



Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Connecticut, benefits were paid to 583,220 persons. This number included 406,150 retired workers, 49,720 widows and widowers, 59,530 disabled workers, 25,780 wives and husbands, and 42,040 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.7 percent of the

total population of the state and 94.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Connecticut received an average of \$1,010 per month; widows and widowers, \$964; disabled workers, \$894; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$523. Average benefits for children were \$500 for children of retired workers, \$685 for children of deceased workers, and \$269 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$546 million. Of this amount, \$426 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$62 million to survivors, and \$58 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In Connecticut, 51,151 persons—6,937 aged and 44,214 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 12,420 recipients were aged 65 or older, 32,454 were aged 18 to 64, and 6,277 were under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$21.7 million. The average federal payment was \$393 overall: \$317 for aged recipients and \$405 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 17,828 persons in Connecticut received state-administered supplementation in December 2003 that totaled \$6.8 million.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Connecticut receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 618,894.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Connecticut in 2002, an estimated 1.94 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$64.44 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$7.99 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Connecticut in 2002, an estimated 1.97 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$92.21 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.67 billion in Medicare taxes.

State Statistics is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

CONTACTS:

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Social Security

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A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Maine, benefits were paid to 262,600 persons. This number included 158,990 retired workers, 25,540 widows and widowers, 41,390 disabled workers, 14,030 wives and husbands, and 22,650 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 20.1 percent of the total

population of the state and 95.3 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Maine received an average of \$851 per month; widows and widowers, \$824; disabled workers, \$787; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$429. Average benefits for children were \$437 for children of retired workers, \$601 for children of deceased workers, and \$220 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$204 million. Of this amount, \$142 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$26 million to survivors, and \$35 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In Maine, 31,403 persons—2,746 aged and 28,657 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 5,653 recipients were aged 65 or older, 22,554 were aged 18 to 64, and 3,196 were under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$12.1 million. The average federal payment was \$349 overall: \$159 for aged recipients and \$368 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 32,557 persons in Maine received state-administered supplementation in December 2003 that totaled \$615,000.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Maine receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 280,220.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Maine in 2002, an estimated 718,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$17.14 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.13 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Maine in 2002, an estimated 749,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$19.71 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$572 million in Medicare taxes.

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Social Security

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A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Massachusetts, benefits were paid to 1,064,340 persons. This number included 693,520 retired workers, 98,250 widows and widowers, 140,000 disabled workers, 48,860 wives and husbands, and 83,710 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.5 per-

cent of the total population of the state and 91.1 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Massachusetts received an average of \$927 per month; widows and widowers, \$902; disabled workers, \$849; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$469. Average benefits for children were \$455 for children of retired workers, \$651 for children of deceased workers, and \$256 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$910 million. Of this amount, \$670 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$111 million to survivors, and \$129 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In Massachusetts, 168,171 persons—44,813 aged and 123,358 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 48,155 recipients were aged 65 or older, 103,370 were aged 18 to 64, and 16,646 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$76 million, of which \$61.6 million was federal SSI and \$14.5 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$427 overall: \$359 for aged recipients and \$452 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Massachusetts receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,169,705.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Massachusetts in 2002, an estimated 3.42 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$109.27 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$13.55 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Massachusetts in 2002, an estimated 3.64 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$146.22 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$4.24 billion in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In New Hampshire, benefits were paid to 213,520 persons. This number included 140,150 retired workers, 17,950 widows and widowers, 28,010 disabled workers, 9,140 wives and husbands, and 18,270 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.4 percent of

the total population of the state and 97.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New Hampshire received an average of \$944 per month; widows and widowers, \$915; disabled workers, \$863; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$490. Average benefits for children were \$483 for children of retired workers, \$657 for children of deceased workers, and \$269 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$186 million. Of this amount, \$137 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$21 million to survivors, and \$27 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In New Hampshire, 12,709 persons—926 aged and 11,783 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 1,832 recipients were aged 65 or older, 9,163 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,714 were under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$5.1 million. The average federal payment was \$364 overall: \$241 for aged recipients and \$374 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 16,784 persons in New Hampshire received state-administered supplementation in December 2003 that totaled \$873,000.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in New Hampshire receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 221,500.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New Hampshire in 2002, an estimated 767,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$23.05 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.86 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New Hampshire in 2002, an estimated 776,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$27.47 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$797 million in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Rhode Island, benefits were paid to 191,960 persons. This number included 128,890 retired workers, 15,630 widows and widowers, 26,200 disabled workers, 6,830 wives and husbands, and 14,410 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 17.9 percent of the

total population of the state and 93.4 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Rhode Island received an average of \$923 per month; widows and widowers, \$903; disabled workers, \$847; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$454. Average benefits for children were \$448 for children of retired workers, \$635 for children of deceased workers, and \$238 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$165 million. Of this amount, \$123 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$18 million to survivors, and \$24 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In Rhode Island, 29,196 persons—4,155 aged and 25,041 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 7,339 recipients were aged 65 or older, 18,100 were aged 18 to 64, and 3,757 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$13.2 million, of which \$11.1 million was federal SSI and \$2 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$418 overall: \$306 for aged recipients and \$437 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Rhode Island receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 209,910.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Rhode Island in 2002, an estimated 608,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$17.37 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.15 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Rhode Island in 2002, an estimated 617,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$19.93 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$578 million in Medicare taxes.

State Statistics is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

CONTACTS:

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- SSI data, arthur.l.kahn@ssa.gov or 410-965-0186.
- Earnings and employment data, greg.k.diez@ssa.gov or 410-965-0153.
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Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$922; widows and widowers, \$866 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$888); disabled workers, \$862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$446, \$603, and \$254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$39.6 billion. Of this amount, \$28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.4 billion to survivors, and \$5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Vermont, benefits were paid to 108,900 persons. This number included 69,170 retired workers, 10,150 widows and widowers, 14,550 disabled workers, 5,970 wives and husbands, and 9,060 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 17.5 percent of the

total population of the state and 95.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Vermont received an average of \$912 per month; widows and widowers, \$860; disabled workers, \$825; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$440. Average benefits for children were \$424 for children of retired workers, \$615 for children of deceased workers, and \$232 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled \$90 million. Of this amount, \$66 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$11 million to survivors, and \$13 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$564, and for a couple, \$846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.1 billion in December 2003: \$2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and \$357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$417. Aged persons averaged \$342, and disabled and blind persons, \$433.

In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled \$68.6 million.

In Vermont, 12,841 persons—1,308 aged and 11,533 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 2,694 recipients were aged 65 or older, 8,651 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,496 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$5.1 million, of which \$4.3 million was federal SSI and \$733,004 was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$371 overall: \$187 for aged recipients and \$392 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in Vermont receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 115,665.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Vermont in 2002, an estimated 378,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$9.45 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.17 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Vermont in 2002, an estimated 379,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$10.34 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$300 million in Medicare taxes.

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