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**BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)  
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)**

***Horn of Africa – Complex Emergency***

Fact Sheet #5, Fiscal Year (FY) 2008

August 1, 2008

Note: The last fact sheet was dated July 21, 2008.

**KEY DEVELOPMENTS**

- On July 22, multiple relief organizations held a press conference in Nairobi on the food crisis in the Horn of Africa. Participants highlighted the combined effects of rising food prices, drought conditions, insecurity, and market disruptions on food security in the region and called for urgent and innovative short, medium, and long-term responses to the crisis.
- To date in FY 2008, the U.S. Government (USG) has provided nearly \$800 million in humanitarian assistance to Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia. The figure includes nearly \$73 million in USAID/OFDA non-food assistance targeting approximately 7.6 million beneficiaries and nearly \$679 million in USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) food relief targeting approximately 8.8 million beneficiaries.

<b>NUMBERS AT A GLANCE</b>		<b>SOURCE</b>
<b>Djibouti: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance</b>	155,000	FEWS NET <sup>1</sup> - July 2008
<b>Eritrea: Estimated Population Facing Food Insecurity</b>	1.7 million <sup>2</sup>	FAO - 2008
<b>Ethiopia: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance</b>	11.8 million	GFDRE <sup>3</sup> - June 2008
<b>Kenya: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance</b>	1.2 million <sup>4</sup>	OCHA <sup>5</sup> - June 20, 2008
<b>Somalia: Population in Need of Emergency Assistance</b>	2.6 million	FSAU <sup>6</sup> - May 9, 2008

**FY 2008 HUMANITARIAN FUNDING PROVIDED TO DATE**

<b>USAID/OFDA Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....</b>	<b>\$72,900,437</b>
<b>USAID/FFP Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....</b>	<b>\$678,810,400</b>
<b>State/PRM<sup>7</sup> Assistance to the Horn of Africa .....</b>	<b>\$47,794,287</b>
<b>Total USAID and State Humanitarian Assistance to the Horn of Africa.....</b>	<b>\$799,505,124</b>

**CURRENT SITUATION<sup>8</sup>**

***Ethiopia***

- Preliminary findings from the March to May *belg* rains assessment conducted in June and July indicate that the number of beneficiaries requiring assistance countrywide is likely to increase. Official results of the assessment are expected to be released in the coming weeks.
- According to OCHA, humanitarian agencies report negative malnutrition trends in recent weeks, including an increasing number of adults and adolescents suffering from severe acute malnutrition and readmission of children treated for malnutrition to community-based therapeutic centers in all affected regions. As of July 17, GFDRE Emergency Nutrition and Coordination Unit (ENCU) data indicated that approximately 30,000 children were receiving treatment for malnutrition in Oromiya Region.

<sup>1</sup> USAID-supported Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET)

<sup>2</sup> While accurate and timely information on the humanitarian situation in Eritrea is limited, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) notes that approximately 1.7 million people have experienced food insecurity over the past decade, and recent reports of below average rainfall and increased prices for food within the country likely exacerbate ongoing food insecurity conditions.

<sup>3</sup> The Government of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (GFDRE). The 11.8 million figure includes 4.6 million individuals identified by the GFDRE Disaster Prevention and Preparedness Agency (DPPA) as requiring emergency assistance and an additional 7.2 million participants in the GFDRE-managed Productive Safety Net Program (PSNP).

<sup>4</sup> The 1.2 million figure includes 300,000 people affected by post-election violence and an additional 900,000 people in arid and semi-arid areas.

