Signs

Stripe the pavement in front of the ramp, 40 feet before the ramp, and 40 feet after the ramp as a noking

zone.

Ramps should be identified with the international symbol of accessibility (Figure 9). These boat ramp signs were not commercially available in early 2000. They must be custom made. A separate sign could

BOAT LOADING

Figure 9—The international wheelchair symbol identifies this loading platform as accessible.

explain how the ramp is to be used. Other signs could identify safety concerns like the ramp's abrupt edge, or towing a boat with passengers to and from the water.

In areas of deep snow, poles can help snow plow operators identify the edges of the ramp. The snow poles could be removed each spring or left in place to help drivers line up with the ramp. Reflectors are recommended (Figure 10).

Rules for signs, ramps, handrails, and pathways are in Appendix B.



Figure 10—Reflectors are recommended for loading platforms.

Accessibility Standards

Information on accessibility standards is available from the following sources:

Access Board 1331 F Street NW, Suite 1000 Washington, DC 20004-1111 Phone: 202–272–5434

Fax: 202-272-5447 TDD: 202-272-5449

- Uniform Federal Accessibility Standard, Federal Standard–795. April 1988. Free.
- Americans With Disabilities Act Accessibility Guide-lines, Federal Register-Vol. 56, No.144. July 1991. Free.

MIG Communications 1802 Fifth Street Berkeley, CA 94710 Phone: 800–790–8444

- Universal Access to Outdoor Recreation. 1994. \$44.95
- A Pocket Guide to Universal Access to Outdoor Recreation. 1994. \$9.95

About the Author...

Bob Beckley received a bachelor's degree in political sci-ence from the University of Montana in 1982. He began his Forest Service career as a timber technician on the Nez Perce National Forest. Bob was a smokejumper when he came to the Missoula Technology and Development Center in 1990 to work as a videographer, photographer, and Project Leader.