between the current and estimated burden of the subject information collection only.

The combined burden of the six existing ICRs totals 2,007,618 hours, while the burden for this consolidated ICR, as noted above, is estimated to be 741,261 hours, a net burden reduction of 1,266,357 hours. This reduction reflects numerous factors, including program changes and adjustments to the burdens of specific existing reporting or recordkeeping requirements, revised estimates regarding the total number of respondents resulting from new data gathered in preparing the consolidated ICR effort, updated Agency analyses, and estimate adjustments that were made for consistency with more recent Agency reports, plus the addition of burden estimates associated with requirements that were overlooked in the various existing ICRs and burden associated with new reporting and recordkeeping requirements contained within the final rule. Identification and detailed discussions of the existing ICRs and how their associated reporting and/ or recordkeeping burdens have changed as a result of the final rule are found in section 6(e), Reasons for Change in Burden, of the supporting statement for the subject information collection.

## VII. What is the Next Step in the Process for this ICR?

EPA will consider the comments received and amend the ICR as appropriate. The final ICR package will then be submitted to OMB for review and approval pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.12. EPA will issue another **Federal Register** notice pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.5(a)(1)(iv) to announce the submission of the ICR to OMB and the opportunity to submit additional comments to OMB. If you have any questions about this ICR or the approval process, please contact the technical person listed under "FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT."

#### List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: December 29, 1999.

#### Susan H. Wayland,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances.

[FR Doc. 00–493 Filed 1–7–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6520-8]

Clean Air Act Operating Permit Program; Petition for Objection to State Operating Permit for Pacific Coast Building Products, Inc., Apex, Nevada

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice of final order on petition to object to State operating permit.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Clean Air Act section 505(b)(2) and 40 CFR 70.8(d), the EPA Administrator is hereby denying a petition to object to a State operating permit issued by the Clark County Health District to Pacific Coast Building Products, Inc. ("PABCO"), Apex, Nevada. This order constitutes final action on the petition submitted by Robert W. Hall. Pursuant to section 505(b)(2) of the Clean Air Act ("Act"), petitioner may seek judicial review in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit within 60 days of this decision under section 307 of the

ADDRESSES: Copies of the final order, the petition and all pertinent information relating thereto are on file at the following location: Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, Air Division, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105. The final order is also available electronically at the following address: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/oarpg/t5sn.html.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Steve Branoff, Air Division, EPA Region IX, telephone (415) 744–1290, e-mail branoff.steve@epa.gov. Interested parties may also contact the Clark County Health District, Air Pollution Control Division, 625 Shadow Lane, Las Vegas, Nevada 89127.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Clean Air Act affords EPA the opportunity for a 45-day period to review, and object to, as appropriate, operating permits proposed by State permitting authorities. Section 505(b)(2) of the Act authorizes any person to petition the EPA Administrator within 60 days after the expiration of this review period to object to State operating permits if EPA has not done so. Petitions must be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period provided by the State, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was impracticable to raise these issues during the comment period or the

grounds for the issues arose after this period.

Robert W. Hall submitted a petition to the Administrator on June 6, 1999, seeking EPA's objection to the operating permit issued to PABCO. The petitioner maintains that PABCO operating permit is inconsistent with the Act because in issuing the permit, the Clark County Health District failed to: (1) Cite and issue the part 70 permit according to the applicable State Implementation Plan ("SIP"); (2) require implementation of appropriate pollution control technology; (3) require PABCO to conduct post-construction ambient monitoring as required by the SIP and a previously-issued permit; (4) comply with the compliance schedule requirements of section 10 of the SIP; and (5) maintain an EPA-approved part 70 program. The order denying this petition explains the reasons behind EPA's conclusion that petitioner has failed to demonstrate that the PABCO permit does not assure compliance with the Clean Air Act on the grounds raised.

Dated: December 30, 1999.

#### John Wise,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region IX. [FR Doc. 00–485 Filed 1–7–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6520-5]

National Advisory Committee to the U.S. Representative to the Commission for Environmental Cooperation

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law 92–463), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) gives notice of a meeting of the National Advisory Committee (NAC) to the U.S. Government Representative to the Commission for Environmental Cooperation (CEC).

The Committee is established within the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to advise the Administrator of the EPA in her capacity as the U.S. Representative to the CEC. The Committee is authorized under Article 17 of the North American Agreement on Environmental Cooperation, and the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (NAFTA), Public Law 103–182. Federal government responsibilities relating to the committee are set forth in