



U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service

National Mapping Program Technical Instructions

Part 5 Public Land Survey System

Standards for USGS and USDA Forest Service Single Edition Quadrangle Maps

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5. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM

This part of the standard provides a description of the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) features shown on USGS and USDA Forest Service single edition quadrangle maps.

LAND GRANT

LAND GRANT - An area of land to which title was conferred by a predecessor government and confirmed by the U.S. Government after the territory in which it is situated was acquired by the United States.

<u>Characteristics</u>

Show the names of LAND GRANTS if they are known.

Delineation

The limit of a LAND GRANT is the extent of the private land holding as defined by the original title, approved BLM/GLO plats, or approved plats of dependent resurveys by private surveyors.

Depiction Conditions Show all.

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

The arpent land division was introduced by the French and continued by the Spanish. This long narrow parcel of land is common to land divisions along navigable streams of southern Louisiana, but it also extends along major waterways in other areas. The arpent unit of measure varied in size, although the French most frequently used the arpent of Paris, which was approximately 192 feet (about 58.5 meters). French arpent land divisions are typically 2 to 4 arpents wide along the river by 40 to 60 arpents deep, while the Spanish arpent land divisions were typically 6 to 8 arpents wide by 40 arpents deep. After the acquisition of the Louisiana Purchase, the American government used a similar land division that was a modification of the French system.

Do not depict French arpent land grants in the area of the Louisiana Purchase as LAND GRANTS. See PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA.

If a LAND GRANT has township and range lines through it or is subdivided by a private survey, show the LAND GRANT and the PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA lines.

Do not depict areas that are symbolized as land grants but do not have a name found in appendix 5-C as LAND GRANTS. Depict these areas as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA tracts.

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LAND GRANT

Graphic

Depict French arpent land grants within the area of the Louisiana Purchase as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA sections, even though they are shown on previously published maps with the same symbol as land grants.

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol*	Label		
N/A	524.2 name	N/L; Show name if known; Label line "GRANT BOUNDARY" if necessary for clarity		
* See SURVEY LINE for symbol.				

PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN - The line extending north and south, intended to follow along a true meridian, from the initial point of a Rectangular Survey. Ranges are referenced east or west of the principal meridian.

Characteristics

Show the names of PRINCIPAL MERIDIANS.

Delineation

The limit of a PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN is the extent of the component SURVEY LINES. All PRINCIPAL MERIDIANS have been defined by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), as depicted on the map entitled Principal Meridians and Base Lines Governing the United States Public Land Surveys, BLM, 1988.

Depiction Conditions Show all.

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

See appendix 5-A for the names of the PRINCIPAL MERIDIANS of the United States. Valid Principal Meridian names are the Origins of Survey shown in appendix 5-A that are of the type "PM". Origins of Survey that are listed as "OH" (Ohio) are not PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN names.

See SURVEY LINE for information on how to label base lines.

Graphic

N/A

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol*	Label			
N/A	524.2 name	N/L; Show name and "PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN"			
* See SURVEY LINE for symbol.					

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA - An area of land which is subdivided by the Public Land Survey System (PLSS), and was originally created on public domain lands, and the rules for its use were defined by the authority of the U.S. Government. The PLSS has since been extended, following similar rules, into non-public domain areas.

Characteristics

Show the following PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA township divisions:

- Donation Land Claim Area of 320 or 640 acres that was allocated to a settler under the Donation Act of September 27, 1850 to preserve the rights of pre-statehood settlers claimed prior to the regular division of townships and ranges.
 - Military or Warrant Lot An allotment of land designated on a BLM plat as a military or warrant lot.
 - Protraction Block Area of uncertain acreage which lies between the coordinate based interior and the prior surveyed boundaries of record that generally form the exterior perimeter of the protracted area.
 - Section First level subdivision of a (PLSS) Township. Sections are nominally one mile by one mile in size, containing approximately 640 acres.
 - Tract A metes and bounds survey of an area at large within a township. In modern public land surveys, the term is used specifically to mean a parcel of land that lies in more than one section or that cannot be identified completely as a part of a particular section
 - Undivided Area An area that was never surveyed or where subdivisions are not shown.

Show the following PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA sections based on the status of the survey: Approved by BLM The area has an approved BLM/GLO plat certified

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PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

by the Surveyor General or delegate.

Not Approved by BLM	The area was privately surveyed and/or does not
	have an approved $\ensuremath{BLM}\xspace/\ensuremath{GLO}\xspace$ plat, but is accepted by
	land owners and courts.

Show the township, range, and area designators of PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREAS.

Delineation

The limit of a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is the extent of the first township division type, as defined by approved BLM/GLO plats, BLM approved plats of dependent resurveys by private surveyors, or other accepted survey plats.

Depiction Conditions

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA has an approved ${\tt BLM/GLO}$ plat and is no smaller than the first level subdivision of a township,

Or

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA does not have an approved BLM/GLO plat, but is accepted by land owners and courts, has a township and range system similar to the Rectangular System of Surveys, is no smaller than the first level subdivision of a township, and is outside of the present public lands but is within a Public Land State,

Or

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is a tract or donation land claim and has an approved BLM/GLO plat,

Or

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is designated as a "Lot" on the BLM plat, but is not wholly contained within a section, the survey area is not penetrated by rectangular survey lines, and the extent of the survey defines the limiting lines of a rectangular survey or is contiguous with a survey that defines the limiting lines of a rectangular survey,

Or

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is a protraction block that is designated by the BLM,

Then show.

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

The following are not Public Land States: Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA townships are normally approximately six miles on a side with limits conforming to meridians and parallels, located with reference to a point of origin that is the initial point of a principal meridian and base line or river base. Identify PLSS townships by township and range designators and SURVEY LINES. Township designators normally specify the row of the PLSS township and the direction of the row from the base line. Range designators normally specify the column of the PLSS township and the direction of the column from a Principal Meridian or River Base. Exceptions exist in the State of Ohio. The township and range designators are normally whole numbers; however, show the fractional designation of a row or column, when applicable.

Township designator directions are normally "N" or "S" (for "north" and "south") and range designation directions are usually "E" or "W" (for "east" and "west"). In Ohio, if the township or range direction is not indicated on the BLM plats, do not show the township and range designator directions.

Exceptions to the normal numbering scheme for township and range designators exist in Ohio in the Between the Miamis - North of Symmes Purchase and the Symmes Purchase, where the township designators are numbered east from the Great Miami River and the range designators are numbered north from the Ohio River.

There are instances of duplicate township and range designators for different PLSS townships based on the same point of origin. Such duplicate designations occur most commonly at State boundaries and both of the duplicate townships are identified according to their location relative to the base line or meridian. (For example, T 34 N - R 7 W south and north of the Ute Line on the Durango, CO 1:24,000-scale quadrangle.)

See appendix 5-B for for more information on township and range designators and a partial list of PLSS township duplicates.