<sup>5</sup> The U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

<sup>6</sup> FAO-supported Food Security Analysis Unit - Somalia (FSAU)

<sup>7</sup> U.S. Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

<sup>8</sup> Additional reports on Kenya, Ethiopia, and Somalia are available online at [www.usaid.gov/our\\_work/humanitarian\\_assistance/disaster\\_assistance](http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance)

- According to a July 24 FEWS NET report, continuing rapid price increases are contributing to reduced food security for urban poor, pastoralists, and other populations dependent on markets for staple food purchases. Between June 2007 and June 2008, the price of white maize increased by nearly 200 percent, according to FEWS NET.
- In Somali Region, interagency *belg* assessment teams reported significant crop failure due to lack of water and armyworm infestations. Teams also reported low milk production and depleted pasture conditions due to overcrowding of animals. USG Humanitarian Assistance Team (HAT) field staff emphasize the need for coordination of rapid response efforts and simultaneous nutrition assessments in Somali Region to address the current crisis.
- As of July 29, the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) shortfall for food assistance programs countrywide amounted to 232,000 metric tons (MT), valued at \$190 million. To date in FY 2008, USAID/FFP has provided nearly 495,000 MT of food assistance to Ethiopia, valued at approximately \$387 million.
- According to the GFDRE Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MOARD), large-scale armyworm infestations beginning in May 2008 severely affected more than 2.2 million acres in 8 of the 10 regions countrywide, as well as in Addis Ababa and Dire Dawa administrations. In some areas, farmers replanted fields following the complete destruction of existing crops, including approximately 20,000 acres of destroyed cropland in Dire Dawa administration and Somali Region.
- As of July 18, MOARD reported that control operations in most armyworm-infested areas had concluded. However, due to the seasonal armyworm migration pattern, MOARD notes the potential for new infestations in northern areas of Ethiopia through early September, particularly in Tigray Zone.

### **Kenya**

- On July 26, FEWS NET reported that the food security outlook has improved in portions of several eastern pastoral districts in Kenya after fair, but erratic rains. However, the food security of pastoralists in northwestern Kenya is likely to deteriorate through the onset of the short rains in October as a result of declining terms of trade due to high food prices and livestock disease, limited grazing areas due to continued conflict, and insufficient rainfall.
- Preliminary results from the ongoing long-rains assessment indicate crop failure in the northwestern part of Kilifi District, Coast Province, as a result of the late onset of rains. Most severely affected divisions of Kilifi District include Ganze, Vitengeni, and Bamba, with preliminary assessments estimating that 89,155 individuals in the district will require food assistance by August.
- During the week of July 21, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) reported deteriorating nutrition conditions in areas affected by post-election violence due to disruptions in assistance programs during population returns, rising food prices, and other factors. According to UNICEF, southern Rift Valley Province has experienced a 13 percent increase in moderately malnourished children and a 1.3 percent increase in the number of severe malnutrition cases from February to July 2008.
- A USAID/OFDA livestock specialist traveled to Kenya in mid-July to meet with livestock experts, USAID implementing partners, and U.N. agencies to identify appropriate response efforts for an outbreak of the small livestock viral disease *peste des petits ruminants* (PPR). PPR and other livestock diseases are resulting in high morbidity and mortality of goats and sheep, which are a primary source of food and income for pastoralists.
- While estimates vary on the impact of PPR to date, mortality numbers of sheep and goats range from 400,000 to approximately 1.2 million, according to Government of Kenya (GOK) and non-governmental assessments (NGO) assessments. The GOK reports that PPR has infected an estimated 3.6 million livestock since the disease was first detected in Kenya in 2006.
- Although a GOK vaccination program against PPR is ongoing, the number of vulnerable livestock exceeds the scope of current vaccination plans, according to FEWS NET. Currently, PPR vaccines are available for only 20 percent of the estimated 15 million small livestock at risk of contracting the disease.

### **Somalia**

- On July 16, U.N. and cooperating relief agencies released the revised 2008 Consolidated Appeal Process (CAP) totaling \$641 million for Somalia, representing a 57 percent increase from the original \$406 million requirement announced in December 2007. According to OCHA and FSAU, 2.6 million individuals, or 35 percent of Somalia's total population, face an acute food and livelihoods crisis, representing a 40 percent increase since January 2008.
- Several factors, including heightened armed conflict, the targeting of humanitarian aid workers, and increased sea piracy, are creating the worst security environment in Somalia since the early 1990s and are severely undermining humanitarian activities, according to FSAU.
- FSAU notes that the effects of rising food prices are reflected in the increasing numbers of severely malnourished children in urban settings, including Mogadishu, Afgooye, Wajid, Galkahyo, Beletweyne, and Baidoa towns. Based on 2008 nutrition surveys, an estimated 180,000 children in Somalia are acutely malnourished, representing one in six of all children under five years of age and an increase of 11 percent since January 2008.
- Severe water and pasture shortages are resulting in the migration of people and livestock to permanent water sources, affecting up to 50 percent of rural communities in Somalia, according to FSAU. Pasture and water sources are

