

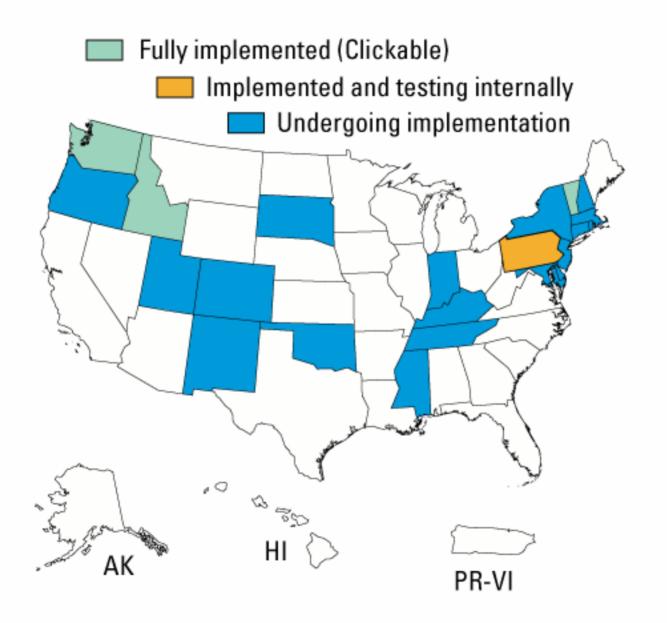
StreamStats:

Delivering Streamflow Information to the Public

StreamStats Web Application

- Provides estimates of streamflow statistics, basin and climatic characteristics, and other information for user-selected points on ungaged streams
- Automatically measures basin and climatic characteristics for ungaged sites using GIS
- Provides published streamflow statistics, basin and climatic characteristics, and other information for data-collection stations





Need for Streamflow Statistics

- Water resources planning, management, and permitting
- Flood-plain mapping
- Instream flow determinations for pollution and habitat
- Design and permitting of facilities such as wastewater-treatment plants, hydropower plants, and water-supply reservoirs
- Design of structures such as roads, bridges, culverts, dams, and levees



Manually Determining Basin Characteristics

- A 10-square mile basin can take < 1 hour to > 1 day, depending on characteristics measured, source material, and expertise
- The required time increases exponentially with increasing watershed area because of the increasing dendritic patterns and logistical problems when matching between map sheets
- The manual process is not completely repeatable
- The error introduced by determining basin characteristics probably is as large as the uncertainty in the regression models



Estimates for Ungaged Sites

- Streamflow Statistics are estimated from regression equations that relate flows to basin characteristics.
- Examples of basin characteristics: Basin area, slope, shape, climate, vegetation cover, degree of urbanization, geology, . . .
- Usually developed on a State-by-State basis through the USGS cooperative program

Example Regression Equation

Regression equations take the form:

$$Q_{100} = 0.471A^{0.715}E^{0.827}SH^{0.472}$$

where:

Q ₁₀₀	is the 100-year flood flow, cubic feet second		
per			
A	is drainage area, in square miles		
E	is mean basin elevation, in feet		
SH	is a shape factor		



Regression Equations Available for Wyoming

- Miller, K.A., 2003, Peak-flow characteristics of Wyoming streams: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resource Investigations Report 03-4107, 79 p.
 - Statewide peak-flow equations
- Lowham, H.W., 1988, Streamflows in Wyoming: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 88-4045, 78 p., 1 pl.
 - Statewide annual-mean flow equations

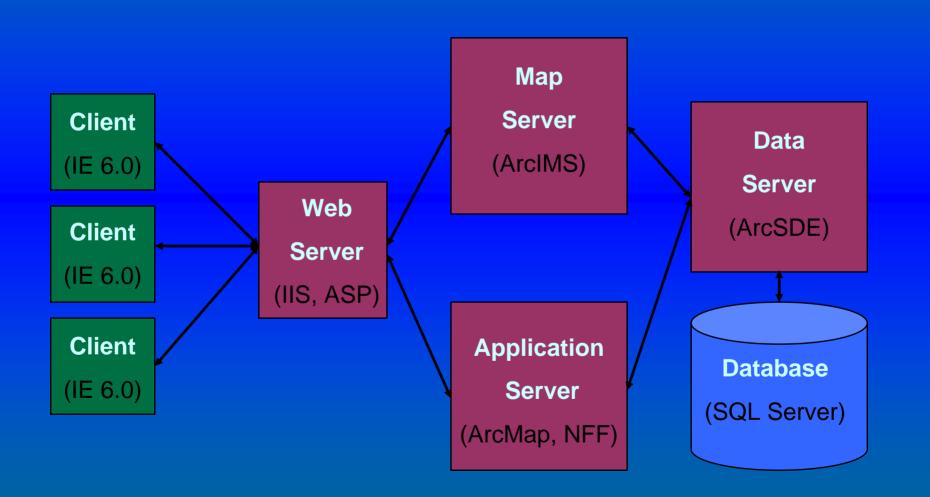


Regression Equations Available for Wyoming (continued)

