and specify the procedures for such actions.

§ 1.343 Right to administrative offset.

The amount of any penalty or assessment which has become final, or for which a judgment has been entered under §1.341 or §1.342 of this part, or any amount agreed upon in a settlement under §1.345 of this part, may be collected by administrative offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716, except that an administrative offset may not be made under this subsection against a refund of an overpayment of Federal taxes then or later owing by the United States to the respondent.

§ 1.344 Deposit to Treasury of the United States.

All amounts collected pursuant to this subpart shall be deposited as miscellaneous receipts in the Treasury of the United States.

§ 1.345 Settlement.

(a) A respondent may make offers of compromise of settlement at any time.

- (b) The reviewing official has the exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this subpart at any time after the date on which the reviewing official is permitted to issue a complaint and before the date on which the ALJ issues a decision.
- (c) The judicial officer has exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this subpart at any time after the date on which the ALJ issues a decision, except during the pendency of any appeal under §1.341 of this part or during the pendency of any action to collect penalties and assessments under §1.342 of this part.
- (d) The Attorney General has exclusive authority to compromise or settle a case under this subpart during the pendency of any appeal under §1.341 of this part, or any action to recover penalties and assessments under §1.342 of this part.
- (e) The investigating official may recommend settlement terms to the reviewing official, the judicial officer, or the Attorney General, as appropriate. The reviewing official may recommend settlement terms to the judicial officer, or the Attorney General, as appropriate.

(f) Any settlement must be in writing.

§ 1.346 Limitation.

The complaint referred to in §1.307 of this part with respect to a claim or statement must be served in the manner specified in §1.308 of this part within 6 years after the date on which such claim or statement is made.

Subpart M—Rules of Practice Governing Adjudication of Sourcing Area Applications and Formal Review of Sourcing Areas Pursuant to the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 620 et seg.)

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 556 and 16 U.S.C. 620 et seq.

SOURCE: 59 FR 8824, Feb. 24, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§1.410 Meaning of words.

As used in these procedures, words in the singular form shall be deemed to import the plural, and vice versa, as the circumstance may require.

§ 1.411 Definitions.

As used in these procedures, the terms as defined in the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990, 16 U.S.C. 620 et seq. (Act) and in the regulations issued thereunder, shall apply with equal force and effect. In addition and except as may be provided otherwise in these procedures:

- (a) Applicant or Sourcing area applicant means a person who submits a sourcing area application pursuant to these rules, or a person who sourcing area is subject to formal review pursuant to 36 CFR 223.191(e).
 - (b) *Decision* means:
- (1) The Judge's initial decision made in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 554, 556, 557, and 16 U.S.C. 620 et seq. and 36 CFR 223.190 and 223.191(e), which includes the Judge's findings and conclusions and the reasons or basis therefore on all material issues of fact, law or discretion, orders and rulings on

§ 1.412

proposed findings, conclusions and orders submitted by the parties; and

- (2) The decision and order by the Judicial officer upon appeal of the Judge's decision.
- (c) Determination is synonymous with decision.
- (d) Hearing means that part of the proceeding which may be requested by a party of record, and which involves the submission of additional evidence before the Administrative Law Judge for the record in the proceeding.

(e) Hearing Clerk means the Office of the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250.

(f) Judge means any Administrative Law Judge Appointed pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3105 and assigned to the proceeding involved.

(g) Judicial Officer means an official of the United States Department of Agriculture delegated authority by the Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the Act of April 4, 1940 (7 U.S.C. 450c-459g) and Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1953 (5 U.S.C. 1988 ed., appendix, p. 1280), to perform the function involved (7 CFR 235(a)), or the Secretary of Agriculture, if the authority so delegated is exercised by the Secretary.

(h) Party of record or Party is a party to the proceeding to determine approval or disapproval of a sourcing area application, including the proceeding for formal review of a sourcing area. The sourcing area applicant and persons who submit written comments on the sourcing area application at issue during the 30 calendar day comment period, including the Regional Forester, are the parties of record. For purposes of a formal review of a sourcing area, the holder of the sourcing area that is the subject of the review and persons who submit written comments on the sourcing area application at issue during the 30 calendar day comment period after institution of the formal review, including the Regional Forester, are the parties of record.

(i) Sourcing Area Application means the application by which a person applies for a sourcing area or the application by which a sourcing area holder applies for a formal review of sourcing area.

§ 1.412 Institution of proceedings.

- (a) Sourcing area applications. The proceeding for determining sourcing areas shall be instituted by receipt of a sourcing area application by the Office of Administrative Law Judges, pursuant to 36 CFR 223.190.
- (b) Review of sourcing areas. Informal review of a sourcing area precedes institution of a formal review as follows:
- (1) Request by Sourcing area holder. A sourcing area holder who wishes to begin a review of a sourcing area shall send a written request for a review to the Regional Forester of the region in which the manufacturing facility being sourced is located. The request shall state the reason for the request.
- (i) Informal review. The Regional Forester shall begin an informal review, pursuant to 36 CFR 223.191(e), based on the written request. If no agreement is reached in the informal review process, the Regional Forester of the region in which the manufacturing facility being sourced is located shall transmit to the Office of Administrative Law Judges any submissions received during the informal review process, within 5 working days of the meeting convened during the informal review (36 CFR 223.191)e)). Agreement is reached when all persons attending the meeting convened by the Regional Forester to resolve differences as to the proper sourcing area, including the Regional Forester, sign the document describing the sourcing area.

(ii) Formal review. Institution by a sourcing area holder of a formal review of the sourcing area occurs if the informal review process does not result in agreement among the parties, and the sourcing area holder submits a sourcing area sourcing area application to the Office of the Administrative Law Judges, pursuant to 36 CFR 223.190, within 10 working days after the meeting convened by the Regional Forester as part of the informal process.

(2) Initiation of review by agency. If the Forest Service wishes to begin a review of a sourcing area, the Regional Forester of the region in which the manufacturing facility being sourced is located shall begin an informal review, pursuant to 36 CFR 223.191(e). If no agreement is reached in the informal review process, the Regional Forester