

U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)

Sudan – Complex Emergency

Situation Report #25, Fiscal Year (FY) 2006

September 22, 2006

Note: The last situation report was dated September 8, 2006.

BACKGROUND

On January 9, 2005, the Government of Sudan (GOS) and the Sudan People's Liberation Movement (SPLM) signed the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) officially ending Africa's longest running civil war. During the 21-year conflict, fighting, famine, and disease killed more than 2 million people, forced an estimated 600,000 people to seek refuge in neighboring countries, and displaced 4 million people within Sudan—the largest internally displaced person (IDP) population in the world. In accordance with the CPA, the presidency of Sudan's Government of National Unity (GNU) was officially established in Khartoum on July 9, 2005. The interim national constitution authorized the creation of the Government of Southern Sudan (GOSS) and initiated a six-year interim period, after which the South will hold a referendum on whether to become an independent country.

In February 2003, a separate conflict began in Darfur, western Sudan, when the locally based Sudan Liberation Army (SLA) attacked GOS security forces in the town of El Fasher, North Darfur. The resulting humanitarian emergency in Darfur affects more than 3.8 million people, including nearly 1.9 million IDPs and approximately 220,000 refugees in eastern Chad. On May 5, 2006, the GNU and one faction of the SLA signed the Darfur Peace Agreement (DPA) in Abuja, Nigeria. Ending the conflict in Darfur is critical to consolidating a national peace and addressing the simmering conflict in eastern Sudan.

The U.S. Government (USG) is the leading international donor to Sudan and has contributed more than \$1.5 billion for humanitarian programs in FY 2005 and FY 2006. The USG continues to lead the international effort to support implementation of the CPA, while simultaneously providing for the humanitarian needs of conflict-affected populations throughout the country.

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE SOURCE		SOURCE
IDPs in Sudan	Total: 6,200,000 From Southern Sudan: 4 million In Darfur: 1.9 million	UNHCR ¹ —November 2005 OCHA ² —December 2005 OCHA—April 2006
Sudanese Refugees	Total: 220,000 In Chad	UNHCR—April 2006
Sudanese Refugees	Total: 340,000 In Uganda, Ethiopia, Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Kenya, Central African Republic, Egypt, and Eritrea	UNHCR—July 2006
Refugees in Sudan	Total: 170,000 From Eritrea, Ethiopia, Uganda, DRC, and others	UNHCR—November 2005

CURRENT SITUATION IN DARFUR

Special Envoy for Sudan. On September 19, President George W. Bush announced the appointment of former USAID Administrator Andrew S. Natsios as the President's Special Envoy for Sudan. According to the U.S. Department of State, Natsios' mandate will include facilitating the implementation of the CPA and the DPA, reviewing the state of relations between the United States and Sudan, and making recommendations for advancing U.S. policy.

SAF Aerial Attacks in North Darfur. According to U.N. sources, on September 10 and 13, Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) bombed several villages near Tawila, North Darfur, including Tabarat, Dobo Umda, and Dobo Madrasa, causing 200 people to flee to Tawila IDP camp.

Two Attacks Near Buram, South Darfur. According to the U.N., on August 29 and September 9, Arab militias attacked several villages near Buram, South Darfur, causing significant damage, including the burning of

¹ Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

² U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

³ For a complete breakdown of FY 2005 Sudan funding, please see:

approximately 15 villages. Following assessments on September 16 and 17, humanitarian agencies reported that as a result of the attacks, 75 people died, 2,500 IDPs fled to Seisabana town, and 4,000 IDPs arrived in Tulus locality from Al Tomat town. Additionally, humanitarian agencies believe that approximately 400 families are hiding in remote areas. USAID partner American Refugee Committee (ARC) reported that health and nutrition, shelter, food, and relief supplies are the greatest needs. ARC plans to provide health services and latrines for the IDPs in Seisabana.

