§ 6.200

under the proposed action may be located in wetlands;

- (d) The proposed action may significantly affect threatened and endangered species or their habitats identified in the Department of the Interior's list, in accordance with §6.302, or a State's list, or a structure or a facility constructed or operated under the proposed action may be located in the habitat:
- (e) Implementation of the proposed action or plan may directly cause or induce changes that significantly:
 - (1) Displace population;
- (2) Alter the character of existing residential areas;
 - (3) Adversely affect a floodplain; or
- (4) Adversely affect significant amounts of important farmlands as defined in requirements in §6.302(c), or agricultural operations on this land.
- (f) The proposed action may, directly, indirectly or cumulatively have significant adverse effect on parklands, preserves, other public lands or areas of recognized scenic, recreational, archaeological, or historic value; or
- (g) The Federal action may directly or through induced development have a significant adverse effect upon local ambient air quality, local ambient noise levels, surface water or groundwater quality or quantity, water supply, fish, shellfish, wildlife, and their natural habitats.

 $[50\ FR\ 26315,\ June\ 25,\ 1985,\ as\ amended\ at\ 51\ FR\ 32611,\ Sept.\ 12,\ 1986]$

Subpart B—Content of EISs

§ 6.200 The environmental impact statement.

Preparers of EISs must conform with the requirements of $40\ \text{CFR}$ part $1502\ \text{in}$ writing EISs.

§ 6.201 Format.

The format used for EISs shall encourage good analysis and clear presentation of alternatives, including the proposed action, and their environmental, economic and social impacts. The following standard format for EISs should be used unless the responsible official determines that there is a compelling reason to do otherwise:

- (a) Cover sheet;
- (b) Executive Summary;

- (c) Table of contents;
- (d) Purpose of and need for action;
- (e) Alternatives including proposed action;
 - (f) Affected environment;
- (g) Environmental consequences of the alternatives;
- (h) Coordination (includes list of agencies, organizations, and persons to whom copies of the EIS are sent);
 - (i) List of preparers;
- (j) Index (commensurate with complexity of EIS);
 - (k) Appendices.

§ 6.202 Executive summary.

The executive summary shall describe in sufficient detail (10–15 pages) the critical facets of the EIS so that the reader can become familiar with the proposed project or action and its net effects. The executive summary shall focus on:

- (a) The existing problem;
- (b) A brief description of each alternative evaluated (including the preferred and no action alternatives) along with a listing of the environmental impacts, possible mitigation measures relating to each alternative, and any areas of controversy (including issues raised by governmental agencies and the public); and
 - (c) Any major conclusions.

A comprehensive summary may be prepared in instances where the EIS is unusually long in nature. In accordance with 40 CFR 1502.19, the comprehensive summary may be circulated in lieu of the EIS; however, both documents shall be distributed to any Federal, State and local agencies who have EIS review responsibilities and also shall be made available to other interested parties upon request.

§ 6.203 Body of EISs.

- (a) Purpose and need. The EIS shall clearly specify the underlying purpose and need to which EPA is responding. If the action is a request for a permit or a grant, the EIS shall clearly specify the goals and objectives of the applicant.
- (b) Alternatives including the proposed action. In addition to 40 CFR 1502.14, the EIS shall discuss: