Appendix 1 Supplemental Tables


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## Educational Enrollment Rates, by Age

Table 1-1 Percentage of the population enrolled, by age and level: October 1970-98

| October | Prekindergarten and kindergarten 3- to 5 -year-olds | Elementary and secondary 6 - to 17 -year-olds | Postsecondary education institutions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 18- to 24-year-olds | 25- to 34-year-olds |
| 1970 | 37.5 | 98.1 | 25.7 | 5.5 |
| 1971 | 39.1 | 98.2 | 26.2 | 6.2 |
| 1972 | 41.6 | 97.7 | 25.5 | 6.6 |
| 1973 | 40.9 | 97.5 | 24.0 | 6.5 |
| 1974 | 45.2 | 97.5 | 24.6 | 7.5 |
| 1975 | 48.7 | 97.7 | 26.3 | 8.1 |
| 1976 | 49.2 | 97.7 | 26.7 | 7.9 |
| 1977 | 49.5 | 97.7 | 26.1 | 8.6 |
| 1978 | 50.3 | 97.7 | 25.3 | 7.7 |
| 1979 | 51.1 | 97.6 | 25.0 | 7.8 |
| 1980 | 52.5 | 97.5 | 25.7 | 7.6 |
| 1981 | 51.2 | 97.8 | 26.1 | 7.7 |
| 1982 | 51.7 | 98.0 | 26.6 | 7.7 |
| 1983 | 52.5 | 98.2 | 26.2 | 7.8 |
| 1984 | 51.6 | 97.9 | 27.1 | 7.5 |
| 1985 | 54.6 | 98.1 | 27.8 | 7.5 |
| 1986 | 54.9 | 98.1 | 27.9 | 7.1 |
| 1987 | 54.6 | 97.9 | 29.6 | 7.0 |
| 1988 | 54.4 | 98.1 | 30.3 | 6.9 |
| 1989 | 54.6 | 98.1 | 30.9 | 7.2 |
| 1990 | (*) | 98.4 | 32.0 | 7.4 |
| 1991 | 55.7 | 98.5 | 33.3 | 7.8 |
| 1992 | 55.5 | 98.5 | 34.4 | 7.5 |
| 1993 | 55.1 | 98.5 | 34.0 | 7.5 |
| 1994 | 61.0 | 98.4 | 34.6 | 8.3 |
| 1995 | 61.8 | 98.0 | 34.3 | 8.2 |
| 1996 | 61.2 | 96.8 | 35.5 | 8.6 |
| 1997 | 64.9 | 98.2 | 36.8 | 8.3 |
| 1998 | 64.5 | 97.9 | 36.5 | 8.8 |

* Comparable data were not available for children ages 3 and 4 due to changes in survey procedures; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information.

NOTE: Prekindergarten and kindergarten includes nursery schools. "Higher education institutions" includes regular programs in 2-and 4-year colleges and universities only. In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Enrollment estimates exclude the following: children ages $3-5$ enrolled in elementary school or higher; children ages 6-17 enrolled in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or postsecondary; and adults ages 18-34 enrolled in school below the higher education level.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys, 1970-98.

## Educational Enrollment Rates, by Age

Table 1-2 Total population (in thousands) of people ages 3-34, by age and enrollment status: October 1970-98

| October | Prekindergarten and kindergarten 3- to 5 -year-olds |  | Elementary and secondary 6- to 17-year-olds |  | Postsecondary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 18- to 24-year-olds | 25- to 34-year-olds |  |
|  | Enrolled | Not Enrolled |  |  | Enrolled | Not Enrolled | Enrolled | Not Enrolled | Enrolled | Not Enrolled |
| 1970 | 4,104 | 6,845 | 47,973 | 919 | 5,804 | 16,748 | 1,349 | 23,254 |
| 1971 | 4,148 | 6,462 | 48,017 | 903 | 6,211 | 17,459 | 1,593 | 23,925 |
| 1972 | 4,231 | 5,935 | 46,922 | 1,084 | 6,258 | 18,321 | 1,760 | 25,074 |
| 1973 | 4,234 | 6,110 | 46,233 | 1,180 | 6,055 | 19,181 | 1,829 | 26,283 |
| 1974 | 4,699 | 5,693 | 45,922 | 1,190 | 6,316 | 19,354 | 2,202 | 27,013 |
| 1975 | 4,955 | 5,230 | 45,428 | 1,075 | 6,936 | 19,451 | 2,469 | 27,901 |
| 1976 | 4,790 | 4,936 | 44,856 | 1,037 | 7,181 | 19,738 | 2,488 | 28,956 |
| 1977 | 4,579 | 4,674 | 44,248 | 1,036 | 7,142 | 20,189 | 2,801 | 29,637 |
| 1978 | 4,584 | 4,528 | 43,385 | 1,044 | 6,994 | 20,653 | 2,569 | 30,711 |
| 1979 | 4,664 | 4,455 | 42,385 | 1,038 | 6,991 | 20,983 | 2,676 | 31,713 |
| 1980 | 4,878 | 4,406 | 41,354 | 1,048 | 7,227 | 20,903 | 2,703 | 32,915 |
| 1981 | 4,936 | 4,710 | 41,702 | 943 | 7,574 | 21,391 | 2,928 | 35,118 |
| 1982 | 5,105 | 4,768 | 40,952 | 830 | 7,677 | 21,169 | 2,988 | 35,696 |
| 1983 | 5,385 | 4,868 | 40,482 | 743 | 7,477 | 21,103 | 3,087 | 36,269 |
| 1984 | 5,480 | 5,131 | 40,012 | 858 | 7,592 | 20,439 | 3,014 | 37,213 |
| 1985 | 5,865 | 4,868 | 40,413 | 801 | 7,538 | 19,584 | 3,063 | 37,868 |
| 1986 | 5,971 | 4,898 | 40,635 | 770 | 7,397 | 19,115 | 2,991 | 38,909 |
| 1987 | 5,931 | 4,941 | 40,629 | 866 | 7,694 | 18,256 | 2,985 | 39,389 |
| 1988 | 5,978 | 5,015 | 40,725 | 778 | 7,791 | 17,942 | 2,963 | 39,724 |
| 1989 | 6,026 | 5,013 | 40,831 | 797 | 7,803 | 17,458 | 3,082 | 39,767 |
| 1990 | (*) | (*) | 41,339 | 654 | 7,964 | 16,888 | 3,162 | 39,465 |
| 1991 | 6,334 | 5,036 | 41,940 | 639 | 8,171 | 16,401 | 3,285 | 38,969 |
| 1992 | 6,402 | 5,142 | 42,611 | 669 | 8,342 | 15,936 | 3,125 | 38,536 |
| 1993 | 6,581 | 5,373 | 43,217 | 656 | 8,193 | 15,907 | 3,094 | 38,005 |
| 1994 | 7,514 | 4,814 | 45,091 | 745 | 8,729 | 16,525 | 3,419 | 37,698 |
| 1995 | 7,739 | 4,778 | 45,587 | 936 | 8,539 | 16,361 | 3,349 | 37,299 |
| 1996 | 7,580 | 4,798 | 45,817 | 1,495 | 8,768 | 15,902 | 3,443 | 36,648 |
| 1997 | 7,860 | 4,260 | 46,937 | 856 | 9,199 | 15,769 | 3,270 | 36,007 |
| 1998 | 7,788 | 4,291 | 47,038 | 1,014 | 9,322 | 16,184 | 3,414 | 35,188 |

* Comparable data were not available for children ages 3 and 4 due to changes in survey procedures; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information.

NOTE: Prekindergarten and kindergarten includes nursery schools. "Higher education institutions" includes regular programs in 2-and 4-year colleges and universities only. In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Enrollment estimates exclude the following: children ages $3-5$ enrolled in elementary school or higher; children ages 6-17 enrolled in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or postsecondary; and adults ages $18-34$ enrolled in school below the higher education level. These groups are included in the estimates for "not enrolled."
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys, 1970-98.

## Enrollment in Preprimary Education

Table 2-1 Percentage of 3-, 4-, and 5-year-olds enrolled in center-based programs or kindergarten, by student characteristics: 1991, 1993, 1995, 1996, and 1999

|  | 3-year-olds |  |  |  |  | 4-year-olds |  |  |  |  | 5-year-olds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristic | 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1996 | 1999 | 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1996 | 1999 | 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1996 | 1999 |
| Total | 42.6 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 42.6 | 45.9 | 61.7 | 63.1 | 65.4 | 64.4 | 70.1 | 89.8 | 91.1 | 93.2 | 92.3 | 93.4 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 44.8 | 40.8 | 44.0 | 44.6 | 46.7 | 61.4 | 63.6 | 65.8 | 65.3 | 69.3 | 89.5 | 90.7 | 92.6 | 91.8 | 92.9 |
| Black | 45.4 | 47.1 | 44.6 | 49.8 | 59.6 | 71.7 | 68.5 | 72.9 | 79.3 | 81.4 | 94.0 | 93.2 | 94.5 | 95.5 | 98.5 |
| Hispanic | 24.9 | 32.8 | 22.4 | 28.4 | 25.6 | 51.5 | 50.7 | 50.1 | 48.8 | 63.6 | 86.2 | 90.7 | 93.2 | 90.1 | 88.6 |
| Other | ${ }^{1} 43.8$ | ${ }^{135.7}$ | 132.9 | ${ }^{1} 39.5$ | ${ }^{1} 58.2$ | ${ }^{1} 62.3$ | ${ }^{172.6}$ | 171.6 | ${ }^{1} 51.0$ | ${ }^{170.0}$ | ${ }^{1} 90.6$ | 90.2 | 98.4 | 95.6 | 97.8 |

Household income

| $\$ 10,000$ or less | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 35.3 | 31.7 | 30.5 | 44.0 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 56.8 | 61.5 | 58.7 | 66.1 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 91.1 | 94.5 | 91.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10,001-20,000$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 27.3 | 31.6 | 40.1 | 38.5 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 54.7 | 57.0 | 57.0 | 61.3 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 89.8 | 90.7 | 90.4 |
| $20,001-35,000$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 30.6 | 32.7 | 34.9 | 35.9 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 54.9 | 52.9 | 55.4 | 65.7 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 86.3 | 92.2 | 91.3 |
| $35,001-50,000$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 46.5 | 40.7 | 47.4 | 44.7 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 68.6 | 63.5 | 65.8 | 69.0 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 92.7 | 89.1 | 91.6 |
| 50,001 or more | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 64.6 | 62.1 | 60.3 | 57.6 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 82.4 | 84.5 | 80.9 | 79.3 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 97.1 | 97.3 | 95.2 |

Parents' highest education level

| Less than high school diploma | 23.3 | 16.1 | 19.9 | 127.1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 28.8 |  | 37.6 | 46.5 | ${ }^{1} 44.9$ | ${ }^{1} 54.6$ | 55.3 | 86.9 | 79.6 | 93.8 | 87.7 | 92.8 |  |  |  |
| High school diploma or GED | 32.5 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 34.8 | 34.5 | 51.9 | 51.5 | 56.7 | 54.2 | 62.8 | 87.8 | 89.3 | 91.7 | 92.6 | 92.0 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 44.5 | 42.9 | 40.6 | 42.0 | 45.4 | 64.1 | 68.6 | 65.6 | 66.5 | 69.1 | 91.3 | 92.6 | 92.3 | 91.5 | 93.2 |
| Bachelor's degree | 53.8 | 52.9 | 55.1 | 55.2 | 59.3 | 77.0 | 74.8 | 76.6 | 70.1 | 76.7 | 91.3 | 95.7 | 96.2 | 94.3 | 93.4 |
| Graduate/professional school | 66.1 | 66.4 | ${ }^{1} 62.6$ | 62.1 | 61.1 | 81.1 | 80.1 | 83.3 | 83.3 | 84.9 | 92.4 | 96.0 | 94.8 | 94.7 | 96.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Interpret with caution;standard errors are large due to small sample sizes.
${ }^{2}$ Family income data for 1991 are not comparable with data for 1993, 1995, 1996, and 1999.
NOTE: This analysis includes children ages $3-5$ who were not enrolled in first grade. Age is as of December 31 of the prior year. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on racial-ethnic categories. See the glossary for definitions of center-based programs and kindergarten.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1991 (Early Childhood Education Component), 1993 (School Readiness Component), 1995 (Early Childhood Program Participation Component), 1996 (Parent and Family Involvement in Education Component), and 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

Enrollment in Preprimary Education

Table 2-2 Percentage of 3-,4-, and 5-year-olds enrolled in center-based programs, kindergarten, or center-based programs and kindergarten, by selected student characteristics: 1999

| Student characteristic | 3-year-olds |  |  |  | 4-year-olds |  |  |  | 5-year-olds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Centerbased programs |  | Center based and kindergarten | Total | Centerbased programs |  | Center based and kindergarten | Total | Center- <br> based programs | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Kin- } \\ \text { der- } \\ \text { garten } \end{array}$ | Centerbased and kindergarten ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 45.9 | 45.2 | - | - | 70.1 | 66.4 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 93.4 | 21.1 | 57.0 | 15.3 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 47.8 | 47.2 | - | - | 70.7 | 67.3 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 93.7 | 23.2 | 56.5 | 13.9 |
| Female | 43.8 | 43.0 | - | - | 69.6 | 65.5 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 93.1 | 18.8 | 57.5 | 16.8 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 46.7 | 46.0 | - | - | 69.3 | 66.2 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 92.9 | 23.1 | 54.7 | 15.1 |
| Black | 59.6 | 59.2 | - | - | 81.4 | 79.4 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 98.5 | 20.2 | 55.2 | 23.2 |
| Hispanic | 25.6 | 25.0 | - | - | 63.6 | 56.8 | 5.8 | 1.1 | 88.6 | 13.4 | 66.2 | 9.0 |
| Other | ${ }^{2} 58.2$ | ${ }^{2} 56.3$ | - | - | ${ }^{2} 70.0$ | ${ }^{2} 65.0$ | 4.5 | 0.6 | 97.8 | ${ }^{2} 23.4$ | ${ }^{2} 61.1$ | 13.3 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 44.0 | 43.6 | - | - | 66.1 | 62.1 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 95.3 | 22.0 | ${ }^{3} 55.6$ | 17.8 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 38.5 | 38.0 | - | - | 61.3 | 57.6 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 88.8 | 20.1 | 59.2 | 9.5 |
| 20,001-30,000 | 35.9 | 35.3 | - | - | 65.7 | 63.6 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 93.7 | 16.1 | 61.4 | 16.2 |
| 30,001-50,000 | 44.7 | 44.1 | - | - | 69.0 | 65.3 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 91.1 | 20.1 | 59.0 | 12.0 |
| 50,001 or more | 57.6 | 56.6 | - | - | 79.3 | 74.4 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 95.5 | 24.5 | 53.1 | 17.9 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | ${ }^{2} 28.8$ | ${ }^{2} 27.9$ | - | - | 55.3 | ${ }^{2} 50.9$ | 2.3 | 2.1 | 92.8 | 14.6 | 271.8 | 6.4 |
| High school diploma or GED | 34.5 | 33.7 | - | - | 62.8 | 59.5 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 92.0 | 18.0 | 58.9 | 15.1 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 45.4 | 44.8 | - | - | 69.1 | 65.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 93.2 | 21.5 | 56.7 | 15.0 |
| Bachelor's degree | 59.3 | 58.9 | - | - | 76.7 | 73.4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 93.4 | 26.8 | 51.7 | 14.9 |
| Graduate/professional school | 61.1 | 60.1 | - | - | 84.9 | 79.6 | 3.7 | 1.6 | 96.3 | 22.6 | 53.5 | 20.2 |
| Poverty status ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | 39.1 | 38.7 | - | - | 63.5 | 58.7 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 91.7 | 19.4 | 59.6 | 12.8 |
| Nonpoor | 48.2 | 47.4 | - | - | 72.2 | 68.7 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 93.9 | 21.6 | 56.2 | 16.1 |
| Poverty status ${ }^{3}$ within race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | ${ }^{2} 31.7$ | ${ }^{2} 31.7$ | - | - | ${ }^{2} 48.7$ | ${ }^{2} 46.8$ | 0.8 | 1.0 | 89.8 | 24.6 | 251.6 | 13.6 |
| Nonpoor | 49.3 | 48.6 | - | - | 72.2 | 68.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 93.4 | 22.9 | 55.2 | 15.4 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | ${ }^{2} 59.7$ | ${ }^{2} 58.8$ | - | - | 83.9 | ${ }^{2} 82.7$ | 1.2 | 0 | 99.2 | ${ }^{2} 18.6$ | ${ }^{2} 59.0$ | ${ }^{2} 21.5$ |
| Nonpoor | 59.6 | 56.6 | - | - | ${ }^{2} 79.3$ | 76.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 98.1 | 21.5 | 52.1 | 24.4 |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | ${ }^{2} 26.6$ | ${ }^{2} 26.2$ | - | - | ${ }^{2} 60.5$ | 250.7 | 7.7 | 2.1 | ${ }^{2} 84.8$ | 12.5 | 68.0 | 4.3 |
| Nonpoor | 24.7 | 23.9 | - | - | 66.1 | 61.5 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 91.3 | 14.0 | 65.0 | 12.3 |

- Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.
${ }^{1}$ Due to survey format, dual enrollment may be underestimated; see Supplemental Note 2 for more information.
${ }^{2}$ Interpret with caution;standard errors are large due to small sample size.
${ }^{3}$ The poverty measure combines information about household income and household size. See Supplemental Note 2 for more information.
NOTE: This analysis includes children ages $3-5$ who were not enrolled in first grade. Age is as of December 31 of the prior year. Details may not add to totals due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on racial-ethnic categories. See the glossary for definitions of center-based programs and kindergarten.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).