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PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

The rectangular system called for sections to be one mile by one mile. Depending on the skill of the surveyor, the terrain, and other conditions, this may or may not have been achieved. However, by looking at the completed sections, the position of section numbers, isolated pieces of survey lines, and survey corners if present, the available information can usually be used to determine the general grid.

Range lines are sometimes offset when they cross township lines, which may create the impression that the regular grid cannot be approximated. However, often the regular grid can be assumed if this offset is taken into consideration.

Sections are usually numbered from 1 to 36, but can be numbered higher, and in some States may include alphabetic characters. Sections are normally numbered beginning in the northeast section of the township, proceeding west to section 6, then continuing with section number 7 in the westernmost section of the next row to the south, and proceeding east to section 12, and so on, to section 36 in the southeast section of the township. Exceptions to this numbering scheme exist in the State of Ohio.

Show areas for which section numbers can be determined as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA sections, even though they are not completely surrounded by SURVEY LINES. Show areas that have not been surveyed or have not been subdivided as a single PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA, without any further designation. This includes single PLSS townships that have township and range designators but are not subdivided, as well as areas that cover more than one PLSS township. Depict large water bodies or portions of a water bodies without section lines or section numbers as the appropriate hydrographic features and not as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREAS.

PLSS lines should be shown as originally surveyed. If the shoreline of a meandered water body has changed, do not extend the SURVEY LINES to the shoreline, or pull them back from the shoreline, where discrepancies exist.

PLSS lines may be missing because there was insufficient evidence on the ground to complete the grid, because the survey lines were interrupted by a water body that was segregated from the public domain, or because the area was not surveyed.

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is an unapproved survey within a LAND GRANT and both meet depiction conditions, show the PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA and the LAND GRANT.

The arpent land division was introduced by the French and continued by the Spanish. This long narrow parcel of land is common to land divisions along navigable streams of southern Louisiana, but it also extends along major waterways in other areas. The arpent unit of measure varied in size, although the French most frequently used the arpent of Paris, which was approximately 192 feet (about 58.5 meters). French arpent land divisions are typically 2 to 4 arpents wide along the river by 40 to 60 arpents deep, while the Spanish arpent land divisions were typically 6 to 8 arpents wide by 40 arpents deep. After the acquisition of the Louisiana Purchase, the American government used a similar land division that was a modification of the French system.

Depict arpent sections in Louisiana and French arpent land grants, which are similar in shape to arpent sections, as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM sections.

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is a donation land claim, lot, or tract that lies in more than one PLSS township and the complete area is shown on BLM plats as being part of each township by having a different identifier in each township, show township and range designators for the township that contains corner #1 (generally the southeast corner).

Donation land claims are located in Arizona, Florida, New Mexico, Oregon, and Washington.

Show areas of private surveys, or other surveys that are not approved by BLM as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREAS that are not approved by BLM, if the depiction conditions are met.

Since dependent resurveys (see section 6-4 of the <u>Manual of Surveying</u> <u>Instructions</u>, Bureau of Land Management, 1973) of the PLSS by private surveyors or by government agencies may be the best available evidence for PLSS portrayal, show them as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREAS that are approved by BLM.

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PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

Graphic

PLSS survey lines may be dropped on previously published maps because they were coincident with other features. If the feature they were coincident with is deleted, restore the SURVEY LINE as originally surveyed.

If PLSS land lines are broken at a tract boundary on the previously published map, but the tract does not meet depiction conditions, show the land lines as originally surveyed between the points where the section lines terminate.

If former reservations (such as old Indian, military, and lighthouse reservations) are symbolized on previously published maps with land grant or section line symbols and labeled, show their extent with SURVEY LINES where they form the limits of subdivisions of rectangular surveys. Do not show these lines if they do not form the limit of a subdivision of a rectangular survey.

If a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA is a donation land claim, lot, or tract that lies in more than one township, and corner #1 cannot be identified from the previously published map, show township and range designators for the township that contains the largest portion of the area.

Depict areas that are labeled with township and range designators on previously published maps that are not subdivided as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREAS because they are still considered part of the Rectangular System of Surveys. This includes areas that cover more than one township.

Depict French arpent land grants within the area of the Louisiana Purchase as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA sections, even though they are shown on previously published maps with the same symbol as land grants.

PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol*	Label**				
Donation Land Claim	524.2 label	Show area survey number				
Lot	N/A	N/L				
Military or Warrant Lot	N/A	N/L				
Protraction Block	524.2 label	Show "PB" and number				
Section, Approved by BLM	524.2 label	Show section number				
Section, Not Approved by BLM	524.2 label	Show section number				
Tract	524.2 label	Show area survey number				
Undivided Area	N/A	N/L				
 * See SURVEY LINE for symbol. ** See appendix 5-B for examples of township and range designators. See appendix 2-E in the <u>Standards for Revised Primary Series Quadrangle Maps</u> 						
for Ohio survey labels	and margin notes.					

SPECIAL SURVEY AREA

SPECIAL SURVEY AREA - An area of land within the original holdings secured by the Federal Government (within Public Land states), subdivided by surveys that involve unusual applications of, or departures from, the rectangular system. The subdivided surveys often carry out the provisions of a special legislative act.

Characteristics

Show the following SPECIAL SURVEY AREAS:

- Homestead Entry Survey An entry under the U.S. land laws for the purpose of acquiring title to a portion of the public domain under the Homestead Laws. A Homestead Entry Survey is a metes and bounds survey entered under the Act of June 11, 1906 as amended.
- Indian Allotment An allocation of a parcel of public lands or Indian Reservation lands to a Native American for his or her individual use.
- U.S. Survey A metes and bounds survey executed to comply with one of various regulations for entry of public lands in Alaska.

Show the parcel identifiers of subdivisions of SPECIAL SURVEY AREAS.

Delineation

The limit of a SPECIAL SURVEY AREA is the extent of the area as defined by approved BLM/GLO plats, or BLM approved plats of dependent resurveys by private surveyors.

Depiction Conditions

If a SPECIAL SURVEY AREA is a homestead entry survey, Indian allotment, or U.S. survey,

Then show.

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

The characteristics for SPECIAL SURVEY AREAS are indicated on $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BLM/GLO}}$ plats.

Depict Forest entry surveys as homestead entry surveys.

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SPECIAL SURVEY AREA

Show PLSS lines as originally surveyed. If the shoreline of a meandered water body has changed, do not extend the SURVEY LINES to the shoreline, or pull them back from the shoreline, where discrepancies exist.

Do not depict areas that are symbolized as land grants but do not have a name found in appendix 5-C as SPECIAL SURVEY AREAS. Depict these areas as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA tracts.

Graphic

SPECIAL SURVEY AREA parcel identifiers may not appear on previously published maps because there was not always room to label the parcels on the graphic. It is not necessary to add parcel identifiers that are missing on previously published maps.

Show SPECIAL SURVEY AREA parcel areas that are numbered on previously published maps, even if they are not completely surrounded by SURVEY LINES.

