

UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION AND HUMANITARIAN RELIEF

November 18, 2003 Weekly Update #8, Fiscal Year (FY) 2004

This fact sheet highlights overall accomplishments and some weekly activities from USAID's reconstruction efforts in Iraq. For more information on USAID's programs in Iraq please see: www.usaid.gov/iraq

USAID assists the people of Iraq to reconstruct their country by working within the Coalition Provisional Authority (CPA). USAID programs are implemented in coordination with the United Nations, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and private sector partners. The USAID Mission in Iraq carries out programs in education, health care, food security, infrastructure reconstruction, economic growth, community development initiatives, local governance, and transition initiatives.

Program Descriptions and Updates

1. Restore Essential Infrastructure

Electricity -- objectives include: the emergency repair or rehabilitation of power generation facilities and electrical grids. A team of engineers from the Iraqi Electric Commission, USAID, Bechtel, and the Corps of Engineers has been working since May to restore capacity to Iraq's power system, which had been looted and was dilapidated from decades of neglect and mismanagement.

Accomplishments to date:

- Power capacity in Iraq on October 6 peaked at 4,518 MW, surpassing the pre-war level of 4,400 MW.
- Necessary long-term repairs and scheduled maintenance are being made at generating plants throughout the country to build a sustainable power grid.
- Electricity crews are repairing thermal and gas turbine units an essential piece for stable power generation as they increase efficiency, prevent failures, and increase outputs.
- Ministry of Electricity and USAID partners crews have:
 - Helped the Corps of Engineers put engineers back to work on the boilers at the Doura Power Plant in Baghdad.
 - Provided technical personnel at key power stations to assist the Commission of Electricity.
 - o Installed a new turbine bearing at unit 3 of the Bayji Plant.



Bechtel assessment team inspects power infrastructure in northern Iraq. (Photo: Bechtel National, Inc.)

Highlights this week:

- Daily peak production has averaged 3,840 MW in November.
- For the renovation of Doura units 5 and 6, USAID partner Bechtel negotiated a contract with Siemens to disassemble and inspect turbines and supply outage materials. Disassembly began last week.
- Rehabilitation of Doura units 5 and 6 is well underway. The building is being cleaned, asbestos is being removed, and lights in the turbine building are being replaced.
- As a result of downed lines, several generating plant units shut down. Most have been restored, including Mussayib units 1 and 4, Bayji thermal units 1 and 4, and several units at Old Mullah Abdullah and New Mullah Abdullah.
- The Ministry of Electricity approved a final schedule for the autumn maintenance plan, which will roll plant units offline for upkeep and improvements through spring.
- Planning for Bayji's scheduled maintenance outage is complete, and the first unit will be turned off on December 1. The plant's five units will be turned off one at a time, and the process is scheduled to be completed in June.

Airports -- objectives include: providing reconstruction material and personnel for the timely repair of damaged airport facilities; the rehabilitation of airport terminals; the creation of systems to permit humanitarian, international commercial and passenger flights and reconstruction material and personnel;

and preparation for the eventual handover of airport operations to the Iraqi Airport Commission Authority.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Approximately 60 non-military flights per day arrive and depart smoothly at Baghdad International Airport.
- Completed emergency infrastructure work at Baghdad International Airport for civil air operations. Work included the repair of Terminal C and administration offices, installation of three of the four "Rapidscan" X ray machines in Terminal C, and installation of VSAT communications systems and 6.5 megawatt power generators.
- Iraqi customs commenced operations in the Baghdad arrivals hall as of October 21, 2003.



Baghdad, Iraq, October 2003 - The Baghdad International Airport has been refurbished and repaired as part of a \$17.5 million contract from USAID to SkyLink to rebuild Iraqi airports in Baghdad, Basr and Mosul (Photo: Thomas Hartwell)

- Al Basrah International Airport is nearly ready for commercial operations to begin. Completed projects include runway, taxiway, and apron striping, installing two baggage x-ray units, rehabilitating toilets, passenger lounges, signs, and baggage carts, and installing VSAT satellite communications.
- Evaluation of reconstruction requirements at Mosul Airport are complete.

