§ 1033.10 Producer-handler.

Producer-handler means a person who:
(a) Operates a dairy farm and a distributing plant from which there is route disposition in the marketing area during the month;

(b) Receives fluid milk from own farm production or that is fully subject to the pricing and pooling provisions of the order in this part or any other Federal order;

(c) Receives at its plant or acquires for route disposition no more than 150,000 pounds of fluid milk products from handlers fully regulated under any Federal order. This limitation shall not apply if the producer-handler's own farm production is less than 150,000 pounds during the month;

(d) Disposes of no other source milk as Class I milk except by increasing the nonfat milk solids content of the

fluid milk products; and

(e) Provides proof satisfactory to the market administrator that the care and management of the dairy animals and other resources necessary to produce all Class I milk handled (excluding receipts from handlers fully regulated under any Federal order) and the processing and packaging operations are the producer-handler's own enterprise and at its own risk.

§1033.11 [Reserved]

§1033.12 Producer.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, *producer* means any person who produces milk approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for fluid consumption as Grade A milk and whose milk is:
- (1) Received at a pool plant directly from the producer or diverted by the plant operator in accordance with § 1033.13; or
- (2) Received by a handler described in $\S 1033.9(c)$.
 - (b) Producer shall not include:
- (1) A producer-handler as defined in any Federal order;
- (2) A dairy farmer whose milk is received at an exempt plant, excluding producer milk diverted to the exempt plant pursuant to §1033.13(d);
- (3) A dairy farmer whose milk is received by diversion at a pool plant from a handler regulated under another

Federal order if the other Federal order designates the dairy farmer as a producer under that order and that milk is allocated by request to a utilization other than Class I; and

(4) A dairy farmer whose milk is reported as diverted to a plant fully regulated under another Federal order with respect to that portion of the milk so diverted that is assigned to Class I under the provisions of such other order.

§ 1033.13 Producer milk.

Producer milk means the skim milk (or the skim equivalent of components of skim milk), including nonfat components, and butterfat in milk of a producer that is:

- (a) Received by the operator of a pool plant directly from a producer or a handler described in § 1000.9(c). All milk received pursuant to this paragraph shall be priced at the location of the plant where it is first physically received;
- (b) Received by a handler described in §1000.9(c) in excess of the quantity delivered to pool plants;
- (c) Diverted by a pool plant operator to another pool plant. Milk so diverted shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted; or
- (d) Diverted by the operator of a pool plant or by a cooperative association described in §1000.9(c) to a nonpool plant, subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Milk of a dairy farmer shall not be eligible for diversion until milk of such dairy farmer has been physically received as producer milk at a pool plant and the dairy farmer has continuously retained producer status since that time. If a dairy farmer loses producer status under the order in this part (except as a result of a temporary loss of Grade A approval), the dairy farmer's milk shall not be eligible for diversion until milk of the dairy farmer has been physically received as producer milk at a pool plant;
- (2) The equivalent of at least two days' milk production is caused by the handler to be physically received at a pool plant in each of the months of August through November;
- (3) The equivalent of at least two days' milk production is caused by the

§ 1033.14

handler to be physically received at a pool plant in each of the months of December through July if the requirement of paragraph (d)(2) of this section (§1033.13) in each of the prior months of August through November are not met, except in the case of a dairy farmer who marketed no Grade A milk during each of the prior months of August through November.

(4) Of the total quantity of producer milk received during the month (including diversions but excluding the quantity of producer milk received from a handler described in § 1000.9(c) of this chapter or which is diverted to another pool plant), the handler diverted to nonpool plants not more than 60 percent in each of the months of August through February and 70 percent in each of the months of March through July.

- (5) Diverted milk shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted:
- (6) Any milk diverted in excess of the limits set forth in paragraph (d)(3) of this section shall not be producer milk. The diverting handler shall designate the dairy farmer deliveries that shall not be producer milk. If the handler fails to designate the dairy farmer deliveries which are ineligible, producer milk status shall be forfeited with respect to all milk diverted to nonpool plants by such handler; and

(7) The delivery day requirement in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section and the diversion percentages in paragraph (d)(4) of this section may be increased or decreased by the market administrator if the market administrator finds that suhc revision is necessary to assure orderly marketing and efficient handling of milk in the marketing area. Before making such a finding, the market administrator shall investigate the need for the revision either on the market administrator's own initiative or at the request of interested persons if the request is made in writing at least 15 days prior to the month for which the requested revision is desired effective. If the investigation shows that a revision might be appropriate, the market administrator shall issue a notice stating that the revision is being considered and inviting written data, views, and

arguments. Any decision to revise an applicable percentage must be issued in writing at least one day before the effective date.

[64 FR 47991, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 48744, July 26, 2002; 69 FR 34555, June 22, 2004]

§ 1033.14 Other source milk.

See § 1000.14.

§ 1033.15 Fluid milk products.

See § 1000.15.

§ 1033.16 Fluid cream product.

See § 1000.16.

§1033.17 [Reserved]

§ 1033.18 Cooperative association.

See § 1000.18.

§ 1033.19 Commercial food processing establishment.

See § 1000.19.

HANDLER REPORTS

§ 1033.30 Reports of receipts and utilization.

Each handler shall report monthly so that the market administrator's office receives the report on or before the 7th day after the end of the month, in the detail and on the prescribed forms, as follows:

- (a) Each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to \$1033.7 shall report for each of its operations the following information:
- (1) Product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, pounds of solids-not-fat other than protein (other solids), and the value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to §1000.50(p), contained in or represented by:
- (i) Receipts of producer milk, including producer milk diverted by the reporting handler, from sources other than handlers described in §1000.9(c); and
- (ii) Receipts of milk from handlers described in § 1000.9(c);
- (2) Product pounds and pounds of butterfat contained in:
- (i) Receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from other pool plants;