- Rankl & others, 1994, Wind River and part of Bighorn River, WRIR 94-4014
 - Monthly flow equations for Wind River and part of Bighorn River drainage basins
- Mason & others, 2005, Sweetwater County
 - Annual, monthly, low, peak flow, and flow-duration equations, 29 sites
- Bartos & others, 2006, Carbon County
 - Annual, monthly, low, peak flow, and flow-duration equations, 26-42 sites



System Design

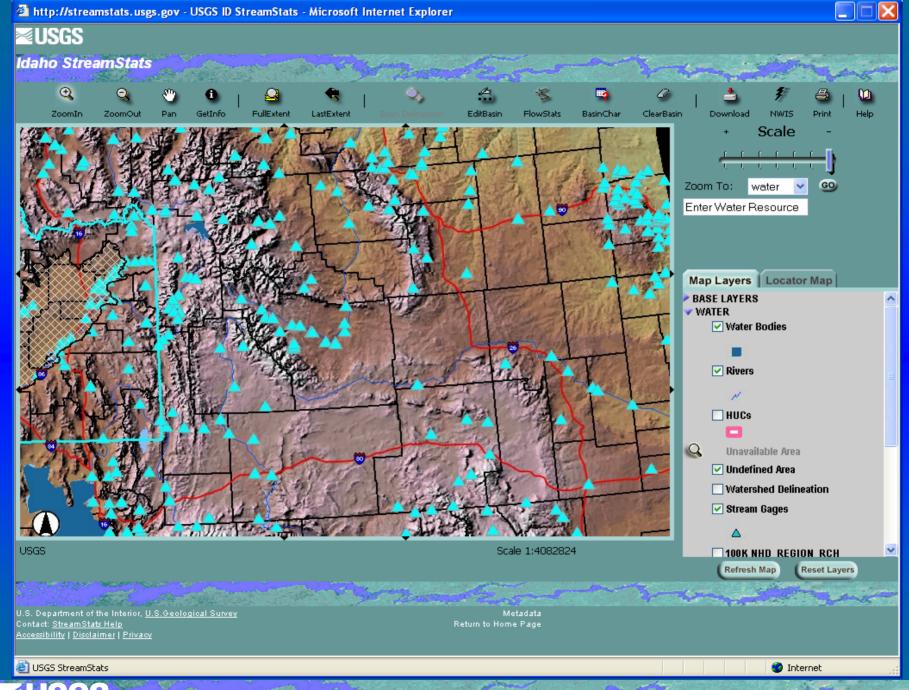




User Interface Stream Stats

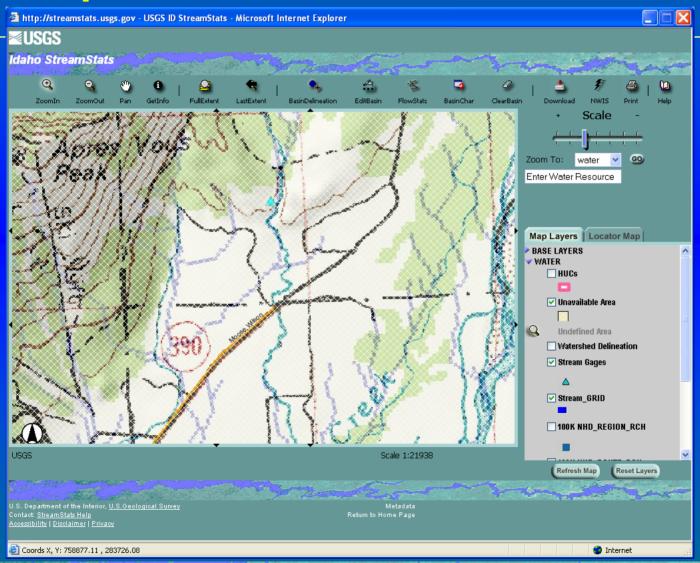
- Displays maps and enables site selection
- Displays default data layers for selected scale ranges and allows adding/subtracting map layers
- Zoom and pan to places of interest
- Zoom to named geographic location or stream
- Evaluate basin boundaries in the map frame
- Print maps and download data shown in the map frame