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol*	Label**			
Homestead Entry Survey	524.2 label	Show "HES" and number			
Indian Allotment	524.2 label	Show "INDIAN ALLOTMENT" and number			
U.S. Survey	524.2 label	Show "U S SURVEY" and number			
 * See SURVEY LINE for symbol. ** Do not show the parcel identifier if the area is less than the length of the parcel identifier + 0.04". 					

SURVEY CORNER

SURVEY CORNER - A survey location that was originally established for the purpose of referencing and/or defining the limits of a survey.

<u>Characteristics</u>

Show the following SURVEY CORNERS:

Section Subdivision

- Amended Monument A corner whose position no longer marks the true position for the corner, but which is connected by course and distance to the new corner.
- Angle Point A point of survey where the alignment or boundary deflects from a straight line. Any break in bearing on a survey can be considered an angle point.
- Location Monument A point established by a mineral survey in a district having no corners of the public survey. It is used as reference for one or more mineral surveys or for an isolated special survey. Includes U.S. Mineral Monuments and U.S. Location Monuments.
- Meander Corner A corner established where a township line, section line, or other survey intersects the bank of a navigable stream or other meanderable body of water.
- Section Corner A corner at the extremity of a PLSS section boundary.

Corner A corner at the extremity of a quarter-section boundary or a smaller subdivision of a section, not including the section corner.

Special Survey Corner An established location along the survey line of a land grant, tract, or other special survey area.

Unspecified Does not have to be known or specified for the

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SURVEY CORNER

feature to be shown.

Witness Corner A monumented point usually on a line of survey and within 10 chains (660 feet) of a corner, established only in situations where it is impracticable to occupy the site of a corner.

Witness Point A monumented station on a line of survey that is used to perpetuate an important location more or less remote from and without special relation to any regular corner.

Show the following section corner and section subdivision corner SURVEY CORNERS if their location has not been tied to their true ground position:

Weak Corners established by the USDA Forest Service that have been found but their location has not been tied to their true ground position.

Show the specific BLM designators for location monument and special survey corner SURVEY CORNERS. Location monument labels have "USLM" or "USMM" as part of the designator. If a special survey corner is a mile post that has a whole number value, show the whole number value as part of the designator label.

Delineation

The limit of a SURVEY CORNER is the location as marked by a monument or the theoretical position of an established survey location, based on the best available evidence. This evidence may include plat data, field notes, imagery, original map positions, and secondary information from other agencies. Physical evidence of the original monument must stand as the true SURVEY CORNER it was intended to represent and must be given controlling preference over recorded directions and lengths of lines.

Depiction Conditions

If a SURVEY CORNER marks or references a PLSS corner and the monument is one of the following:

pits and mounds with buried durable material such as charcoal, glass, etc., a scribed wooden stake or post,

a scribed set stone or mark on stone,

an iron post with a GLO or BLM inscribed cap,

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SURVEY CORNER

a marked tablet set in a concrete post or rock,

a corner location referenced by a bearing tree,

a scribed section corner tree,

Then show.

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

If a survey location defines the limits of more than one survey type (for instance, a PLSS-related survey versus an administrative boundary), show either a SURVEY CORNER or a BOUNDARY POINT, depending on the intended purpose for establishing the original monument.

Show PLSS half-mile posts in Alabama and Florida as section subdivision corners (quarter-section corners).

Amended monuments and witness corners are associated with section corners, section subdivision corners (quarter-section corners), or meander corners.

If a SURVEY CORNER has an established SPOT ELEVATION (Hypsography theme), show the SURVEY CORNER and the SPOT ELEVATION.

The hierarchy for symbolizing SURVEY CORNERS, BOUNDARY POINTS, and control stations which are coincident and/or near each other is as follows, from most important to least important:

Control Station BOUNDARY POINT SURVEY CORNER

If a SURVEY CORNER coincides with a horizontal control station, show the horizontal control station but do not show the SURVEY CORNER.

If a portion of a SURVEY CORNER coalesces with a horizontal control station, show the horizontal control station but do not show that portion of the SURVEY CORNER.

If a SURVEY CORNER coincides with a class 1, 2 or 3 ROAD or another linear feature, show the other feature but do not show the SURVEY CORNER.

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SURVEY CORNER

Do not depict fence corners, rock cairns, iron pipes, unmarked wooden stakes or posts, unmarked stones, or other indicated corners as SURVEY CORNERS.

Graphic

If a SURVEY CORNER is isolated on the previously published map, show the corner as an unspecified SURVEY CORNER.

If a found corner with the letters "CC" is shown on the previously published map, show the corner as a section corner.

Angle points are marked "AP" on the plats and on the monument label on previously published maps.

The USGS uses the terms "found" and "closing" to describe section corners. Found corners designate existent corners of the PLSS which have been recovered by field investigation and are shown with a red cross (symbol 523.5) or a red closing corner "T" (symbol 523.6) on previously published maps. Closing corners are found corners at the intersections of surveyed lines and previously established survey boundaries or boundaries of reservations, grants, claims, and other previously surveyed or segregated tracts of land. In addition, the USGS used to symbolize indicated section corners whose official marks or monuments could not be recovered or identified. These are shown in a lighter lineweight than found corners on previously published maps. It is not necessary to delete indicated section corner symbols unless there is a new feature in the same position or else the PLSS is revised, but they should not be shown as found corners.

SURVEY CORNER

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol	Label
Amended Monument	523.5 found	АМ
Angle Point	523.5 523.6 closing	AP
Location Monument	512.106	USSM or USLM and number
Meander Corner	523.7	MC
Section Corner	523.5 found 523.6 closing	N/L
Section Corner, Weak	523.20	N/L
Section Subdivision Corner	523.5 found 523.6 closing	N/L
Section Subdivision Corner, Weak	Weak closing corners shown with 523.6 and same lineweight as 523.20	N/L
Special Survey Corner	523.11	N/L
Witness Corner	523.7	WC
Witness Point	523.5 found	WP
Unspecified	N/A	N/L

SURVEY LINE

SURVEY LINE - The limiting line between Public-Land and/or Private subdivisions.

Characteristics

Show the following SURVEY LINES:

- Protracted Theoretically extended from or fit between established survey points pending actual ground survey.
- Surveyed Observations and measurements have been taken on the ground in order to establish monuments that mark the boundaries of an area. These surveys have field notes and plats that are approved and accepted by the delegated authority.
- Show the following surveyed SURVEY LINES based on their positional accuracy: Approximate Conditions permit the feature to be confidently positioned between 0.02" and 0.1" (40 feet and 200 feet at 1:24,000 scale) of its true ground position.
 - Definite Conditions permit the feature to be confidently positioned. Horizontal data are confidently positioned within 0.02" (40 feet at 1:24,000 scale), at map scale, of true ground position. Vertical data are confidently positioned within one-half contour interval of the true ground position.
 - Doubtful Conditions prevent the feature from being confidently positioned within 0.1" (200 feet at 1:24,000 scale), at map scale, of the true ground position. Doubtful SURVEY LINES are established by the USDA Forest Service.
 - Unspecified Does not have to be known or specified for the feature to be shown.

If a SURVEY LINE is associated with a SPECIAL SURVEY AREA, an unapproved PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA, or LAND GRANT, show the positional accuracy as

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SURVEY LINE

unspecified.

Show the names of SURVEY LINES if they are associated with the line itself and not with the survey area shown (for instance, Fulton Line Greenville Treaty Line). Otherwise, the name of the line does not apply and should not be shown.

Delineation

The limit of a SURVEY LINE is defined by the best available evidence for SURVEY CORNERS. The ground positions of the original monuments remain the true positions, even though directions and lengths of lines indicate positions different from the ground positions.

Depiction Conditions

If a SURVEY LINE is surveyed,

Or

If a SURVEY LINE is protracted, is approved by the proper BLM authority after 1993, and has a latitude and longitude table on the plat for position of interior corners,

Or

If a SURVEY LINE is protracted, is associated with a PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA, and the Origin of Survey is the Copper River Meridian, Fairbanks Meridian, Seward Meridian, Kateel River Meridian, or the Umiat Meridian,

Or

If a SURVEY LINE is protracted, is not in Alaska, and is provided by the USDA Forest Service,

Then show.

Source Interpretation Guidelines

All

Show PLSS lines as originally surveyed. If the shoreline of a meandered water body has changed, do not extend the SURVEY LINES to the shoreline, or pull them back from the shoreline, where discrepancies exist.

PLSS lines may be missing because there was insufficient evidence on the ground to complete the grid, because the survey lines were interrupted by a waterbody that was segregated from the public domain, or because the area was not surveyed.

For more information on how SURVEY LINE relates to other features in this

SURVEY LINE

theme, see LAND GRANT, PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA, and SPECIAL SURVEY AREA.

The arpent land division was introduced by the French and continued by the Spanish. This long narrow parcel of land is common to land divisions along navigable streams of southern Louisiana, but it also extends along major waterways in other areas. The arpent unit of measure varied in size, although the French most frequently used the arpent of Paris, which was approximately 192 feet (about 58.5 meters). French arpent land divisions are typically 2 to 4 arpents wide along the river by 40 to 60 arpents deep, while the Spanish arpent land divisions were typically 6 to 8 arpents wide by 40 arpents deep. After the acquisition of the Louisiana Purchase, the American government used a similar land division that was a modification of the French system.

The hierarchy for symbolizing SURVEY LINES that are coincident with other SURVEY LINES is according to the feature which is associated with the SURVEY LINE, as follows, from most important to least important:

LAND GRANT SPECIAL SURVEY AREA PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA

If a SURVEY LINE coincides with a SURVEY CORNER that is not unspecified, break the SURVEY LINE.

If a SURVEY LINE coincides with a horizontal control station, break the SURVEY LINE.

Graphic

PLSS lines may not have been shown on previously published maps because they were coincident with other features. If the feature they were coincident with is deleted, restore the SURVEY LINE as originally surveyed.

If former reservations (such as old Indian, military, and lighthouse reservations) are symbolized on previously published maps with land grant or section line symbols and labeled, show their extent with SURVEY LINES where they form the limits of subdivisions of rectangular surveys. Do not show these lines if they do not form the limit of a subdivision of a rectangular

SURVEY LINE

survey.

On maps published before 1940, rectangular survey subdivision lines are symbolized by black dotted lines.

On maps published between 1940 and 1948, rectangular survey subdivision lines are symbolized by black solid lines.

Depict French arpent land grants within the area of the Louisiana Purchase as PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM AREA sections, even though they are shown on previously published maps with the same symbol as land grants.

Symbolization

Characteristics	Symbol		Label*
Surveyed, Approximate	523.3	base line	BASE LINE
	523.3	principal	N/L; Show name and
		meridian	"PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN"
	523.3	range	$\rm N/L;$ Show "R", number, and
			"E" or "W"
	523.3	township	$\rm N/L;$ Show "T", number, and
			"N" or "S"
	523.4	section	N/L
Surveyed, Definite	523.1	base line	BASE LINE
	523.1	principal	N/L; Show name and
		meridian	"PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN"
	523.1	range	$\rm N/L;$ Show "R", number, and
			"E" or "W"
	523.1	township	$\rm N/L;$ Show "T", number, and
			"N" or "S"
	523.2	military or	N/L
		warrant lot	
	523.2	section	N/L
Surveyed, Doubtful	523.18	range	N/L; Show "R", number, and
			"E" or "W"
	523.18	township	$\rm N/L;$ Show "T", number, and
			"N" or "S"
	523.19	section	N/L

SURVEY LINE

Characteristics	Symbol		Label*			
Surveyed, Unspecified	523.10	donation	N/L			
		land claim				
	523.10	land grant	N/L; Label line "GRANT			
			BOUNDARY" if necessary for			
			clarity			
	523.10	homestead	N/L			
		entry				
		survey	N/L			
	523.10	Indian				
		allotment	N/L			
	523.10	tract	N/L			
	523.10	U.S. survey	$\rm N/L;$ Show "R", number, and			
	523.12	range, not	"E" or "W"			
		approved by	$\rm N/L;$ Show "T", number, and			
		BLM	"N" or "S"			
	523.12	township,	N/L			
		not				
		approved by				
		BLM				
	523.13	section,				
		not				
		approved by				
		BLM				
Protracted	523.16	base line	BASE LINE			
	523.16	principal	N/L; Show name and			
		meridian	"PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN"			
	523.16	range	$\rm N/L;$ Show "R", number, and			
			"E" or "W"			
	523.16	township	$\rm N/L;$ Show "T", number, and			
			"N" and "S"			
	523.17	section	N/L			
* See appropriate feature	e for inte	erior area lab	els.			
See appendix 5-B for ex	See appendix 5-B for examples of township and range designators.					
See appendix 2-E in the Standards for Revised Primary Series Quadrangle						
<u>Maps</u> for Ohio survey la	abels and	margin notes.				

> APPENDIX 5-A Origin of Survey

This appendix lists the names of the principal meridians of the United States. Valid principal meridian names are the "Origin of Survey" names that are of the type "PM". Origin of Survey names that are listed as "OH" (Ohio) are not principal meridian names.