unlikely to sustain area pastoralists through the arrival of the next rainy season in October. In Hiran and Bakool regions, a lack of water and pasture has led pastoralists to resort to selling breeding animals in order to meet the high costs of food, fodder, and water.

- Fuel price increases are compounding the impact of drought in central regions by significantly increasing water and food prices, according to FSAU. In addition, higher transportation costs are resulting in price increases for other commodities. In the central regions of the country, fuel prices have increased 77 percent since January 2008.
- As of August 1, WFP continues to appeal to the international community for additional naval escorts for ships carrying emergency food commodities to Somalia. Dutch escorts ended on June 25, and one commercial transporter's refusal to sail without an escort has already created a 12,000 MT shortfall for planned food distributions for August.

#### **USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE**

- On May 21, 2008, U.S. Ambassador W. Stuart Symington issued a disaster declaration for Djibouti due to the effects of the drought. In response, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$500,000 to support an emergency response program for affected populations and provide therapeutic feeding for up to 25,000 acutely malnourished children. USAID/FFP has contributed 2,360 MT of emergency food assistance valued at approximately \$2.7 million, and State/PRM has provided \$120,000 in earmarked funds for Somali refugee assistance activities.
- On October 12, 2007, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Jennifer A. McIntyre renewed the Eritrea disaster declaration in response to ongoing food and water insecurity. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has contributed more than \$3 million for nutrition and water, sanitation, and hygiene activities in drought-affected areas in Eritrea.
- On October 15, 2007, U.S. Ambassador Donald Y. Yamamoto reissued a disaster declaration in response to the ongoing complex emergency in Ethiopia. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$31.1 million for health, nutrition, agriculture and food security, and water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions targeting drought-affected populations in Amhara, Oromiya, Tigray, SNNP, and Somali regions. USAID/OFDA funds also support international coordination and information sharing among humanitarian actors operating throughout the country. USAID/FFP has provided nearly \$387 million in food assistance to Ethiopia to date in FY 2008, including nearly \$211 million in emergency food commodities and more than \$176 million in contributions to the GFDRE-managed PSNP. To date in FY 2008, State/PRM has provided more than \$7.7 million in earmarked funds for refugee assistance programs in Ethiopia.
- On January 3, 2008, U.S. Ambassador Michael E. Ranneberger declared a disaster due to the effects of election-related violence in Kenya. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$11.3 million in humanitarian assistance targeting populations affected by the post-election turmoil, and a USAID/OFDA Early Recovery Team based in Nairobi continues to monitor conditions throughout western and northern regions. USAID/FFP has provided more than \$91 million in emergency and development food relief for pastoralists, internally displaced persons, and other vulnerable groups to date in FY 2008. State/PRM has contributed \$19.8 million in earmarked funds to support primarily Somali and Sudanese refugee populations in northern Kenya and humanitarian services for internally displaced Kenyan populations to date in FY 2008.
- On October 3, 2007, U.S. Ambassador Michael E. Ranneberger redeclared a disaster due to the ongoing complex emergency in Somalia. USAID/OFDA's primary focus in Somalia is addressing the basic humanitarian needs of the most vulnerable populations through health, nutrition, and water, sanitation, and hygiene activities. To date in FY 2008, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$27 million for emergency interventions, and ongoing programs from FY 2007 funding continue to assist more than 2 million beneficiaries. In response to the growing food insecurity crisis, USAID/FFP has provided approximately \$198 million in emergency food aid for Somalia, more than tripling FY 2007 food contributions. To date in FY 2008, State/PRM has committed \$20.1 million in support of ongoing humanitarian services for displaced and vulnerable populations countrywide, as well as refugees in Somalia.