Food Insecurity in Darfur. From August 15 to September 7, U.N. agencies and non-governmental organizations (NGO) conducted a survey of 190 households in 19 of 33 identified sites in North Darfur. The team concluded that all areas except Um Kadadah locality are more food insecure than in 2005. The assessment attributed the deterioration to insecurity hampering access to land for planting, insufficient supplies of seeds, and pests that diminish agricultural production. According to the U.N. World Food Program (WFP), insecurity prevented approximately 350,000 planned beneficiaries from receiving food aid in North Darfur in August for the second consecutive month. Food aid to beneficiaries in South Darfur improved in August, owing to enhanced security monitoring and flexible distribution mechanisms.

Assaults on NGO Convoys in West Darfur. On September 7, three unidentified armed men stopped two NGO vehicles traveling from Um Kher to Garsila, near Zalingei, West Darfur. The assailants beat the staff and took 110,000 Sudanese Dinar (equivalent to approximately \$469), a digital camera, and a driver's license, according to U.N sources. Additionally, on September 7, armed men stopped an NGO convoy carrying 12 staff members east of El Geneina, West Darfur, along the El Geneina-Arzeni road. The assailants stole communications equipment and a medical kit.

Cholera in North and West Darfur. Health officials in North Darfur reported 185 cases of cholera, including five deaths, between August 16 and September 19. The number of confirmed cases has steadily declined since peaking August 18 and 19. USAID staff estimate that insecurity is preventing effective monitoring and reporting by rural health facilities in approximately 75 percent of North Darfur. According to the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO), the incidence of reported acute watery diarrhea (AWD) cases in Mornei, West Darfur, has decreased to two new cases in 12 days. However, in Jebel Marra, West Darfur, 30 unconfirmed cases of AWD have resulted in 15 deaths. According to WHO, the use of streams as a water source is increasing the potential for the spread of all water-borne illnesses. Insecurity in Jebel Marra is preventing U.N. agencies and NGOs from providing assistance in the area.

Clashes Near Refugee Camps in Chad. U.N. sources report that in recent days, the Chadian Army has fought

two armed opposition groups in eastern Chad within 50 kilometers of camps hosting 28,000 refugees from Sudan. On September 19, government and opposition forces reportedly fought at Jadjer Marfaine, north of the Chad-Sudan border town of Adre. UNHCR reported that the fighting has not significantly affected the camps.

USAID/OTI Program. During the week of August 8, a USAID Office of Transition Initiatives (USAID/OTI) partner initiated a market rehabilitation program in Zalingei, West Darfur, as part of a larger effort to promote peace-building. The grant was developed to provide women from Zalingei town and nearby IDP camps with opportunities to earn income and decrease the need to engage in dangerous income-generating activities. A concurrent benefit of the grant is the opportunity for diverse communities in a significantly conflict-affected area to work together toward the common goal of market rehabilitation.

CURRENT SITUATION IN NON-DARFUR SUDAN

Avian Influenza in Juba, Central Equatoria State. On September 3, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) reported that samples collected from domesticated poultry in the Juba area on August 4 had tested positive for avian influenza (AI). Further analysis in the United Kingdom confirmed that the samples had tested positive for H5N1, representing the first confirmed cases of H5N1 in Southern Sudan. Following the confirmation of AI in northern Sudan in April, USAID pre-positioned 500 personal protective equipment kits with FAO in Southern Sudan. USAID is currently working with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the U.S. Departments of State and Agriculture to investigate and respond to the current situation in Juba.

WFP Update. On September 7, WFP reported the completion of third quarter food distribution to the Nuba Mountains, Abyei, Port Sudan, and Blue Nile and Kassala states. WFP reported that the successful prepositioning of commodities reduced transportation difficulties during the rainy season, particularly in the Nuba Mountains. WFP is currently distributing food to two small villages near Damazin, Blue Nile. However, the threat of landmines that may have shifted during heavy rains and flooding is preventing access south of Damazin. WFP distributed food aid to 85,000 refugees and 60,000 IDPs in Kassala in August and September. In addition, WFP reported gaining access to flood-affected areas of Tokar, Red Sea State, for the first time since heavy rains displaced 6,500 households in mid-August. WFP is currently assessing needs of the affected population and is scheduled to distribute 420 metric tons of mixed commodities to 32,000 beneficiaries.

USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

On October 27, 2005, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Cameron R. Hume renewed the Sudan disaster declaration for FY 2006. The U.S. Mission in Sudan has declared disasters

due to the complex emergency on an annual basis since 1987.

To date in FY 2006, USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA) has contributed more than \$147 million in Sudan to provide a full range of emergency humanitarian interventions, reduce conflict, and improve local capacity to reintegrate IDPs returning to their home communities. In FY 2006, USAID/OFDA has awarded nearly \$68 million to 26 NGO and U.N. partners for emergency programs in non-Darfur Sudan in the sectors of health, food security and agriculture, water and sanitation, income generation, nutrition, capacity building, and coordination. In Darfur, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$79 million in FY 2006 to 23 NGO and U.N. partners for multi-sector interventions to assist IDPs and vulnerable populations. USAID/OFDA is also supporting targeted voluntary returns of IDPs to their places of origin. In FY 2005, USAID/OFDA provided \$201 million for Sudan-related assistance, including \$113 million for Darfur programs.

In response to the Sudan complex emergency, USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) has contributed 475,910 MT of food assistance in FY 2006, valued at approximately \$454.8 million. USAID/FFP provides contingency rations to implementing partners in areas where concentrations of returnees are expected and continues to closely monitor and respond to food needs throughout the country. Additionally, in FY 2005,

USAID/FFP contributed 571,730 MT of emergency food assistance valued at nearly \$502.4 million for Sudan and Sudanese refugees in neighboring Chad.

The overall goal of USAID/OTI in Sudan is to strengthen Sudanese confidence and capacity to address the causes and consequences of political marginalization, violence, and instability under the framework of the CPA. USAID/OTI currently has five implementing partners in Sudan. In FY 2006, USAID/OTI has provided approximately \$29 million in support of Sudan programs. In FY 2005, USAID/OTI provided approximately \$20.2 million in support of programs in Sudan.

The Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM) has provided \$92 million in assistance to Sudanese populations affected by the complex emergency in 2006. State/PRM supports protection and assistance programs for more than 220,000 Sudanese refugees in Chad in partnership with UNHCR, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF), WFP, the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), and a broad range of NGOs. State/PRM also works with UNHCR, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), and NGOs to support the return of refugees and IDPs in Southern Sudan and protect conflict-affected populations in Darfur.

FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE DARFUR CRISIS

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	DARFUR, SUDAN		
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE		_
ACF	Food Security and Agriculture, Nutrition	South Darfur	\$3,299,150
ACTED	Income Generation, Rehabilitation	South Darfur, West Darfur	\$1,861,980
ARC	Health, Income Generation, Water and Sanitation	South Darfur	\$6,499,720
CARE	Logistics, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$3,368,644
CHF	Food Security and Agriculture, Income Generation, Shelter	North Darfur, South Darfur	\$1,407,764
Concern	Water and Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$1,620,865
CRS	Food Security and Agriculture, Nutrition, Shelter, Water and Sanitation	West Darfur	\$3,400,864
FAO	Food Security and Agriculture	Darfur-wide	\$3,000,000
GOAL	Health, Logistics, Nutrition, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	North Darfur	\$1,550,000
IMC	Health	South Darfur, West Darfur	\$3,199,909
IRC	Coordination, Health, Protection, Water and Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$8,800,000