Highlights this week:

- Bechtel's rehabilitation work at Baghdad International Airport's Terminal C will be completed by November 22. Skylink will manage the operation of the terminal until the Iraqi airport authority takes over the responsibility. The terminal has been open and processing flights since October.
- Work on the rehabilitation of the airport fire house building is now 75 percent complete.

Bridges, Roads, and Railroads -- objectives include: the rehabilitation and repair of damaged transportation systems focusing on the most economically critical networks.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Demolition of irreparable sections of three key bridges (Khazir, Tikrit and Al Mat) completed in preparation for reconstruction. These bridges link Baghdad to major cities in the North as well as neighboring countries.
 - o Al Mat Bridge: A key link on Highway 10, which carries over 3,000 trucks daily on the main route between Baghdad and Jordan.
 - Completed construction of a 1.5-kilometer, four-lane bypass for the damaged bridge—an essential bypass to transport humanitarian goods.
 - o Khazir Bridge: Critical to the flow of fuel and agricultural products to the Northern Region.
 - Tikrit Bridge: An important link for passengers and commerce over the Tigris River between Tikrit and Tuz Khurmatu.
- Repairs on a floating bridge on the Tigris River in Al Kut are complete, improving traffic for approximately 50,000 travelers a day.
- Work on railways is an integrated US-Iraqi effort; Iraqi Railway Administration contributes equipment and labor while USAID contributes project management, material and parts.
- Repairing 72 km of track from Umm Qasr to Shuiaba Junction, near Basrah to ensure that grain shipments from the seaport to mills are not jeopardized due to faulty track.
- Completed explosive ordinance disposal (EOD) of the rail line project near Shuiaba Junction (Basrah governorate).

Seaport -- objectives include: port administration, hiring of port pilots to guide ships up the channel, coordinating onward transport from the seaport, and facilitating cargo-handling services such as warehousing, shipment tracking, and storage.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Reopened to commercial traffic June 17; first passenger vessel test completed July 16.
- The first bulk cargo grain ship to arrive at Umm Qasr, finished unloading 52,000 tons of grain on November 14. The newly refurbished grain-receiving facility moved the grain from the ship to dockside silos without major problems in 14 days.
- Umm Qasr port resumed normal port operations. In October, 27 ships entered the port and were processed by the Port Authority, 84,844 metric tons of food was unloaded from World Food Program ships (rice and sugar), 1800 containers were unloaded onto the port, 18 cargo ships were received, and 46.5 metric tons of goods were unloaded from smaller vessels.
- Emergency wreck removal and dredging operations are completed, allowing for all 21 berths to be available for deep-draft ships. Two Iraqi dredgers will maintain the harbor.
- Completed renovation of grain-receiving facility, which can process up to 600 metric tons of grain an hour.
- Port tariffs were applied on June 20, opening the way towards financial sustainability for port operations.
- Generators have been installed, energizing all three 11-kV ring mains and restoring power to most parts of the port.
- Work is complete on security fencing at the old and new ports and grain facility.
- Containers and other types of cargoes are arriving.

Telecommunications -- objectives include: linking 21 cities by fiber optic cable and preparing 1.2 million wired lines to be operational; repairing the nation's fiber optic network from north of Mosul, through

Baghdad and Nasiriyah to Umm Qasr by November 2003; and repairing the 2,000 km cable to connect 20 cities to Baghdad.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Purchased tools, equipment, and parts to enable Iraqi engineers to restore parts of the network.
- Audited 400 km of the fiber optic backbone, confirming that only two of twelve fibers are active.
- Replacing 12 transportable exchange switches to connect 240,000 subscriber lines in Baghdad.
- The international satellite gateway system at Al Mamoun is ready for service and integrated with the Al Mamoun switches.
- Training of Iraqi engineers on the new equipment has commenced.