#### **USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI**

<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
UNICEF	Nutrition	Countrywide	\$497,550
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$497,550</b>
<b>USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE</b>			
WFP	2,360 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$2,734,900
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP</b>			<b>\$2,734,900</b>
<b>STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE</b>			

UNHCR	Refugee Assistance	Countrywide	\$100,000
Life International	Refugee Assistance	Ali Sabieh Region	\$20,000
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM</b>			<b>\$120,000</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$3,352,450</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of August 1, 2008.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated value of food assistance.

### USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ERITREA

<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Countrywide	\$250,000
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$2,663,436
	Program Support Costs	Countrywide	\$92,968
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$3,006,404</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ERITREA IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$3,006,404</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of August 1, 2008.

### USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA

<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
ADRA	Nutrition	Somali Region	\$800,000
CHF	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali Region	\$1,449,973
Concern	Nutrition	Amhara, Oromiya, Tigray, and SNNP Regions	\$2,580,737
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	SNNP Region	\$750,000
DPPA	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Countrywide	\$418,625
GOAL	Nutrition	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
International Committee for the Development of Peoples (CISP)	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Oromiya Region	\$175,000
International Medical Corps (IMC)	Health, Nutrition, Risk Reduction	Oromiya and SNNP Regions	\$1,150,199
International Rescue Committee (IRC)	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$4,217,516
Merlin	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Oromiya Region	\$628,569
Mercy Corps	Agriculture and Food Security	Oromiya and Somali Regions	\$1,355,887
Samaritan's Purse	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	SNNP, Gambella, and Somali Regions	\$652,967
Save the Children/U.K. (SC/UK)	Agriculture and Food Security, Economy and Market Systems, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali Region	\$1,724,436
U.N. Development Program	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$363,051
FAO	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$1,309,678
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Somali, SNNP, and Oromiya Regions	\$7,336,442

OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Somali Region	\$500,000
WFP	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Emergency Relief Supplies	Somali Region	\$510,680
USAID's Pastoralist Livelihoods Initiative	Risk Reduction	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
Tufts University	Risk Reduction	Somali Region	\$100,000
FEWS NET	Agriculture and Food Security	Countrywide	\$483,232
	Administrative Support	Countrywide	\$657,956
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$31,164,948</b>
<b>USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE<sup>2</sup></b>			
WFP	280,070 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance and Emerson Trust	Countrywide	\$210,678,200
WFP and NGO Partners	214,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance (toward the Productive Safety Net Program)	Countrywide	\$176,314,000
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP</b>			<b>\$386,992,200</b>
<b>STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE</b>			
IMC	Refugee Assistance in Aw Barre and Sheder Camps	Somali Region	\$250,000
IRC	Refugee Assistance in Aw Barre, Kebribeyah Camps, and Shimelba Camp	Somali and Tigray Regions	\$1,281,890
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance	Countrywide	\$4,800,000
Somali Cultural Literacy Center	Refugee Assistance	Addis Ababa Region	\$2,222
Africa Humanitarian Action	Refugee Assistance in Shimelba Camp	Tigray Region	\$8,378
WFP	Refugee Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$1,400,000
ZOA	Refugee Assistance in Shimelba Camp	Tigray Region	\$9,400
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM</b>			<b>\$7,751,890</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO ETHIOPIA IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$425,909,038</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of August 1, 2008.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated value of food assistance.

#### USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA

<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
African Medical and Research Foundation (AMREF)	Health	Nairobi	\$197,857
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Economy and Market Systems, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Emergency Relief Supplies, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Coast, Nyanza, Eastern, Western, and Rift Valley Provinces	\$6,014,029
German Agro Action	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Coast, Eastern Provinces	\$1,006,250
IMC	Health, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Rift Valley Province	\$500,000
Kenya Red Cross Society	Emergency Relief Supplies, Including Transportation	Countrywide	\$365,400
Merlin	Health	Nyanza Province	\$189,940
UNHCR	Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$773,825
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, and Protection	Countrywide	\$2,053,000