Origin of Survey	Туре	State(s)	Date
First Principal Meridian	РМ	OH ¹ , IN	1819
Second Principal Meridian	PM	IL, IN	1805
Third Principal Meridian	PM	IL	1805
Fourth Principal Meridian	PM	IL	1815
Fifth Principal Meridian	PM	AR, IA, MN, MO, ND,	SD 1815
Sixth Principal Meridian	PM	CO, KS, NE, SD, WY	1855
Black Hills Meridian	PM	SD	1878
Boise Meridian	PM	ID	1867
Chickasaw Meridian	PM	MS	1833
Choctaw Meridian	PM	MS	1821
Cimarron Meridian	PM	OK	1881
Copper River Meridian	PM	AK	1905
Fairbanks Meridian	PM	AK	1910
Gila and Salt River Meridian	PM	AZ	1865
Humboldt Meridian	PM	CA	1853
Huntsville Meridian	PM	AL, MS	1807
Indian Meridian	PM	OK	1870
Louisiana Meridian	PM	LA	1807
Michigan Meridian	PM	MI, OH	1815
Principal Meridian	PM	МТ	1867
Mount Diablo Meridian	PM	CA, NV	1851
Navajo Meridian	PM	AZ	1869
New Mexico Principal Meridian	PM	CO, NM	1855
Saint Helena Meridian	PM	LA	1819
Saint Stephens Meridian	PM	AL, MS	1805
Salt Lake Meridian	PM	UT	1855
San Bernardino Meridian	PM	CA, AZ ²	1852
Seward Meridian	PM	AK	1911
Tallahassee Meridian	PM	FL, AL	1824
Uintah Meridian	PM	UT	1875

PM = Principal Meridian, OH = Bases in Ohio

¹ This area in Ohio is portrayed on maps by USGS as either the Congress Lands or the Congress Lands Based on the First Principal Meridian.

 $^2\,\rm Although$ the San Bernardino Meridian is for California, BLM records show some Arizona townships are referenced to it.

Origin of Survey	Туре	State(s)	Date
Ute Meridian	PM	CO	1880
Washington Meridian	PM	MS	1803
Willamette Meridian	PM	OR, WA	1851
Wind River Meridian	PM	WY	1875
Ohio River	OH	OH, IN	1785
Muskingum River	OH	OH	1800
Scioto River	OH	OH	1799
Twelve Mile Square Reserve	OH	OH	1805
Kateel River Meridian	PM	AK	1956
Umiat Meridian	PM	AK	1956
Extended Fourth Principal Meridian	PM	MN, WI	1831
Great Miami River	OH	OH	1798
Base Line of the United States	OH	ОН	1797
Military Survey			

PM = Principal Meridian, OH = Bases in Ohio

> APPENDIX 5-B Township and Range Designators

This appendix provides examples of township and range designators and contains a partial list of PLSS township duplicates.

This appendix is intended for reference only. There are other instances of duplicate townships that are not on the list.

Township designators are made up of the following characteristics:

<u>Characteristic</u>	
Township Number	Whole number, if applicable
	Or
	Fraction ($\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$), if applicable
Township Direction	North or south (N, S), if applicable*
Examples:	Township 23 North would be: T 23 N
	Township $4\frac{1}{2}$ South would be: T $4\frac{1}{2}$ S

Range designators are made up of the following characteristics:

<u>Characteristic</u>	
Range Number	Whole number, if applicable Or Fraction (¼, ½, ¾), if applicable
Range Direction	East or west (E, W), if applicable*
Examples:	Range 11 West would be: R 11 W
	Range $7\frac{1}{2}$ East would be: R $7\frac{1}{2}$ E

* Some township layouts, such as in Ohio and Indiana, number the tiers of townships or ranges from a line (such as the Ohio River). Such layouts do not have an initial point as an origin for both township and range numbering; townships are not identified as north or south of a point and ranges are not identified as east or west of a point.

The following is a partial list of PLSS township duplicates (see PUBLIC LAND SURVEY AREA for additional information):

	NG 11	-
State	Meridian	Township and Range
California/Nevada	Mt. Diablo Meridian	Township 1N, Ranges 31E - 32E
		Township 2N, Ranges 30E - 31E
		Township 3N, Ranges 29E - 30E
		Township 4N, Ranges 28E - 29E
		Township 5N, Ranges 26E - 28E
		Township 6N, Ranges 25E - 27E
		Township 7N, Ranges 24E - 26E
		Township 8N, Ranges 23E - 25E
		Township 9N, Ranges 22E - 24E
		Township 10N, Ranges 21E - 22E
		Township 1S, Ranges 32E - 33E
		Township 2S, Ranges 33E - 34E
		Township 3S, Ranges 34E - 35E
		Township 4S, Ranges 35E - 36E
		Township 5S, Ranges 37E - 38E
		Township 6S, Ranges 38E - 39E
		Township 7S, Ranges 39E - 40E
		Township 8S, Ranges 39E - 41E
		Township 9S, Ranges 40E - 42E
		Township 10S, Ranges 41E - 43E
		Township 11S, Ranges 42E - 44E
		Township 12S, Ranges 43E - 45E
		Township 13S, Ranges 45E - 46E
		Township 14S, Ranges 45E - 46E
		Township 15S, Range 46E
Colorado	New Mexico Principal Meridian	Township 34N, Ranges 3W - 15W
Colorado/Wyoming	6th Principal Meridian	Township 12N, Ranges 85W - 104W
North Dakota/	5th Principal Meridian	Township 128N, Ranges 47W - 49W
South Dakota	-	Township 129N, Ranges 49W - 55W
		Township 130N, Ranges 53W - 55W
Oregon	Willamette Meridian	Township 36S, Range 7E

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South Dakota	5th Principal Meridian	Township 118N, Range 52W
		Township 119N, Ranges 51W - 53W
		Township 120N, Ranges 51W - 53W
		Township 121N, Range 51W
		Township 122N, Ranges 50W - 51W
		Township 123N, Range 50W
		Township 124N, Ranges 50W and 54W
		Township 125N, Ranges 49W - 50W
		Township 126N, Ranges 48W - 49W
		Township 127N, Ranges 47W - 48W

> APPENDIX 5-C Named Land Grants

This appendix lists named land grants in alphabetical order by State. An asterisk (*) preceding the name indicates that either the land grant name is not in the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) data dictionary, or the use of the name is ambiguous. These land grant names do, however, appear on USGS maps and are stored in the Geographic Names Information System (GNIS).

This appendix is intended for reference purposes only. There may be other instances of valid land grant names that are not on the list.