## Past and Projected Elementary and Secondary School Enrollment

Table 3-1 Public elementary and secondary school enrollment in grades 1-12 (in thousands), by grade level, with projections: Fall 1965-2009

| Fall of year | Total | Grades 1-8 | Grades 9-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1965 | 39,816 | 28,206 | 11,610 |
| 1970 | 43,330 | 29,995 | 13,336 |
| 1975 | 41,848 | 27,544 | 14,304 |
| 1980 | 38,188 | 24,957 | 13,231 |
| 1981 | 37,357 | 24,593 | 12,764 |
| 1982 | 36,720 | 24,315 | 12,405 |
| 1983 | 36,394 | 24,122 | 12,271 |
| 1984 | 36,199 | 23,895 | 12,304 |
| 1985 | 36,230 | 23,842 | 12,388 |
| 1986 | 36,443 | 24,110 | 12,333 |
| 1987 | 36,620 | 24,544 | 12,076 |
| 1988 | 36,756 | 25,068 | 11,687 |
| 1989 | 37,056 | 25,666 | 11,390 |
| 1990 | 37,605 | 26,267 | 11,338 |
| 1991 | 38,359 | 26,818 | 11,541 |
| 1992 | 39,006 | 27,271 | 11,735 |
| 1993 | 39,542 | 27,581 | 11,961 |
| 1994 | 40,064 | 27,851 | 12,213 |
| 1995 | 40,667 | 28,167 | 12,500 |
| 1996 | 41,408 | 28,562 | 12,847 |
| 1997 | 41,929 | 28,875 | 13,054 |
|  |  | Projected |  |
| 1998 | 42,742 | 29,412 | 13,330 |
| 1999 | 43,191 | 29,648 | 13,543 |
| 2000 | 43,503 | 29,845 | 13,658 |
| 2001 | 43,777 | 30,010 | 13,767 |
| 2002 | 44,018 | 30,083 | 13,935 |
| 2003 | 44,173 | 30,054 | 14,119 |
| 2004 | 44,307 | 29,931 | 14,376 |
| 2005 | 44,411 | 29,742 | 14,669 |
| 2006 | 44,434 | 29,566 | 14,868 |
| 2007 | 44,367 | 29,460 | 14,907 |
| 2008 | 44,241 | 29,408 | 14,833 |
| 2009 | 44,088 | 29,389 | 14,699 |

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Common Core of Data, various years, and Projections of Education Statistics to 2009 (NCES 1999-038), 1999

## Past and Projected Elementary and Secondary School Enrollment

Table 3-2 Public elementary and secondary school enrollment in grades 1-12 (in thousands), by region, with projections: Fall 1965-2009

| Fall of year | Total | Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Northeast |  | Midwest |  | South |  | West |  |
|  |  | Total | Percent | Total | Percent | Total | Percent | Total | Percent |
| 1965 | 39,816 | 8,155 | 20.5 | 10,907 | 27.4 | 13,701 | 34.4 | 7,045 | 17.7 |
| 1970 | 43,330 | 9,136 | 21.1 | 11,950 | 27.6 | 14,416 | 33.3 | 7,829 | 18.1 |
| 1975 | 41,848 | 8,994 | 21.5 | 11,360 | 27.1 | 13,872 | 33.1 | 7,622 | 18.2 |
| 1980 | 38,188 | 7,711 | 20.2 | 9,929 | 26.0 | 13,259 | 34.7 | 7,289 | 19.1 |
| 1985 | 36,230 | 6,772 | 18.7 | 9,019 | 24.9 | 12,994 | 35.9 | 7,445 | 20.5 |
| 1990 | 37,605 | 6,662 | 17.7 | 9,061 | 24.1 | 13,478 | 35.8 | 8,406 | 22.4 |
| 1991 | 38,359 | 6,774 | 17.7 | 9,176 | 23.9 | 13,724 | 35.8 | 8,687 | 22.6 |
| 1992 | 39,006 | 6,881 | 17.6 | 9,301 | 23.8 | 13,940 | 35.7 | 8,884 | 22.8 |
| 1993 | 39,542 | 6,993 | 17.7 | 9,374 | 23.7 | 14,126 | 35.7 | 9,049 | 22.9 |
| 1994 | 40,064 | 7,086 | 17.7 | 9,461 | 23.6 | 14,312 | 35.7 | 9,206 | 23.0 |
| 1995 | 40,667 | 7,210 | 17.7 | 9,560 | 23.5 | 14,529 | 35.7 | 9,369 | 23.0 |
| 1996 | 41,408 | 7,332 | 17.7 | 9,675 | 23.4 | 14,762 | 35.6 | 9,640 | 23.3 |
| 1997 | 41,929 | 7,421 | 17.7 | 9,738 | 23.2 | 14,947 | 35.6 | 9,822 | 23.4 |
| Projected |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 42,742 | 7,516 | 17.6 | 9,882 | 23.1 | 15,246 | 35.7 | 10,101 | 23.6 |
| 1999 | 43,191 | 7,572 | 17.5 | 9,927 | 23.0 | 15,426 | 35.7 | 10,267 | 23.8 |
| 2000 | 43,503 | 7,598 | 17.5 | 9,948 | 22.9 | 15,561 | 35.8 | 10,394 | 23.9 |
| 2001 | 43,777 | 7,619 | 17.4 | 9,970 | 22.8 | 15,682 | 35.8 | 10,505 | 24.0 |
| 2002 | 44,018 | 7,641 | 17.4 | 9,989 | 22.7 | 15,773 | 35.8 | 10,615 | 24.1 |
| 2003 | 44,173 | 7,643 | 17.3 | 9,975 | 22.6 | 15,842 | 35.9 | 10,713 | 24.3 |
| 2004 | 44,307 | 7,631 | 17.2 | 9,967 | 22.5 | 15,902 | 35.9 | 10,809 | 24.4 |
| 2005 | 44,411 | 7,606 | 17.1 | 9,954 | 22.4 | 15,949 | 35.9 | 10,903 | 24.6 |
| 2006 | 44,434 | 7,560 | 17.0 | 9,929 | 22.3 | 15,969 | 35.9 | 10,976 | 24.7 |
| 2007 | 44,367 | 7,497 | 16.9 | 9,886 | 22.3 | 15,953 | 36.0 | 11,031 | 24.9 |
| 2008 | 44,241 | 7,427 | 16.8 | 9,829 | 22.2 | 15,923 | 36.0 | 11,063 | 25.0 |
| 2009 | 44,088 | 7,358 | 16.7 | 9,786 | 22.2 | 15,871 | 36.0 | 11,075 | 25.1 |

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Common Core of Data, various years, and Projection of oducation Statistics to 2009 (NCES 1999-038), 1999.

## Past and Projected Elementary and Secondary School Enrollment

Table 3-3 Private elementary and secondary school enrollment (in thousands), by region and grade level: School years 1989-90 to 1997-98

| School year | Total | Region |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Northeast | Midwest | South | West |
|  | Grades 1-12 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989-90 | 4,265 | 1,199 | 1,221 | 1,109 | 736 |
| 1991-92 | 4,323 | 1,168 | 1,213 | 1,145 | 798 |
| 1993-94 | 4,264 | 1,120 | 1,172 | 1,214 | 759 |
| 1995-96 | 4,400 | 1,124 | 1,196 | 1,256 | 825 |
| 1997-98 | 4,461 | 1,123 | 1,199 | 1,323 | 816 |
|  | Grades 1-8 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989-90 | 3,139 | 837 | 933 | 818 | 551 |
| 1991-92 | 3,197 | 822 | 937 | 843 | 595 |
| 1993-94 | 3,162 | 792 | 899 | 899 | 573 |
| 1995-96 | 3,240 | 789 | 910 | 926 | 616 |
| 1997-98 | 3,280 | 794 | 907 | 969 | 610 |
|  | Grades 9-12 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989-90 | 1,126 | 362 | 288 | 291 | 185 |
| 1991-92 | 1,126 | 346 | 276 | 302 | 203 |
| 1993-94 | 1,102 | 328 | 273 | 315 | 186 |
| 1995-96 | 1,160 | 334 | 286 | 330 | 209 |
| 1997-98 | 1,181 | 330 | 292 | 353 | 206 |

NOTE: Estimates exclude ungraded students. Details may not add to totals due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Private School Surveys (PSS), various years.

## Racial-Ethnic Distribution of Public School Students

Table 4-1 Racial-ethnic distribution of public school students enrolled in grades 1-12: October 1972-98

| October | White | Minority enrollment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Black | Hispanic | Other |
| 1972 | 78.0 | 22.0 | 14.8 | 5.8 | 1.4 |
| 1973 | 78.1 | 21.9 | 14.7 | 5.7 | 1.4 |
| 1974 | 76.8 | 23.2 | 15.4 | 6.2 | 1.5 |
| 1975 | 76.3 | 23.7 | 15.5 | 6.6 | 1.7 |
| 1976 | 76.4 | 23.6 | 15.5 | 6.4 | 1.7 |
| 1977 | 76.3 | 23.7 | 15.8 | 6.2 | 1.8 |
| 1978 | 75.6 | 24.4 | 15.9 | 6.4 | 2.0 |
| 1979 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1980 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1981 | 72.5 | 27.5 | 16.0 | 8.6 | 2.9 |
| 1982 | 72.1 | 27.9 | 16.0 | 8.7 | 3.2 |
| 1983 | 71.4 | 28.6 | 16.1 | 9.1 | 3.4 |
| 1984 | 71.9 | 28.1 | 16.0 | 8.5 | 3.6 |
| 1985 | 69.7 | 30.3 | 16.7 | 10.1 | 3.5 |
| 1986 | 69.3 | 30.7 | 16.5 | 10.6 | 3.6 |
| 1987 | 68.8 | 31.2 | 16.4 | 10.8 | 3.9 |
| 1988 | 68.4 | 31.6 | 16.6 | 10.9 | 4.2 |
| 1989 | 68.0 | 32.0 | 16.6 | 11.4 | 4.1 |
| 1990 | 67.7 | 32.3 | 16.4 | 11.6 | 4.3 |
| 1991 | 67.4 | 32.6 | 16.8 | 11.6 | 4.2 |
| 1992 | 67.0 | 33.0 | 16.8 | 11.9 | 4.3 |
| 1993 | 67.2 | 32.8 | 16.5 | 12.0 | 4.3 |
| 1994 | 66.0 | 34.0 | 16.6 | 13.5 | 3.8 |
| 1995 | 65.5 | 34.5 | 16.9 | 14.1 | 3.5 |
| 1996 | 63.8 | 36.2 | 16.6 | 14.4 | 5.2 |
| 1997 | 63.2 | 36.8 | 16.9 | 14.7 | 5.2 |
| 1998 | 62.7 | 37.3 | 17.1 | 15.1 | 5.1 |

— Not available.
NOTE: In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys, 1972-98.

## Racial-Ethnic Distribution of Public School Students

Table 4-2 Racial-ethnic distribution of public school students enrolled in grades 1-12, by region: October 1972-98

| October | White | Minority |  |  |  | White | Minority |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Black | Hispanic | Other |  | Total | Black | Hispanic | Other |
|  | Northeast |  |  |  |  | Midwest |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 | 81.6 | 18.4 | 12.3 | 5.4 | 0.7 | 87.6 | 12.4 | 10.6 | 1.5 | 0.3 |
| 1973 | 81.3 | 18.7 | 12.6 | 5.4 | 0.6 | 87.9 | 12.1 | 10.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 1974 | 81.0 | 19.0 | 12.7 | 5.5 | 0.7 | 86.5 | 13.5 | 11.2 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| 1975 | 79.9 | 20.1 | 13.4 | 6.0 | 0.7 | 86.2 | 13.8 | 11.7 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| 1976 | 79.1 | 20.9 | 12.9 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 87.0 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| 1977 | 80.2 | 19.8 | 12.7 | 5.8 | 1.3 | 85.9 | 14.1 | 11.7 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| 1978 | 79.9 | 20.1 | 13.6 | 5.7 | 0.8 | 85.7 | 14.3 | 11.3 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| 1979 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1980 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1981 | 76.3 | 23.7 | 13.4 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 84.3 | 15.7 | 12.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| 1982 | 75.9 | 24.1 | 13.5 | 8.3 | 2.3 | 84.5 | 15.5 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1983 | 76.2 | 23.8 | 14.0 | 7.8 | 1.9 | 83.4 | 16.6 | 12.6 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| 1984 | 76.8 | 23.2 | 13.3 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 82.2 | 17.8 | 13.7 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 1985 | 74.2 | 25.8 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 2.1 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 15.0 | 3.3 | 2.2 |
| 1986 | 74.2 | 25.8 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 2.1 | 81.9 | 18.1 | 13.0 | 3.3 | 1.8 |
| 1987 | 74.8 | 25.2 | 12.9 | 9.3 | 3.0 | 80.9 | 19.1 | 13.6 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| 1988 | 74.5 | 25.5 | 13.9 | 8.7 | 2.9 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 15.0 | 3.3 | 2.2 |
| 1989 | 73.3 | 26.7 | 14.5 | 9.2 | 3.1 | 80.4 | 19.6 | 13.9 | 3.4 | 2.3 |
| 1990 | 73.2 | 26.8 | 13.5 | 10.2 | 3.2 | 81.9 | 18.1 | 12.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| 1991 | 72.9 | 27.1 | 14.2 | 9.7 | 3.3 | 82.0 | 18.0 | 12.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| 1992 | 71.9 | 28.1 | 14.8 | 9.8 | 3.6 | 82.0 | 18.0 | 12.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 |
| 1993 | 72.1 | 27.9 | 15.4 | 8.7 | 3.7 | 81.1 | 18.9 | 13.2 | 3.5 | 2.2 |
| 1994 | 72.1 | 27.9 | 13.9 | 10.8 | 3.2 | 78.2 | 21.8 | 14.8 | 4.8 | 2.3 |
| 1995 | 70.7 | 29.3 | 14.6 | 11.8 | 3.0 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 13.9 | 4.4 | 2.2 |
| 1996 | 68.2 | 31.8 | 16.1 | 12.0 | 3.7 | 80.4 | 19.6 | 12.7 | 4.1 | 2.8 |
| 1997 | 67.7 | 32.3 | 16.0 | 12.3 | 4.0 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 13.3 | 4.3 | 2.9 |
| 1998 | 68.2 | 31.8 | 15.1 | 13.0 | 3.7 | 78.8 | 21.2 | 13.3 | 4.7 | 3.2 |

## Racial-Ethnic Distribution of Public School Students

Table 4-2 Racial-ethnic distribution of public school students enrolled in grades 1-12, by region: October 1972-98—Continued

| October | White | Minority |  |  |  | White | Minority |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Black | Hispanic | Other |  | Total | Black | Hispanic | Other |
|  | South |  |  |  |  | West |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 | 70.1 | 29.9 | 24.5 | 4.8 | 0.5 | 73.1 | 26.9 | 6.3 | 15.0 | 5.6 |
| 1973 | 69.8 | 30.2 | 24.7 | 5.0 | 0.6 | 74.3 | 25.7 | 6.2 | 14.3 | 5.2 |
| 1974 | 68.1 | 31.9 | 25.5 | 5.9 | 0.5 | 72.9 | 27.1 | 6.8 | 14.7 | 5.6 |
| 1975 | 67.6 | 32.4 | 25.2 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 72.1 | 27.9 | 6.9 | 14.8 | 6.2 |
| 1976 | 67.6 | 32.4 | 25.5 | 6.0 | 0.9 | 73.0 | 27.0 | 7.0 | 14.6 | 5.4 |
| 1977 | 67.9 | 32.1 | 26.1 | 5.5 | 0.6 | 72.4 | 27.6 | 6.8 | 14.5 | 6.3 |
| 1978 | 66.7 | 33.3 | 26.1 | 6.1 | 1.1 | 71.8 | 28.2 | 6.9 | 14.9 | 6.5 |
| 1979 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1980 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1981 | 64.3 | 35.7 | 25.8 | 7.0 | 1.4 | 67.3 | 32.7 | 6.7 | 17.9 | 8.2 |
| 1982 | 64.7 | 35.3 | 26.6 | 7.7 | 1.0 | 65.2 | 34.8 | 5.5 | 19.7 | 9.6 |
| 1983 | 64.3 | 35.7 | 25.8 | 8.5 | 1.5 | 64.1 | 35.9 | 5.6 | 20.1 | 10.2 |
| 1984 | 66.5 | 33.5 | 24.3 | 7.5 | 1.7 | 63.8 | 36.2 | 6.8 | 19.4 | 9.9 |
| 1985 | 63.7 | 36.3 | 25.6 | 8.8 | 2.0 | 63.6 | 36.4 | 6.5 | 20.8 | 9.1 |
| 1986 | 62.5 | 37.5 | 26.4 | 8.9 | 2.2 | 62.9 | 37.1 | 6.1 | 21.7 | 9.3 |
| 1987 | 62.4 | 37.6 | 25.8 | 9.6 | 2.2 | 60.3 | 39.7 | 7.1 | 23.1 | 9.5 |
| 1988 | 62.4 | 37.6 | 24.8 | 10.4 | 2.4 | 60.9 | 39.1 | 6.7 | 22.0 | 10.4 |
| 1989 | 61.9 | 38.1 | 25.8 | 9.8 | 2.5 | 59.4 | 40.6 | 5.9 | 24.9 | 9.8 |
| 1990 | 60.0 | 40.0 | 27.3 | 10.5 | 2.2 | 59.3 | 40.7 | 5.4 | 24.8 | 10.5 |
| 1991 | 59.7 | 40.3 | 27.7 | 10.1 | 2.5 | 59.4 | 40.6 | 5.9 | 25.0 | 9.6 |
| 1992 | 59.7 | 40.3 | 27.2 | 10.3 | 2.8 | 58.8 | 41.2 | 5.8 | 26.2 | 9.2 |
| 1993 | 60.6 | 39.4 | 26.2 | 10.4 | 2.8 | 58.9 | 41.1 | 6.1 | 26.0 | 9.1 |
| 1994 | 59.3 | 40.7 | 26.0 | 12.4 | 2.3 | 59.1 | 40.9 | 5.6 | 26.7 | 8.5 |
| 1995 | 59.1 | 40.9 | 26.9 | 12.1 | 1.9 | 57.1 | 42.9 | 5.5 | 29.4 | 8.0 |
| 1996 | 57.6 | 42.4 | 27.0 | 12.6 | 2.7 | 52.8 | 47.2 | 5.3 | 29.3 | 12.7 |
| 1997 | 57.1 | 42.9 | 27.0 | 13.4 | 2.6 | 52.8 | 47.2 | 6.5 | 28.6 | 12.1 |
| 1998 | 56.4 | 43.6 | 27.9 | 12.8 | 2.8 | 52.0 | 48.0 | 6.8 | 30.0 | 11.3 |

- Not available.