Example Point Selection



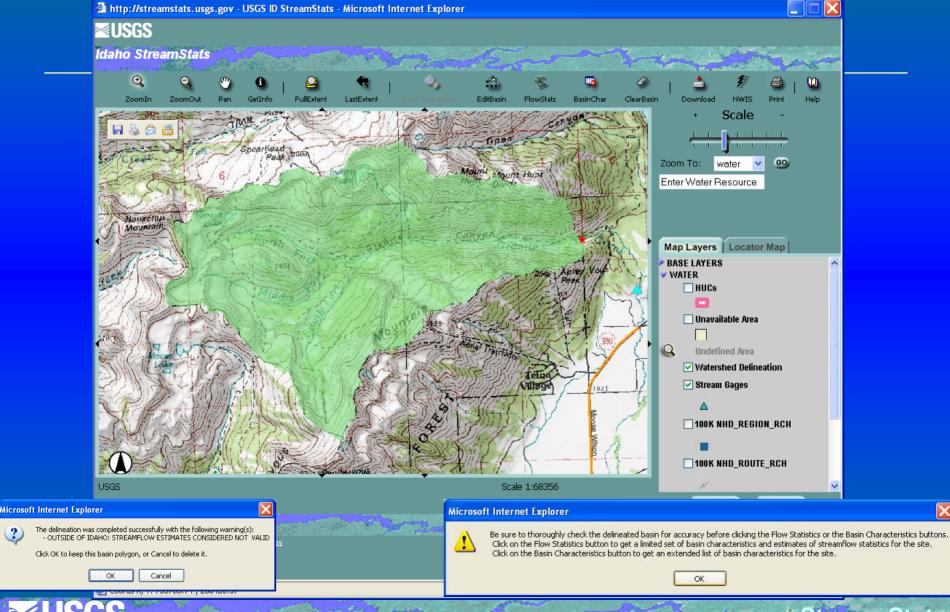


Drainage Boundaries

- User selects point on stream
- Point is transferred to a cell in a flow-direction grid derived from a DEM
- 3. GIS determines boundary from flow-direction grid up to points at which the boundary for the new site intersects boundaries in boundary map layer
- 4. GIS accumulates all upstream areas and dissolves internal boundaries



Example Drainage Boundary







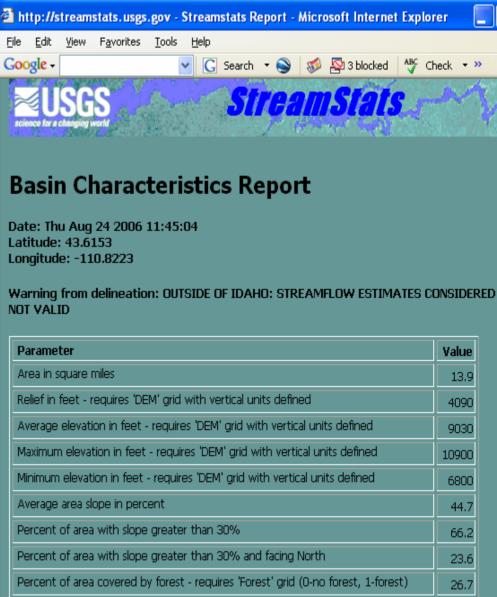
Select Basin Characteristics

- Area in square miles
- Elevation in feet
- Forest in percent
- Maximum elevation in feet
- Minimum elevation in feet
- Precipitation in inches
- Relief in feet
- Slope in percent
- Slope greater than 30 percent in percent
- Slope greater than 30 percent and facing North in percent

Compute Characteristics

Internet

Done



Mean annual precipitation in inches - requires 'Precipitation' grid with values in inches