The Al-Mamoun Telephone Exchange where repair work will restore telephone services to approximately 30,000 subscribers. (Photo: Thomas Hartwell)

2. Support Essential Health and Education

Health -- objectives include: supporting a reformed Iraqi Ministry of Health; delivering essential health services; funding medicines and supplemental nutrients; establishing a rapid referral and response system for the most serious cases; providing medical equipment and supplies; training and recruiting health staff; providing health education and information; and determining the specific needs of the health sector and of vulnerable populations such as women and children.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Over 30 million doses of vaccines have been procured and distributed by the Ministry of Health (MOH) since July, which was supported by USAID and UNICEF.
- An estimated 3 million out of a total of 4.3 million Iraqi children under the age of 5 have been vaccinated.
- 20 delivery rooms in hospitals and primary health care centers have been rehabilitated serving 300,000 residents in Basrah.
- More than 100,000 pregnant, nursing mothers and malnourished children under 5 years have received 2.5 kg of high protein biscuit supplementary food rations.
- In An Najaf and Karbala', emergency health programs supporting 18 Primary Health Centers have been completed with over 92 midwives and 247 health promoters trained.

Highlights this week:

 Rehabilitation is underway on 46 primary care health clinics, and seven clinics are complete. Work is progressing on 19 clinics in Baghdad, one in Arbil, 17 in Al Basrah, and nine in An Nasiriyah.



An Iraqi woman and child receive drugs from a pharmacy at a primary health care center in the Al-Kargh district of Baghdad, Iraq. (Photo by Thomas Hartwell)

Four of the finished clinics are in Mosul, two are in Arbil, and one is in Kirkuk. A total of 65 clinics are scheduled to be rehabilitated by Bechtel.

- To date, 1,610 people in eight villages in Maysan Governorate have become educators on safe water practices. The initiative trained new health educators, support staff, and 21 community educators during 36 training sessions. The ongoing training is part of a larger project to educate the rural population on healthy water and sanitation and provide them with safe water and sanitation facilities, an initiative implemented by USAID partner International Medical Corps.
- Rehabilitation of the water and sewage systems at four Baghdad hospitals--Al Iksan, New Baghdad, Al Mustansiriyah, and Al Wasity--is now complete. Work is ongoing at six additional Baghdad hospitals. When the project is complete, the 10 hospitals' existing systems will have been repaired and updated. Each hospital will have a new elevated storage tank large enough to ensure a three-day supply of water for patients. The initiative is being implemented by USAID partner International Medical Corps.

Education -- objectives include: increasing enrollment and improving the quality of primary and secondary education, ensuring that classrooms have sufficient materials, facilitating community involvement, training teachers, implementing accelerated learning programs, and establishing partnerships between U.S. and Iraqi colleges and universities.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Schools throughout Iraq successfully reopened the first week in October. There are approximately 5.1 million enrolled school children in Iraq (3.6 million primary and 1.5 million secondary). After the conflict, attendance of the enrolled students had dropped to 60%. It has now surpassed pre-conflict levels.
- Rehabilitated more than 1,774 schools.
- Awarded 239 grants worth \$3.6 million to rehabilitate schools and education Directorate General offices across the country.
- Edited 48 math and science textbooks grades 1-12; 5.6 million books have been printed.
- Delivered to date:
 - o To secondary schools: 99.7% of 1.5 million secondary student kits. 94% of 28,964 student desks, 65% of 4,941 teacher desks, 88% of 13,987 teacher chairs, 56% of 5,083 metal cabinets and 100% of 58,000 chalkboards.



A teacher makes a point during class at the Agadir Secondary Girl's school in the Saydiya neighborhood of Baghdad. Several rooms of the school were looted during the war. USAID is looking at refurbishing the school. (Photo by Thomas Hartwell.)

- o To primary schools: 50% of the 808,000 primary student kits; and 50% of the 81,735 primary teacher kits
- o 78.8% of the 5.6 million revised text books have been delivered, textbooks are currently being distributed to 13,000 schools.
- For the accelerated learning program, surveyed 4000 school students from grades 1-8 and successfully registered 536 students (269 girls and 267 boys) for 650 slots in 5 pilot programs to be implemented in Baghdad, Nasiriyah, Diwaniyah, Karbala' and Arbil.
- Trained 258 Master Trainers in Baghdad while concurrently developing a country wide teacher and administration staff training program.
- Certified 195 teachers and administrators as master trainers on November 16 in Baghdad, providing teachers and administrators with skills that will create greater participation and critical thinking in students. It also provides teachers with improved ways to teach and develop lesson plans.
- Supporting capacity building at the Ministry level in the areas of Education Management Information Systems, administration and finance, teacher training and resource mobilization.