NOTE: In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys, 1972-98.

## Parental Education, by Race-Ethnicity

Table 5-1 Percentage distribution of 6- to 18-year-olds according to parents' highest education level, by child's race-ethnicity: 1974-99

| Parents' highest education level and child's race-ethnicity | 1974 | 1979 | 1984 | 1989 | 1994 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mother's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 27.1 | 22.1 | 16.8 | 12.0 | 9.5 | 6.9 |
| High school diploma or GED | 51.4 | 50.4 | 50.3 | 48.8 | 37.9 | 35.2 |
| Some college | 12.2 | 16.1 | 18.3 | 21.3 | 31.0 | 31.4 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 9.3 | 11.4 | 14.6 | 17.9 | 21.6 | 26.4 |
| Father's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 28.6 | 22.4 | 16.2 | 12.2 | 9.1 | 8.1 |
| High school diploma or GED | 38.3 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 32.2 | 31.5 |
| Some college | 13.2 | 15.5 | 18.3 | 20.1 | 27.4 | 26.8 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 19.9 | 23.4 | 26.5 | 29.3 | 31.3 | 33.6 |
|  | Black |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mother's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 57.6 | 46.4 | 34.8 | 26.3 | 20.0 | 19.6 |
| High school diploma or GED | 32.1 | 36.1 | 42.6 | 44.4 | 40.0 | 37.1 |
| Some college | 6.8 | 12.5 | 15.6 | 19.8 | 30.0 | 29.5 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 3.6 | 4.9 | 7.0 | 9.4 | 10.1 | 13.9 |
| Father's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 61.3 | 44.3 | 33.1 | 25.4 | 18.2 | 14.6 |
| High school diploma or GED | 27.1 | 35.7 | 38.4 | 40.4 | 42.2 | 39.3 |
| Some college | 7.6 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 20.6 | 23.5 | 29.7 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 4.0 | 7.3 | 12.2 | 13.7 | 16.1 | 16.5 |
|  | Hispanic |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mother's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 61.8 | 60.4 | 60.5 | 55.8 | 51.8 | 49.2 |
| High school diploma or GED | 28.9 | 28.3 | 28.2 | 28.7 | 26.9 | 25.2 |
| Some college | 5.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 10.2 | 15.6 | 18.2 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 7.4 |
| Father's highest education level | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than high school diploma | 58.3 | 57.2 | 56.3 | 51.6 | 51.1 | 48.9 |
| High school diploma or GED | 24.9 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 27.2 | 23.2 | 26.2 |
| Some college | 8.4 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 13.4 | 17.5 | 14.7 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 10.1 |

NOTE: Information on parents' highest education level is available only for those parents who live in the same household with their child. The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1994 and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racialethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, various years.

# Language Spoken at Home by Hispanic Students 

Table 6-1 Number and percentage distribution of students enrolled in grades K-12, by race-ethnicity: 1999

|  |  | Students in grades K-12 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Total | White | Black | Hispanic |  |
| Number (in thousands) | 51,979 | 33,831 | 8,270 | 7,199 |  |
| Percent | 100.0 | 65.1 | 15.9 | 2,679 |  |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

Table 6-2
Percentage distribution of Hispanic students in grades K-12, by language spoken at home and grade: 1999

| Grade <br> enrolled | Total | Spoke mostly <br> English <br> at home | Spoke English and <br> Spanish equally <br> at home | Spoke mostly <br> Spanish <br> at home | Spoke English and <br> other language equally/ <br> spoke other language |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 7}$ |  |
| K-5 | 100.0 | 54.8 | 16.2 | 0.8 |  |
| $6-8$ | 100.0 | 58.2 | 20.1 | 28.2 |  |
| $9-12$ | 100.0 | 61.5 | 15.9 | 20.6 | 0 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

Table 6-3 Percentage distribution of Hispanic students in grades K-12, by language spoken at home, grade, and mother's birth place: 1999

| Grade enrolled | Total | ke mostly <br> English at home | Spoke English and Spanish equally at home | Spoke mostly Spanish at home | Spoke English and other language equally/ spoke other language |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mother was born in the United States |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 100.0 | 89.3 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| K-5 | 100.0 | 89.6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 0.2 |
| 6-8 | 100.0 | 86.0 | 9.7 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| 9-12 | 100.0 | 91.6 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| Mother was not born in the United States |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 100.0 | 27.8 | 27.3 | 43.8 | 1.0 |
| K-5 | 100.0 | 24.4 | 25.7 | 48.6 | 1.3 |
| 6-8 | 100.0 | 29.3 | 32.1 | 37.3 | 1.4 |
| 9-12 | 100.0 | 34.3 | 26.9 | 38.7 | 0.1 |

NOTE: Information is shown only for students who lived with their mothers. Four percent of students did not live with their mothers. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Language Spoken at Home by Hispanic Students

Table 6-4 Percentage distribution of Hispanic students in grades K-12, by language spoken at home and various demographic characteristics: 1999

| Demographic characteristic | Total | Language spoken at home by student |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Mostly English | English and Spanish equally | Mostly Spanish |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Language spoken most at home by mother ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| English | 48.3 | 82.0 | 6.0 | 2.0 |
| Spanish ${ }^{2}$ | 51.0 | 17.2 | 93.7 | 98.0 |
| English and other language equally/other language | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Mother's place of birth ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| United States/territories | 46.8 | 73.8 | 15.8 | 8.3 |
| Other countries | 53.2 | 26.2 | 84.2 | 91.7 |
| Mother's first language ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| English | 32.8 | 56.1 | 3.1 | 1.5 |
| Spanish ${ }^{2}$ | 65.2 | 41.3 | 96.6 | 98.3 |
| English and other language equally/other language | 2.0 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | 30.4 | 17.2 | 45.8 | 50.7 |
| High school diploma or GED or higher | 69.6 | 82.8 | 54.2 | 49.3 |
| High school diploma or GED | 27.9 | 28.4 | 25.2 | 28.5 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 25.2 | 32.5 | 18.8 | 12.9 |
| Bachelor's degree | 9.0 | 11.5 | 5.5 | 5.3 |
| Graduate/professional school | 7.5 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 2.6 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |
| \$20,000 or less | 45.6 | 36.6 | 55.1 | 60.2 |
| 10,000 or less | 21.0 | 17.5 | 21.5 | 28.6 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 24.6 | 19.1 | 33.6 | 31.6 |
| 20,001 or more | 54.4 | 63.4 | 44.9 | 39.8 |
| 20,001-30,000 | 26.7 | 23.7 | 31.4 | 30.4 |
| 30,001-50,000 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 6.8 | 4.9 |
| 50,001 or more | 16.2 | 24.2 | 6.7 | 4.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Information is only shown for students who lived with their mothers. Four percent of students did not live with their mothers.
${ }^{2}$ Mothers of Hispanic students were asked about language spoken mostly at home or their first language. The response options were : English, Spanish, English and Spanish equally, English and another language equally, and another language. This category used in the table includes mothers who spoke Spanish, and English and Spanish equally.
NOTE: Included in the totals but not shown separately are Hispanic students who spoke English and other languages equally or primarily other languages at home. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Past and Projected Postsecondary Enrollments

Table 7-1 Total enrollment in degree-granting 2- and 4-year postsecondary institutions (in thousands) by sex, enrollment status, and type of institution, with projections: Fall 1970-2009

| Year | Total | Sex |  | Enrollment status |  | Type of institution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male | Female | Full-time | Part-time | 4-year | 2-year |
| 1970 | 8,581 | 5,044 | 3,537 | 5,816 | 2,765 | 6,262 | 2,319 |
| 1972 | 9,215 | 5,239 | 3,976 | 6,072 | 3,142 | 6,459 | 2,756 |
| 1974 | 10,224 | 5,622 | 4,601 | 6,370 | 3,853 | 6,820 | 3,404 |
| 1976 | 11,012 | 5,811 | 5,201 | 6,717 | 4,295 | 7,129 | 3,883 |
| 1978 | 11,260 | 5,641 | 5,619 | 6,668 | 4,592 | 7,232 | 4,028 |
| 1980 | 12,097 | 5,874 | 6,223 | 7,098 | 4,999 | 7,571 | 4,526 |
| 1982 | 12,426 | 6,031 | 6,394 | 7,221 | 5,205 | 7,654 | 4,772 |
| 1984 | 12,242 | 5,864 | 6,378 | 7,098 | 5,144 | 7,711 | 4,531 |
| 1986 | 12,504 | 5,885 | 6,619 | 7,120 | 5,384 | 7,824 | 4,680 |
| 1988 | 13,055 | 6,002 | 7,053 | 7,437 | 5,619 | 8,180 | 4,875 |
| 1990 | 13,819 | 6,284 | 7,535 | 7,821 | 5,998 | 8,579 | 5,240 |
| 1991 | 14,359 | 6,502 | 7,857 | 8,115 | 6,244 | 8,707 | 5,652 |
| 1992 | 14,487 | 6,524 | 7,963 | 8,162 | 6,325 | 8,765 | 5,722 |
| 1993 | 14,305 | 6,427 | 7,877 | 8,128 | 6,177 | 8,739 | 5,566 |
| 1994 | 14,279 | 6,372 | 7,907 | 8,138 | 6,141 | 8,749 | 5,530 |
| 1995 | 14,262 | 6,343 | 7,919 | 8,129 | 6,133 | 8,769 | 5,493 |
| 1996 | 14,300 | 6,344 | 7,956 | 8,213 | 6,087 | 8,803 | 5,497 |
| Projected* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 14,390 | 6,313 | 8,077 | 8,114 | 6,276 | 8,805 | 5,585 |
| 1998 | 14,608 | 6,297 | 8,311 | 8,242 | 6,366 | 8,928 | 5,680 |
| 1999 | 14,881 | 6,370 | 8,511 | 8,449 | 6,432 | 9,106 | 5,775 |
| 2000 | 15,072 | 6,432 | 8,639 | 8,600 | 6,471 | 9,234 | 5,838 |
| 2001 | 15,158 | 6,471 | 8,688 | 8,690 | 6,469 | 9,298 | 5,861 |
| 2002 | 15,168 | 6,486 | 8,682 | 8,702 | 6,466 | 9,309 | 5,859 |
| 2003 | 15,262 | 6,525 | 8,736 | 8,787 | 6,475 | 9,376 | 5,885 |
| 2004 | 15,400 | 6,577 | 8,823 | 8,895 | 6,505 | 9,465 | 5,935 |
| 2005 | 15,556 | 6,628 | 8,928 | 9,019 | 6,537 | 9,572 | 5,984 |
| 2006 | 15,739 | 6,691 | 9,048 | 9,169 | 6,570 | 9,696 | 6,042 |
| 2007 | 15,929 | 6,763 | 9,166 | 9,325 | 6,604 | 9,822 | 6,107 |
| 2008 | 16,144 | 6,852 | 9,291 | 9,503 | 6,640 | 9,963 | 6,181 |
| 2009 | 16,336 | 6,937 | 9,399 | 9,666 | 6,670 | 10,092 | 6,244 |

* Projections based on data through 1996.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Digest of Education Statistics 1998 (NCES 1999-036), 1999, tables 172 and 173, and Projections of Education Statistics to 2009 (NCES 1999-038), 1999, tables 3, 4, and 5.

## Undergraduate Enrollment of Minority Students

Table 8-1 Percentage distribution of undergraduate enrollment in postsecondary education institutions according to race-ethnicity, by Carnegie Classification: Fall 1976 and Fall 1995

| 1994 Carnegie classification | Number enrolled | Total | White | Minority |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total minority | Black | Hispanic | Asian or Pacific Islander | American Indian/ Alaskan Native |
|  |  | 1976-77 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,428,298 | 100.0 | 82.6 | 17.4 | 10.1 | 4.7 | 1.8 | 0.7 |
| Research Universities I | 1,305,976 | 100.0 | 88.2 | 11.8 | 5.8 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 0.5 |
| Research Universities II | 467,364 | 100.0 | 92.1 | 7.9 | 5.1 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| Doctoral Universities I and II | 801,263 | 100.0 | 85.0 | 15.0 | 8.9 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 |
| Master's Universities/Colleges I and II | 2,089,078 | 100.0 | 81.3 | 18.7 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 0.6 |
| Baccalaureate Colleges I and II | 750,398 | 100.0 | 81.1 | 18.9 | 12.2 | 5.2 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Associate of Arts Colleges | 3,710,684 | 100.0 | 79.9 | 20.1 | 11.2 | 5.8 | 2.1 | 1.0 |
| Specialized Institutions | 221,025 | 100.0 | 86.7 | 13.3 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 95-96 |  |  |  |
| Total | 12,231,719 | 100.0 | 73.6 | 26.4 | 11.1 | 8.5 | 5.8 | 1.0 |
| Research Universities I | 1,413,334 | 100.0 | 75.2 | 24.8 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 10.9 | 0.6 |
| Research Universities II | 480,076 | 100.0 | 83.0 | 17.0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 1.0 |
| Doctoral Universities I and II | 923,517 | 100.0 | 76.9 | 23.1 | 11.0 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 0.9 |
| Master's Universities/Colleges I and II | 2,509,428 | 100.0 | 74.3 | 25.7 | 12.8 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 0.9 |
| Baccalaureate Colleges I and II | 1,130,624 | 100.0 | 79.7 | 20.3 | 12.9 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 0.7 |
| Associate of Arts Colleges | 5,485,405 | 100.0 | 70.3 | 29.7 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 5.8 | 1.1 |
| Specialized Institutions | 289,335 | 100.0 | 73.6 | 26.4 | 11.2 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 3.7 |

NOTE:For 1976-77, students whose race-ethnicity was unknown were excluded from the analysis. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. Included in the 1976 enrollment totals but not shown separately are institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications. See Supplemental Note 5 for definitions of Carnegie Classifications. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 1976 Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) and 1995 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Fall Enrollment" surveys.

## Participation in Adult Learning

Table 10-1 Percentage of adults ages 18 or older who participated in learning activities in the past 12 months, by educational attainment and age:1991, 1995, and 1999

| Educational attainment and age | $\begin{aligned} & 1991 \\ & \text { Total } 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1995 \\ & \text { Total }{ }^{1} \end{aligned}$ | 1999 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Type of adult learning activity |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Basic skills | Credential |  | Work-related | Personal |
|  |  |  |  |  | Full-time | Part-time |  |  |
| Total | 37.9 | 44.3 | 49.6 | 2.2 | 7.1 | 9.4 | 23.2 | 22.8 |
| Educational attainment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grade 8 or less | 8.0 | 10.9 | 13.9 | 4.2 | 0 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 5.6 |
| Grades 9-12 ${ }^{2}$ | 16.1 | 23.5 | 26.6 | 8.3 | 1.2 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 10.4 |
| High school diploma or GED | 26.7 | 33.0 | 40.5 | 2.3 | 4.6 | 7.0 | 17.4 | 18.8 |
| Some college/ technical/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| vocational school | 52.6 | 58.7 | 61.0 | 0.9 | 15.2 | 13.7 | 25.2 | 26.6 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 56.5 | 62.1 | 65.0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 6.0 | 11.6 | 38.4 | 31.9 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18-24 | 69.1 | 68.3 | 72.8 | 10.4 | 37.4 | 15.1 | 19.4 | 21.5 |
| 25-34 | 42.2 | 53.0 | 60.1 | 2.1 | 8.2 | 15.2 | 29.7 | 25.3 |
| 35-44 | 46.6 | 51.0 | 52.3 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 10.3 | 29.5 | 24.8 |
| 45-54 | 33.3 | 47.0 | 51.8 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 8.2 | 28.4 | 27.1 |
| 55-64 | 23.0 | 28.2 | 37.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 4.7 | 19.8 | 19.3 |
| 65 and older | 10.5 | 15.2 | 19.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 14.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates includes participation in basic skills, work-related, credential programs, English as a Second Language, personal interest courses, apprenticeships, or participation in credential program full or part time. Adults who participated in apprenticeships and programs for English as a Second Language are included in the totals but are not shown separately.
${ }^{2}$ In 1995 and 1999, includes adults whose highest education level was grades $9-12$ who had not received a high school diploma; in 1991 includes only adults whose highest education level was grades $9-11$.
${ }^{3}$ Only adults who had not received a high school diploma or equivalent, who received a high school diploma in the past 12 months, or who received a high school diploma in a foreign country and did not have a bachelor's degree were asked about their participation in basic education/General Education Development (GED) activities.
NOTE: See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1991, 1995, and 1999 (Adult Education Component).

Table 10-2 Percentage of adults age 18 or older who participated in various learning activities with different providers, by type of activity: 1999

|  | Type of provider for various adult learning activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of activity and age | Elementary/ secondary | Postsecondary | Trade organization | Private | Business | Government | Other |
| Credential | 1.2 | 75.1 | 9.4 | 1.7 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 2.7 |
| Full-time | 0.6 | 87.8 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 1.3 |
| Part-time | 1.6 | 65.5 | 12.1 | 2.1 | 10.0 | 5.0 | 3.7 |
| Work-related | 5.0 | 21.4 | 12.5 | 5.8 | 53.6 | 13.8 | 4.4 |
| Personal | 5.1 | 15.6 | 11.1 | 47.5 | 20.0 | 10.1 | 4.5 |

NOTE:Information on the type of provider of adult learning activities was aggregated as follows. Elementary/secondary: elementary, junior high school, or high school; postsecondary: 2-year community or junior college, 2 year vocational school, or 4-year college or university; trade organization: private vocational, trade, business, hospital, flight school, or adult learning center; private: private community organization, church or religious organization, tutor, or private instructor;business:business or industry, or professional association; and government:federal, state, county, or local government, or public library. Percentages were based on individuals who participated in work-related activities or courses for personal development only. Percentages can add to more than 100.0 because individuals can take more than one work-related or personal-development course. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Adult Education Component).

