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U.S. AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT
BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)

Sudan – Complex Emergency

Situation Report #7, Fiscal Year (FY) 2007

December 29, 2006

Note: The last situation report was dated December 15, 2006.

BACKGROUND

In 2006, Sudan continues to cope with the effects of conflict, displacement, and insecurity. The formation of the joint Government of National Unity (GNU) was a requirement of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) that the former Government of Sudan and the Sudan People’s Liberation Movement (SPLM) signed in January 2005, officially ending Africa’s longest running civil war. During the 21-year conflict, fighting, famine, and disease killed more than 2 million people, forced an estimated 600,000 people to seek refuge in neighboring countries, and displaced 4 million people within Sudan—the largest internally displaced person (IDP) population in the world. The U.N. estimated that hundreds of thousands of displaced persons returned to Southern Sudan during 2005 and 2006, taxing scarce resources and weak infrastructure.

A separate conflict in the western region of Darfur entered its fourth year, despite a peace agreement between the GNU and one faction of the Sudan Liberation Army (SLA), signed in May 2006. Fighting among armed opposition group factions, Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF), and militias has persisted in 2006, displacing hundreds of thousands of civilians and preventing the return of others. The complex emergency in Darfur has affected approximately 4 million people, including 2 million IDPs, and approximately 234,000 refugees in eastern Chad. In eastern Sudan, the GNU and the Eastern Front opposition group signed a peace agreement on October 14, 2006, aiming to end the low-level violence and prevent tensions from erupting into widespread conflict.

The U.S. Government (USG) is the leading international donor to Sudan and has contributed more than \$2 billion for humanitarian programs in Sudan and eastern Chad since FY 2004. The USG continues to lead the international effort to support implementation of the CPA, while simultaneously providing for the humanitarian needs of conflict-affected populations throughout the country.

| NUMBERS AT A GLANCE | | SOURCE |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| IDPs in Sudan | From Southern Sudan: 3.7 million In Darfur: 2 million In Eastern Sudan: 70,000 | OCHA ¹ —November 2006 OCHA—October 2006 U.N.—December 2006 |
| Sudanese Refugees | Total: 234,000 In Chad | UNHCR ² —November 2006 |
| Sudanese Refugees | Total: 350,000 In Uganda, Ethiopia, Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Kenya, Central African Republic, Egypt, and Eritrea | UNHCR—November 2006 |
| Refugees in Sudan | Total: 170,000 From Eritrea, Ethiopia, Uganda, DRC, and others | UNHCR—November 2006 |

Total FY 2007 USAID Humanitarian Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad.....\$199,906,300³
Total FY 2007 USG Humanitarian Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad.....\$199,906,300
Total FY 2006 and FY 2007 USG Humanitarian Assistance to Sudan and Eastern Chad\$976,271,516

CURRENT SITUATION IN DARFUR

Humanitarian Staff Relocate from Gereida, South Darfur. On December 19, approximately 70 humanitarian workers, including staff from two USAID-funded non-governmental organizations (NGOs), evacuated Gereida, following attacks on three relief agency compounds. As a result, most humanitarian organizations, including at least one USAID partner, have suspended operations in the IDP camp. On December 18, armed men stole 12 vehicles from two NGO compounds

and assaulted staff. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) plans to continue to provide health services to the 128,000 IDPs in Gereida.

Humanitarian Moratorium Extended. On December 19, at a ceremony launching the U.N. Work Plan for 2007, GNU Minister of Humanitarian Affairs Kosti Manibe announced that the GNU had extended the humanitarian moratorium through January 31, 2008. The

¹ U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

² Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

³ Humanitarian assistance to date in FY 2007 represents food aid contributions. Please see the funding chart at the end of this report for details.

moratorium eases requirements for visas, travel permits, and importation of relief commodities for NGOs working in Darfur, which would otherwise be subject to provisions of the Voluntary and Humanitarian Work Act of 2006. Despite this step forward, humanitarian agencies continue to face increasingly difficult restrictions and bureaucratic obstacles.

Assessment in Ed Daein, South Darfur. From December 9 to 16, a USAID partner conducted an assessment in the Ed Daein locality of South Darfur. Insecurity in early December caused aid agencies to evacuate staff from Ed Daein town. The team assessed humanitarian conditions in Al Muturwed, Ungabo, and Um Dai, three towns in Ed Daein locality that Arab militias of the Maalia ethnic group attacked in mid-November. In some cases, the militias burned 85 percent of the village and destroyed boreholes, water pumps, and other important physical infrastructure. The team estimated that approximately 1,400 households are currently scattered in areas outside their villages. The team concluded that Um Sauna and Ungabo villages have the greatest concentration of IDPs. Other groups have fled to El Neem IDP camp in Ed Daein town.

North Darfur Post-Harvest Assessment. On December 17, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) reported that post-harvest assessment results are not yet finalized due to a delay in obtaining data from Umm Kaddada locality, North Darfur. Preliminary results indicate that the total area cultivated this year is larger than the area cultivated in 2005. However, expected production is lower than that in 2005, as insecurity prevented communities from accessing farm land.

USAID Market Project in Zalingei, West Darfur. From December 18 to 20, USAID Office of Transition Initiatives (USAID/OTI) staff traveled to Zalingei, West Darfur, to monitor activities supported by USAID/OTI. A USAID/OTI-supported grant renovated two markets in Zalingei, providing at least 76 produce traders and butchers with new market stalls. The markets will allow vendors—primarily internally displaced women—to generate additional income and reduce their reliance on firewood collection. The project also provides opportunities for diverse communities in the conflict-affected area to work together to rehabilitate the market.

IDP Camps Calm in El Fasher, North Darfur. The U.N. reports that following tensions during the week of December 4 in El Fasher town, the situation is gradually stabilizing and IDP camps in the area remain calm. Reportedly, members of Arab militias and the Sudan Liberation Army faction led by Minni Minawi have moved away from the town. Unconfirmed reports indicate that Arab militias are present near Abu Shouk and As Salaam camps, raising concerns for the physical security of IDPs. In Zam Zam, Abu Shouk, and As Salaam camps, IDPs have expressed a lack of confidence in the African Union Mission in Sudan (AMIS), and As

Salaam residents have requested that AMIS no longer visit the camp.

Eastern Chad. According to a December 27 U.N. World Health Organization report, fighting in the villages of Aradib and Habile in eastern Chad has forced communities and IDPs to flee to Goz Amer refugee camp. The recent fighting has reportedly resulted in 30 deaths, more than 50 injuries, and the destruction of homes and buildings, including a building belonging to the NGO Cooperazione Internazionale (COOPI). OCHA estimates that more than 10,000 IDPs live in Habile and Aradib villages. More than 18,000 Sudanese refugees live in Goz Amer camp, according to UNHCR.

CURRENT SITUATION IN NON-DARFUR SUDAN
Insecurity in Juba, Central Equatoria State. According to the U.N., the security situation in Juba remains tense after approximately 200 Joint Integrated Unit soldiers protested non-payment of their salaries on December 15. As a result of the incident, the U.N. relocated 35 staff from the U.N. radio station compound when the soldiers stormed the station and fired gunshots in the air. The U.N. Department of Safety and Security has imposed a curfew from 2300 hours to 0600 hours for all U.N. and NGO staff.

Returns. On December 3, U.N. staff reported that the U.N., GNU, and the Government of Southern Sudan (GOSS) expect a total of 625,000 displaced people, including refugees, to return to their areas of origin within Sudan in 2007. Based on a recent survey, the International Organization for Migration estimates that Sudan will have as many as 325,000 spontaneous returns—people who return on their own without participating in formal programs—from northern Sudan. Through a joint effort, the U.N., GNU, and GOSS plan to assist 150,000 IDPs in Khartoum and other northern states to return to Southern Sudan and the Three Areas in 2007.

Expected Returns to Abyei, Southern Kordofan State. From December 17 to 20, two USAID staff members visited Abyei to review relief programs and assess the humanitarian situation in the area. The Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (SRRC) reported 16,000 unconfirmed returns to the area from January to June 2006, a slight decrease from the 22,000 returns that the SRRC reported from July to December 2005. A total of 35,000 returnees are expected to arrive in the area during the current dry season. To reduce the strain that returnees are placing on limited local resources, USAID partners Save the Children/US, GOAL, and U.N. World Food Program (WFP) are providing food, water, and health services.