• Four grants, worth over \$16 million, have been awarded to U.S. universities in partnership with Iraqi institutions in cultural heritage, environmental and agricultural research extension programs, water and sanitation education, and legal education reform.

Highlights this week:

- Better public health, primary education, and civic action are being brought together in a partnership between U.S. and Iraqi universities. The University of Mosul and the Mississippi Consortium for International Development, a U.S. university consortium, will partner to reduce child illness and improve public health and sanitation through teacher training, civic development, and NGO strengthening. The Mississippi Consortium is led by Jackson State University and includes Alcorn State University, Mississippi Valley State University, and Tougaloo College. The \$4.9 million grant to the consortium is part of the USAID financed University Partnerships program.
- Two hundred Baghdad teachers and administrators opened a program on November 8, a component of USAID's assistance to the Ministry of Education, in which they will extend new teaching methods to their professional colleagues. The teaching methods concentrate on student-centered learning and improved teaching techniques. The trainings will be conducted nationwide.
- Every Baghdad public school will be eligible to receive a \$750 grant to improve its learning environment under a new Coalition Provisional Authority program.
 - Local school offices and parent organizations can use their grant to paint buildings, repair sanitation and electrical systems, or purchase school books or furniture. The grants application requires a school administrator, two teachers, and a minimum of four parents (representing the community) to select appropriate projects.

Water and Sanitation -- objectives include: rehabilitating and repairing essential water infrastructure to provide potable water and sanitation to communities and improve irrigation.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Immediately after the war, USAID repaired over 1,700 critical breaks in Baghdad's water network, significantly increasing Baghdad's water flow.
- At Baghdad's Saba Nissan water plant, repairs and new machinery will add 225,000 cubic meters (40% increase in water supply to eastern Baghdad) a day to the water supply by May 2004, benefiting 640,000 Baghdad residents.
- Completed 98% of the ongoing restoration at the Safwan water pumping station, on schedule to be completed in early November and will benefit 40,000 people.
- Began rehabilitating the Sweet Water Canal that provides drinking water to 1.3 million residents of Basrah City. It is currently running at less than half capacity.
 - Project will renovate the entire system including the canal, reservoirs, and water treatment plants, restoring operation to full capacity and significantly improving water pressure and flow to Al Basrah.
- All of Baghdad's sewage treatment plants will be repaired and running at full capacity by October 2004, serving 3.8 million residents.
- Repairing the Diwaniyah and Karbala' sewage treatment plants, which are currently discharging untreated waste into the Euphrates River, to serve 200,000 residents.
- Rehabilitating An Najaf and Al Hillah sewage treatment plants to serve 194,000 residents.

3. Expand Economic Opportunity

Economic Growth -- objectives include: currency conversion and monetary data, state-owned enterprises, small businesses credits, commercial legislation, a national employment program, a bank-to-bank payment

system, a financial management information system, tax policy and administration, budget planning, insurance, and electricity reform.

Accomplishments to Date:

- The Central Bank program to exchange new dinars for old began on October 15, 2003 and will be completed by January 2004. This will unify and strengthen Iraq's currency, a critical component for sustained economic growth.
 - o Monetary authorities now influence the exchange by conducting a daily auction in which banks exchange Iraqi dinars for U.S. dollars.
 - o Currently, 2.5 trillion new Iraqi dinars--57 percent of the goal of 4.36 trillion--are in circulation. Four trillion new dinars--92 percent of the total--have been received in country.
- Assisted the Central Bank to procure and manage a bank-to-bank payment system that allows banks to conduct transactions and other business. Eighty bank branches were part of the system as of late October. Basic training has been provided to bank staff.
- Assisting CPA in managing a micro-lending program that is expected to continue to expand through late 2003 and beyond.
- Providing a consultant to CPA to assist them in their efforts to expand employment. More than 20,000 jobs have been created through the CPA-funded National Employment Program, a pilot public works program that intends eventually to generate at least 100,000 new jobs.
- Reforming and updating commercial laws that would encourage private sector participation, including foreign investment.
- Agriculture production and marketing is being coordinated with public distribution systems used by the Ministry of Trade to distribute food rations to 27 million Iraqis.

