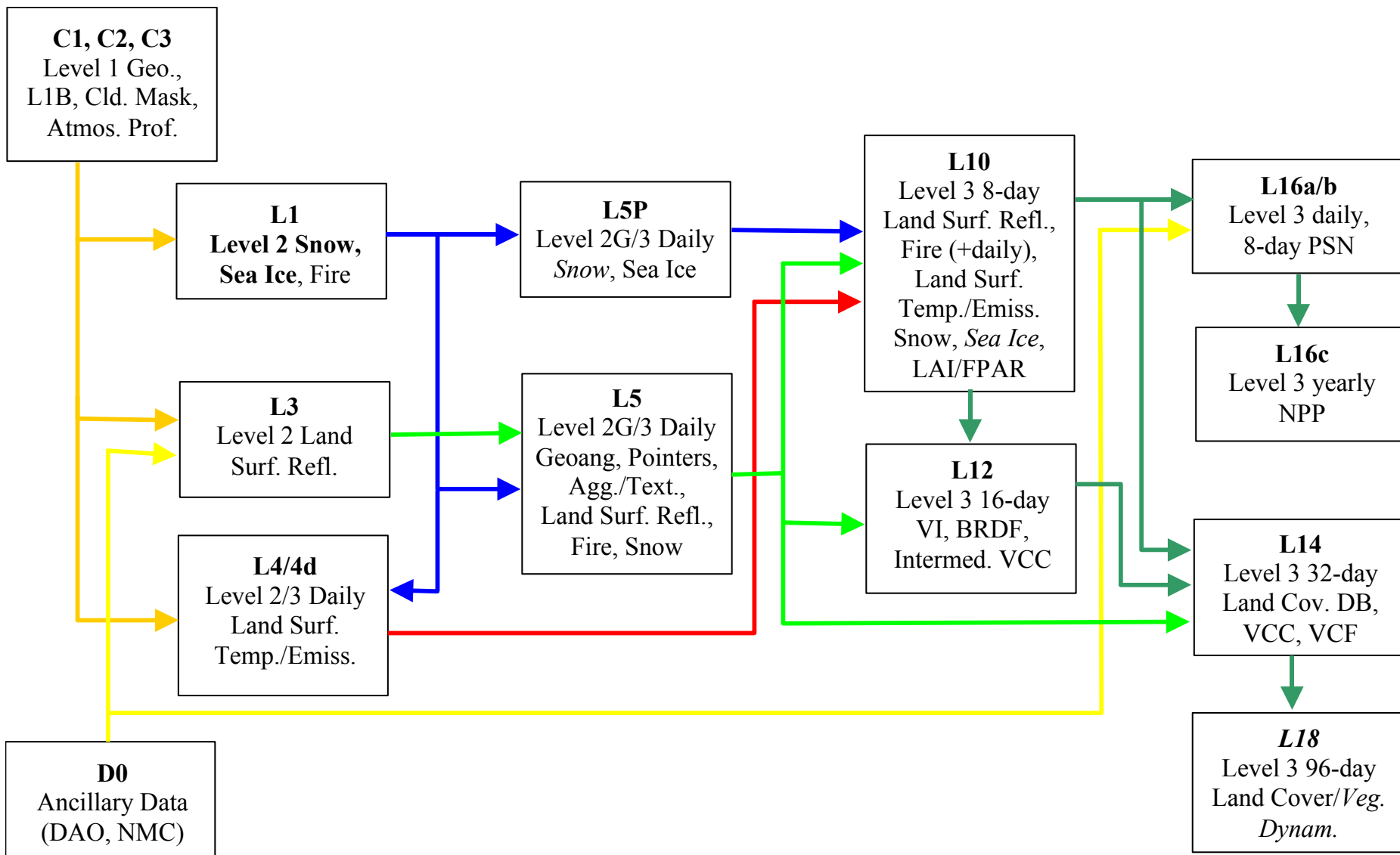
- | | |
|---|---|
|  0 Water |  9 Savannas |
|  1 Evergreen Needleleaf Forest |  10 Grasslands |
|  2 Evergreen Broadleaf Forest |  11 Permanent Wetlands |
|  3 Deciduous Needleleaf Forest |  12 Croplands |
|  4 Deciduous Broadleaf Forest |  13 Urban and Built-Up |
|  5 Mixed Forests |  14 Cropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaic |
|  6 Closed Shrublands |  15 Snow and Ice |
|  7 Open Shrublands |  16 Barren or Sparsely Vegetated |
|  8 Woody Savannas |  254 Unclassified |