## Kindergartners' Skills and Proficiency in Reading and Mathematics

Table 11-1 Percentage of first-time kindergartners achieving each reading and mathematics proficiency level, by child and family characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic reres | Reading proficiencies |  |  | Mathematics proficiencies |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Letter cognition | Beginning sounds | Ending sounds | Number and shape | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Relative } \\ \text { size } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ordinal } \\ \text { sequence } \end{array}$ |
| Total | 66 | 29 | 17 | 94 | 58 | 20 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 62 | 26 | 15 | 93 | 57 | 21 |
| Female | 70 | 32 | 19 | 95 | 59 | 20 |
| Mother's highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 38 | 9 | 4 | 84 | 32 | 6 |
| High school diploma or equivalent | 57 | 20 | 11 | 92 | 50 | 13 |
| Some college, including vocational/technical | cal 69 | 30 | 17 | 96 | 61 | 20 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 86 | 50 | 32 | 99 | 79 | 37 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 73 | 34 | 20 | 96 | 66 | 26 |
| Black | 55 | 19 | 10 | 90 | 42 | 9 |
| Asian | 79 | 43 | 29 | 98 | 70 | 31 |
| Hispanic | 49 | 19 | 10 | 90 | 44 | 12 |

NOTE: Based on those assessed in English. Excludes 19 percent of Asian and 30 percent of Hispanic children. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, "Kindergarten Class of 1998-99," Fall 1998.

## Kindergartners' Overall Reading and Mathematics Performance

Table 12-1 Mean readingt-scores of first-time kindergartners, and percentage distribution of quartile scores, by child and family characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic Mean |  | Quartile scores |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $0-25$ percent | $\begin{array}{r} 26-50 \\ \text { percent } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51-75 \\ \text { percent } \end{array}$ | 76-100 percent |
| Total | 50 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 49 | 29 | 25 | 24 | 22 |
| Female | 51 | 21 | 25 | 26 | 28 |
| Mother's highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 43 | 52 | 26 | 16 | 6 |
| High school diploma or equivalent | 48 | 32 | 28 | 24 | 16 |
| Some college, including vocational/technical | 51 | 21 | 27 | 26 | 26 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 56 | 8 | 18 | 28 | 46 |
| Child's race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 52 | 18 | 24 | 28 | 30 |
| Black | 47 | 34 | 30 | 21 | 15 |
| Asian | 55 | 13 | 24 | 24 | 39 |
| Hispanic | 46 | 42 | 24 | 19 | 15 |

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## Kindergartners' Overall Reading and Mathematics Performance

Table 12-2 Mean mathematics $t$-scores of first-time kindergartners, and percentage distribution of quartile scores, by child and family characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic Me | Mean t-score | Quartile scores |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 0-25 \\ \text { percent } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26-50 \\ \text { percent } \end{array}$ | $51-75$ percent | 76-100 percent |
| Total | 50 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 50 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 26 |
| Female | 50 | 24 | 26 | 26 | 24 |
| Mother's highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 43 | 53 | 25 | 15 | 7 |
| High school diploma or equivalent | 48 | 32 | 28 | 23 | 17 |
| Some college, including vocational/technical | 51 | 21 | 27 | 28 | 24 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 56 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 46 |
| Child's race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 52 | 18 | 23 | 27 | 32 |
| Black | 46 | 39 | 30 | 21 | 10 |
| Asian | 54 | 13 | 25 | 24 | 38 |
| Hispanic | 47 | 40 | 26 | 20 | 14 |

NOTE:Based on those assessed in English. Excludes 19 percent of Asian and 30 percent of Hispanic children. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. $T$-scores normalize the actual distribution to an average of 50 and a standard deviation of 50 . See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study,"Kindergarten Class of 1998-99,"Fall 1998.

## Reading Performance of Students in Grades 4, 8, and 12

Table 13-1 Average reading performance, by grade and selected student characteristics: 1992, 1994, and 1998

| Student characteristic | Grade 4 |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  | Grade 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 |
| Total | 217 | 214 | 217 | 260 | 260 | 264 | 292 | 287 | 291 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 213 | 209 | 214 | 254 | 252 | 257 | 287 | 280 | 283 |
| Female | 221 | 220 | 220 | 267 | 267 | 270 | 297 | 294 | 298 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 225 | 224 | 227 | 267 | 268 | 272 | 298 | 294 | 298 |
| Black | 193 | 187 | 194 | 238 | 237 | 243 | 273 | 265 | 270 |
| Hispanic | 201 | 191 | 196 | 241 | 240 | 244 | 278 | 270 | 275 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 214 | 229 | 225 | 270 | 268 | 271 | 292 | 280 | 289 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 207 | 201 | 202 | 251 | 251 | 248 | - | 275 | 276 |

- Not available.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).
SOUREE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1998 Reading, A Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 1999-500), 1999.

Table 13-2 Percentage of students scoring at or above each achievement level in reading, by grade: 1992, 1994, and 1998

| Achievement | Grade 4 |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  | Grade 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| level | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 | 1992 | 1994 | 1998 |
| Below Basic | 38 | 40 | 38 | 31 | 30 | 26 | 20 | 25 | 23 |
| At or Above Basic | 62 | 60 | 62 | 69 | 70 | 74 | 80 | 75 | 77 |
| At or Above Proficient | 29 | 30 | 31 | 29 | 30 | 33 | 40 | 36 | 40 |
| At or Above Advanced | 6 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1998 Reading, A Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 1999-500), 1999.

## Writing Performance of Students in Grades 4,8, and 12

Table 14-1 Percentage of students scoring within each of the NAEP writing assessment achievement levels, by grade and selected student characteristics: 1998

| Student characteristic | Achievement level |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Below basic | Basic | Proficient | Advanced |
| Grade 4 | 16 | 61 | 22 | 1 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 21 | 63 | 16 | 1 |
| Female | 11 | 59 | 28 | 2 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 10 | 61 | 27 | 2 |
| Black | 31 | 61 | 8 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 28 | 62 | 10 | 0 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 7 | 57 | 32 | 4 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 24 | 65 | 11 | 1 |
| Grade 8 | 16 | 58 | 25 | 1 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 22 | 61 | 17 | 0 |
| Female | 9 | 55 | 34 | 2 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 10 | 56 | 32 | 2 |
| Black | 28 | 64 | 8 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 31 | 58 | 11 | 0 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 10 | 55 | 33 | 2 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 27 | 64 | 9 | 0 |
| Grade 12 | 22 | 57 | 21 | 1 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 30 | 56 | 14 | 0 |
| Female | 14 | 58 | 27 | 1 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 16 | 57 | 25 | 1 |
| Black | 36 | 56 | 8 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 35 | 54 | 10 | 0 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 22 | 54 | 23 | 1 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 42 | 49 | 9 | 0 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assesment of Educational Progress (NAEP).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1998 Writing: A Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 1999-462), 1999.

## Writing Performance of Students in Grades 4, 8, and 12

Table 14-2 Percentage and average writing scale scores of students who reported the occurrence of various school and home factors, by grade and frequency of reports: 1998

| Frequency | Percentage of students |  |  | Average scale score |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grade 4 | Grade 8 | Grade 12 | Grade 4 | Grade 8 | Grade 12 |
| Teachers talk to students about what they are writing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Always | 24 | 51 | 50 | 149 | 153 | 153 |
| Sometimes | 65 | 42 | 43 | 151 | 148 | 150 |
| Never | 11 | 7 | 8 | 146 | 139 | 137 |
| Teachers ask students to write more than one draft of a paper |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Always | 19 | 47 | 50 | 151 | 156 | 153 |
| Sometimes | 62 | 43 | 39 | 150 | 146 | 148 |
| Never | 19 | 10 | 12 | 151 | 143 | 146 |
| Students discuss their studies with someone at home |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At least once a week | 76 | 69 | 67 | 153 | 157 | 156 |
| Once/twice a month | 7 | 11 | 13 | 149 | 149 | 146 |
| Never/hardly ever | 18 | 20 | 21 | 137 | 137 | 137 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1998 Writing: A Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 1999-462), 1999.

## Mathematics Performance of Students in Grades 4, 8, and 12

Table 15-1 Percentage of students scoring at or above each achievement level in mathematics, by grade: 1990, 1992, and 1996

| Achievement level | Grade 4 |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  | Grade 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 |
| Below Basic | 50 | 41 | 36 | 48 | 42 | 38 | 42 | 36 | 31 |
| At or Above Basic | 50 | 59 | 64 | 52 | 58 | 62 | 58 | 64 | 69 |
| At or Above Proficient | 13 | 18 | 21 | 15 | 21 | 24 | 12 | 15 | 16 |
| At or Above Advanced | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1996 Mathematics Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 97-488), 1997.

## Mathematics Performance of Students in Grades 4, 8, and 12

Table 15-2 Average mathematics performance (scale score), by grade and selected student characteristics: 1990, 1992, and 1996

| Student characteristic | Grade 4 |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  | Grade 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 | 1990 | 1992 | 1996 |
| Total | 213 | 220 | 224 | 263 | 268 | 272 | 294 | 300 | 304 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 214 | 221 | 226 | 263 | 268 | 272 | 297 | 301 | 305 |
| Female | 213 | 219 | 222 | 262 | 269 | 272 | 292 | 298 | 303 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 220 | 228 | 232 | 270 | 278 | 282 | 301 | 306 | 311 |
| Black | 189 | 193 | 200 | 238 | 238 | 243 | 268 | 276 | 280 |
| Hispanic | 198 | 202 | 206 | 244 | 247 | 251 | 276 | 284 | 287 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 228 | 232 | 232 | 279 | 289 | 274 | 311 | 316 | 319 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 208 | 211 | 216 | 246 | 255 | 264 | - | - | 297 |

- Not available.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1996 Mathematics Report Card for the Nation and the States (NCES 97-488), 1997.

## High Performance in Mathematics and Science

Table 16-1 Percentage of 17-year-old students scoring at or above 300 on the NAEP mathematics and science assessments, by sex: 1977-96

| Sex | 1977 | 1978 | 1982 | 1986 | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | - | 51.5 | 48.5 | 51.7 | 56.1 | 59.1 | 58.6 | 60.1 |
| Male | - | 55.1 | 51.9 | 54.6 | 57.6 | 60.5 | 60.2 | 62.7 |
| Female | - | 48.2 | 45.3 | 48.9 | 54.7 | 57.7 | 57.2 | 57.6 |
|  | Science |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 41.7 | - | 37.3 | 41.3 | 43.3 | 46.6 | 47.5 | 48.4 |
| Male | 48.8 | - | 45.2 | 48.8 | 48.2 | 50.9 | 52.9 | 53.1 |
| Female | 34.8 | - | 29.9 | 34.1 | 38.7 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 43.9 |
| - Not available. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Assessment of Educational Progress, NAEP 1996 Trends in Academic Progress (NCES 2000-499), 2000 (forthcoming). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Trends in the Achievement Gap in Reading Between White and Black Students

Table 17-1 Average reading achievement scale scores, by age, race-ethnicity, and difference: 1971-96

| Race-ethnicity and difference | 1971 | 1975 | 1980 | 1984 | 1988 | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 214 | 217 | 221 | 218 | 218 | 217 | 218 | 218 | 220 |
| Black | 170 | 181 | 189 | 186 | 189 | 182 | 185 | 185 | 190 |
| Difference | 44 | 35 | 32 | 32 | 29 | 35 | 33 | 33 | 30 |
| Age 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 261 | 262 | 264 | 263 | 261 | 262 | 266 | 265 | 267 |
| Black | 222 | 226 | 233 | 236 | 243 | 242 | 238 | 234 | 236 |
| Difference | 39 | 36 | 32 | 26 | 18 | 21 | 29 | 31 | 31 |
| Age 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 291 | 293 | 293 | 295 | 295 | 297 | 297 | 296 | 294 |
| Black | 239 | 241 | 243 | 264 | 274 | 267 | 261 | 266 | 265 |
| Difference | 53 | 52 | 50 | 31 | 20 | 29 | 37 | 30 | 29 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1996Trends in Academic Progress, (NCES 2000-499), 2000 (forthcoming).

## International Comparisons of Student Performance in Mathematics

Table 18-1 Average mathematics performance (scale score) of students in grades 4,8, and in their final year of secondary school, by sex and country: 1995

| Country | Grade $4^{1}$ |  |  | Grade 81 |  |  | Final year of secondary school |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| International average | 529 | 535 | 533 | 513 | 519 | 512 | 500 | 518 | 485 |
| Australia $^{2}$ | 546 | 547 | 545 | 530 | 527 | 532 | 522 | 540 | 510 |
| Austria ${ }^{2}$ | 559 | 563 | 555 | 539 | 544 | 536 | 518 | 545 | 503 |
| Belgium (Flemish) | - | - | - | 565 | 563 | 567 | - | - | - |
| Belgium (French) ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 526 | 530 | 524 | - | - | - |
| Bulgaria $^{2}$ | - | - | - | 540 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Canada $^{2}$ | 532 | 534 | 531 | 527 | 526 | 530 | 519 | 537 | 504 |
| Colombia ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 385 | 386 | 384 | - | - | - |
| Cyprus ${ }^{2}$ | 502 | 506 | 499 | 474 | 472 | 475 | 446 | 454 | 439 |
| Czech Republic | 567 | 568 | 566 | 564 | 569 | 558 | 466 | 488 | 443 |
| Denmark ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 502 | 511 | 494 | 547 | 575 | 523 |
| England | 513 | 515 | 510 | 506 | 508 | 504 | - | - | - |
| France ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 538 | 542 | 536 | 523 | 544 | 506 |
| Germany ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 509 | 512 | 509 | 495 | 509 | 480 |
| Greece $^{2}$ | 492 | 491 | 493 | 484 | 490 | 478 | - | - | - |
| Hong Kong | 587 | 586 | 587 | 588 | 597 | 577 | - | - | - |
| Hungary ${ }^{2}$ | 548 | 552 | 546 | 537 | 537 | 537 | 483 | 485 | 481 |
| Iceland ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 474 | 474 | 473 | 487 | 488 | 486 | 534 | 558 | 514 |
| Iran, Islamic Republic | 429 | 433 | 424 | 428 | 434 | 421 | - | - | - |
| Ireland | 550 | 548 | 551 | 527 | 535 | 520 | - | - | - |
| \|srae ${ }^{2}$ | 531 | 537 | 528 | 522 | 539 | 509 | - | - | - |
| Italy ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 476 | 490 | 464 |
| Japan | 597 | 601 | 593 | 605 | 609 | 600 | - | - | - |
| Korea | 611 | 618 | 603 | 607 | 615 | 598 | - | - | - |
| Kuwait ${ }^{2}$ | 400 | - | - | 392 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Latvia (LSS) ${ }^{2}$ | 525 | 521 | 530 | 493 | 496 | 491 | - | - | - |
| Lithuania ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 477 | 477 | 478 | 469 | 485 | 461 |
| Netherlands ${ }^{2}$ | 577 | 585 | 569 | 541 | 545 | 536 | 560 | 585 | 533 |
| New Zealand | 499 | 494 | 504 | 508 | 512 | 503 | 522 | 536 | 507 |
| Norway ${ }^{2}$ | 502 | 504 | 499 | 503 | 505 | 501 | 528 | 555 | 501 |
| Portugal | 475 | 478 | 473 | 454 | 460 | 449 | - | - | - |
| Romania ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 482 | 483 | 480 | - | - | - |
| Russian Federation ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 535 | 535 | 536 | 471 | 488 | 460 |
| Scotland ${ }^{2}$ | 520 | 520 | 520 | 498 | 506 | 490 | - | - | - |
| Singapore | 625 | 620 | 630 | 643 | 642 | 645 | - | - | - |
| Slovak Republic | - | - | - | 547 | 549 | 545 | - | - | - |
| Slovenia ${ }^{2}$ | 552 | 551 | 554 | 541 | 545 | 537 | 512 | 535 | 490 |
| South Africa ${ }^{2}$ | - | - | - | 354 | 360 | 349 | 356 | 365 | 348 |
| Spain | - | - | - | 487 | 492 | 483 | - | - | - |
| Sweden | - | - | - | 519 | 520 | 518 | 552 | 573 | 531 |
| Switzerland | - | - | - | 545 | 548 | 543 | 540 | 555 | 522 |
| Thailand ${ }^{2}$ | 490 | 485 | 496 | 522 | 517 | 526 | - | - | - |
| United States ${ }^{2}$ | 545 | 545 | 544 | 500 | 502 | 497 | 461 | 466 | 456 |
| - Not available. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ In most countries. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information on the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TMMS). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Did not satisfy one or more of the sampling or other guidelines for one or more grade levels. Latvia is designated LSS for Latvian-speaking schools only. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Pursuing Excellence: A Study of U.S. Fourth-Grade Mathematics and Science Achievement in International Context (NCES 97-255), 1997; U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Pursuing Excellence: A Study of U.S. Eighth-Grade Mathematics and Science Teaching, Learning, Curriculum, and Achievement in International Context (NCES 97-178), 1996; U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Pursuing Excellence: A Study of U.S. Twelth-Grade Mathematic and Science Achievement in International Context (NCES 98-049), 1998. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Physics and Advanced Mathematics Performance

Table 19-1 Average physics and advanced mathematics scale scores in the final year of secondary school, by sex and country: 1995

| Country | Physics |  |  | Advanced mathematics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| International average | 501 | 523 | 469 | 501 | 519 | 482 |
| Australia * | 518 | 532 | 490 | 525 | 531 | 517 |
| Austria* | 435 | 479 | 408 | 436 | 486 | 406 |
| Canada | 485 | 506 | 459 | 509 | 528 | 489 |
| Cyprus | 494 | 509 | 470 | 518 | 524 | 509 |
| Czech Republic | 451 | 503 | 419 | 469 | 524 | 432 |
| Denmark* | 534 | 542 | 500 | 522 | 529 | 510 |
| France | 466 | 478 | 450 | 557 | 567 | 543 |
| Germany | 522 | 542 | 479 | 465 | 484 | 452 |
| Greece | 486 | 495 | 468 | 513 | 516 | 505 |
| Italy* | - | - | - | 474 | 484 | 460 |
| Latvia | 488 | 509 | 467 | - | - | - |
| Lithuania | - | - | - | 516 | 542 | 490 |
| Norway | 581 | 594 | 544 | - | - | - |
| Russian Federation | 545 | 575 | 509 | 542 | 568 | 515 |
| Slovenia* | 523 | 546 | 455 | 475 | 484 | 464 |
| Sweden | 573 | 589 | 540 | 512 | 519 | 496 |
| Switzerland | 488 | 529 | 446 | 533 | 559 | 503 |
| United States* | 423 | 439 | 405 | 442 | 457 | 426 |

- Country did not participate in this component.
* Country did not satisfy one or more of the sampling or other guidelines. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information on the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS).

SOURCE: International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement,TIMSS International Study Center, Achievement in the Final Year of Secondary School:IEA's Third International Mathematics and Science Study, 1998.

## Civics Performance of Students

## Table 20-1 Percentage distribution of students according to civics achievement level, by grade and selected student characteristics: 1998

| Student characteristic | Achievement level |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Below Basic | Basic | Proficient | Advanced |
|  | Grade 4 |  |  |  |
| Total | 31 | 46 | 21 | 2 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 32 | 45 | 21 | 2 |
| Female | 30 | 47 | 22 | 1 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 21 | 50 | 27 | 2 |
| Black | 52 | 40 | 7 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 57 | 35 | 8 | - |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 29 | 44 | 24 | 3 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 46 | 40 | 14 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 30 | 48 | 21 | 2 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 33 | 45 | 20 | 2 |
| Female | 27 | 51 | 21 | 1 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 20 | 51 | 26 | 2 |
| Black | 50 | 43 | 7 | - |
| Hispanic | 55 | 36 | 8 | - |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 29 | 46 | 23 | 3 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 51 | 39 | 11 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 35 | 39 | 22 | 4 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 38 | 35 | 21 | 5 |
| Female | 32 | 42 | 22 | 3 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| White | 27 | 41 | 27 | 5 |
| Black | 58 | 33 | 8 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 56 | 33 | 10 | 1 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 34 | 37 | 23 | 5 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 56 | 36 | 8 | 1 |

[^1]
## Civic Activities of Students: News Attentiveness

Table 21-1 Percentage of students in grades 6-12 who reported reading, watching or listening to, and/or discussing the news with their parents almost daily, by sex, race-ethnicity, and coursetaking: 1998

| Type of civic activity and coursetaking | Total | Sex |  | Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male | Female | White | Black | Hispanic | Other |
| Students in grades 6-12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Read national news stories | 11.6 | 13.5 | 9.6 | 11.9 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 11.4 |
| Watch/listen to national news | 42.0 | 44.5 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 48.6 | 45.2 | 40.7 |
| Discuss national news with parents | 7.1 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 26.0 | 8.6 | 7.1 |
| Any of the above | 49.0 | 52.0 | 46.0 | 47.0 | 54.6 | 52.3 | 47.6 |
| Students who took a course* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Read national news stories | 13.6 | 16.0 | 11.2 | 14.0 | 13.5 | 12.2 | 12.6 |
| Watch/listen to national news | 43.2 | 46.5 | 39.9 | 41.3 | 50.4 | 44.8 | 40.6 |
| Discuss national news with parents | 7.9 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 6.9 |
| Any of the above | 51.2 | 55.4 | 47.0 | 49.8 | 56.1 | 53.2 | 48.5 |
| Students who did not take a course* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Read national news stories | 6.6 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 8.4 | 8.2 |
| Watch/listen to national news | 39.1 | 40.0 | 38.3 | 35.5 | 44.1 | 45.9 | 40.8 |
| Discuss national news with parents | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.5 |
| Any of the above | 43.9 | 44.3 | 43.4 | 39.7 | 50.7 | 51.1 | 45.1 |

* In 1998, 70 percent of youth took a course that required the student to pay attention to government, politics, or national issues, while 30 percent did not.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Youth Interview Component)

## Voting Participation

Table 22-1 Voting rates and ratios of voting rates for the population ages 25-44, by highest level of educational attainment and type of election: Selected years 1964-98

| Type of election and year |  | Highest level of educational attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | 1-3 years of high school | High school diploma or GED | Some college | Bachelor's degree or higher |
|  | Voting rates |  |  |  |  |
| Congressional elections |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 | 42.2 | 24.7 | 41.9 | 49.7 | 59.3 |
| 1990 | 40.7 | 17.8 | 34.4 | 47.9 | 57.4 |
| $1994{ }^{2}$ | 39.4 | 13.1 | 30.7 | 45.9 | 57.5 |
| 1998 | 34.8 | 13.1 | 27.4 | 40.3 | 48.5 |
| Presidential elections |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 69.0 | 60.5 | 75.5 | 82.9 | 86.2 |
| 1976 | 58.7 | 38.5 | 57.8 | 67.4 | 78.5 |
| 1988 | 54.0 | 26.3 | 47.4 | 61.7 | 75.0 |
| 1992 | 58.3 | 27.0 | 49.8 | 66.9 | 78.5 |
| 1996 | 49.2 | 20.2 | 40.0 | 56.8 | 68.0 |
|  | Ratio of voting rate to that of high school graduates |  |  |  |  |
| Congressional elections |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 | - | 0.590 | 1.000 | 1.186 | 1.415 |
| 1990 | - | 0.517 | 1.000 | 1.393 | 1.670 |
| $1994{ }^{2}$ | - | 0.427 | 1.000 | 1.495 | 1.873 |
| 1998 | - | 0.477 | 1.000 | 1.467 | 1.768 |
| Presidential elections |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | - | 0.801 | 1.000 | 1.098 | 1.142 |
| 1976 | - | 0.667 | 1.000 | 1.166 | 1.359 |
| 1988 | - | 0.555 | 1.000 | 1.301 | 1.582 |
| 1992 | - | 0.543 | 1.000 | 1.344 | 1.578 |
| 1996 | - | 0.506 | 1.000 | 1.421 | 1.702 |

- Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Includes those with less than 9 years of education.
${ }^{2}$ Revised from previously published figures.
NOTE: In 1992, the Current Population Survey (CPS) changed the questions used to obtain educational attainment. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information. To minimize the impact of age on voting trends, this analysis is confined to individuals ages $25-44$. The voting rate is calculated as the number of voters ages $25-44$ divided by the total of individuals, both non-U.S. and U.S. citizens, in the age group.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Current Population Reports, "Voting and Registration in the Election of November (various years)," series P-20, Nos. 143, 293, 322, 440, 453, 466, PPL-25, P20504, and P25-1132


## Voting Participation

Table 22-2 Percentage of 18- to 24-year-olds who reported voting and being registered to vote, by sex, race-ethnicity, and enrollment status: November 1998

| Enrollment status | Total | Sex |  | Race-ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male | Female | White | Black | Hispanic |
|  | Reported voting |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 18.5 | 17.6 | 19.3 | 19.5 | 16.9 | 14.7 |
| Enrolled in high school | 11.4 | 10.6 | 12.4 | 14.1 | 8.4 | 5.4 |
| Enrolled in college | 24.2 | 23.4 | 24.9 | 25.1 | 20.6 | 24.1 |
| Full time | 23.7 | 22.5 | 24.9 | 24.1 | 20.3 | 28.7 |
| Part time | 26.7 | 28.2 | 25.3 | 30.8 | 22.2 | 12.1 |
| Not enrolled in school | 15.6 | 15.0 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 16.6 | 12.2 |
| 18-20 years old | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 5.8 |
| 21-24 years old | 18.0 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 16.1 |
|  | Reported being registered to vote |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 43.6 | 40.9 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 40.6 | 36.4 |
| Enrolled in high school | 23.1 | 21.5 | 25.3 | 25.5 | 22.7 | 15.9 |
| Enrolled in college | 52.2 | 51.1 | 53.3 | 54.8 | 45.5 | 48.0 |
| Full time | 52.2 | 50.7 | 53.6 | 54.6 | 44.4 | 50.3 |
| Part time | 52.4 | 52.9 | 51.8 | 56.3 | 50.4 | 41.9 |
| Not enrolled in school | 40.3 | 37.2 | 43.3 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 34.4 |
| 18-20 years old | 27.5 | 25.3 | 29.9 | 28.9 | 27.9 | 21.8 |
| 21-24 years old | 46.3 | 43.3 | 49.1 | 46.9 | 48.4 | 42.2 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 1 for information on the Current Population Survey (CPS). Included in the totals but not shown separately are other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Current Population Reports, unpublished tabulations from the Voting and Registration Supplement, 1998.

## Annual Earnings of Young Adults

Table 23-1 Median annual earnings (in constant 1999 dollars) of all wage and salary workers ages 25-34, by sex and educational attainment: 1970-98

| Year | Male |  |  |  | Female |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Grades } \\ 9-11 \end{array}$ | High school | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Some } \\ \text { college } \end{array}$ | Bachelor's or higher | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Grades } \\ 9-11 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | High school | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Some } \\ \text { college } \end{array}$ | Bachelor's or higher |
| 1970 | \$29,377 | \$35,553 | \$38,794 | \$44,031 | \$8,640 | \$14,681 | \$17,570 | \$26,772 |
| 1971 | 30,048 | 35,755 | 37,703 | 43,775 | 9,724 | 15,156 | 17,369 | 28,408 |
| 1972 | 29,860 | 37,707 | 38,085 | 44,594 | 9,908 | 15,699 | 18,575 | 28,119 |
| 1973 | 31,538 | 38,070 | 37,869 | 44,153 | 10,767 | 15,421 | 19,652 | 27,494 |
| 1974 | 29,008 | 35,937 | 36,559 | 41,134 | 9,519 | 15,310 | 18,282 | 26,586 |
| 1975 | 26,023 | 33,222 | 35,509 | 38,808 | 9,837 | 15,305 | 18,968 | 26,379 |
| 1976 | 26,322 | 33,630 | 34,773 | 39,961 | 9,758 | 16,016 | 18,214 | 25,334 |
| 1977 | 26,109 | 33,851 | 34,636 | 39,859 | 10,190 | 16,283 | 19,955 | 24,935 |
| 1978 | 26,068 | 34,072 | 35,627 | 40,099 | 8,557 | 15,899 | 18,527 | 24,647 |
| 1979 | 25,377 | 33,430 | 35,291 | 38,755 | 11,313 | 16,055 | 19,156 | 24,947 |
| 1980 | 22,822 | 31,075 | 32,390 | 37,021 | 10,284 | 15,943 | 19,801 | 24,243 |
| 1981 | 21,238 | 28,943 | 30,831 | 37,455 | 9,527 | 15,542 | 19,145 | 23,985 |
| 1982 | 19,141 | 26,897 | 30,039 | 36,063 | 10,094 | 15,179 | 18,301 | 24,735 |
| 1983 | 18,972 | 27,053 | 30,612 | 36,601 | 10,206 | 15,350 | 19,034 | 25,594 |
| 1984 | 17,532 | 27,708 | 31,941 | 37,623 | 9,042 | 16,035 | 19,431 | 25,849 |
| 1985 | 18,776 | 26,657 | 31,662 | 39,958 | 10,082 | 16,087 | 18,957 | 27,157 |
| 1986 | 18,591 | 26,777 | 31,561 | 40,279 | 10,349 | 16,006 | 19,434 | 28,496 |
| 1987 | 19,657 | 27,186 | 30,789 | 40,409 | 11,040 | 16,391 | 20,495 | 29,201 |
| 1988 | 18,848 | 27,840 | 30,561 | 39,419 | 9,008 | 16,108 | 21,084 | 29,168 |
| 1989 | 18,934 | 27,144 | 30,473 | 39,357 | 9,717 | 15,508 | 20,444 | 29,903 |
| 1990 | 18,033 | 25,420 | 29,091 | 37,532 | 8,848 | 15,365 | 20,545 | 29,528 |
| 1991 | 15,945 | 24,747 | 28,229 | 37,773 | 9,593 | 15,043 | 19,878 | 28,573 |
| 1992 | 16,066 | 23,610 | 26,784 | 37,822 | 11,349 | 14,849 | 19,918 | 29,704 |
| 1993 | 15,683 | 23,457 | 26,348 | 36,799 | 8,621 | 14,687 | 19,273 | 29,279 |
| 1994 | 16,059 | 23,803 | 27,250 | 36,241 | 8,953 | 15,482 | 18,629 | 28,870 |
| 1995 | 17,277 | 23,440 | 26,033 | 36,353 | 9,135 | 14,856 | 18,977 | 28,391 |
| 1996 | 16,385 | 23,875 | 27,331 | 37,361 | 9,476 | 14,875 | 18,954 | 28,016 |
| 1997 | 17,610 | 24,800 | 27,544 | 37,184 | 9,951 | 15,756 | 19,184 | 30,033 |
| 1998 | 17,976 | 25,864 | 30,124 | 40,363 | 10,638 | 15,356 | 20,074 | 30,774 |

NOTE: The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) was used to adjust earnings into constant dollars; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, 1970-98.

## Annual Earnings of Young Adults

Table 23-2 Ratio of median annual earnings of all wage and salary workers ages 25-34 whose highest education level was grades 9-11, some college, or a bachelor's degree or higher, compared with those with a high school diploma or GED, by sex: 1970-98

| Year | Grades 9-11 |  | Some college |  | Bachelor's degree or higher |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 1970 | 0.83 | 0.59 | 1.09 | 1.20 | 1.24 | 1.82 |
| 1971 | 0.84 | 0.64 | 1.05 | 1.15 | 1.22 | 1.87 |
| 1972 | 0.79 | 0.63 | 1.01 | 1.18 | 1.18 | 1.79 |
| 1973 | 0.83 | 0.70 | 0.99 | 1.27 | 1.16 | 1.78 |
| 1974 | 0.81 | 0.62 | 1.02 | 1.19 | 1.14 | 1.74 |
| 1975 | 0.78 | 0.64 | 1.07 | 1.24 | 1.17 | 1.72 |
| 1976 | 0.78 | 0.61 | 1.03 | 1.14 | 1.19 | 1.58 |
| 1977 | 0.77 | 0.63 | 1.02 | 1.23 | 1.18 | 1.53 |
| 1978 | 0.77 | 0.54 | 1.05 | 1.17 | 1.18 | 1.55 |
| 1979 | 0.76 | 0.70 | 1.06 | 1.19 | 1.16 | 1.55 |
| 1980 | 0.73 | 0.65 | 1.04 | 1.24 | 1.19 | 1.52 |
| 1981 | 0.73 | 0.61 | 1.07 | 1.23 | 1.29 | 1.54 |
| 1982 | 0.71 | 0.66 | 1.12 | 1.21 | 1.34 | 1.63 |
| 1983 | 0.70 | 0.66 | 1.13 | 1.24 | 1.35 | 1.67 |
| 1984 | 0.63 | 0.56 | 1.15 | 1.21 | 1.36 | 1.61 |
| 1985 | 0.70 | 0.63 | 1.19 | 1.18 | 1.50 | 1.69 |
| 1986 | 0.69 | 0.65 | 1.18 | 1.21 | 1.50 | 1.78 |
| 1987 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 1.13 | 1.25 | 1.49 | 1.78 |
| 1988 | 0.68 | 0.56 | 1.10 | 1.31 | 1.42 | 1.81 |
| 1989 | 0.70 | 0.63 | 1.12 | 1.32 | 1.45 | 1.93 |
| 1990 | 0.71 | 0.58 | 1.14 | 1.34 | 1.48 | 1.92 |
| 1991 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 1.14 | 1.32 | 1.53 | 1.90 |
| 1992 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 1.13 | 1.34 | 1.60 | 2.00 |
| 1993 | 0.67 | 0.59 | 1.12 | 1.31 | 1.57 | 1.99 |
| 1994 | 0.67 | 0.58 | 1.14 | 1.20 | 1.52 | 1.86 |
| 1995 | 0.74 | 0.61 | 1.11 | 1.28 | 1.55 | 1.91 |
| 1996 | 0.69 | 0.64 | 1.14 | 1.27 | 1.56 | 1.88 |
| 1997 | 0.71 | 0.63 | 1.11 | 1.22 | 1.50 | 1.91 |
| 1998 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 1.16 | 1.31 | 1.56 | 2.00 |

NOTE: This ratio is most useful when compared with 1.0. For example, the ratio of 1.56 in 1998 for males whose highest education level was a bachelor's degree or higher means that they earned 56 percent more than males who had a high school diploma or GED. The ratio of 0.70 in 1998 for males whose highest education level was grades $9-11$ means that they earned 30 percent less than males who had a high school diploma or GED. The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994 , the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, 1970-98.

