

Advocacy: the voice of small business in government

Small Business Profile: NORTH CAROLINA

Entrepreneurs, innovators, and small businesses are key players in the economy of North Carolina. They make up most of the employer firms in the state, and their contribution is indispensable. Their diverse composition and the spectrum of opportunities they offer are captured in this *Small Business Profile*, using the most current federal data available.

Number of Businesses. The state had an estimated total of 734,000 small businesses based on the most recent data.¹ Firms with employees numbered 186,684 in 2005, of which an estimated 98.0 percent or 182,950 were small firms (fewer than 500 employees). Self-employment (including incorporated) increased by 5 percent, from 419,654 in 2004 to 440,755 in 2005.² In 2004, non-employer firms increased by 5.3 percent and numbered 551,040. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Firms. Firms owned by women increased 24 percent between 1997 and 2002, from 139,900 to 173,874; they represented 27.1 percent of the state's total businesses in 2002. These firms (with and without paid employees) generated \$26.7 billion in revenues in 2002. Of the total number of women-owned firms, 14.7 percent or 25,496 firms were employer firms. In 2005, self-employed women totaled 133,896, an increase of 10.9 percent from 2004, and they represented 30.4 percent of self-employed persons in the state. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Firms.³ In 2002, Asian-owned firms totaled 13,694 and generated \$3.5 billion in receipts; Black-owned firms numbered 52,122 and generated \$3.5 billion in receipts; and Hispanic-owned businesses totaled 9,043 and created \$1.8 billion in receipts. American Indian- and Alaska Native-owned firms numbered 5,971, and they generated \$590 million in receipts; the number of Native Hawaiian- and other Pacific Islander-owned firms was 191, and they

generated \$13 million in receipts in 2002. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. New employer businesses in 2005 were estimated at 25,906, which is 10.8 percent more than the previous year. Business bankruptcies increased by 25.9 percent, to 612 in 2005, while business terminations increased by 3.7 percent, to 22,867 during the same period. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts.)

Employment. There were 162,801 employer firms with fewer than 500 employees in 2003;⁴ they provided 1,605,315 jobs in the state. These firms represented 98.0 percent of the employer businesses in the state and employed 48.1 percent of the state's non-farm private sector workforce (Table 1). Between 2002 and 2003, total small business net new jobs amounted to 50,822 (Table 2). (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses.)

Small Business Income. Non-farm proprietors' income, which is a partial measure of small business income, increased by 8.8 percent to \$17.7 billion in 2005. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance.⁵ Two important sources of small business financing are commercial banks and savings and loan institutions, which owners rely on for their financial needs. The total number of operating bank and savings bank branches in the state increased in 2005 (Table 3). A list of financial institutions in each state that make loans to small businesses has been compiled by the Office of Advocacy and is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's data and analyses of small business, visit www.sba.gov/advo/research, call (202) 205-6533, or email advocacy@sba.gov. Sign up at http://web.sba.gov/list for email delivery of:

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¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimated total of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2003 Census firm size data) multiplied by the state's total number of employer businesses in 2005 (Dept. of Labor). The 2004 number of non-employer firms is added to this total (Census Bureau).

² The definition of self-employment has changed; as a result, statistics in the *Small Business Profiles* before 2004 are not comparable.

³ Minority owners may belong to more than one minority group, so adding the different groups will result in double counting.

⁴ The latest year for which the data by size classification exist.

⁵ This year's edition of *Small Business Profiles* covers the state's number of branches of commercial banks and savings institutions. Previous reports covered a smaller number of financial institutions—only parent banks, not their branches or those of savings institutions.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in North Carolina by Industry and Firm Size, 2003 and 2004 (Thousands)

Industry	Non- Employer Firms (2004)	Employer Firms (2003)			Employment (2003)		
		Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
Total	551.0	166.07	159.40	162.80	3,338.23	1,168.0	1,605.32
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	8.0	0.97	0.96	0.97	5.53	5.16	5.32
Mining	0.2	0.11	0.09	0.10	3.51	*	*
Utilities	0.6	0.15	0.12	0.13	21.44	*	*
Construction	88.0	25.20	24.92	25.10	209.29	154.37	180.07
Manufacturing	8.7	9.22	7.83	8.49	591.57	106.16	196.19
Wholesale trade	10.4	9.84	8.73	9.21	166.2	67.59	95.42
Retail trade	55.6	22.79	21.98	22.29	441.77	153.11	184.39
Transportation and warehousing	23.1	4.80	4.34	4.53	112.73	28.37	41.1
Information	6.3	1.75	1.50	1.58	77.74	11.7	19.07
Finance and insurance	18.4	6.15	5.70	5.85	193.58	28.55	39.36
Real estate, and rental and leasing	60.4	7.04	6.81	6.90	48.19	26.09	33.27
Professional, scientific, and technical services	63.4	18.24	17.60	17.88	168.14	87.78	107.84
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.91	0.27	0.53	72.72	2.3	9.76
Admin., support, waste mgt., and remed. serv.	45.0	8.84	8.27	8.54	222.86	58.02	94.94
Educational services	10.8	1.75	1.62	1.70	72.46	16.85	31.84
Health care and social assistance	32.8	14.81	14.15	14.58	438.5	141.08	216.94
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	21.5	2.94	2.82	2.90	46.27	25.61	36.66
Accommodation and food services	6.6	11.77	11.26	11.54	297.64	134.4	175.87
Other services	91.4	20.41	20.16	20.29	147.09	117.03	131.37
Unclassified	N/A	0.80	0.80	0.80	1.01	*	*

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms. N/A = not available.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-Farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2002–2003 (Thousands)

	_	Firm Size (Number of Employees)			
	Total	1–19	1-499	500+	
Job gains:					
New establishments	188.6	53.1	100.0	88.7	
Expanding establishments	325.4	99.3	197.6	127.8	
Job losses:					
Downsized establishments	-328.9	-62.1	-154.2	-174.6	
Closed establishments	-175.0	-47.7	-92.5	-82.5	
Net change in employment	10.2	42.6	50.8	-40.6	

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses.

Table 3. Number of Bank and Savings Institution Branches in North Carolina, 2001–2005

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
2,346	2,379	2,373	2,423	2,461

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Statistics on Banking.

Note: A full list of small business lending banks collected by the Federal Reserve Board can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html.