

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 426.132

recognition that animal and vegetable oils can be adequately removed in a publicly owned treatment works, whereas mineral oil may not be readily removed and may pass through untreated, two separate limitations are established.

of this subpart for the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).

[51 FR 25000, July 9, 1986]

Subpart M—Hand Pressed and Blown Glass Manufacturing Subcategory

SOURCE: 40 FR 2960, Jan. 16, 1975, unless otherwise noted.

Pollutant or pollutant property	Pretreatment standards	
	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days shall not exceed—
	Metric units (g/kg of furnace pull)	
Oil (animal and vegetable) ..	(¹)	(¹)
Oil (mineral)	230.0	115.0
TSS	(¹)	(¹)
pH	(¹)	(¹)
	English units (lb/1,000 lb of furnace pull)	
Oil (animal and vegetable) ..	(¹)	(¹)
Oil (mineral)	0.23	0.115
TSS	(¹)	(¹)
pH	(¹)	(¹)
	Metric units (g/kg of product frosted)	
Fluoride	104.0	52.0
Ammonia	(¹)	(¹)
TSS	(¹)	(¹)
pH	(¹)	(¹)
	English units (lb/1,000 lb of product frosted)	
Fluoride	0.104	0.052
Ammonia	(¹)	(¹)
TSS	(¹)	(¹)
pH	(¹)	(¹)

¹ No limitation.

[40 FR 2959, Jan. 16, 1975, as amended at 60 FR 33960, June 29, 1995]

§ 426.127 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology.

Except as provided in §§ 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart shall achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT): The limitations shall be the same as those specified for conventional pollutants (which are defined in § 401.16) in § 426.122

§ 426.130 Applicability; description of the hand pressed and blown glass manufacturing subcategory.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the process by which raw materials are melted in a furnace and processed by hand into pressed or blown glassware. This includes those plants which:

- (a) Produce leaded glass and employ hydrofluoric acid finishing techniques,
- (b) Produce non-leaded glass and employ hydrofluoric acid finishing techniques, or
- (c) Produce leaded or non-leaded glass and do not employ hydrofluoric acid finishing techniques.

§ 426.131 Specialized definitions.

For the purpose of this subpart:

- (a) Except as provided below, the general definitions, abbreviations and methods of analysis set forth in part 401 of this chapter shall apply to this subpart.

§ 426.132 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

Except as provided in §§ 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart shall achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT):

- (a) Any plant which melts raw materials, produces hand pressed or blown leaded glassware, employs hydrofluoric acid finishing techniques, and discharges greater than 50 gallons per day of process waste water, shall meet the following limitations.