

# **State Statistics**

for December 2003

## Delaware

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Delaware, benefits were paid to 144,530 persons. This number included 93,970 retired workers, 13,380 widows and widowers, 18,350 disabled workers, 7,180 wives and husbands, and 11,650 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 17.3 percent of the

total population of the state and 93.8 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Delaware received an average of \$967 per month; widows and widowers, \$926; disabled workers, \$901; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$502. Average benefits for children were \$464 for children of retired workers, \$642 for children of deceased workers, and \$267 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$129 million. Of this amount, \$95 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$16 million to survivors, and \$18 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In Delaware, 12,930 persons—1,304 aged and 11,626 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 2,416 recipients were aged 65 or older, 7,544 were aged 18 to 64, and 2,970 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$5.3 million, of which \$5.2 million was federal SSI and \$85,376 was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$378 overall: \$243 for aged recipients and \$393 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Delaware receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 153,155.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Delaware in 2002, an estimated 481,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$14.1 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.75 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Delaware in 2002, an estimated 484,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$15.88 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$461 million in Medicare taxes.

*State Statistics* is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

#### **CONTACTS:**

- Social Security data, rona.m.blumenthal@ssa.gov or 410-965-0163.
- SSI data, arthur.l.kahn@ssa.gov or 410-965-0186.
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#### **Social Security Administration**

Office of Policy Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics 500 E Street, SW, 8th Floor Washington, DC 20254



## District of Columbia

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In the District of Columbia, benefits were paid to 72,330 persons. This number included 47,590 retired workers, 6,950 widows and widowers, 8,850 disabled workers, 2,540 wives and husbands, and 6,400 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 12.8 percent of

the total population of the state and 77.3 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in the District of Columbia received an average of \$786 per month; widows and widowers, \$715; disabled workers, \$796; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$407. Average benefits for children were \$404 for children of retired workers, \$464 for children of deceased workers, and \$261 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$53 million. Of this amount, \$39 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$7 million to survivors, and \$7 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In the District of Columbia, 20,403 persons—2,154 aged and 18,249 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 4,436 recipients were aged 65 or older, 12,044 were aged 18 to 64, and 3,923 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$9.4 million, of which \$9.1 million was federal SSI and \$293,242 was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$417 overall: \$256 for aged recipients and \$436 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in the District of Columbia receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 87,526.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In the District of Columbia in 2002, an estimated 356,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$11.88 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.47 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In the District of Columbia in 2002, an estimated 367,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$15.98 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$463 million in Medicare taxes.

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#### Social Security Administration

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# State Statistics for December 2003 Maryland

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Maryland, benefits were paid to 752,770 persons. This number included 493,610 retired workers, 76,670 widows and widowers, 81,690 disabled workers, 36,560 wives and husbands, and 64,240 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 13.6 percent of the

total population of the state and 88.1 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Maryland received an average of \$928 per month; widows and widowers, \$889; disabled workers, \$897; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$475. Average benefits for children were \$481 for children of retired workers, \$619 for children of deceased workers, and \$283 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$649 million. Of this amount, \$479 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$91 million to survivors, and \$79 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In Maryland, 90,962 persons—15,532 aged and 75,430 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 24,800 recipients were aged 65 or older, 52,123 were aged 18 to 64, and 14,039 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$39.4 million, of which all but \$3,882 was federal SSI. The average federally administered payment was \$395 overall: \$309 for aged recipients and \$413 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 3,046 persons in Maryland received state-administered supplementation in December 2003 that totaled \$618,000.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Maryland receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 817,427.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Maryland in 2002, an estimated 3.09 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$101.03 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$12.53 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Maryland in 2002, an estimated 3.15 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$120.98 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$3.51 billion in Medicare taxes.

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## Pennsylvania

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Pennsylvania, benefits were paid to 2,387,770 persons. This number included 1,549,580 retired workers, 272,560 widows and widowers, 259,270 disabled workers, 136,840 wives and husbands, and 169,520 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 19.3 percent of the total population of the state and 93.4 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Pennsylvania received an average of \$948 per month; widows and widowers, \$914; disabled workers, \$876; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$482. Average benefits for children were \$490 for children of retired workers, \$634 for children of deceased workers, and \$253 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$2.1 billion. Of this amount, \$1.5 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$301 million to survivors, and \$246 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In Pennsylvania, 310,617 persons—32,895 aged and 277,722 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 63,909 recipients were aged 65 or older, 195,799 were aged 18 to 64, and 50,909 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$141.3 million, of which \$128.7 million was federal SSI and \$12.6 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$425 overall: \$281 for aged recipients and \$442 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Pennsylvania receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 2,601,509.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Pennsylvania in 2002, an estimated 6.69 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$188.22 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$23.34 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Pennsylvania in 2002, an estimated 6.74 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$219.10 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$6.35 billion in Medicare taxes.

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Virginia

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Virginia, benefits were paid to 1,092,310 persons. This number included 678,480 retired workers, 112,710 widows and widowers, 147,530 disabled workers, 59,530 wives and husbands, and 94,060 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 14.8 percent of

the total population of the state and 91.2 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Virginia received an average of \$904 per month; widows and widowers, \$829; disabled workers, \$864; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$455. Average benefits for children were \$470 for children of retired workers, \$622 for children of deceased workers, and \$259 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$904 million. Of this amount, \$644 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$121 million to survivors, and \$139 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In Virginia, 133,607 persons—22,155 aged and 111,452 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 36,767 recipients were aged 65 or older, 76,550 were aged 18 to 64, and 20,290 were under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$52.1 million. The average federal payment was \$363 overall: \$260 for aged recipients and \$383 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 6,328 persons in Virginia received state-administered supplementation in December 2003 that totaled \$1.6 million.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Virginia receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,175,999.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Virginia in 2002, an estimated 4.12 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$124.75 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$15.47 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Virginia in 2002, an estimated 4.16 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$147.09 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$4.27 billion in Medicare taxes.

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## West Virginia

## **Program Data**

## Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In West Virginia, benefits were paid to 403,370 persons. This number included 204,130 retired workers, 55,630 widows and widowers, 72,720 disabled workers, 32,310 wives and husbands, and 38,580 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 22.4 percent of the

total population of the state and 93.2 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in West Virginia received an average of \$910 per month; widows and widowers, \$829; disabled workers, \$901; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$429. Average benefits for children were \$429 for children of retired workers, \$597 for children of deceased workers, and \$259 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$327 million. Of this amount, \$200 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$56 million to survivors, and \$71 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

## Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

In West Virginia, 75,227 persons—4,694 aged and 70,533 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 12,577 recipients were aged 65 or older, 54,431 were aged 18 to 64, and 8,219 were under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$31.5 million. The average federal payment was \$390 overall: \$179 for aged recipients and \$404 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in West Virginia receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 454,558.

## **Earnings and Employment Data**

## Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In West Virginia in 2002, an estimated 867,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$20 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.48 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In West Virginia in 2002, an estimated 875,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$21.95 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$637 million in Medicare taxes.

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SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

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