ARIZONA

ARIBACA LOS NOGALES DE ELLAS LUIS MARIA BACA FLOAT #3 LUIS MARIA BACA FLOAT #5 MARIA SANTISIMA DEL CARMEN RANCHO DE MARTINEZ SABINO OTERO ET AL SAN BERNARDINO SAN IGNACIO DE LA CANOA SAN IGNACIO DEL BABOCOMARI SAN JOSE DE SONOITA SAN JUAN DE LAS BOQUILLAS Y NOGALES SAN RAFAEL DE LA ZANJA SAN RAFAEL DEL VALLE *SAN RAFAEL DEL VALLE (in Cochise County) TUMACACORI AND CALABAZAS

CALIFORNIA

100 VARA LOT AT SAN PEDRO ACALANES AGUA CALIENTE (in Alameda & Santa Clara Counties) AGUA CALIENTE (in Sonoma County) AGUA HEDIONDA *AGUA JITA AGUA PUERCA Y LAS TRANCAS AGUAJE DE LA CENTINELLA AGUAJIT AGUAS FRIAS APTOS *APTOS ARROYO CHICO ARROYO DE LA ALEMEDA ARROYO DE LA LAGUNA ARROYO DE LAS NUECES Y BOLBONES ARROYO DEL RODEO ARROYO GRANDE ARROYO SECO ARROYO SECO--TORRE ASUNCION ATASCADERO AUSAYMAS Y SAN FELIPE AZUSA--DALTON AZUSA--DUARTE BALLONA BLUCHER BOCA DE LA PLAYA

BOCA DE SANTA MONICA BODEGA BOGA BOLSA DE CHAMISAL BOLSA DE LAS ESCORPINAS BOLSA DE SAN CAYETANO BOLSA DE SAN FELIPE BOLSA DEL PAJARO BOLSA DEL POTRERO Y MORO COJO BOLSA NUEVA Y MORO COJO BOSQUEJO BUENA VISTA BUENA VISTA BURI BURI BUTANO CABEZA DE SANTA ROSA CAHUENGA CALLEGUAS CAMARITAS IN SAN FRANCISCO CAMPO DE LOS FRANCESES CANADA DE CAPAY CANADA DE GUADALUPE VISITACION Y RODEO VIEJO CANADA DE GUADALUPE Y RODEO VIEJO CANADA DE HERRERA CANADA DE JONIVE CANADA DE LA CARPENTERIA CANADA DE LA SEGUNDA CANADA DE LOS ALISOS

Standards for USGS & USDA Forest Service Single Edition Quadrangle Maps Part 5: Public Land Survey System Appendix 5-C: Named Land Grants CANADA DE LOS CAPITANCILLOS CORRAL DE TIERRA--MCCOBB CANADA DE LOS COCHES (inside EL CORRAL DE TIERRA--PALOMARES CAJON) CORRAL DE TIERRA--VASOUEZ CANADA DE LOS NOGALES CORTE DE MADERA DEL PRESIDIO CANADA DE LOS OSOS Y PECHO Y ISLAY CORTE MADERA DE NOVATO CANADA DE LOS PINOS OR COLLEGE RANCHO COSUMNES CANADA DE LOS VAQUEROS COTATE CANADA DE PALA CUCA OR EL POTRER CANADA DE POGOLIMI CUCAMONGA CANADA DE RAYMUNDO CUYAMA--CESARIO LATAILLADE CUYAMA--M A DE LA G Y LATAILLADE CANADA DE SALSIPUEDES CANADA DE SAN FELIPE Y LAS ANIMAS CUYAMACA CANADA DE SAN MIGUELITO DEL PASO CANADA DE SAN VICENTE Y MESA DEL EL ALISAL--BERNAL PADRE BARONA EL ALISAL--HARTNELL CANADA DE VERDE Y ARROYO DE LA EL CAJON PURISIMA EL CHAMISAL CANADA DEL CORRAL EL CHORRO CANADA DEL CORTE DE MADERA EL CONEJO EL CORTE DE MADERA CANADA DEL HAMBRE Y LOS BOLSAS CANADA DEL RINCON EN EL RIO SAN EL ENCINO LORENZO EL ESCORPIO CANADA LARGA O VERDE EL PESCADERO--GRIMES *CANAL RANCH EL PESCADERO--JACK CANON DE SANTA ANA EL PESCADERO--PICO AND NAGLEE CAPAY EL PIOJO CARNE HUMANA EL POTRERO DE SAN CARLOS CASLAMAYOMI EL POTRERO DE SANTA CLARA CASMALIA EL PRIMER CANON CASTAC EL RINCON CATACULA EL RINCON--ARELLANES CAYMUS EL SOBRANTE CHIMILES EL SOBRANTE DE SAN JACINTO CHOLAME EL SUR CHUALAR EL TEJON CIENEGA DE LOS PAICINES EL TORO CIENEGA DEL GABILAN EL TUCHO CIENEGA O PASO DE LA TIJERA EMBARCADERO DE SANTA CLARA *COCHIL DEHE RANCHERIA ENCINAL Y BUENA ESPERANZA COLLAYOMI ENTRE NAPA COLUSA ESOUON CORRAL DE PIEDRA ESTERO AMERICANO CORRAL DE QUATI EX-MISSION DE SAN FERNANDO

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Standards for USGS & USDA Forest Service Single Edition Quadrangle Maps Part 5: Public Land Survey System Appendix 5-C: Named Land Grants LLANO DE BUENA VISTA MALLACOMES Y PLAN DE AGUA CALIENTE LLANO DE SANTA ROSA MESA DE OJO DE AGUA LLANO DEL TEOUISOUITA MILPITAS LLANO SECO MILPITAS--ALVISO MIRAMONTES LOCOALLOMI LOMAS DE LA PURIFICACION MISSION CARMELOCHORRO LOMAS DE SANTIAGO MISSION DOLORES LOMERIAS MUERTAS MISSION DOLORES LOMPOC MISSION DOLORES 50 VARA LOT IN DE HARO LOS ALAMOS MISSION DOLORES SUERTE IN LOS ALAMOS Y AGUA CALEINTE MISSION DOLORES--BERNAL LOS ALIMITOS MISSION LA PURISMA LOS ANGELES CITY LANDS OF MISSION LA PURISMA (in Santa Barbara LOS CAPITANCILLOS County) LOS CARNEROS--LITTLEJOHN *MISSION LANDS (in San Luis Obispo County) MISSION OF SANTA YNEZ LOS CARNEROS--MCDOUGAL LOS CERRITOS MISSION SAN ANTONIO LOS COCHES (in Monterey County) MISSION SAN BUENAVENTURA LOS COCHES (in Santa Clara County) MISSION SAN DIEGO *MISSION SAN DIEGO DE ACALA LOS CORRALITOS LOS COYOTES MISSION SAN FERNANDO LOS DOS PUEBLOS MISSION SAN GABRIEL LOS ENCENITOS MISSION SAN JOSE LOS FELIS MISSION SAN JUAN BAUTISTA LOS GATOS OR SANTA RITA MISSION SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO 5 TR AT LOS GUILICOS MISSION SAN MIGUEL LOS HUECOS *MISSION SAN RAFAEL LOS LAURELLES--BERONDA MISSION SANTA BARBARA MISSION SOLEDAD LOS LAURELLES--RANSOM LOS MEDANOS MISSION VIEJO OR LA PAZ LOS MEGANOS MOLINOS LOS NOGALES MONSERATE MONTE DEL DIABLO LOS OJITOS LOS PALOS VERDES MONTEREY CITY LOS PENASQUITOS MONTEREY COUNTY--CASTRO LOS PRIETOS Y NAJALAYEGUA MONTEREY COUNTY--COCKS LOS PUTOS MORO Y CAYUCOS LOS TULARCITOS--GOMEZ MUNIZ LOS ULPINOS MUSCUPIABE LOS VALLECITOS DE SAN MARCOS NACIONAL LOS VERGELES NAPA *NAVAJO LOT MISSION SAN BUENAVENTURA MALLACOMES OR MORISTUL NEW HELVETIA