Highlights this week:

- The 100,000 Jobs program was launched in Mosul (Ninawa' Governorate) this weekend. The Minister of Public Works attended the press event at the City Council. The program, sponsored by the Coalition Provisional Authority, is part of a nationwide effort for Iraqi employment. USAID will fund Ninawa' Directorate of Municipalities efforts, such as planting trees, filling potholes, painting streets, and cleaning graffiti. To date, 3,600 jobs have been coordinated through municipality projects.
- USAID partner BearingPoint collected 263 tons of old currency from 23 banks on November 11, and delivered new currency to 14 banks.

Food Security -- objectives include: providing oversight support for the country-wide public distribution system (PDS), which provides basic food and non-food commodities to approximately 27 million people; participating in the design of a monetary assistance program to replace the commodity-based PDS in order to support local production and free-market infrastructure, and promoting comprehensive agriculture reform to optimize private participation in production and wholesale markets.

Accomplishments to Date:

- Funded and provided 494,000 MT of food to the UN/World Food Program (WFP), to avoid hunger immediately after the war.
- Ongoing support and technical assistance to WFP and local Iraqi authorities working in the Ministry of Trade and the Kurdish Food Departments to ensure the smooth transition of PDS management tasks to the Iraqi government.
- Ongoing support and technical assistance to WFP to help train local authorities in all aspects of managing the PDS, particularly in the northern three governorates.
- Awarded the Agriculture Reconstruction and Development for Iraq (ARDI) contract to Development Alternatives, Inc. The project will expand agricultural productivity; rehabilitate the resource base; and

restore the capacity of small and medium agro-enterprises to produce, process, and market agricultural goods and services.

Highlights this week:

- Following the WFP/CPA meetings in Amman, USAID is supporting CPA and WFP in detailing WFP's continued assistance to the Ministry of Trade to distribute food to the Iraqi people.
- USAID is providing technical support to CPA's establishment and management of a Coordination Center in Baghdad that will assist the Ministry of Trade with managing former OFF programs.

4. Improve Efficiency and Accountability of Government

Local Government -- objectives include: promote diverse and representative citizen participation within and among communities throughout Iraq; strengthen the management skills and capacity of local administrations, local interim representative bodies, and civic institutions to improve the delivery of essential municipal services; promote effective advocacy and participation of civil society organizations; and enhance leadership skills.

Accomplishments to Date:

- In 17 of 18 governorates, more than 15 million people are engaging in local policy discourse, either directly or through their representatives.
- Established an interim structure of government to represent the population in Baghdad and other major cities in Iraq. Neighborhood councils now represent all of Baghdad's 88 neighborhoods and city councils. This governmental structure is being repeated in 15 governorates around the country, resulting in 200 neighborhood advisory councils throughout the country.
- Awarded more than 1,060 rapid response grants totaling \$50 million that have increased Iraqi participation in local government decisions.
- Established a 25-member Babil Governorate Council. The council includes tribal leaders and individuals from professional, trade, and community associations.
- Working with local governance service departments to plan, budget and manage their resources, along with providing training on transparency and accountability in the use of those resources. For example, the team's work with officials in Dhi Qar resulted in more efficient delivery of public services to over 390,000 residents.
- The local governance team includes over 332 Iraqi staff, of which 147 are senior and mid-level professionals.