## Annual Earnings of Young Adults

Table 23-3 Ratio of median annual earnings of all male to all female wage and salary workers ages 25-34, by educational attainment: 1970-98

| Year | Grades 9-11 | High school completer | Some college | Bachelor's degree or higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 | 3.40 | 2.42 | 2.21 | 1.64 |
| 1971 | 3.09 | 2.36 | 2.17 | 1.54 |
| 1972 | 3.01 | 2.40 | 2.05 | 1.59 |
| 1973 | 2.93 | 2.47 | 1.93 | 1.61 |
| 1974 | 3.05 | 2.35 | 2.00 | 1.55 |
| 1975 | 2.65 | 2.17 | 1.87 | 1.47 |
| 1976 | 2.70 | 2.10 | 1.91 | 1.58 |
| 1977 | 2.56 | 2.08 | 1.74 | 1.60 |
| 1978 | 3.05 | 2.14 | 1.92 | 1.63 |
| 1979 | 2.24 | 2.08 | 1.84 | 1.55 |
| 1980 | 2.22 | 1.95 | 1.64 | 1.53 |
| 1981 | 2.23 | 1.86 | 1.61 | 1.56 |
| 1982 | 1.90 | 1.77 | 1.64 | 1.46 |
| 1983 | 1.86 | 1.76 | 1.61 | 1.43 |
| 1984 | 1.94 | 1.73 | 1.64 | 1.46 |
| 1985 | 1.86 | 1.66 | 1.67 | 1.47 |
| 1986 | 1.80 | 1.67 | 1.62 | 1.41 |
| 1987 | 1.78 | 1.66 | 1.50 | 1.38 |
| 1988 | 2.09 | 1.73 | 1.45 | 1.35 |
| 1989 | 1.95 | 1.75 | 1.49 | 1.32 |
| 1990 | 2.04 | 1.65 | 1.42 | 1.27 |
| 1991 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1.42 | 1.32 |
| 1992 | 1.42 | 1.59 | 1.34 | 1.27 |
| 1993 | 1.82 | 1.60 | 1.37 | 1.26 |
| 1994 | 1.79 | 1.54 | 1.46 | 1.26 |
| 1995 | 1.89 | 1.58 | 1.37 | 1.28 |
| 1996 | 1.73 | 1.61 | 1.44 | 1.33 |
| 1997 | 1.77 | 1.57 | 1.44 | 1.24 |
| 1998 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.50 | 1.31 |

NOTE: This ratio is most useful when compared with 1.0 . For example, the ratio of 1.31 in 1998 for those whose highest education level was a bachelor's degree or higher means that males who had attained a bachelor's degree or higher earned 31 percent more than females with the same level of educational attainment. The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992.In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, 1970-98.

## Educational Plans

Table 24-1 Percentage distribution of high school seniors according to reported plans for postsecondary education, by sex and program type: 1980, 1990, and 1997

| Postsecondary plans | 1980 |  |  | 1990 |  |  | 1997 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Attend a technical/vocational school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definitely will | 9.4 | 9.9 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 7.3 |
| Probably will | 17.5 | 19.2 | 15.8 | 15.2 | 16.4 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 16.3 | 11.7 |
| Definitely/probably won't | 73.1 | 70.9 | 75.5 | 76.1 | 74.5 | 78.0 | 77.9 | 74.5 | 81.0 |
| Graduate from a 2-year college program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definitely will | 11.8 | 9.6 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 13.9 | 18.6 | 16.2 | 13.9 | 18.3 |
| Probably will | 20.5 | 19.2 | 21.6 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 22.8 | 21.1 | 22.4 | 19.8 |
| Definitely/probably won't | 67.7 | 71.2 | 64.7 | 61.3 | 64.1 | 58.6 | 62.7 | 63.7 | 61.9 |
| Graduate from a 4-year college program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definitely will | 34.5 | 35.6 | 33.6 | 48.1 | 45.8 | 50.8 | 55.5 | 50.9 | 59.6 |
| Probably will | 22.4 | 23.5 | 21.3 | 22.2 | 24.0 | 20.5 | 21.8 | 23.4 | 20.4 |
| Definitely/probably won't | 43.2 | 41.0 | 45.0 | 29.7 | 30.2 | 28.8 | 22.7 | 25.7 | 20.0 |
| Attend graduate or professional school after college |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Definitely will | 10.6 | 11.5 | 9.8 | 15.2 | 14.2 | 16.4 | 20.7 | 17.2 | 23.9 |
| Probably will | 23.5 | 24.8 | 22.3 | 30.4 | 29.7 | 31.3 | 34.1 | 32.7 | 35.3 |
| Definitely/probably won't | 65.9 | 63.8 | 67.9 | 54.4 | 56.2 | 52.2 | 45.2 | 50.1 | 40.8 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. The response rates for this survey do not meet NCES standards. Students were asked how likely it was that they would participate in different types of postsecondary education. The response options were "definitely will," "probably will," "probably won't," and "definitely won't."
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Trends in Educational Equity for Girls and Women (NCES 2000-030), 2000 (1980 and 1990 data);University of Michigan, Institute for Social Research, Monitoring the Future Study (1997 data).

## Attitudes About Mathematics

Table 25-1 Percentage of students who agreed with statements about mathematics, by grade level and sex:1990, 1992, and 1996

| Statement and year | Grade 4 |  |  | Grade 8 |  |  | Grade 12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| I like mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 70 | 69 | 71 | 57 | 60 | 54 | 54 | 58 | 51 |
| 1992 | 71 | 72 | 71 | 57 | 59 | 55 | 51 | 53 | 49 |
| 1996 | 69 | 69 | 70 | 56 | 58 | 53 | 50 | 53 | 48 |
| I am good at mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 64 | 68 | 60 | 62 | 66 | 57 | 58 | 63 | 53 |
| 1992 | 65 | 70 | 59 | 60 | 66 | 54 | 50 | 56 | 45 |
| 1996 | 66 | 70 | 61 | 63 | 68 | 59 | 53 | 59 | 47 |

[^2]
## First-Time Kindergartners' Approaches to Learning

Table 26-1 Percentage distribution of first-time kindergartners according to the frequency with which teachers reported they persist at tasks, are eager to learn new things, and pay attention well, by child and family characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic | Persist at tasks |  | Eager to learn |  | Pay attention |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Never/ sometimes | Often/ very often/ | Never/ sometimes | Often/ very often | Never/ sometimes | Often/ very often |
| Total | 29 | 71 | 25 | 75 | 34 | 66 |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 35 | 65 | 29 | 71 | 42 | 58 |
| Female | 22 | 78 | 22 | 78 | 26 | 74 |
| Mother's highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 39 | 61 | 38 | 62 | 45 | 55 |
| High school diploma or equivalent | 30 | 70 | 28 | 72 | 36 | 64 |
| Some college, including vocational/technical | 27 | 73 | 22 | 78 | 32 | 68 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 21 | 79 | 17 | 83 | 25 | 75 |
| Child's race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 25 | 75 | 22 | 78 | 30 | 70 |
| Black | 38 | 62 | 34 | 66 | 45 | 55 |
| Asian | 19 | 81 | 20 | 80 | 29 | 71 |
| Hispanic | 33 | 67 | 30 | 70 | 38 | 62 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, "Kindergarten Class of 1998-99," Fall 1998.

## Credits Earned in High School

Table 27-1 Average number of total and academic credits earned in high school, by race-ethnicity:Selected years 1982-98

|  | Total credits earned |  |  |  |  | Total academic credits earned |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | Total | White | Black | Hispanic | Total | White | Black |
| 1982 | 21.8 | 21.9 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 14.0 |
| 1987 | 23.1 | 23.2 | 22.5 | 22.9 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 15.3 |
| 1990 | 23.6 | 23.7 | 23.5 | 23.9 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 16.3 |
| 1992 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 23.7 | 24.0 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 17.0 |
| 1994 | 24.3 | 24.5 | 23.7 | 24.2 | 17.7 | 17.9 | 16.9 |
| 1998 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 24.8 | 25.4 | 18.0 | 18.1 | 17 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S.Department of Education, NCES. High School and Beyond Longitudinal Study of 1980 Sophomores, "Second Follow-up" (HS\&B:1980/1984); National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 Eighth Graders,
"High School Transcript Study" (NELS:1992); and 1987, 1990, 1994, and 1998 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) High School Transcript Studies.

## Event Dropout Rates, by Urbanicity

Table 28-1 Event dropout rates for 15- to 24-year-olds in grades 10-12, by urbanicity: 1990-98

| Year | Total | Urbanicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Urban | Suburban | Rural |
| 1990 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| 1991 | 4.0 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 4.1 |
| 1992 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 4.9 |
| 1993 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 4.9 |
| 1994 | - | - | - | - |
| 1995 | - | - | - | - |
| 1996 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| 1997 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| 1998 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 3.8 | 3.9 |

- Not available.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the urbanicity categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Survey, various years, special tabulations.

## Who Is Prepared for College

Table 30-1 Percentage distribution of 1992 high school graduates according to level of qualification for admission to a 4-year institution, by race-ethnicity

|  | Marginally or <br> unqualified | College qualified* |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Race-ethnicity | Total | Minimally | Somewhat | Highly | Very highly |  |
| Total | 35.5 | 64.5 | $\mathbf{1 6 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 8}$ |
| White | 31.9 | 68.2 | 16.1 | 16.6 | 20.3 | 15.2 |
| Black | 53.1 | 46.9 | 16.7 | 14.0 | 9.9 | 6.3 |
| Hispanic | 47.0 | 53.0 | 20.7 | 13.6 | 10.8 | 7.9 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 27.3 | 72.7 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 20.2 | 23.0 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | 55.2 | 44.8 | 22.2 | 15.8 | 5.9 | 1.0 |

*Four-year College Qualification Index based on high school GPA, senior class rank, NELS 1992 aptitude test, SAT or ACT scores, and curricular rigor. See Supplemental Note 9 for more information on the College Qualification Index.

NOTE: Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 Eighth Graders,"Third Follow-up" (NELS:1988/1994).

## Immediate Transition to College

Table 32-1 Percentage of high school completers who were enrolled in college the October after completing high school, by family income and raceethnicity: October 1972-98

| October | Total | Family income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | Race-ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Low |  | Middle <br> Annual | High <br> Annual | White <br> Annua | Black |  | Hispanic |  |
|  |  | Annual | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-year } \\ \text { average } \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Annual | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-year } \\ \text { average } \end{array}$ | Annual | 3-year average |
| 1972 | 49.2 | 26.1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 45.2 | 63.8 | 49.7 | 44.6 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 45.0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1973 | 46.6 | 20.3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 40.9 | 64.4 | 47.8 | 32.5 | 41.4 | 54.1 | 48.8 |
| 1974 | 47.6 | - | - | - | - | 47.2 | 47.2 | 40.5 | 46.9 | 53.1 |
| 1975 | 50.7 | 31.2 | (3) | 46.2 | 64.5 | 51.1 | 41.7 | 44.5 | 58.0 | 52.7 |
| 1976 | 48.8 | 39.1 | 32.3 | 40.5 | 63.0 | 48.8 | 44.4 | 45.3 | 52.7 | 53.6 |
| 1977 | 50.6 | 27.7 | 32.4 | 44.2 | 66.3 | 50.8 | 49.5 | 46.8 | 50.8 | 48.8 |
| 1978 | 50.1 | 31.4 | 29.8 | 44.3 | 64.0 | 50.5 | 46.4 | 47.5 | 42.0 | 46.1 |
| 1979 | 49.3 | 30.5 | 31.6 | 43.2 | 63.2 | 49.9 | 46.7 | 45.2 | 45.0 | 46.3 |
| 1980 | 49.3 | 32.5 | 32.2 | 42.5 | 65.2 | 49.8 | 42.7 | 44.0 | 52.3 | 49.6 |
| 1981 | 53.9 | 33.6 | 32.9 | 49.2 | 67.6 | 54.9 | 42.7 | 40.3 | 52.1 | 48.7 |
| 1982 | 50.6 | 32.8 | 33.6 | 41.7 | 70.9 | 52.7 | 35.8 | 38.8 | 43.2 | 49.4 |
| 1983 | 52.7 | 34.6 | 34.0 | 45.2 | 70.3 | 55.0 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 54.2 | 46.7 |
| 1984 | 55.2 | 34.5 | 36.3 | 48.4 | 74.0 | 59.0 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 44.3 | 49.3 |
| 1985 | 57.7 | 40.2 | 35.9 | 50.6 | 74.6 | 60.1 | 42.2 | 39.5 | 51.0 | 46.1 |
| 1986 | 53.8 | 33.9 | 36.8 | 48.5 | 71.0 | 56.8 | 36.9 | 43.5 | 44.0 | 42.3 |
| 1987 | 56.8 | 36.9 | 37.6 | 50.0 | 73.8 | 58.6 | 52.2 | 44.2 | 33.5 | 45.0 |
| 1988 | 58.9 | 42.5 | 42.4 | 54.7 | 72.8 | 61.1 | 44.4 | 49.7 | 57.1 | 48.5 |
| 1989 | 59.6 | 48.1 | 45.6 | 55.4 | 70.7 | 60.7 | 53.4 | 48.0 | 55.1 | 52.7 |
| 1990 | 60.1 | 46.7 | 44.8 | 54.4 | 76.6 | 63.0 | 46.8 | 48.9 | 42.7 | 52.5 |
| 1991 | 62.5 | 39.5 | 42.2 | 58.4 | 78.2 | 65.4 | 46.4 | 47.2 | 57.2 | 52.6 |
| 1992 | 61.9 | 40.9 | 43.6 | 57.0 | 79.0 | 64.3 | 48.2 | 50.0 | 55.0 | 58.2 |
| 1993 | 61.5 | 50.4 | 44.0 | 56.9 | 79.3 | 62.9 | 55.6 | 51.3 | 62.2 | 55.7 |
| 1994 | 61.9 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 57.8 | 78.4 | 64.5 | 50.8 | 52.4 | 49.1 | 55.0 |
| 1995 | 61.9 | 34.2 | 41.5 | 56.1 | 83.4 | 64.3 | 51.2 | 52.9 | 53.7 | 51.6 |
| 1996 | 65.0 | 48.6 | 47.1 | 62.7 | 78.0 | 67.4 | 56.0 | 55.4 | 50.8 | 57.6 |
| 1997 | 67.0 | 57.0 | 50.6 | 60.8 | 82.2 | 68.2 | 58.5 | 58.8 | 65.6 | 55.3 |
| 1998 | 65.6 | 46.4 | (3) | 64.9 | 77.3 | 68.5 | 61.9 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 47.4 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |

- Not available. Data on family income were not available in 1974.
${ }^{1}$ Low income is the bottom 20 percent of all family incomes, high income is the top 20 percent of all family incomes, and middle income is the 60 percent in between. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
${ }^{2}$ Included in the total but not shown separately are high school completers from other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information on the racial-ethnic categories.
${ }^{3}$ Due to small sample sizes for the low income, black, and Hispanic categories, 3 -year averages also were calculated for each category. For example, the 3 -year average for blacks in 1973 is the average percentage of black high school completers ages $16-24$ who were enrolled in college the October after completing high school in 1972, 1973, and 1974. Thus, 3 -year averages cannot be calculated for 1972 and 1998 and for groups of 3 years in which some data are not available (e.g., 1973-75 for the low-income category). Three-year averages have been revised from previously published figures.
NOTE: Includes those ages 16-24 only. In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys.


## Immediate Transition to College

Table 32-2 Percentage of high school completers who were enrolled in college the October after completing high school, by parents' highest education level: October 1990-98

| Parents' highest education level ${ }^{1}$ | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 60.1 | 62.5 | 61.9 | 61.5 | 61.9 | 61.9 | 65.0 | 67.0 | 65.6 |
| Less than high school diploma | 33.9 | 42.6 | 33.1 | 47.1 | 43.0 | 27.3 | 45.0 | 51.4 | 49.8 |
| High school diploma or GED | 49.0 | 51.0 | 55.5 | 52.3 | 49.9 | 47.0 | 56.1 | 61.7 | 57.2 |
| Some college | 65.6 | 67.5 | 67.5 | 62.7 | 65.0 | 70.2 | 66.6 | 62.6 | 67.7 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 83.1 | 87.2 | 81.3 | 87.9 | 82.5 | 87.7 | 85.2 | 86.1 | 82.3 |
| Not available ${ }^{2}$ | 47.7 | 42.1 | 38.0 | 42.0 | 43.1 | 30.8 | 45.6 | 51.3 | 50.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Parents' highest education level is defined as either the highest educational attainment of the two parents who reside with the student or, if only one parent is in the residence, the highest educational attainment of that parent; or when neither parent resides with the student, the highest educational attainment of the head of the household and his or her spouse.
${ }^{2}$ Parents' highest education level is not available for those who do not live with their parents and who are classified as the head of the household (not including those who live in college dormitories); and those whose parents' educational attainment was not reported. In 1998, approximately 12 percent of high school completers ages $16-24$ were in this category.
NOTE: Includes those ages 16-24 only.The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE:U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys.

## Immediate Transition to College

Table 32-3 Percentage of high school completers who were enrolled in college the 0ctober after completing high school, by sex and type of institution: October 1972-98

| October | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | 2-year | 4-year | Total | 2-year | 4-year |
| 1972 | 52.7 | - | - | 46.0 | - | - |
| 1973 | 50.0 | 14.6 | 35.4 | 43.4 | 15.2 | 28.2 |
| 1974 | 49.4 | 16.6 | 32.8 | 45.9 | 13.9 | 32.0 |
| 1975 | 52.6 | 19.0 | 33.6 | 49.0 | 17.4 | 31.6 |
| 1976 | 47.2 | 14.5 | 32.7 | 50.3 | 16.6 | 33.8 |
| 1977 | 52.1 | 17.2 | 35.0 | 49.3 | 17.8 | 31.5 |
| 1978 | 51.1 | 15.6 | 35.5 | 49.3 | 18.3 | 31.0 |
| 1979 | 50.4 | 16.9 | 33.5 | 48.4 | 18.1 | 30.3 |
| 1980 | 46.7 | 17.1 | 29.7 | 51.8 | 21.6 | 30.2 |
| 1981 | 54.8 | 20.9 | 33.9 | 53.1 | 20.1 | 33.0 |
| 1982 | 49.1 | 17.5 | 31.6 | 52.0 | 20.6 | 31.4 |
| 1983 | 51.9 | 20.2 | 31.7 | 53.4 | 18.4 | 35.1 |
| 1984 | 56.0 | 17.7 | 38.4 | 54.5 | 21.0 | 33.5 |
| 1985 | 58.6 | 19.9 | 38.8 | 56.8 | 19.3 | 37.5 |
| 1986 | 55.8 | 21.3 | 34.5 | 51.9 | 17.3 | 34.6 |
| 1987 | 58.3 | 17.3 | 41.0 | 55.3 | 20.3 | 35.0 |
| 1988 | 57.1 | 21.3 | 35.8 | 60.7 | 22.4 | 38.3 |
| 1989 | 57.6 | 18.3 | 39.3 | 61.6 | 23.1 | 38.5 |
| 1990 | 58.0 | 19.6 | 38.4 | 62.2 | 20.6 | 41.6 |
| 1991 | 57.9 | 22.9 | 35.0 | 67.1 | 26.8 | 40.3 |
| 1992 | 60.0 | 22.1 | 37.8 | 63.8 | 23.9 | 40.0 |
| 1993 | 58.7 | 22.4 | 36.3 | 64.0 | 22.4 | 41.6 |
| 1994 | 60.6 | 23.0 | 37.5 | 63.2 | 19.1 | 44.1 |
| 1995 | 62.6 | 25.3 | 37.4 | 61.3 | 18.1 | 43.2 |
| 1996 | 60.1 | 21.5 | 38.5 | 69.7 | 24.6 | 45.1 |
| 1997 | 63.6 | 21.4 | 42.2 | 70.3 | 24.1 | 46.2 |
| 1998 | 62.4 | 24.4 | 38.0 | 69.1 | 24.3 | 44.8 |

- Not available. Data for type of institution were not collected until 1973.