MODIS Production and Distribution



MODIS Land Process Flow





Collection Version 3 (C3)

- Terra Forward Processing started in June 2001
- Terra Reprocessing started in June 2001 and finished Jan. 2002
 - reprocessed Nov. 2000 to May 2002 (1.6 years)
 - achieved 2.3x reprocessing rate (earlier rate was 2x, later was 3x)
- 250m products production expanded after end of reprocessing
 - from 17% of land area to 37% in March 2002 and then to 100% in July 2002
 - reduced volume L2G Pointer and Geoangle products added in March 2002
- Aqua forward processing started late June 2002



Collection Version 3 (cont'd)

- Included incremental algorithm improvements
 - primarily after “Golden” year (starting Nov. 2000) completed
- Established formal algorithm change approval process
- Fixed leaky pipes and established a reconciliation process
- Established machine-to-machine interface at GES DAAC
- Produced Validation subsets over 24 sites for distribution from the LP DAAC



Collection Version 4 (C4)

- Performed four formal Science Tests of algorithm changes
 - based on global data sets for two 16-day periods – one in July 2001 and the other Jan. 2002
- Started Terra reprocessing Dec. 20, 2002
 - reprocessing from first-light (Feb. 25, 2000)
 - achieving 3.8x reprocessing rate (requirement is 2x, goal is 3.5x)
 - LP DAAC ingesting and archiving 1.8TB/day – includes both Terra C4 forward processing and reprocessing, and Aqua C3 forward processing
 - 250m products – Terra is 100% of land area; Aqua is 17%
 - At 3.5x expect to finish in Oct. 2003
 - Oceans expected to join in May – could stretch out completion by 1 to 2 months
- Started Terra forward processing Jan. 1, 2003



Collection Version 4 (cont'd)

- New products added
 - Climate Modeling Grids – currently: Land Surface Temperature/Emissivity, BRDF/Albedo; others are in progress
- Aqua Version 4 Algorithms will start in Feb. 2003 (now)
- Browse image roll-out expected soon
- Vegetation Cover Conversion – released
- Vegetation Continuous Fields – being shipped to the DAAC – too be released soon
- Net Primary Production, Burn Scar, Vegetation Dynamics (phenology, interannual change vectors) and Evapotranspiration – under development or evaluation



MODIS Land C4 Improvements

- Incremental science improvements accumulated in C3 processing.
- Change the map projection from ISIN to SIN supported by major image processing packages.
- Produce the 250m products globally for the whole data record.
- Benefit from improvements in the Level 1B product: time dependent calibration.



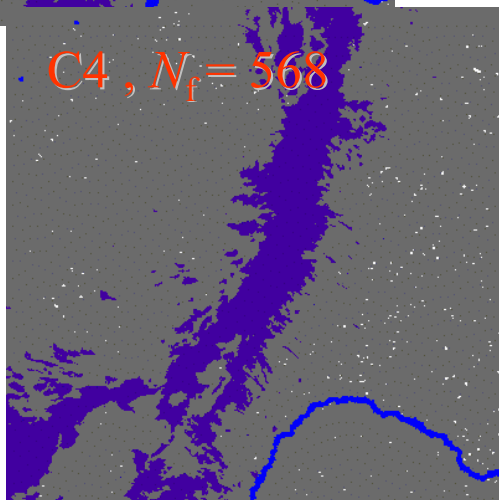
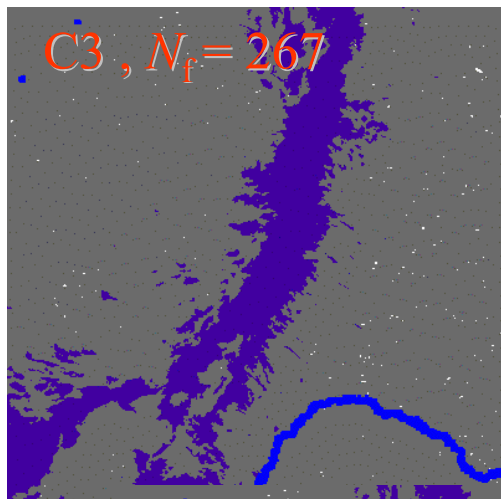
MODLAND Grid Change

- Science team recently made decision to switch to Sinusoidal Grid (drop the “I”)
- Timing: started with C4 processing
- Small differences in mapped coordinates mean comparisons between C3 (ISIN) and C4 (SIN) **1km** products can be made without much loss of fidelity
 - maximum difference at 1km is 0.2 pixels in the column (sample) direction
- Relatively larger differences make inter-comparison of 250m and 500m ISIN and SIN products difficult
 - shift is up to 0.4 of a 500m pixel and 0.8 of a 250m pixel

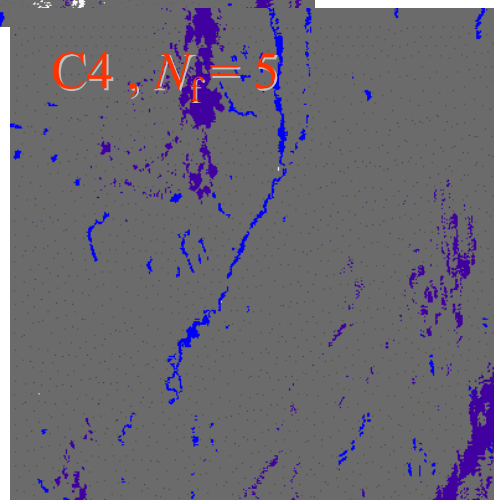
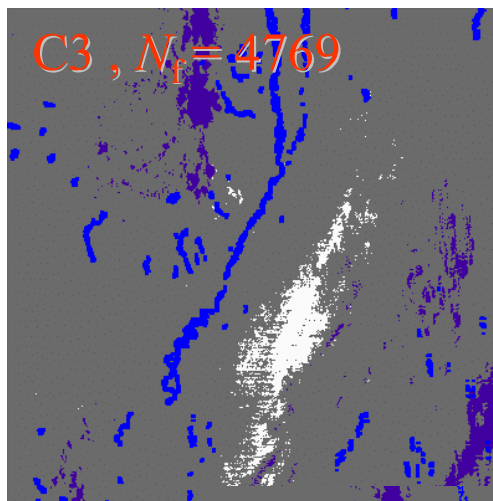


Specific Improvements (1/4)

Zaire



Pakistan



Fire Product:

- More robust fire algorithm that detects more small fires and produces fewer false alarms
- Lower sensitivity to inaccuracies in the in-land water mask.



Specific Improvements (2/4)

- **Surface reflectance:**
 - Improves cloud detection and implement a geometric cloud shadow mask algorithm
 - Improves aerosol retrieval and interpolation
- **Land surface temperature:**
 - Uses BRDF product
 - Incorporates a split window method in the day/night emissivity retrieval algorithm
 - Lowers the clear sky confidence threshold over lakes to 66% to perform LST retrievals over a larger areas
- **BRDF/Albedo:**
 - Improves the a priori database used in the backup algorithm based on MODIS derived model data
 - Uses new shortwave and NIR narrow-to-broadband conversion factors for pure snow

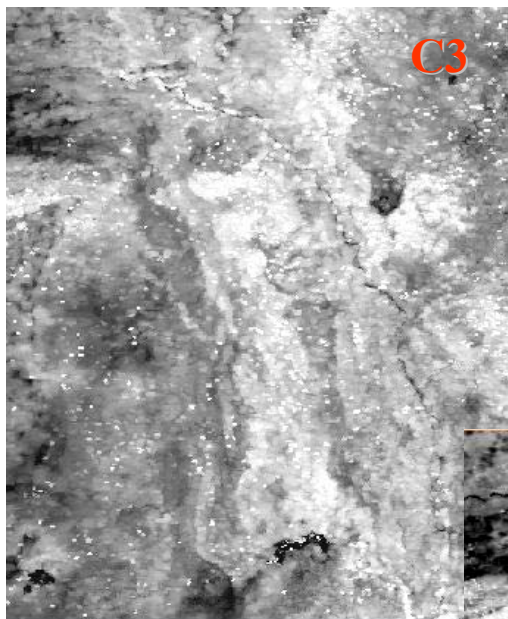


Specific Improvements (3/4)