Highlights this week:

- Representatives from women's associations and human rights associations in south-central Iraq met with Deputy U.S. Secretary of State Richard Armitage when he visited the Fatima Zahra Women's Center in Al Hillah (Babil Governorate) November 9. The groups that met with the Deputy Secretary are all being assisted by USAID grants, and the Women's Center was rehabilitated under two USAID grants. Deputy Secretary Armitage praised the efforts of the Iraqi men and women for promoting democratic change through their work with these organizations and praised the technical assistance offered by USAID.
- More than 70 professionals from around Iraq attended a four-day workshop November 8-11 in Baghdad on best practices for excavating mass graves and identifying remains. This was an important step in training local experts to accurately assess forensic evidence for use by the judicial system.
- More than 60 employees of the Maysan Finance Directorate, including the director and his immediate staff, attended a budget and finance seminar last week.
- An Iraqi basketball star from Kirkuk will head a multi-ethnic youth basketball team formed in an effort to reduce ethnic tension among Kirkuk's youth. The team includes Arabs, Kurds, and Turkmen and is

- sponsored by USAID, which will also supply jerseys and equipment. The team will play in a regional championship in Arbil and will continue to play throughout Iraq, including in Ar Ramadi and Al Fallujah.
- In Kirkuk on November 10, twenty At Tamim Governorate Council members, the governor, deputy governor, and three assistants attended a training session on intergovernmental relations and council roles and responsibilities. The training was well-received, and participants requested additional sessions on strategic planning, council procedures, and how the responsibilities of the governor's office differ from those of the council. The training was provided by the Local Governance Team as part of a similar program in six other Governorates.
- Fifteen Iraqis have been hired to support advisory council staff members. The new hires attended a preliminary training session to improve their skills and ability to train council staff.
- More than 40 employees of the Karbala' Governorate Water Department attended a three-hour training session on financial management on November 8. The presentation addressed basic accounting skills, performance measurement, and citizen participation and was conducted by USAID's Local Governance Program.

Community Action Program -- objectives include: the promotion of diverse, representative citizen participation in and among communities to identify, prioritize, and satisfy critical community needs. CAP is implemented by five U.S. NGOs with offices in nine major Iraqi cities.

Accomplishments to Date:

- 321 Community Associations (CAs) of 400 targeted have been established in 15 Governorates.
 - o The CAs, in partnership with the NGOs, have completed 322 projects with 198 projects underway, totaling \$11.2 million dollars with an additional 284 projects currently in the pipeline for total commitments of \$19.6 million dollars. Nearly 3.7 million people will directly benefit.
 - o Iraqis have contributed \$3.6 million, which represents 18 percent of the total project funding, to community projects. Contributions have included labor, land, buildings, and other in-kind assistance.
 - CHF has completed 60 projects directly benefiting more than a quarter million residents in 54 communities. Activities include repairing roads, cleaning up neighborhoods, and renovating schools and water, sanitation, and medical facilities.
 - o ACDI/VOCA has completed 81 projects, including rehabilitating a youth center in Al Riyad and repairing trash vehicles in Kirkuk.
 - o IRD has completed 55 projects. A marketplace that will serve 250,000 residents is being constructed, and crews are cleaning up medical waste dumps and educating medical personnel on proper disposal methods.
 - Mercy Corps has completed 16 projects and 39 more are underway, including water, hospital, and school renovation.
 - Save the Children has completed 84 projects and another 54 are underway. Projects have focused primarily on immediate community needs such as sewage clean up, water treatment and distribution, health and girls' access to education.
- Five U.S. NGOs concentrate on one region respectively: ACDI/VOCA (North), IRD (Baghdad), CHF (Southwest Central), Mercy Corps (Southeast Central), and Save the Children (South).