Part 5: Public Land Survey System Appendix 5-C: Named Land Grants NICASIO LANDS *POTRERO LOS PINOS NIGUEL POTRERO Y RINCON DE SAN PADRO DE REGLADO NIPOMO POTREROS SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO NOCHE BUENA PROSPERO TRACT PROVIDENCIA NOJOOUI NOVATO *PUEBLO LANDS OF SAN DIEGO PUEBLO LANDS OF SAN FRANCISCO NUESTRA SENORA DEL REFUGIO OJAI PUEBLO LANDS OF SAN JOSE OJO DE AGUA DE FIGUEROA S F PUEBLO LANDS OF SANTA BARBARA OJO DE AGUA DE LA COCHE PUEBLO LANDS OF SONOMA PUEBLO LOT NO 6 OLOMPALI OMOCHUMNES PULGAS PUNTA DE LA CONCEPCION ONE SUERTE PUNTA DE LA LAGUNA ORESTIMBA OTAY--DOMINGUEZ PUNTA DE LOS REYES--RANDALL OTAY--ESTUDILLO PUNTA DE LOS REYES--SOBRANTE PALA PUNTA DE PINOS PANOCHE DE SAN JUAN Y LOS PUNTA DE QUENTIN CARRISALITOS PUNTA DEL ANO NUEVO PARAJE DE SANCHEZ QUITO PASO DE BARTOLO--GUIRADO RANCHERIA DEL RIO ESTANISLAO PASO DE BARTOLO--MCFARLAND & DOWNEY RANCHITA DE SANTA FE PASO DE BARTOLO--PICO RANCHO AGUAS NIEVES PASO DE BARTOLO--SEPULVEDA RANCHO DE FARWELL PASO DE ROBLES RANCHO DEL PUERTO PASTORIA DE LAS BORREGAS REAL DE LAS AGUILAS PAUBA REFUGIO PAUMA RESSIGHINI *PESCADERO RINCON DE LA BREA PETALUMA RINCON DE LA PUENTE DEL MONTE PIEDRA BLANCA RINCON DE LAS SALINAS RINCON DE LAS SALINAS Y POTRERO VIEJO PINOLE PISMO RINCON DE LOS BUEYES PLEYTO RINCON DE LOS CARNEROS PORTRERO CHICO RINCON DE LOS ESTEROS--ALVISO PORTRERO GRANDE RINCON DE LOS ESTEROS--BERREYESA POSA DE LOS OSITOS RINCON DE LOS ESTEROS--WHITE POSOLMI RINCON DE MUSALACON POTRERO DE FELIPE LUGO RINCON DE SAN FRANCISOUITO *POTRERO DE LA CIENEGA RINCON DE SANJON POTRERO DE LOS CERRITOS RINCON DEL DIABLO POTRERO DE SAN LUIS OBISPO RINCONADA DE LOS GATOS *POTRERO EL CARISO RINCONADA DEL ARROYO DE SAN FRANCISQUITO

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Standards for USGS & USDA Forest Service Single Edition Quadrangle Maps Part 5: Public Land Survey System Appendix 5-C: Named Land Grants RIO DE LOS AMERICANOS SAN GABRIEL TR NR--WHITE RIO DE LOS MOLINOS SAN GERONIMO (in Marin County) RIO DE LOS PUTOS SAN GERONIMO (in San Luis Obispo County) RIO DE SANTA CLARA SAN GREGORIO--CASTRO RIO JESUS MARIA SAN GREGORIO--RODRIGUEZ SAN JACINTO VIEJO ROBLAR DE LA MISERIA S F SOLAND IN SONOMA MISSION SAN JACINTO & SAN GORGONIO TRACT BETWEEN SALSIPUEDES SAN JACINTO NUEVO Y POTRERO SAN ANDRES SAN JOAQUIN (in Orange County) SAN ANTONIO OR PESCADERO SAN JOAQUIN (in San Benito County) SAN ANTONIO OR RODEO DE LAS AGUAS SAN JOSE ADDITION TO SAN ANTONIO--A M PERALTA SAN JOSE DE BUENOS AYRES SAN ANTONIO--LUGO SAN JOSE DEL VALLE SAN JOSE Y SUR CHIOUITO SAN ANTONIO--MESA SAN ANTONIO--V & D PERALTA SAN JOSE--DALTON ET AL SAN ANTONIO--Y PERALTA SAN JOSE--PACHECO SAN AUGUSTIN SAN JUAN SAN BENITO SAN JUAN BAUTISTA SAN BERNABE SAN JUAN BAUTISTA TR NR SAN BERNARDINO SAN JUAN BAUTISTA--BREEN *SAN BERNARDINO SAN JUAN CAJON DE SANTA ANA SAN BERNARDO--CANE SAN JULIAN SAN BERNARDO--SNOOK SAN JUSTO SAN BERNARDO--SOBERANES SAN LEANDRO SAN BUENA VENTURA SAN LORENZO--CASTRO SAN CARLOS DE JONATA SAN LORENZO--RANDALL SAN DIEGO ISLAND OR PENINSULA SAN LORENZO--SANCHEZ SAN DIEGO PUEBLO LANDS OF SAN LORENZO--SOBERANES SAN DIEGUITO SAN LORENZO--SOTO SAN EMIDIO SAN LUCAS SAN FRANCISCO SAN LUIS GONZAGA SAN FRANCISCO SAN LUIS OBISPO MISSION SAN FRANCISCO DE LAS LLAGAS SAN LUISITO SAN FRANCISCO--DALTON SAN MARCOS SAN FRANCISQUITO SAN MATEO SAN FRANCISOUITO--RODRIGUEZ SAN MIGUEL--NOE SAN GABRIEL TR NR--AGUILAR SAN MIGUEL--OLIVAS & LORENZANA SAN GABRIEL TR NR--COURTNEY SAN MIGUEL--WEST SAN MIGUELITO (in Monterey County) SAN GABRIEL TR NR--DOMINGO SAN GABRIEL TR NR--LEDESMA SAN MIGUELITO (in San Luis Obispo County) SAN GABRIEL TR NR--SALES SAN PABLO SAN GABRIEL TR NR--SEXTON SAN PASCUAL--GARFIAS SAN GABRIEL TR NR--SIMEON SAN PASCUAL--WILSON

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VALLE DE PAMO OR SANTA MARIA	YAJOME
VALLE DE SAN FELIPA	YERBA BUENA
VALLE DE SAN JOSEPORTILLA	YOKAYA
VALLE DE SAN JOSESUNOL & BERNAL	YOSEMITE & BIG TREE GRANTS
VALLEY O TEMECULA	ZANJONES
VEGA DEL RIO DEL PAJARO	ZAYANTA

COLORADO

BEAUBIEN AND MIRANDA	SANGRE DE CRI. ²
DURANGO RESRV	SANGRE DE CRISTO ²
LUIS MARIA B. ¹	TIERRA AMARILLA
LUIS MARIA BACA NO. 4 ¹	VIGIL AND SAINT VRAIN
MONTROSE RES	VIGIL AND SAINT VRAIN NO. 6
NOLAN GRANT	ZAPATO

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ These are probably the same grant but entered in the land records with two different representations.