	Program Support Costs	Countrywide	\$182,191
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$11,282,492</b>
<b>USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE<sup>2</sup></b>			
ADRA	4,280 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Kitui District, Central Province	\$3,571,900
CARE	3,590 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Nyanza Province	\$3,096,800
Food for the Hungry International (FHI)	3,210 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Marsabit and Moyale Districts, Eastern Province	\$2,753,400
WFP	76,220 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$81,878,200
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP</b>			<b>\$91,300,300</b>
<b>STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE</b>			
CARE	Refugee Assistance in Dadaab Camp	North Eastern Province	\$1,360,000
ICRC	IDP Protection and Assistance, Health, Shelter, and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$3,400,000
IRC	Refugee Assistance in Kakuma Camp	Rift Valley Province	\$1,437,236
Lutheran World Relief	Refugee Assistance in Kakuma and Dabaab Camps	Rift Valley and North Eastern Provinces	\$765,868
Norwegian Refugee Council	Refugee Assistance in Dadaab Camp	North Eastern Province	\$250,000
Save the Children	Refugee Assistance in Dadaab Camp	North Eastern Province	\$452,000
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance, IDP Assistance, Camp Coordination and Management, and Emergency Shelter	Countrywide	\$8,650,000
WFP	Refugee Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$3,500,000
Heshima Kenya	Refugee Assistance	Nairobi	\$7,293
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM</b>			<b>\$19,822,397</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO KENYA IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$122,405,189</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of August 1, 2008.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated value of food assistance.

### USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA

<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
ADRA	Agriculture and Food Security, Risk Reduction, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Bay, and Bakool Regions	\$1,500,000
CARE	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Economy and Market Systems, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
FAO	Agriculture and Food Security, Nutrition	Countrywide	\$2,100,000
IMC	Agriculture and Food Security, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Bakool, Bay, and Hiran Regions	\$1,022,629
ICRC	Health, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
Medair Swiss	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Shabelle Region	\$865,384

Mercy Corps	Economy and Market Systems, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Lower Juba, Middle Juba, Lower Shabelle, and Bari regions	\$2,099,307
Mercy USA	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Hiran, Galgadud, Middle Juba, and Middle Shabelle regions	\$761,347
Merlin	Health, Nutrition, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Galgadud Region	\$576,274
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$2,000,000
UNICEF	U.N. Common Air Service	Countrywide	\$800,000
UNICEF	Health, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Nutrition, Protection, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$7,500,346
U.N. World Health Organization	Health	Countrywide	\$697,961
World Concern	Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Juba Region	\$699,991
World Vision	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Middle Juba Region	\$750,000
FEWS NET	Agriculture and Food Security	Countrywide	\$194,221
	Program support costs		\$81,583
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$26,949,043</b>
<b>USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE<sup>2</sup></b>			
CARE	81,030 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Hiran, Gedo, Middle Shabelle, Galgadud, Mudug Regions	\$70,622,400
WFP	130,290 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$127,160,600
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP<sup>3</sup></b>			<b>\$197,783,000</b>
<b>STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE</b>			
UNHCR	Refugee Protection and Assistance, IDP Protection, Logistics, and Shelter	Countrywide	\$3,700,000
ICRC	Protection, Health, Relief Commodities, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	Countrywide	\$16,400,000
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM</b>			<b>\$20,100,000</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$244,832,043</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of August 1, 2008.

<sup>2</sup> Estimated value of food assistance.

<sup>3</sup> The USAID/FFP FY 2008 funding figure includes \$24 million initially reported in FY 2007. The revised reporting reflects a reduction in food and associated costs that were purchased with FY 2008 funds but used in calendar year 2007.

## PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. Information on organizations responding to the humanitarian situation in the Horn of Africa may be available at [www.reliefweb.int](http://www.reliefweb.int).
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, warehouse space, etc); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
  - USAID: [www.usaid.gov](http://www.usaid.gov) – Keyword: Donations
  - The Center for International Disaster Information: [www.cidi.org](http://www.cidi.org) or (703) 276-1914
  - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at [www.reliefweb.int](http://www.reliefweb.int)