	Implementing			
Agency	Partner	Sector	Regions	Amount
		FY 2003-2004		
		RECONSTRUCTION		
USAID/AN			Subtotal:	\$1,536,845,064
	Abt Associates	Health	Countrywide	\$20,995,000
	AFCAP	Logistics	Countrywide	\$91,500,000
	Army Corps of Engineers	Architecture and Engineering services	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	BearingPoint	Economic Governance	Countrywide	\$39,000,000
	Bechtel National	Airports, buildings, emergency communications, power, railroads, roads and bridges, Umm Qasr seaport, water and sanitation	Countrywide	\$1,029,833,859
	Community Action Program	Development in impoverished communities	Countrywide	\$70,000,000
	DAI	Marshlands	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
	DAI	Agriculture	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
	Fed Source	Personnel Support	Countrywide	\$24,110
	IRG	Reconstruction Support	Countrywide	\$18,286,094
	RTI	Local Governance	Countrywide	\$104,611,000
	CAII	Education	Countrywide	\$37,853,000
	UNICEF	Health, Water, and Sanitation	Countrywide	\$28,000,000
	UNICEF	Education	Countrywide	\$7,000,000
	UNESCO	Textbook Printing and Distribution: Math and Science	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	WHO	Strengthen Health System	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
	SSA	Port Management	Umm Qasr	\$14,318,985
	SkyLink	Airport Management	Baghdad Al Basrah Mosul	\$17,500,000
	MSI	Monitoring and Evaluation	Countrywide	\$5,500,000
	University Partners	Consortium led by the Research Foundation of the State University of New York (SUNY) at Stony Brook which includes Columbia University, Boston University and Oxford University (England), University of Hawaii, DePaul University College of Law and the International Institute of Higher Studies in Criminal Sciences in Siracusa, Italy; and Jackson State	Baghdad University, Al Mustansiriyah University in Baghdad, Mosul University, Mosul University's College of Agriculture and Forestry in Hamam al-Alil, and Basrah University	\$13,364,866

	University and the Mississippi Consortium for International Development		
Yankee Group	Telecoms Planning	Countrywide	\$58,150
	EMERGENCY RELIEF		+,
USAID/OFDA			\$82,348,040
Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$6,788,947
AirServ	Logistics	Countrywide	\$5,309,876
ARC	Capacity building, Disaster support	Al Basrah	\$537,746
The Cuny Center	Research studies	Countrywide	\$40,260
GOAL	Coordination, Nutrition	Al Muthanna'	\$1,507,900
International Dispensary Association	Health	Countrywide	\$1,284,972
InterAction	Coordination	Kuwait City	\$92,860
IOM	IDP programs	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
Logistics	Commodities and DART support	Countrywide	\$12,005,804
UNICEF	Health, nutrition, water/sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,000,000
UN OCHA	Coordination and Information	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
USAID Amman	Support for emergency water activities	Countrywide	\$500,000
WFP	Logistics and pre-positioning of food	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
IMC	Food Security, Health, Nutrition, Water/Sanitation, Capacity building	Countrywide	\$8,202,900
IRC	Health, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,998,685
Mercy Corps	Health, Non-Food Items, Shelter, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$5,000,000
SCF/US	Food Security, Health, Shelter, Nutrition, Non-Food Items, Water/Sanitation, NGO Consortium	Countrywide	\$6,883,131
World Vision	Health, Logistics, Non-Food Items, Water/Sanitation	Countrywide	\$4,994,959
CARE	Quick-impact projects, Water/Sanitation, Health, Blankets	Countrywide	\$9,000,000
USAID/FFP			\$425,571,000
WFP	Operations	Countrywide	\$45,000,000
WFP	Emerson Trust – 81,500 MT	Countrywide	\$40,337,000
WFP	P.L. 480 Title II emergency food commodities – 163,820 MT	Countrywide	\$140,234,000
WFP	Regional Purchase – 330,000 MT	Countrywide	\$200,000,000
STATE/PRM		•••••	\$38,935,691
UNHCR	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$21,000,000
ICRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
IFRC	Emergency assistance	Countrywide	\$3,000,000
IOM	TCN – transportation assistance	Countrywide	\$3,630,000
International Catholic Migration Commission	Humanitarian assistance to Iraqi refugees	Lebanon and Jordan	\$1,305,691

USAID/OTI\$67,320,267					
1	Administrative	Administrative Costs	Countrywide	\$2,422,378	
I	IOM	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$10,587,595	
I	DAI	Iraq Transition Initiative	Countrywide	\$44,162,094	
I	Internews	Media	Countrywide	\$160,359	
I	Radio SAWA	Media	Countrywide	\$400,000	
	Spa War	Inter-Ministry Communications	Countrywide	\$8,703,001	
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE TO IRAQ IN FY 2003/2004\$2,112,084,371					
TOTAL STA	\$38,935,691				
Total STATI	\$2,151,020,062				