 $^{\rm 2}$ These are probably the same grant but entered in the land records with two different representations.

FLORIDA

AMBROSE HULL ANTELM GAY ARREDONDO GRANT BERNARDO SEGUI C E MCHARDY CHARLES SIBBOLD DELESPINE GRANT DOMINGO ACOSTA FLEMING GRANT FORBES PURCHASE GEORGE F CLARK GERONIMO ALVAREZ H M GOMEZ HANSON JANE MURRAY JOHN BOLTON JOHN H MCINTOSH JOHN LOW JOSEPH GAUNT JOSEPH WALES LUCAS CRAYON MOSES E LEVY PABLO ROSETTE PETER FOUCHARD SAMUEL BETTS WILLIAM GARVIN

NEW MEXICO

*ACOMA PURCHASE AGUA NEGRA AGUA SALADA ALAMEDA ALAMITOS ALEXANDER VALLEY ANGOSTURA ANTOINE LEROUX ANTON CHICO ANTONIO ARMENTA ANTONIO CHAVEZ ANTONIO DE ABEYTA ANTONIO GUTTIEREZ AND JOAQUIN SEDILLO ANTONIO MARTINEZ ANTONIO ORTIZ ANTONIO SALAZAR ANTONIO SEDILLO ARROYO HONDO ARROYO SECO BACA LOCATION NUMBER ONE BACA LOCATION NUMBER TWO BACA Y PINO BALTHAZAR BACA BARTOLOME FERNANDEZ BARTOLOME SANCHEZ *BEAUBIEN & MIRANDA--MAXWELL BELEN BENJAMIN EDWARDS BERNABE MONTANO BERNALLILO BISHOP JOHN LAMY BLACK MESA BOSQUE DEL APACHE BRAZITO CAJA DEL RIO CANADA DE COCHITI CANADA DE LOS ALAMOS CANON DE CARNUE CANON DE CHAMA CANON DE SAN DIEGO CANON DEL AGUA

CASA COLORADA CEBOLLA CEBOLLETA CHILILI CIENEGUILLA CRISTOVAL DE LA SERNA CUBERO CUYAMUNGUE PUEBLO DABOLOS DONA ANA BEND COLONY *EL RANCHITO GRANT *EL RITO ELENA GALLEGOS ESTANCIA FELIPE TAFOYA FERNANDO DE TAOS FRANCISCO MONTES VIGIL GALISTEO GASPAR ORTIZ GIJOSA GOTERA IGNACIO CHAVEZ IGNACIO SANCHEZ VERGASA JACONA JOAQUIN MESTAS JOHN SCOLLY JOSE F BACA Y TERRUS JOSE MANUEL SANCHEZ BACA JOSE PEREA JOSE SUTTON JOSE TRUJILLO JUAN BATISTA VALDEZ JUAN DE GABALDON JUAN DE MESTAS JUAN JOSE LOBATO *JUAN OTERO GRANT LA MAJADA LA SALINA LAGUNA PUEBLO *LAS TRAMPAS GRANT LAS TRUCHAS

LAS VEGAS LO DE PADILLA LOS CERRILLOS LOS FRIJOLES LOS TRIGOS LUIS ARMENTA M AND S MONTOYA MANZANO MARQUEZ AND PADILLA MAXWELL MESILLA CIVIL COLONY MESITA DE JUANA LOPEZ MORA NERIO ANTONIO MONTOYA NICOLAS DURAN DE CHAVEZ NOLAN NUESTRA SENORA DE LA LUZ DE LAS LAGUNITAS NUESTRA SENORA DEL ROSARIO SAN FERNANDO OJO CALIENTE OJO DE LA CABRA OJO DE SAN JOSE OJO DEL BORREGO OJO DEL ESPIRITU SANTO ORTIZ MINE PABLO MONTOYA PACHECO PAGUATE PURCHASE PAJARITO PECOS PUEBLO PEDRO ARMENDARIS PENA BLANCA PETACA PIEDRE LUMBRE PLAZA BLANCA PLAZA COLORADA POLVADERA PRESTON BECK PUEBLO OF ACOMA PUEBLO OF COCHITI PUEBLO OF ISLETA PUEBLO OF JEMEZ

PUEBLO OF NAMBE PUEBLO OF PICURIS PUEBLO OF POJOAOUE PUEBLO OF SAN FELIPE PUEBLO OF SAN ILDEFONSO PUEBLO OF SAN JUAN PUEBLO OF SANDIA PUEBLO OF SANTA ANA PUEBLO OF SANTA ANA PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA PUEBLO OF SANTO DOMINGO PUEBLO OF TAOS PUEBLO OF TESUQUE PUEBLO OF ZIA PUEBLO OF ZUNI PUEBLOS OF SANTO DOMINGO AND SAN FELIPE RAMON VIGIL RANCHO DEL RIO GRANDE RANCHO EL RIJO REFUGIO COLONY RIO COLORADO RIO DE TESUOUE RITO DE LOS ROGUE LOVATO SALVADOR GONZALES SAN ANTONIO DE LAS HUERTAS SAN ANTONIO DEL RIO COLORADO SAN CLEMENTE SAN CRISTOVAL SAN JOAOUIN DEL NACIEMENTO SAN MARCOS PUEBLO SAN MATEO SPRINGS SAN MIGUEL DEL BADO SAN PEDRO SAN YSIDRO SANGRE DE CRISTO SANTA ANA SANTA BARBARA SANTA CLARA PUEBLO SANTA CRUZ SANTA ROSA DE CUBERO SANTA TERESA SANTE FE

SANTIAGO RAMIREZ SANTO DOMINGO DE CUNDIYO SANTO TOMAS DE YTURBIDE SEBASTIAN DE VARGAS SEBASTIAN MARTIN SERAFIN RAMIREZ SEVILLETA *SHO 1235 *SHO 1898 SIERRA MOSCA SITIO DE JUANA LOPEZ SITIO DE LOS CERRILLOS SOCORRO TAJIQUE TALAYA HILL TECOLOTE

TEJON TIERRA AMARILLA TOME TORREON TOWN OF ABIQUI TOWN OF ALAMEDA TOWN OF ALBUQUERQUE TOWN OF ALBUQUERQUE TOWN OF ATRISCO TOWN OF ATRISCO TOWN OF CHIMITA TOWN OF LAS TRAMPAS TOWN OF TECOLATE TOWN OF TEJON UNA DE GATO VALLECITO ZIA SANTA ANA AND JEMEZ