NOTE: Includes those ages 16-24 only. In 1994, the survey methodology for the Current Population Survey (CPS) was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information. Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE:U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. October Current Population Surveys.

## Remediation and Degree Completion

Table 34-1 Percentage distribution of postsecondary education students in degree-granting institutions, by type and amount of remedial coursework and degree completion: 1980-93

| Highest degree | Type and amount of remedial coursework |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Any reading | Two or fewer courses: mathematics only | Two or more courses but no reading courses (and not two mathematics courses) | Only one course, not mathematics or reading | No courses |
| Total | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| None | 66 | 55 | 57 | 45 | 44 |
| Associate's | 13 | 10 | 17 | 10 | 5 |
| Bachelor's or more | 21 | 35 | 26 | 45 | 51 |

NOTE: Higher education students were 1982 high school seniors who attended college by age 29-30. Students who attended only sub-baccalaureate vocational/technical schools are not included. See Supplemental Note 10 for the definition of remedial courses. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. High School and Beyond Longitudinal Study of 1980 Sophomores,"Postsecondary Education Transcript Study" (HS\&B:So PETS).

Table 34-2 Percentage distribution of students who took any remedial reading or mathematics courses in college according to other remedial coursework taken: 1980-93

|  | Number of additional remedial courses |  |  |  |  | Any remedial <br> Remedial courses | Any remedial <br> mathematics |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | None | One | Two | Three | Four or more |  | 66.7 |
| Any remedial reading courses | 15.1 | 23.2 | 19.7 | 12.6 | 29.3 | - |  |
| Any remedial mathematics courses | 46.0 | 23.0 | 14.9 | 6.4 | 9.7 | - | 23.6 |

- Not applicable.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 10 for the definition of remedial courses. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. High School and Beyond Longitudinal Study of 1980 Sophomores, "Postsecondary Education Transcript Study" (HS\&B:SO PETS)

Table 34-3 Percentage distribution of postsecondary education students by type and amount of remedial coursework in college and types of degreegranting institutions attended: 1980-93

|  |  |  | Type and amount of remedial coursework |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^3]
## Degrees Earned by Women

Table 37-1 Percentage of master's and doctoral degrees earned by women, by field of study: 1970-71 and 1996-97

| Field of study | Master's degrees |  | Doctoral degrees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970-71 | 1996-97 | 1970-71 | 1996-97 |
| Total | 40.1 | 56.9 | 14.3 | 40.8 |
| Health professions and related sciences | 55.3 | 78.6 | 16.5 | 56.0 |
| Education | 56.2 | 76.6 | 21.0 | 62.8 |
| Psychology | 40.6 | 73.2 | 24.0 | 66.7 |
| English language and literature/letters | 60.6 | 64.6 | 28.8 | 57.5 |
| Visual and performing arts | 47.4 | 57.9 | 22.2 | 50.5 |
| Communications | 34.6 | 64.2 | 13.1 | 48.3 |
| Biological/life sciences | 33.6 | 53.1 | 16.3 | 43.1 |
| Business management and administrative services | 3.9 | 38.9 | 2.8 | 29.1 |
| Social sciences and history | 28.5 | 47.0 | 13.9 | 37.9 |
| Mathematics | 27.1 | 40.8 | 7.6 | 24.1 |
| Agriculture and natural resources | 5.9 | 42.2 | 2.9 | 27.4 |
| Physical sciences | 13.3 | 32.6 | 5.6 | 23.0 |
| Computer and information sciences | 10.3 | 28.2 | 2.3 | 15.9 |
| Engineering | 1.1 | 18.3 | 0.6 | 12.3 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 12 for information on the fields of study.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 1970-71 Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS), "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys and 1996-97 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS),"Completions"survey.

## Educational Attainment

Table 38-1 Percentage of 25- to 29-year-olds who have completed at least high school, by race-ethnicity and sex: March 1971-99

| March | All |  |  | White |  |  | Black |  |  | Hispanic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female |
| 1971 | 77.7 | 79.1 | 76.5 | 81.7 | 83.0 | 80.5 | 58.8 | 56.7 | 60.5 | 48.3 | 51.3 | 45.7 |
| 1972 | 79.8 | 80.5 | 79.2 | 83.4 | 84.1 | 82.7 | 64.1 | 61.7 | 66.0 | 47.6 | 47.1 | 47.9 |
| 1973 | 80.2 | 80.6 | 79.8 | 84.0 | 84.2 | 83.9 | 64.1 | 63.2 | 64.9 | 52.3 | 54.2 | 50.6 |
| 1974 | 81.9 | 83.1 | 80.8 | 85.5 | 86.0 | 85.0 | 68.4 | 71.5 | 65.8 | 54.1 | 55.9 | 52.5 |
| 1975 | 83.1 | 84.5 | 81.7 | 86.6 | 88.0 | 85.2 | 71.1 | 72.3 | 70.1 | 53.1 | 52.2 | 53.9 |
| 1976 | 84.7 | 86.0 | 83.5 | 87.7 | 89.0 | 86.4 | 74.0 | 72.8 | 74.9 | 58.1 | 57.6 | 58.4 |
| 1977 | 85.4 | 86.6 | 84.2 | 88.6 | 89.2 | 88.0 | 74.5 | 77.5 | 72.0 | 58.0 | 61.9 | 54.6 |
| 1978 | 85.3 | 86.0 | 84.6 | 88.5 | 88.8 | 88.2 | 77.4 | 78.7 | 76.3 | 56.5 | 58.5 | 54.6 |
| 1979 | 85.6 | 86.3 | 84.9 | 89.2 | 89.8 | 88.5 | 74.7 | 74.0 | 75.3 | 57.1 | 55.5 | 58.6 |
| 1980 | 85.4 | 85.4 | 85.5 | 89.2 | 89.1 | 89.2 | 76.7 | 74.8 | 78.3 | 57.9 | 57.0 | 58.8 |
| 1981 | 86.3 | 86.5 | 86.1 | 89.8 | 89.7 | 89.9 | 77.6 | 78.8 | 76.6 | 59.8 | 59.1 | 60.4 |
| 1982 | 86.2 | 86.3 | 86.1 | 89.1 | 89.1 | 89.1 | 81.0 | 80.4 | 81.5 | 61.0 | 60.6 | 61.2 |
| 1983 | 86.0 | 86.0 | 86.0 | 89.3 | 89.3 | 89.3 | 79.5 | 79.0 | 79.9 | 58.4 | 57.8 | 58.9 |
| 1984 | 85.9 | 85.6 | 86.3 | 89.4 | 89.4 | 89.4 | 79.1 | 75.9 | 81.7 | 58.6 | 56.7 | 60.1 |
| 1985 | 86.2 | 85.9 | 86.4 | 89.5 | 89.2 | 89.9 | 80.5 | 80.6 | 80.5 | 61.0 | 58.6 | 63.1 |
| 1986 | 86.1 | 85.9 | 86.4 | 89.6 | 88.7 | 90.4 | 83.5 | 86.4 | 81.0 | 59.1 | 58.2 | 60.0 |
| 1987 | 86.0 | 85.5 | 86.4 | 89.4 | 88.9 | 90.0 | 83.5 | 84.5 | 82.6 | 59.8 | 58.6 | 61.0 |
| 1988 | 85.9 | 84.7 | 87.1 | 89.7 | 88.4 | 90.9 | 80.9 | 80.9 | 80.9 | 62.3 | 59.9 | 64.8 |
| 1989 | 85.5 | 84.4 | 86.5 | 89.3 | 88.2 | 90.4 | 82.3 | 80.5 | 83.8 | 61.0 | 61.0 | 61.1 |
| 1990 | 85.7 | 84.4 | 87.0 | 90.1 | 88.6 | 91.6 | 81.8 | 81.4 | 82.0 | 58.2 | 56.6 | 59.9 |
| 1991 | 85.4 | 84.9 | 85.8 | 89.8 | 89.2 | 90.5 | 81.8 | 83.6 | 80.1 | 56.7 | 56.4 | 57.2 |
| 1992 | 86.3 | 86.1 | 86.5 | 90.6 | 90.3 | 91.1 | 80.9 | 82.7 | 79.3 | 60.9 | 61.1 | 60.6 |
| 1993 | 86.7 | 86.0 | 87.4 | 91.2 | 90.7 | 91.8 | 82.7 | 84.8 | 80.8 | 60.9 | 58.2 | 63.9 |
| 1994 | 86.1 | 84.5 | 87.6 | 91.1 | 90.0 | 92.3 | 84.1 | 82.8 | 85.3 | 60.3 | 58.0 | 63.0 |
| 1995 | 86.9 | 86.3 | 87.4 | 92.5 | 92.0 | 93.0 | 86.8 | 88.4 | 85.3 | 57.2 | 55.7 | 58.7 |
| 1996 | 87.3 | 86.5 | 88.1 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 93.1 | 86.0 | 87.9 | 84.5 | 61.1 | 59.7 | 62.9 |
| 1997 | 87.4 | 85.8 | 88.9 | 92.9 | 91.7 | 94.0 | 86.9 | 85.8 | 87.8 | 61.8 | 59.2 | 64.8 |
| 1998 | 88.1 | 86.6 | 89.6 | 93.6 | 92.5 | 94.6 | 88.2 | 88.4 | 88.1 | 62.8 | 59.9 | 66.3 |
| 1999 | 87.8 | 86.1 | 89.5 | 93.0 | 91.9 | 94.1 | 88.7 | 88.2 | 89.2 | 61.6 | 57.4 | 65.9 |

* Included in totals but not shown separately are other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information on the racial-ethnic categories.

NOTE: The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, various years.

## Educational Attainment enal

Table 38-2 Percentage of 25- to 29-year-olds who have completed at least some college, by race-ethnicity and sex: March 1971-99

|  | All |  |  | White |  |  | Black |  |  | Hispanic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female |
| 1971 | 43.6 | 48.7 | 38.4 | 44.9 | 50.2 | 39.5 | 30.9 | 29.0 | 32.2 | 30.6 | 38.3 | 22.8 |
| 1972 | 45.1 | 50.7 | 39.5 | 46.3 | 52.3 | 40.2 | 33.3 | 31.7 | 34.6 | 32.1 | 37.2 | 28.3 |
| 1973 | 45.3 | 51.4 | 39.4 | 46.6 | 53.0 | 40.2 | 33.5 | 33.5 | 33.5 | 31.6 | 39.4 | 24.5 |
| 1974 | 48.9 | 53.8 | 44.1 | 50.4 | 55.6 | 45.2 | 35.4 | 36.9 | 34.1 | 39.2 | 44.1 | 34.5 |
| 1975 | 50.1 | 56.0 | 44.1 | 51.2 | 57.3 | 44.9 | 38.7 | 41.0 | 36.8 | 41.1 | 50.4 | 32.6 |
| 1976 | 52.1 | 58.2 | 46.0 | 53.8 | 60.1 | 47.4 | 37.2 | 40.5 | 34.7 | 36.3 | 42.3 | 31.2 |
| 1977 | 53.2 | 58.0 | 48.5 | 54.8 | 59.9 | 49.7 | 41.7 | 44.2 | 39.6 | 41.1 | 42.6 | 39.5 |
| 1978 | 54.4 | 59.3 | 49.6 | 55.9 | 61.4 | 50.3 | 44.9 | 45.2 | 44.4 | 43.6 | 47.2 | 40.1 |
| 1979 | 54.1 | 57.7 | 50.6 | 55.7 | 59.4 | 51.9 | 41.7 | 40.7 | 42.5 | 44.0 | 50.7 | 38.0 |
| 1980 | 52.3 | 55.8 | 49.0 | 53.8 | 57.3 | 50.3 | 42.3 | 43.6 | 41.3 | 39.9 | 45.5 | 34.7 |
| 1981 | 50.1 | 52.7 | 47.5 | 51.2 | 54.1 | 48.3 | 42.5 | 43.0 | 42.2 | 39.6 | 41.7 | 37.7 |
| 1982 | 49.9 | 51.5 | 48.3 | 50.7 | 52.2 | 49.1 | 45.8 | 47.4 | 44.6 | 39.6 | 40.6 | 38.7 |
| 1983 | 50.6 | 52.1 | 49.0 | 51.6 | 53.4 | 49.7 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 41.2 | 42.9 | 41.1 | 44.6 |
| 1984 | 50.1 | 50.9 | 49.3 | 51.0 | 51.7 | 50.3 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 45.6 | 47.5 | 44.0 |
| 1985 | 50.8 | 51.5 | 50.1 | 51.8 | 52.5 | 51.2 | 42.7 | 42.4 | 42.9 | 44.2 | 45.9 | 42.9 |
| 1986 | 51.0 | 51.4 | 50.8 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 51.8 | 43.4 | 41.5 | 45.2 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 43.0 |
| 1987 | 50.7 | 50.4 | 51.0 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 51.4 | 43.0 | 38.4 | 47.0 | 44.6 | 46.3 | 43.1 |
| 1988 | 50.8 | 51.6 | 50.1 | 51.8 | 52.4 | 51.2 | 41.2 | 42.9 | 39.7 | 44.9 | 44.3 | 45.6 |
| 1989 | 51.3 | 52.0 | 50.5 | 52.8 | 53.4 | 52.2 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 44.3 | 44.8 | 43.9 |
| 1990 | 52.0 | 51.8 | 52.1 | 53.6 | 53.4 | 53.8 | 44.1 | 43.0 | 45.0 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 39.8 |
| 1991 | 53.1 | 52.3 | 53.8 | 54.9 | 54.7 | 55.1 | 43.2 | 38.3 | 47.7 | 42.2 | 40.9 | 43.4 |
| 1992 | 56.7 | 56.0 | 57.4 | 58.8 | 58.3 | 59.2 | 44.7 | 42.3 | 46.9 | 46.8 | 44.5 | 49.6 |
| 1993 | 58.9 | 57.6 | 60.1 | 61.0 | 60.3 | 61.6 | 48.4 | 43.6 | 52.5 | 48.8 | 46.1 | 51.9 |
| 1994 | 60.5 | 58.9 | 62.0 | 62.7 | 61.0 | 64.3 | 49.6 | 48.7 | 50.3 | 51.5 | 48.3 | 55.0 |
| 1995 | 62.2 | 60.6 | 63.9 | 64.6 | 62.6 | 66.7 | 52.0 | 51.2 | 52.5 | 50.3 | 48.0 | 52.7 |
| 1996 | 64.7 | 63.1 | 66.3 | 67.0 | 65.5 | 68.4 | 55.9 | 54.5 | 57.1 | 50.9 | 47.0 | 55.6 |
| 1997 | 65.4 | 64.0 | 66.8 | 68.2 | 66.9 | 69.5 | 53.7 | 50.2 | 56.5 | 53.9 | 51.9 | 56.1 |
| 1998 | 65.6 | 63.0 | 68.1 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 70.8 | 56.6 | 52.9 | 59.7 | 51.7 | 48.9 | 54.7 |
| 1999 | 66.1 | 63.6 | 68.5 | 68.7 | 66.1 | 71.2 | 57.8 | 52.1 | 62.3 | 50.6 | 47.7 | 53.2 |

* Included in totals but not shown separately are other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information on the racial-ethnic categories.

NOTE: Included in the category "high school completers with some college" are those with a bachelor's degree or higher. The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted; see Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, various years.