Gender and Justice Conference Held in Khartoum. From December 17 to 19, the U.N. Development Program held a USAID-funded national conference on gender and justice issues in Khartoum. The conference sessions provided opportunities for local organizations and NGO

leaders to analyze the CPA with regard to gender, as well as discuss constitutional reform and the implications for gender justice, the role of civil society in addressing issues that impact women, the effects of *sharia* and customary law on women, and the legal situation of women in Sudan.

USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

On October 16, 2006, U.S. Chargé d’Affaires Cameron R. Hume renewed the Sudan disaster declaration for FY 2007. The U.S. Mission in Sudan has declared disasters due to the complex emergency on an annual basis since 1987.

In FY 2006, USAID/OFDA contributed more than \$177 million in Sudan and eastern Chad to provide a full range of emergency humanitarian interventions, reduce conflict, and improve local capacity to reintegrate IDPs returning to their home communities. USAID/OFDA awarded more than \$69 million to 28 NGO and U.N. partners for emergency programs in non-Darfur Sudan in the sectors of health; food security and agriculture; water sanitation, and hygiene; income generation; nutrition; protection; capacity building; and coordination. In Darfur, USAID/OFDA provided more than \$104 million in FY 2006 to 28 NGO and U.N. partners for multi-sector interventions to assist IDPs and vulnerable populations. USAID/OFDA also supported returns of IDPs to their places of origin. In eastern Chad, USAID/OFDA provided more than \$3.8 million to seven NGO and U.N. partners to support host communities and IDPs.

In response to the Sudan complex emergency, USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP) contributed nearly 476,000 metric tons (MT) of food assistance in FY 2006, valued at approximately \$457.8 million. To date in FY 2007, USAID/FFP contributed 201,830 MT of food assistance valued at \$199.9 million to the complex emergency in Sudan and Eastern Chad. USAID/FFP provided contingency rations to implementing partners in areas where returnees were expected and continues to closely monitor and respond to food needs throughout the country.

The overall goal of USAID/OTI in Sudan is to strengthen Sudanese confidence and capacity to address the causes and consequences of political marginalization, violence, and instability under the framework of the CPA. USAID/OTI currently has five implementing partners in Sudan. In FY 2006, USAID/OTI provided approximately \$34 million in support of Sudan programs.

The Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM) provided \$113 million in assistance to Sudanese populations affected by the complex emergency in 2006. State/PRM supports protection and assistance programs for more than 234,000 Sudanese refugees in Chad in partnership with UNHCR, the U.N. Children’s Fund (UNICEF), WFP, the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), and a broad range of NGOs. State/PRM also works with UNHCR, the ICRC, and NGOs to support the return of refugees and IDPs in Southern Sudan and protect conflict-affected populations in Darfur.

FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE DARFUR CRISIS

| <i>Implementing Partner</i> | <i>Activity</i> | <i>Location</i> | <i>Amount</i> |
|---|---|-----------------|----------------------|
| DARFUR, SUDAN | | | |
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |
| WFP | 132,586 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Darfur-wide | \$128,199,100 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$128,199,100 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR | | | \$128,199,100 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR | | | \$128,199,100 |
| EASTERN CHAD | | | |
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |
| WFP | 20,410 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Eastern Chad | \$19,970,600 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$19,970,600 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD | | | \$19,970,600 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD | | | \$19,970,600 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR & EASTERN CHAD | | | \$148,169,700 |

FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR

| <i>Implementing Partner</i> | <i>Activity</i> | <i>Location</i> | <i>Amount</i> |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |

| | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------------|
| NPA | 9,230 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Southern Sudan | \$13,443,300 |
| WFP | 39,604 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Southern Sudan, Eastern Sudan, and Three Areas | \$38,293,300 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$51,736,600 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR | | | \$51,736,600 |
| TOTAL FY 2007 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR | | | \$51,736,600 |

FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE DARFUR CRISIS

| <i>Implementing Partner</i> | <i>Activity</i> | <i>Location</i> | <i>Amount</i> |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| DARFUR, SUDAN | | | |
| USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE | | | |
| ACF | Food Security and Agriculture, Nutrition | South Darfur | \$3,299,150 |
| ACTED | Income Generation; Road Rehabilitation; and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$2,429,312 |
| ARC | Health; Income Generation; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | South Darfur | \$6,499,720 |
| CARE | Logistics, Relief Commodities | Darfur-wide | \$6,868,916 |
| CARE | Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | South Darfur | \$1,634,932 |
| CHF | Food Security and Agriculture, Income Generation, Shelter | North Darfur, South Darfur | \$3,913,657 |
| Concern | Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$1,620,865 |
| CRS | Food Security and Agriculture; Nutrition; Shelter; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$3,400,864 |
| FAO | Food Security and Agriculture | Darfur-wide | \$3,000,000 |
| GOAL | Health; Logistics; Nutrition; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation and Hygiene | West Darfur, North Darfur | \$1,550,000 |
| IMC | Health | South Darfur, West Darfur | \$3,199,909 |
| IRC | Coordination; Health; Protection; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Darfur-wide | \$8,800,000 |
| Medair | Health; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$1,200,000 |
| Mercy Corps | Income Generation; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$6,499,999 |
| Merlin | Health | South Darfur | \$2,699,958 |
| OCHA | Coordination | Darfur-wide | \$3,000,000 |
| Relief International | Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Income Generation, Nutrition, Relief Commodities | North Darfur | \$2,159,223 |
| Samaritan's Purse | Food Security and Agriculture; Protection; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | South Darfur | \$1,999,538 |
| SC/US | Coordination; Health; Income Generation; Nutrition; Protection; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$7,500,903 |
| Solidarites | Capacity Building; Food Security and Agriculture; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | South Darfur | \$2,140,000 |

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|--|---|--------------|----------------------|
| Tearfund | Health; Nutrition; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$1,466,159 |
| UMCOR | Food Security and Agriculture; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | South Darfur | \$999,995 |
| UNDSS | Security | Darfur-wide | \$1,035,000 |
| UNICEF | Health; Nutrition; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Darfur-wide | \$13,600,000 |
| UNJLC | Logistics | Darfur-wide | \$841,122 |
| U.S. Geological Survey | Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Darfur-wide | \$462,800 |
| WFP | Logistics, Transportation | Darfur-wide | \$4,672,897 |
| WHO | Health | Darfur-wide | \$1,000,000 |
| World Relief | Health; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | West Darfur | \$999,986 |
| World Vision | Health; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene; Food Security and Agriculture | South Darfur | \$3,893,017 |
| USAID | Administrative Support and Travel | Darfur-wide | \$1,745,478 |
| TOTAL USAID/OFDA | | | \$104,133,400 |
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |
| ICRC | 19,770 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Darfur-wide | \$16,507,200 |
| WFP | 308,140 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Darfur-wide | \$291,239,500 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$307,746,700 |
| USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE | | | |
| DAI | Violence Against Women Initiative | Darfur-wide | \$3,600,000 |
| DAI | Small Grants Program | Darfur-wide | \$800,000 |
| OHCHR | Violence Against Women Initiative | Darfur-wide | \$2,610,314 |
| UNDP | Violence Against Women Initiative | Darfur-wide | \$2,273,697 |
| TOTAL USAID/OTI | | | \$9,284,011 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM | | | |
| ICRC | Protection and Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations | Darfur-wide | \$23,300,000 |
| UNHCR | Protection of IDPs and Chadian Refugees | West Darfur | \$7,560,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM | | | \$30,860,000 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR | | | \$421,164,111 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR | | | \$452,024,111 |
| EASTERN CHAD | | | |
| USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE | | | |
| CARE | Income Generation; Protection; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$493,743 |
| CRS | Food Security and Agriculture | Eastern Chad | \$500,000 |
| FAO | Food Security and Agriculture | Eastern Chad | \$500,000 |
| IMC | Health | Eastern Chad | \$650,038 |
| IRD | Food Security and Agriculture; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$1,099,251 |
| OCHA | Coordination | Eastern Chad | \$200,000 |
| UNICEF | Relief Commodities | Eastern Chad | \$400,000 |
| U.S. Embassy N'djamena | Food Security and Agriculture | Eastern Chad | \$50,000 |
| TOTAL USAID/OFDA | | | \$3,893,032 |
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |
| WFP | 23,740 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Eastern Chad | \$22,198,200 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$22,198,200 |
| USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE | | | |

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|---|--|--------------|----------------------|
| Internews | Humanitarian Radio Service | Eastern Chad | \$610,947 |
| TOTAL USAID/OTI | | | \$610,947 |
| STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE | | | |
| Africare | Income Generation; Nutrition; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$500,535 |
| Air Serv | Humanitarian Flights for NGOs and U.N. | Eastern Chad | \$2,759,958 |
| CARE | Capacity Building, Education, Protection, Psychosocial Services | Eastern Chad | \$948,715 |
| CCF | Child Protection, Gender-Based Violence Prevention, and Non-Formal Education | Eastern Chad | \$483,582 |
| CRS | Capacity Building; Income Generation; Protection; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$497,900 |
| Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society | Psychosocial Services | Eastern Chad | \$652,776 |
| ICRC | Protection and Assistance for Displaced Chadians and Refugees | Eastern Chad | \$1,700,000 |
| IFRC | Camp Management; Education; Nutrition; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$1,800,000 |
| IMC | Health, Psychosocial Services | Eastern Chad | \$1,800,000 |
| Internews | Education, Humanitarian Information Service for Refugees, Protection | Eastern Chad | \$385,074 |
| IRC | Camp Management; Education; Health; Protection; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$1,960,557 |
| IRD | Livelihoods; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$499,617 |
| MENTOR | Health | Eastern Chad | \$656,913 |
| Refugee Education Trust | Education | Eastern Chad | \$799,970 |
| UNHCR | Refugee Protection, Multi-Sectoral Assistance | Eastern Chad | \$22,737,269 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Nutrition; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Eastern Chad | \$4,066,000 |
| WFP | Air Support | Eastern Chad | \$1,000,000 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD | | | \$43,248,866 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD | | | \$26,702,179 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN CHAD | | | \$69,951,045 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO DARFUR & EASTERN CHAD | | | \$521,975,156 |

FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR

| <i>Implementing Partner</i> | <i>Activity</i> | <i>Location</i> | <i>Amount</i> |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE | | | |
| AAH/USA | Nutrition | Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria, Upper Nile | \$350,000 |
| ACF/France | Health; Food Security and Agriculture; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Equatoria | \$2,521,822 |
| ADRA | Health; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Equatoria, Upper Nile | \$2,409,306 |
| CARE | Food Security and Agriculture; Health; Income Generation; Relief Commodities; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Upper Nile | \$5,464,037 |
| CHF | Food Security and Agriculture, Income Generation | Equatoria | \$1,799,901 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------------|
| CMA | Health | Upper Nile, Equatoria | \$700,000 |
| Concern | Food Security and Agriculture, Relief Commodities | Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria | \$1,950,000 |
| CRS | Food Security and Agriculture; Health; Income Generation; Risk Reduction; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Equatoria, Jonglei, Upper Nile | \$7,072,943 |
| FAO | Food Security and Agriculture | Equatoria | \$1,550,000 |
| FHI | Capacity Building, Food Security and Agriculture, Health | Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile | \$1,012,911 |
| GOAL | Health | Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal, Northern Sudan, Upper Nile, Kassala | \$3,499,106 |
| IRC | Capacity Building; Health; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile, Southern Kordofan | \$4,191,386 |
| Medair | Health, Nutrition, Relief Commodities | Bahr el Ghazal, Upper Nile, Equatoria | \$350,000 |
| Mercy Corps | Food Security and Agriculture, Nutrition | Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal | \$1,896,864 |
| Merlin | Health | Jonglei | \$496,808 |
| NPA | Food Security and Agriculture, Relief Commodities, Risk Reduction | Equatoria, Upper Nile | \$6,509,880 |
| OCHA | Coordination | Southern Sudan | \$1,647,706 |
| PACT | Capacity Building; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Bahr el Ghazal, Jonglei, Unity, Upper Nile, Warab | \$6,360,440 |
| Samaritan's Purse | Health; Income Generation; Nutrition; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Southern Kordofan, Upper Nile, Eastern Sudan | \$2,499,591 |
| SC/US | Capacity Building; Food Security and Agriculture; Health; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Abyei, Bahr el Ghazal, Jonglei, Southern Kordofan, Upper Nile | \$7,815,916 |
| Tearfund | Health, Nutrition | Bahr el Ghazal | \$758,116 |
| VSF/B | Food Security and Agriculture | Equatoria, Jonglei, Bahr el Ghazal, Unity, Upper Nile, Warab | \$1,524,841 |
| WFP | Logistics | Southern Sudan | \$934,580 |
| World Relief | Health | Jonglei, Unity, Warab | \$1,129,286 |
| World Vision | Food Security and Agriculture, Health, Relief Commodities | Bahr el Ghazal, Equatoria | \$1,000,000 |
| ZOA | Capacity Building; Health; Income Generation; Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene | Equatoria | \$1,127,379 |
| USAID | Administrative Support and Travel, Preparedness | Sudan-wide | \$2,571,239 |
| TOTAL USAID/OFDA | | | \$69,144,058 |
| USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE | | | |
| ADRA | 580 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | White Nile | \$661,600 |

| | | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------|
| CARE | 2,740 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Khartoum | \$2,441,000 |
| CRS | 6,760 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Southern Sudan | \$10,260,100 |
| NPA | 3,480 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Southern Sudan | \$4,855,500 |
| Samaritan's Purse | 4,820 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Eastern Sudan | \$2,364,700 |
| WFP | 105,880 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance | Southern Sudan, Eastern Sudan, and Three Areas | \$107,223,900 |
| TOTAL USAID/FFP | | | \$127,806,800 |
| USAID/OTI ASSISTANCE | | | |
| DAI | Small Grants Program | Non-Darfur Sudan | \$16,243,933 |
| Educational Development Center (EDC) | Media Development | Sudan-wide | \$999,844 |
| Internews | FM Radio Stations | Southern Sudan | \$1,999,794 |
| PACT | Peacebuilding Grants | Southern Sudan | \$3,000,000 |
| TOTAL USAID/OTI | | | \$22,243,571 |
| STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE | | | |
| ARC | Refugee Repatriation and Reintegration | Central Equatoria | \$1,174,807 |
| CHF | Refugee Reintegration and GBV Prevention | Central Equatoria | \$385,444 |
| FHI | Refugee Reintegration | Upper Nile | \$1,205,345 |
| IFRC | Refugee Reintegration | Sudan-wide | \$800,000 |
| IMC | Refugee Reintegration and GBV Prevention | Central Equatoria, Western Equatoria | \$2,955,300 |
| IOM | Support Refugee Repatriation | Southern Sudan | \$4,000,000 |
| JRS | Refugee Reintegration | Eastern Equatoria | \$442,183 |
| LWR | Refugee Reintegration | Eastern Equatoria | \$503,050 |
| RI | Refugee Reintegration | Upper Nile | \$479,502 |
| UMCOR | Refugee Reintegration | Central Equatoria | \$800,000 |
| UNHCR | Global Appeal 2006 | Sudan-wide | \$1,950,000 |
| UNHCR | Support Refugee Repatriation and Reintegration | Southern Sudan | \$19,000,000 |
| WFP | Refugee Feeding (EMOP 10530.0) | Sudan-wide | \$500,000 |
| WV | Refugee Reintegration | Western Equatoria | \$1,000,000 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR | | | \$35,195,631 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USAID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR | | | \$219,194,429 |
| TOTAL FY 2006 USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN EXCLUDING DARFUR | | | \$254,390,060 |

⁴ State/PRM also provided nearly \$4 million for refugee repatriation and reintegration activities in Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda, as well as areas of Southern Sudan.



Ky Luu
Director
Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance