SUBPART J

[PSES for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where paperboard from wastepaper is produced]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product ^a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.032)(7.2)/y	0.00096 0.00030

^a The following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSES for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where builders' paper and roofing felt from wastepaper are produced]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.032)(14.4)y (0.010)(14.4)y	0.0019 0.00060

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSES for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where tissue from wastepaper is produced without deinking]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product ^a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.032)(25.2)y (0.010)(25.2)/y	0.0034 0.0011

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSES for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where molded products from wastepaper are produced without deinking]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product ^a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.032)(21.1)y (0.010)(21.1)y	0.0028 0.00088

^a The following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

$\$\,430.107$ Pretreatment standards for new sources (PSNS).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 403.7, any new source subject to this subpart that introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must: Comply with 40 CFR part 403; and

achieve the following pretreatment standards for new sources (PSNS) if it uses chlorophenolic-containing biocides. Permittees not using chlorophenolic-containing biocides

§430.107

must certify to the permit-issuing authority that they are not using these biocides:

$\label{eq:SUBPART J} SUBPART J$ [PSNS for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where paperboard from wastepaper is produced]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product ^a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.072)(3.2)/y (0.023)(3.2)/y	0.00096 0.00030

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSNS for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where builders' paper and roofing felt from wastepaper are produced]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product ^a
Pentachlorophenol	(0.171)(2.7)/y (0.053)(2.7)/y	0.0019 0.00060

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSNS for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where tissue from wastepaper is produced without deinking]

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	
	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product a
Pentachlorophenol Trichlorophenol y = wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.	(0.049)(16.3)/y (0.015)(16.3)/y	0.0034 0.0011

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

SUBPART J

[PSNS for secondary fiber non-deink facilities where molded products from wastepaper are produced without deinking]

	Maximum for any 1 day	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Milligrams/liter (mg/l)	Kg/kkg (or pounds per 1,000 lb) of product a
Pentachlorophenol	, ,, ,,	

^aThe following equivalent mass limitations are provided as guidance in cases when POTWs find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.