Done

Internet

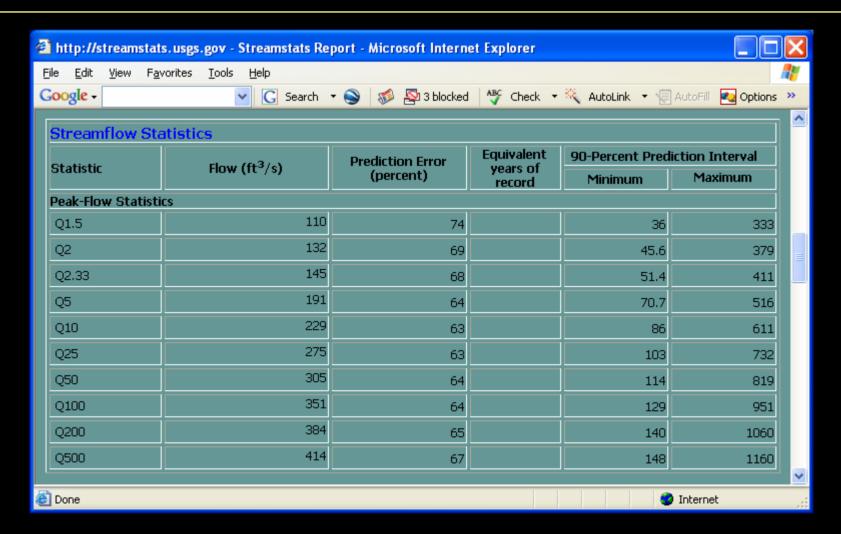
59.4

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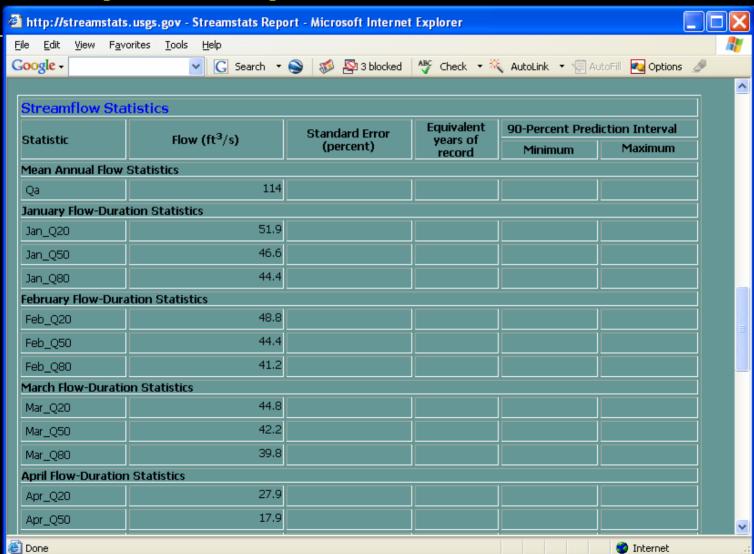


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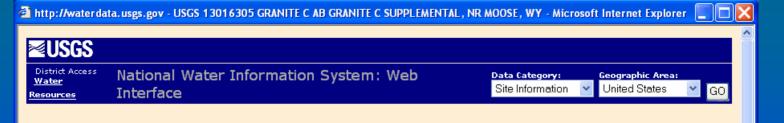
Internet











USGS 13016305 GRANITE C AB GRANITE C SUPPLEMENTAL, NR MOOSE, WY

Available data for this site Site home page

Stream/River Site Description

LOCATION

Latitude 43°36'14", Longitude 110°48'17" NAD27 Teton County, Wyoming , Hydrologic Unit 17040103

DESCRIPTION

Drainage area: 14.9 square miles

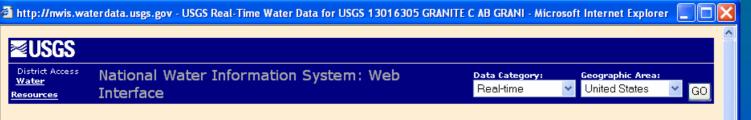
Datum of gage: 6,400 feet above sea level NGVD29.

AVAILABLE DATA:

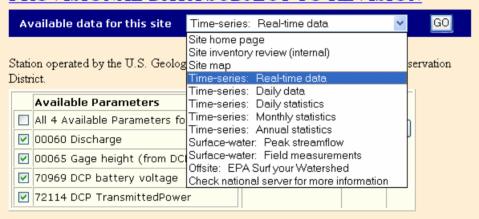
Data Type	Begin Date	End Date	Count
Real-time	This is a real-time site		
Peak streamflow	1995-07-09	2005-06-22	11
Daily Data			
Discharge, cubic feet per second	1995-06-02	2006-08-23	4101
Daily Statistics			
Discharge, cubic feet per second	1995-06-02	2005-09-30	3774
Monthly Statistics			
Discharge, cubic feet per second	1995-06	2005-09	
Annual Statistics			
Discharge, cubic feet per second	1995	2005	

OPERATION:

Record for this site is maintained by the USGS Wyoming Water Science Center Email questions about this site to Water Webserver Team

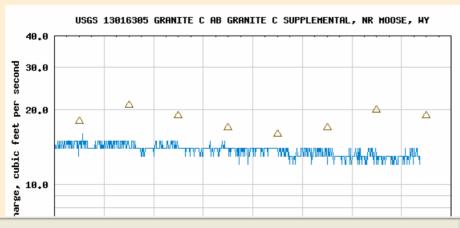


USGS 13016305 GRANITE C AB GRANITE C SUPPLEMENTAL, NR MOOSE, WY PROVISIONAL DATA SUBJECT TO REVISION



Discharge, cubic feet per second

Most recent value: 13 08-24-2006 09:00





Done

Internet

StreamStats Benefits

- Published statistics are readily available
- Ungaged site process takes < 10 minutes</p>
- Large collections of maps, equipment, and software are not necessary
- Consistent information delivery
- Little or no additional error is introduced
- Only basic understanding of hydrology, computer science, geographic analysis is needed
- Reduced information requests