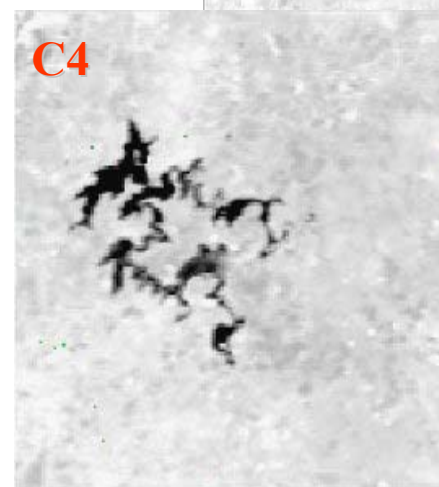
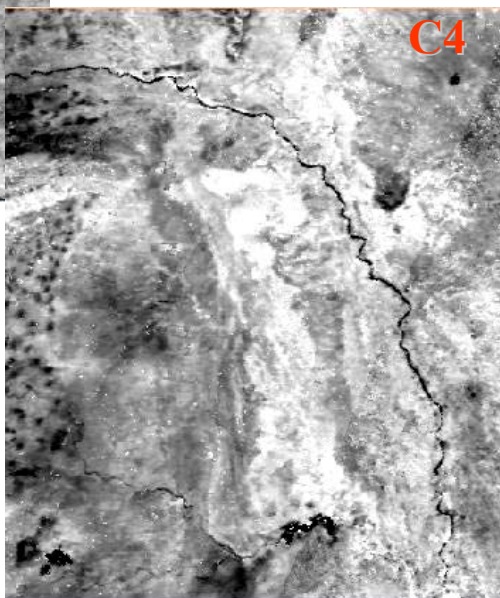
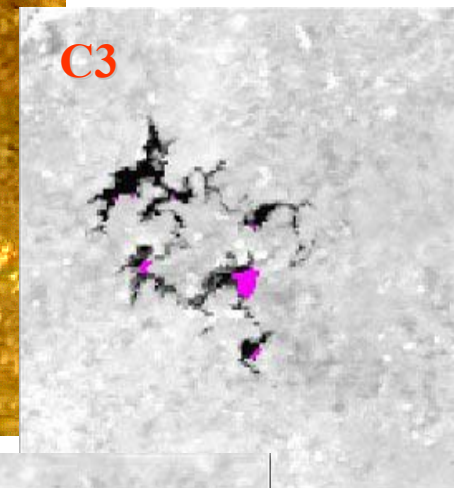
- **LAI/FPAR:**
 - Improves the LUT's in the main and backup algorithms which increased the number of high quality retrievals by 10%, removed the non-physical peak in the global LAI and improved the agreement with ground measurements
 - Uses the MODIS Land Cover product which reduced the uncertainties due to the at-launch land cover
- **VI/EVI:**
 - Weighted average scheme used for daily orbital observations
 - Improves data filtering prior to compositing and use of the aerosol quality flag – results in better spatial consistency



Specific Improvements (4/4)



VI/EVI





MODIS Issues/Concerns (1/2)

- Archiving volumes
 - What happens in out-years after EOS SWGD augmentation ends?
 - What happens if mission life time is extended by 2+ years?
- Long term archive
 - What is the current status and what are the implementation plans?
- MODIS data ordering
 - We still need a list of MODIS land product users.
 - What happened to our idea of a voluntary user list: asking people to add their name when they order data?
- Primary Products
 - LP DAAC SAP should help identify the MODIS primary products (in terms of use).



MODIS Issues/Concerns (2/2)

- Data deletion
 - What approach would help the DAAC?
 - Is what we are currently doing okay?
- Public Information
 - LP DAAC SAP review is needed of how the DAAC describes MODIS and its products and the general level of information available to the public.
- Browse
 - How do we move forward on getting browse into the EDG and the data pools?
 - Will the DAAC support a MODLAND developed browse client via the echo?
- Services
 - When will services such as subsetting (by parameter and region), mosaicing and resampling be available from the DAAC, via the EDG and/or the data pools?



MODLAND Group



MODIS Science Team Meeting, Jan 26, 2001

Thank you!