Mercy Corps	Income Generation, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	North Darfur, West Darfur	\$6,499,999
Merlin	Health	South Darfur	\$899,958
ОСНА	Coordination	Darfur-wide	\$3,000,000
Relief International	Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Income Generation, Nutrition, Relief Commodities	North Darfur	\$2,159,223
SC/US	Coordination, Health, Income Generation, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation	West Darfur	\$2,500,942
Solidarites	Capacity Building, Food Security and Agriculture, Water and Sanitation	South Darfur	\$1,140,000
Tearfund	Health, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation	West Darfur	\$700,000
UNDP	Coordination	Darfur-wide	\$1,035,000
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$13,600,000
USGS	Water and Sanitation	Darfur-wide	\$462,800
WFP	Logistics, Transportation	Darfur-wide	\$5,742,991
WHO	Health	Darfur-wide	\$1,000,000
World Vision	Health, Water and Sanitation	South Darfur	\$1,399,709
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel	Darfur-wide	\$1,697,058
TOTAL USAID/			\$79,846,576
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		. , ,
WFP	308,140 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$291,239,500
ICRC	19,770 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Darfur-wide	\$16,507,200
TOTAL USAID/	FFP		\$307,746,700
	USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE		
DAI	Violence Against Women Initiative	Darfur-wide	\$3,500,000
DAI	Small Grants Program	Darfur-wide	\$400,000
OHCHR	Violence Against Women Initiative	Darfur-wide	\$2,610,314
UNDP	Violence Against Women Initiative	Darfur-wide	\$2,273,697
TOTAL USAID/			\$8,784,011
	TOTAL STATE/PRM	T	T
ICRC	Protection and Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations	Darfur-wide	\$23,300,000
UNHCR	Protection of IDPs and Chadian Refugees	West Darfur	\$7,560,000
TOTAL STATE	/PRM		\$30,860,000
TOTAL FY 2006	5 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR		\$396,377,287
TOTAL FY 2006	5 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR		\$427,237,287
	EASTERN CHAD		
	EASTERN CHAD		
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE	,	_
WFP	23,740 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$22,198,200
TOTAL USAID/FFP \$22,198,200			
USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE			
Internews	Humanitarian Radio Service	Eastern Chad	\$610,947
TOTAL USAID/OTI \$610,947			
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Africare Air Serv	Income Generation, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation Humanitarian Flights for NGOs and the U.N.	Eastern Chad Eastern Chad	\$500,535 \$2,759,958

CARE	Capacity Building, Education, Protection, Psychosocial Services	Eastern Chad	\$948,715
CCF	Child Protection, Gender-Based Violence Prevention, and Non-Formal Education	Eastern Chad`	\$483,582
CRS	Capacity Building, Income Generation, Protection, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$497,900
Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society	Pyschosocial Services	Eastern Chad	\$652,776
IMC	Health, Psychosocial Services	Eastern Chad	\$1,800,000
Internews	Education, Humanitarian Information Service for Refugees, Protection,	Eastern Chad	\$385,074
ICRC	Protection and Assistance for Displaced Chadians and Refugees	Eastern Chad	\$1,700,000
IFRC	Camp Management, Education, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$1,800,000
IRC	Camp Management, Education, Gender-Based Violence Prevention, Health, Protection, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$1,960,557
IRD	Livelihoods, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$499,617
MENTOR	Health	Eastern Chad	\$656,913
Refugee Education Trust	Education	Eastern Chad	\$799,970
UNHCR	Refugee Protection, Multi-Sectoral Assistance	Eastern Chad	\$22,737,269
UNICEF	Education, Health, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation	Eastern Chad	\$4,066,000
WFP	Air Support	Eastern Chad	\$1,000,000
TOTAL FY 2006 STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$43,248,866
TOTAL FY 2006 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$22,809,147
TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD			\$66,058,013
TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR & EASTERN CHAD			\$493,295,300

FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR

Implementing Partner	Activity	Location	Amount
	USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE		
AAH/USA	Nutrition	Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria, Upper Nile	\$350,000
ACF/France	Health, Food Security and Agriculture, Water and Sanitation	Juba, Equatoria	\$2,521,822
ADRA	Health, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	Juba, Upper Nile	\$2,409,306
CARE	Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Income Generation, Relief Commodities, Water and Sanitation	Upper Nile	\$5,464,037
CHF	Food Security and Agriculture, Income Generation	Equatoria	\$1,799,901
CMA	Health	Upper Nile, Equatoria	\$700,000
Concern	Food Security and Agriculture, Relief Commodities	Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria	\$1,950,000
CRS	Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Income Generation, Risk Reduction, Water and Sanitation	Equatoria, Jonglei, Upper Nile	\$7,072,943
FAO	Food Security and Agriculture	Equatoria	\$1,550,000
FHI	Capacity Building, Food Security and Agriculture, Health	Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile	\$1,012,911

	1	Alassa: Nouthaus	
GOAL	Health	Abyei, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Northern Sudan, Upper Nile	\$3,499,106
IRC	Capacity Building, Health, Water and Sanitation	Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile	\$4,191,386
MEDAIR	Health, Nutrition, Relief Commodities	Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile, Equatoria	\$350,000
Mercy Corps	Food Security and Agriculture, Nutrition	Abyei, Northern Bahr el Ghazal	\$1,196,877
Merlin	Health	Jonglei	\$496,808
NPA	Food Security and Agriculture, Relief Commodities, Risk Reduction	Equatoria, Juba, Upper Nile	\$6,509,880
OCHA	Coordination	Southern Sudan	\$1,647,706
PACT	Capacity Building, Water and Sanitation	Bahr el Ghazal, Jonglei, Unity, Upper Nile, Warab	\$6,360,440
Samaritan's Purse	Health, Income Generation, Nutrition, Water and Sanitation	Nuba Mountains, Upper Nile	\$2,499,591
SC/US	Capacity Building, Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Water and Sanitation	Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal, Jonglei, Nuba Mountains, Upper Nile	\$7,815,916
Tearfund	Health, Nutrition	Northern Bahr el Ghazal	\$758,116
VSF/B	Food Security and Agriculture	Equatoria, Jonglei, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Unity, Upper Nile, Warab	\$1,025,116
WFP	Logistics	Southern Sudan	\$934,580
World Relief	Health	Jonglei, Unity, Warab	\$1,129,286
World Vision	Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Relief Commodities	Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria	\$1,000,000
ZOA	Capacity Building, Health, Income Generation, Water and Sanitation	Equatoria	\$1,127,379
USAID	Administrative Support and Travel, Preparedness	Sudan-wide	\$2,571,239
TOTAL USAID/O	FDA		\$67,944,346
	USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE		
ADRA	580 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Central Sudan	\$661,600
CARE	2,740 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Central Sudan	\$2,441,000
CRS	6,760 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan	\$7,059,700
NPA	3,480 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Southern Sudan	\$4,855,500
Samaritan's Purse	4,820 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Eastern Sudan	\$2,627,400
WFP	105,880 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	South, East, and Three Areas	\$107,223,900
TOTAL USAID/FI	, ,		\$124,869,100
USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE			

Educational Development Center (EDC)	Media Development	Sudan-wide	\$999,844	
DAI	Small Grants Program	Non-Darfur Sudan	\$14,200,000	
PACT	Peacebuilding Grants	Southern Sudan	\$3,000,000	
TOTAL USAID/O	TOTAL USAID/OTI \$18,199,844			
	STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
IOM	Support Refugee Repatriation	Southern Sudan	\$4,000,000	
UNHCR	Global Appeal 2006	Sudan-wide	\$1,950,000	
UNHCR	Support Refugee Repatriation and Reintegration	Southern Sudan	\$12,000,000	
TOTAL FY 2006 STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR \$17,950,000				
TOTAL FY 2006 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR \$211,013,290			\$211,013,290	
TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR \$228,96			\$228,963,290	

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USAID/OFDA bulletins appear on the USAID web site at http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian assistance/disaster assistance/.