

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 710.38

period for each chemical substance described in § 710.25 that the person manufactured during the applicable corporate fiscal year described in § 710.28(b).

(c) *Reporting in 1998.* The 1998 reporting period is from August 25, 1998 until January 31, 1999. Any person described in § 710.28(b) must report during this reporting period for each chemical substance described in § 710.25 that the person manufactured during the applicable corporate fiscal year described in § 710.28(b). This reporting period is applicable to 1998 reporting only.

[51 FR 21447, June 12, 1986; 51 FR 22521, June 20, 1986, as amended at 63 FR 71600, Dec. 29, 1998]

§ 710.35 Duplicative reporting.

(a) *With regard to section 8(a) rules.* Any person subject to the requirements of this part who previously has complied with reporting requirements of a rule under section 8(a) of the Act by submitting the information described in § 710.32 for a chemical substance described in § 710.25 to EPA, and has done so within one year of the start of a reporting period described in § 710.33, is not required to report again on the manufacture of that substance at that site during that reporting period.

(b) *With regard to importers.* This part requires that only one report be submitted on each import transaction involving a chemical substance described in § 710.25. When two or more persons are involved in a particular import transaction and each person meets the Agency's definition of "importer" as set forth in §§ 710.2(l) and 704.3 of this chapter, they may determine among themselves who should submit the required report; if no report is submitted as required under this part, EPA will hold each such person liable for failure to report.

[51 FR 21447, June 12, 1986, as amended at 60 FR 31921, June 19, 1995]

§ 710.37 Recordkeeping requirements.

Each person who is subject to the reporting requirements of this part must maintain records that document any information reported to EPA. For substances that are manufactured or imported at less than 10,000 pounds annu-

ally, volume records must be maintained as evidence to support a decision not to submit a report. Records relevant to reporting during a reporting period described in § 710.33 must be retained for a period of four years beginning with the effective date of that reporting period.

[51 FR 21447, June 12, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 34204, June 23, 1993; 60 FR 31921, June 19, 1995]

§ 710.38 Confidentiality.

(a) Any person submitting information under this part may assert a business confidentiality claim for the information. The procedures for asserting confidentiality claims are described in the instruction booklet identified in § 710.39. Information claimed as confidential in accordance with this section and those instructions will be treated and disclosed in accordance with the procedures in part 2 of this chapter.

(b) A person may assert a claim of confidentiality for the chemical identity of a specific chemical substance only if the identity of that substance is treated as confidential in the Master Inventory File as of the time the report is submitted for that substance under this part.

(c) To assert a claim of confidentiality for the chemical identity of a specific chemical substance, the person must take the following steps:

(1) The person must submit with the report detailed written answers to the following questions signed and dated by an authorized official.

(i) What harmful effects to your competitive position, if any, do you think would result from the identity of the chemical substance being disclosed in connection with reporting under this part? How could a competitor use such information? Would the effects of disclosure be substantial? What is the causal relationship between the disclosure and the harmful effects?

(ii) How long should confidential treatment be given? Until a specific date, the occurrence of a specific event, or permanently? Why?

(iii) Has the chemical substance been patented? If so, have you granted licenses to others with respect to the patent as it applies to the chemical