

MALAYSIAN PALM BIODIESEL STORY

- Malaysian Palm Oil Board (MPOB) commenced the Palm Biodiesel R&D Project in 1982.
- Production Technology for Methyl Ester
- Evaluation as Diesel Substitute
- Low Pour Point Palm Diesel (Winter Fuel)
- Recovery of Co-Products: Phytonutrients
- Commercialization of R&D findings
- Marketing Challenges
- New Research Initiatives



EXHAUSTIVE ENGINE FIELD TRIAL

PHASE I: 1986-1989

31 engines of various makes

- 1. Garbage trucks
- 2. Lorries
- 3. Army trucks
- 4. Taxis
- 5. Mini-tractors
- 6. Generating sets

- 7. Land cruiser
- 8. Cars
- 9. Water pump
- 10. Vans
- 11. Stationary engine Testbeds

EXHAUSTIVE FIELD TRIAL (cont.)

PHASE II: 1990 - 1994

- Stationary engine testing by Mercedes Benz
- 36 Buses mounted with Mercedes Benz engines
- **Fuel Test**
 - 100% palm diesel
 - 50% palm diesel + 50% petroleum diesel
 - 100% petroleum diesel (as control)
 - Each bus covered 300,000 km.
 - No modification of diesel engine required.
- MPOB vehicles Fuel tested: 100% crude palm stearin methyl esters



Mounted on Passenger Buses (Each bus covered 300,000 km)



SUMMARY OF FIELD TRIAL

- No modification of diesel engine required.
- Good Performance of engine : easy starting, no knocking, smooth running
- Cleaner exhaust gas emission :
 - reduction of hydrocarbon(30%), CO(20%),
 - (74%)CO₂,(99%)SO₂ content.
 - More environmentally friendly.
- Engine oil: still usable after recommended mileage.
- Cetane number / Diesel Improver

 (62.4 compared to 37.7 for petroleum diesel from Europe)
- Lower Ignition delay

Why use Palm Biodiesel?

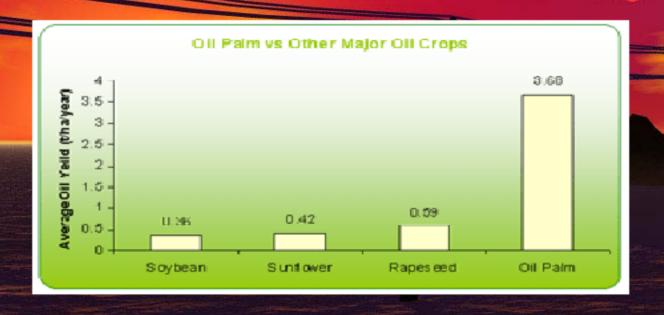
- Made from renewable resources
- Biodegradable
- Reduces emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) by approximately 50% and carbon dioxide by 78.45% compared to petroleum diesel
- Free of Sulphur
- Non-toxic



Why Choose Palm Biodiesel?

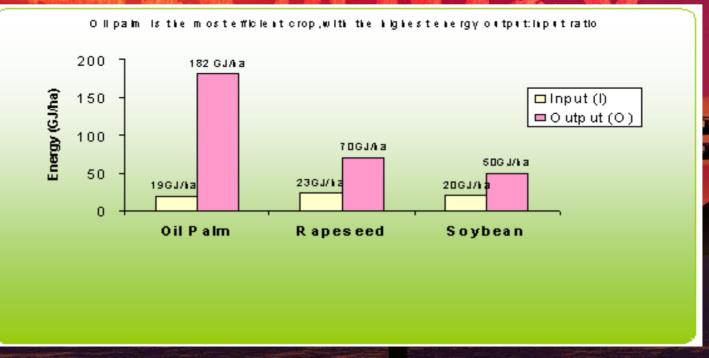
- Palm oil is the most productive oil pearing plant species.
- The yield of Palm Oil per unit area is 10 times more than other oilseeds. Average 3.68 t/ha/year compared to 0.36t/ha/year for Soybean and 0.59t/ha/year for Rapeseed (Source MPOC)
- Palm oil is less susceptible to the vagaries of weather compared to other crops.

Sustaining the Earth



Source: Malaysian Palm Oil Council, Oil PalmTree of Life, 2006

Energy Balance for Palm, Soybean & Rapeseed Oils



O/I	Oil Palm	Rapeseed	Soybean
GJ/ha	9.6	3.0	2.5

In absolute terms, oil palm also requires the lowest input of pesticides, fertilizers and fuel for unit production of oil.

Source: UP Berhad



Extraction of Neutraceuticals



Crude Palm Oil (CPO)

CPO Methyl Esters (Palm Bio Diesel)



Distillation



Esters (Palm Bio Diesel)

Excellent Qulaity
Biodiesel &
Feedstock for
value-added
oleochemical
products



Phytonutrients Concentrate
Containing Carotenes, Vitamin
E, Phospholipids (Lecithin),
Sterols, Coenzyme Q and
Squalene

Carotenes
Vitamin E
Sterols
Squalene
Coenzyme Q
Phospholipids
(Lecithin)



R&D Commercialization

- MPOB Technology based pilot plant built by CAROTINO in 2002primarily for Neutraceutical extraction. Palm Methyl Ester was a by-product then!!!
- Stabilized pilot plant and started commercial production by August 2002(3,000 TPA)



Carotino PME Pilot Plant

MPOB's Biodiesel Commercialization Initiative

- 3 Licenses awarded to build 60,000 mt/yr Palm Biodiesel Plants based on MPOB Technology- CAROTINO, Golden Hope and FIMA.
- Construction of first Plant started by CAROTINO in December 2005 and commissioned in June 2006

The World's First Integrated Palm Biodiesel Plant.

- Carotino together with MPOB commercialized The World's First Integrated Palm Biodiesel Plant by end June 2006.
- The Honourable Prime
 Minister of Malaysia Dato'
 Seri Abdullah Haji Ahmad
 Badawi officially opened the
 Plant on Aug 15, 2006
- Bulk Shipments started in Aug 2006





MPOB/CAROTINO 60,000 TPA Palm Biodiesel Plant

Winter-grade Palm Diesel Technology

- MPOB developed technology for -15°C to -21°C CFPP palm diesel.
- Carotino signed winter-grade fuel technology with MPOB in 2005.
- Joint Pilot Plant trials between Carotino and MPOB carried out in early 2006.

Current Status of the 30,000 TPA Winter Grade PME Plant

- Plant Successfully
 Commissioned in July 2006
 to produce Winter Grade
 Palm Biodiesel(6 Deg C, 15 Deg C & -21 Deg C Pour
 Point)
- First of its kind in the World.
- Exports of Winter grade PME started in Nov 2006



MPOB/Carotino 30,000 TPA Winter-grade PME Plant





Palm Biodiesel-Marketing Challenges

- High Crude Palm Oil Prices (US\$850/MT now!!!)
- Lack of subsidy and mandate for blending in the local market.
- Distortions in export markets due to Tariff & Non-Tariff Barriers (import duty 4.6% in to US, US\$300/mt tax credit on biodiesel exports)
- Cheaper sources of raw material
- Change in Specification
- Raw material availability
- Foreign Exchange Risk(1 US\$=3.8 RM in June 2006, now 3.37)

New Research Initiatives in Biofuels

- Development of new additives to improve cold flow property of Palm Biodiesel and to improve Lubricity.
- Production of value added products from Glycerine
- Further downstream purification of valuable antioxidants in Natural Palm Oil to Pharmaceutical grade standards
- Biomass to Liquid Technologies-currently under evaluation