## Educational Attainment

Table 38-3 Percentage of 25- to 29-year-old high school completers with a bachelor's degree or higher, by race-ethnicity and sex: March 1971-99

|  | All |  |  | White |  |  | Black |  |  | Hispanic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female | Total* | Male | Female |
| 1971 | 22.0 | 25.8 | 18.1 | 23.1 | 27.0 | 19.1 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 15.4 | 5.8 |
| 1972 | 23.7 | 27.3 | 20.2 | 24.9 | 28.6 | 21.1 | 13.1 | 11.6 | 14.3 | 7.8 | 9.5 | 6.4 |
| 1973 | 23.6 | 26.8 | 20.5 | 24.8 | 28.3 | 21.3 | 12.7 | 11.3 | 13.8 | 10.8 | 12.4 | 9.7 |
| 1974 | 25.3 | 28.7 | 21.8 | 27.2 | 31.1 | 23.2 | 11.5 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 8.9 | 11.2 |
| 1975 | 26.3 | 29.7 | 22.9 | 27.5 | 31.1 | 23.7 | 14.7 | 15.3 | 14.2 | 16.6 | 19.7 | 13.4 |
| 1976 | 28.0 | 32.0 | 24.1 | 29.3 | 33.5 | 25.0 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 18.6 | 12.7 | 17.9 | 8.2 |
| 1977 | 28.1 | 31.2 | 25.1 | 29.8 | 33.4 | 26.3 | 16.9 | 16.5 | 17.3 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 11.7 |
| 1978 | 27.3 | 30.2 | 24.4 | 28.9 | 32.6 | 25.3 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 16.4 | 17.9 |
| 1979 | 27.0 | 29.9 | 24.2 | 28.6 | 31.6 | 25.5 | 16.6 | 17.8 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 11.4 |
| 1980 | 26.3 | 28.1 | 24.5 | 28.0 | 30.1 | 26.0 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 15.8 | 13.2 | 15.0 | 11.8 |
| 1981 | 24.7 | 26.6 | 22.8 | 26.3 | 28.4 | 24.2 | 14.9 | 15.4 | 14.5 | 12.5 | 14.4 | 10.9 |
| 1982 | 25.2 | 26.9 | 23.4 | 26.7 | 28.8 | 24.6 | 15.6 | 14.6 | 16.4 | 15.9 | 17.8 | 14.2 |
| 1983 | 26.2 | 27.8 | 24.6 | 27.4 | 29.4 | 25.4 | 16.2 | 16.5 | 15.9 | 17.8 | 16.8 | 18.8 |
| 1984 | 25.5 | 27.1 | 24.0 | 27.0 | 28.5 | 25.4 | 14.8 | 17.1 | 13.0 | 18.1 | 17.0 | 19.2 |
| 1985 | 25.7 | 26.9 | 24.6 | 27.3 | 28.6 | 26.0 | 14.4 | 12.9 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 18.6 | 17.7 |
| 1986 | 26.0 | 26.7 | 25.3 | 28.1 | 29.1 | 27.1 | 14.2 | 11.9 | 16.3 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.2 |
| 1987 | 25.6 | 26.1 | 25.2 | 27.6 | 28.0 | 27.1 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 14.5 | 15.7 | 13.4 |
| 1988 | 26.4 | 27.6 | 25.2 | 28.0 | 29.1 | 26.9 | 14.8 | 15.3 | 14.4 | 18.1 | 19.8 | 16.3 |
| 1989 | 27.3 | 28.3 | 26.5 | 29.5 | 30.5 | 28.5 | 15.4 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 15.7 | 17.2 |
| 1990 | 27.1 | 28.0 | 26.2 | 29.3 | 30.0 | 28.6 | 16.4 | 18.6 | 14.5 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 15.2 |
| 1991 | 27.2 | 27.0 | 27.3 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 16.3 | 14.4 | 18.1 |
| 1992 | 27.3 | 26.9 | 27.8 | 30.0 | 29.5 | 30.4 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 15.6 | 14.3 | 17.0 |
| 1993 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 27.4 | 29.8 | 30.0 | 29.5 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 17.2 | 13.6 | 12.1 | 15.3 |
| 1994 | 27.0 | 26.6 | 27.4 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 16.2 | 14.0 | 17.9 | 13.3 | 11.3 | 15.5 |
| 1995 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 28.5 | 31.2 | 30.9 | 31.4 | 17.8 | 19.7 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 14.0 | 17.1 |
| 1996 | 31.1 | 30.2 | 32.0 | 34.1 | 33.6 | 34.7 | 17.0 | 13.9 | 19.6 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 15.6 |
| 1997 | 31.8 | 30.7 | 32.9 | 35.2 | 34.1 | 36.2 | 16.4 | 13.7 | 18.5 | 17.8 | 16.1 | 19.6 |
| 1998 | 31.0 | 29.6 | 32.4 | 34.5 | 32.9 | 36.1 | 17.9 | 16.1 | 19.3 | 16.5 | 15.9 | 17.1 |
| 1999 | 32.1 | 31.2 | 33.0 | 36.1 | 34.8 | 37.3 | 16.9 | 14.9 | 18.6 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 15.8 |

* Included in totals but not shown separately are other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.

NOTE: The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. In 1994, the survey methodology for the CPS was changed and weights were adjusted. See Supplemental Note 1 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. March Current Population Surveys, various years.

## Coursetaking in Advanced Mathematics and Science

Table 40-1 Percentage distribution of high school graduates according to the highest level of advanced mathematics and science courses taken: Selected years 1982-98

| Year | Mathematics |  |  |  |  | Science |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Middle academic |  | Advanced academic |  |  | Chemistry I | Chemistry I | Chemistry II |
|  | Level I | Level II | Level I | Level II | Level III | or Physics I | and Physics I | or Physics II |
| 1982 | 30.6 | 18.2 | 15.5 | 4.8 | 5.9 | 18.4 | 7.4 | 4.8 |
| 1987 | 26.8 | 23.1 | 12.9 | 9.0 | 7.6 | 23.3 | 11.8 | 5.1 |
| 1990 | 25.4 | 26.2 | 12.9 | 10.4 | 7.2 | 28.2 | 13.7 | 5.6 |
| 1992 | 22.7 | 26.4 | 16.4 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 29.9 | 14.3 | 6.9 |
| 1994 | 22.4 | 26.9 | 16.3 | 11.6 | 10.2 | 32.1 | 15.0 | 6.4 |
| 1998 | 20.8 | 27.7 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 11.8 | 33.8 | 18.5 | 7.3 |

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 8 for definitions of the levels of mathematics and science courses. The placement of graduates in the various levels of mathematics and science courses is determined by the completion of at least one course at that level. Graduates who have completed coursework at more than one level (e.g., Mathematics Middle academic level II and Advanced academic level I) were placed into the higher level of coursework completed (i.e.,Advanced academic level I). Graduates may achieve higher levels of coursework (e.g.,Mathematics Advanced academic level III) without having taken courses at lower levels (e.g.,Mathematics Middle academic level I).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. High School and Beyond Longitudinal Study of 1980 Sophmores, "Second Follow-up" (HS\&B 1980/1984);National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 Eigth Graders,"High School Transcript Study" (NELS:1992); and 1982, 1987, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1998 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) High School Transcript Studies.

## Class Size of Kindergartens

Table 41-1 Average size of kindergarten classrooms and percentage distribution, by class size and selected characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic | Average class size | Class size* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 15 or fewer students | More than 15 students |
| Total | 19 | 20 | 80 |
| Program type |  |  |  |
| Full-day | 20 | 19 | 81 |
| Part-day | 18 | 22 | 78 |
| Control of school |  |  |  |
| Public | 20 | 15 | 85 |
| Private | 18 | 41 | 59 |
| Percent minority |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 19 | 30 | 70 |
| 10-24 | 19 | 19 | 81 |
| 25-49 | 19 | 18 | 88 |
| 50-75 | 19 | 20 | 80 |
| More than 75 | 20 | 14 | 86 |

* Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, "Kindergarten Class of 1998-99," Fall 1998.

## Interest Areas and Centers in Kindergarten Classrooms

Table 42-1 Percentage of kindergarten classrooms with interest areas or centers, by selected characteristics: Fall 1998

| Characteristic | Interest area or center |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reading | Play | Mathematics | Writing | Science |
| Total | 99 | 98 | 95 | 89 | 67 |
| Program type |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-day | 99 | 98 | 95 | 90 | 68 |
| Part-day | 100 | 99 | 95 | 85 | 63 |
| Control of school |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 100 | 99 | 97 | 91 | 66 |
| Private | 98 | 95 | 87 | 79 | 69 |
| Percent minority |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 99 | 99 | 94 | 87 | 64 |
| 10-24 | 100 | 100 | 93 | 91 | 71 |
| 25-49 | 99 | 98 | 96 | 88 | 74 |
| 50-75 | 99 | 97 | 92 | 84 | 71 |
| More than 75 | 100 | 98 | 97 | 91 | 60 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, "Kindergarten Class of 1998-99," Fall 1998.

Student/Teacher Ratios

Table 43-1 Student/teacher ratios, by control and level of school: 1970-98

| Year | Total |  |  | Public |  |  | Private |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Elementary | Secondary | Total | Elementary | Secondary | Total | Elementary | Secondary |
| 1970 | 22.4 | 24.6 | 19.5 | 22.3 | 24.3 | 19.8 | 23.0 | 26.5 | 16.4 |
| 1971 | 22.4 | 25.0 | 19.1 | 22.3 | 24.9 | 19.3 | ${ }^{122.6}$ | '25.7 | ${ }^{1} 16.7$ |
| 1972 | 21.7 | 23.9 | 18.9 | 21.7 | 23.9 | 19.1 | ${ }^{1} 21.6$ | '24.0 | ${ }^{1} 16.9$ |
| 1973 | 21.3 | 23.0 | 19.1 | 21.3 | 23.0 | 19.3 | ${ }^{1} 21.2$ | '23.6 | ${ }^{1} 16.5$ |
| 1974 | 20.8 | 22.6 | 18.5 | 20.8 | 22.6 | 18.7 | '20.4 | '22.6 | ${ }^{1} 16.0$ |
| 1975 | 20.3 | 21.7 | 18.6 | 20.4 | 21.7 | 18.8 | ${ }^{1} 19.6$ | ${ }^{121.5}$ | ${ }^{1} 15.7$ |
| 1976 | 20.1 | 21.7 | 18.3 | 20.2 | 21.8 | 18.5 | 19.3 | 20.9 | 15.8 |
| 1977 | 19.6 | 20.9 | 17.9 | 19.7 | 21.1 | 18.2 | 18.4 | 20.0 | 15.1 |
| 1978 | 19.2 | 20.9 | 17.1 | 19.3 | 21.0 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 20.2 | 15.6 |
| 1979 | 19.0 | 20.5 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 20.6 | 17.2 | ${ }^{1} 18.1$ | ${ }^{1} 19.7$ | ${ }^{1} 14.8$ |
| 1980 | 18.6 | 20.1 | 16.6 | 18.7 | 20.4 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 18.8 | 15.0 |
| 1981 | 18.7 | 20.0 | 16.8 | 18.8 | 20.3 | 16.9 | ${ }^{1} 17.6$ | ${ }^{1} 8.6$ | ${ }^{1} 15.2$ |
| 1982 | 18.4 | 19.8 | 16.4 | 18.6 | 20.2 | 16.6 | ${ }^{1} 17.2$ | ${ }^{1} 8.2$ | ${ }^{1} 14.9$ |
| 1983 | 18.2 | 19.6 | 16.2 | 18.4 | 19.9 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 18.0 | 14.4 |
| 1984 | 17.9 | 19.3 | 16.0 | 18.1 | 19.7 | 16.1 | ${ }^{1} 16.8$ | 117.7 | ${ }^{1} 14.4$ |
| 1985 | 17.6 | 19.1 | 15.6 | 17.9 | 19.5 | 15.8 | 16.2 | 17.1 | 14.0 |
| 1986 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 15.5 | 17.7 | 19.3 | 15.7 | ${ }^{1} 15.7$ | ${ }^{1} 16.5$ | ${ }^{1} 13.6$ |
| 1987 | 17.3 | 18.8 | 15.0 | 17.6 | 19.3 | 15.2 | ${ }^{1} 15.5$ | ${ }^{1} 16.5$ | ${ }^{1} 13.1$ |
| 1988 | 17.0 | 18.6 | 14.7 | 17.3 | 19.0 | 14.9 | ${ }^{1} 15.2$ | ${ }^{1} 16.1$ | ${ }^{1} 12.8$ |
| 1989 | 16.8 | 18.4 | 14.3 | 17.2 | 19.0 | 14.6 | ${ }^{1} 14.2$ | ${ }^{1} 15.1$ | ${ }^{1} 11.7$ |
| 1990 | 16.9 | 18.5 | 14.3 | 17.2 | 18.9 | 14.6 | ${ }^{1} 14.7$ | ${ }^{1} 16.1$ | ${ }^{1} 11.3$ |
| 1991 | 17.0 | 18.4 | 14.6 | 17.3 | 18.8 | 15.0 | ${ }^{1} 14.6$ | ${ }^{1} 16.0$ | ${ }^{1} 11.1$ |
| 1992 | 17.1 | 18.4 | 14.8 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 15.2 | ${ }^{1} 14.8$ | ${ }^{1} 16.2$ | ${ }^{111.3}$ |
| 1993 | 17.1 | 18.5 | 14.7 | 17.4 | 18.9 | 15.1 | ${ }^{1} 14.9$ | ${ }^{1} 16.3$ | ${ }^{1} 11.5$ |
| 1994 | 17.0 | 18.6 | 14.4 | 17.3 | 19.0 | 14.8 | ${ }^{1} 15.0$ | ${ }^{1} 16.4$ | ${ }^{1} 11.4$ |
| 1995 | 17.0 | 18.9 | 14.0 | 17.3 | 19.3 | 14.4 | ${ }^{1} 14.9$ | ${ }^{1} 16.6$ | ${ }^{1} 10.8$ |
| 1996 | 16.8 | 18.4 | 14.3 | 17.1 | 18.8 | 14.6 | ${ }^{1} 14.9$ | ${ }^{1} 16.4$ | ${ }^{1} 11.5$ |
| 1997 | 16.6 | 18.3 | 14.0 | 16.8 | 18.6 | 14.2 | ${ }^{2} 15.1$ | ${ }^{2} 16.6$ | ${ }^{2} 11.6$ |
| 1998 | ${ }^{1} 16.6$ | ${ }^{1} 18.3$ | ${ }^{1} 14.0$ | ${ }^{1} 16.8$ | ${ }^{1} 18.6$ | ${ }^{1} 4.2$ | ${ }^{2} 15.2$ | ${ }^{2} 16.6$ | ${ }^{2} 11.6$ |

${ }^{1}$ Estimated.
${ }^{2}$ Projected.
NOTE: Data for teachers are expressed in full-time equivalent (FTE) units. Distribution of unclassified teachers by level is estimated. Distribution of elementary and secondary school teachers by level is determined by reporting units. Included in the totals and the elementary category are a small number of nursery school teachers and students.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools; Common Core of Data surveys; Private School Surveys;Projections of Education Statistics to 2009 (NCES 1999-038),
1999;and Digest of Education Statistics 1999 (NCES 2000-031), 2000.

## Instructional Environments in $8^{\text {th }}$-Grade Mathematics

Table 44-1 Percentage distribution of $8^{\text {th }}$-grade mathematics lessons containing task-controlled tasks, a combination of task- and solver-controlled tasks, or solver-controlled tasks, by country: 1994-95

|  |  | Country |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Locus of control* | United States | Germany |
| All task-controlled | 83 | 48 |
| Task- and solver-controlled | 8 | 43 |
| All solver-controlled | 9 | 40 |

* A task-controlled teacher demonstrates a particular solution method to students and asks them to replicate that solution; a solver-controlled teacher encourages students to find alternative solution paths on their own. NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information on the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. The TIMSS Videotape Classroom Study: Methods and Findings from an Exploratory Research Project on Eighth-Grade Mathematics Instruction in Germany, Japan, and the United States (NCES 1999-074), 1999.

Table 44-2 Percentage distribution of teachers responding to the question,"What was the main thing you wanted students to learn from today's lesson?," by country and response: 1994-95

|  |  | Country |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Questionnaire response* | United States | Germany |
| Mathematical skills | 61 | 55 |
| Mathematical thinking | 21 | 31 |
| Social/motivational | 4 | 25 |
| Test preparation | 5 | 73 |
| Indeterminable | 9 | 0 |

*Mathematical skills = Teacher responses that emphasized the teaching of how to solve specific kinds of problems, use of standard formulas, etc.;Mathematical thinking = Teacher responses that emphasized students' exploration, development, and comprehension of mathematical concepts, or the discovery of multiple solutions to a problem; Social/motivational = Teacher responses that emphasized nonmathematical goals, such as "listening to others," or the creation of interest in some aspect of mathematics; Test preparation = Teacher responses that focused on preparing for an upcoming test; and Indeterminable = Teacher responses that were not possible to categorize, usually because they were too vague or incomplete.
NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information on the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. The TIMSS Videotape Classroom Study: Methods and Findings from an Exploratory Research Project on Eighth-Grade Mathematics Instruction in Germany, Japan, and the United States (NCES 1999-074), 1999.

## Students' Use of the Internet

Table 45-1 Percentage of students in grades 1-12 who had potential access to a computer and used the Internet for various purposes at various locations, by race-ethnicity and family income: 1998

| Accessibility, location of use, and reason for use at home | Total | Race-ethnicity ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Family income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black | Hispanic | Low | Middle | High |
| Students who had potential access to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer in household | 57.6 | 70.1 | 27.7 | 28.4 | 21.2 | 53.7 | 87.7 |
| WEBTV in household | 1.3 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 2.1 |
| Anyone from household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| use Internet from home | 34.3 | 43.7 | 10.8 | 13.2 | 7.7 | 28.5 | 63.2 |
| Students who used the Internet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At school | 78.4 | 82.7 | 70.1 | 70.5 | 68.4 | 77.9 | 85.5 |
| At home | 25.0 | 32.2 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 4.9 | 20.4 | 47.6 |
| Outside the home | 19.8 | 22.4 | 13.0 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 20.4 | 21.1 |
| At public library | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| At community center | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| At someone else's computer | 3.0 | 3.7 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| Purpose of Internet use at home is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E-mail | 14.9 | 19.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 11.7 | 29.3 |
| Contacting friends/family | 13.9 | 18.4 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 10.8 | 27.6 |
| Educational purposes | 5.8 | 7.5 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 4.4 | 12.1 |
| Hobbies | 3.8 | 5.0 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 2.9 | 8.0 |
| Educational courses/research for school | 19.3 | 25.1 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 15.2 | 37.5 |
| News, weather, sports | 5.3 | 6.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 4.2 | 10.3 |
| Search for information | 9.2 | 11.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 7.3 | 18.1 |
| Games, entertainment, fun | 1.9 | 2.6 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.7 | 3.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Included in the total but not shown separately are students from other racial-ethnic groups; see Supplemental Note 3 for more information on the racial-ethnic categories.
${ }^{2}$ Low income is the bottom 20 percent of all family incomes, high income is the top 20 percent of all family incomes, and middle income is the 60 percent in between. See Supplemental Note 7 for more information.
${ }^{3}$ Value less than 0.05 percent.
NOTE: Analysis includes only those students in grades $1-12$ who were ages $5-18$. See Supplemental Note 1 for information on the Current Population Survey (CPS).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. December and October Current Population Surveys, 1998.

Table 45-2 Percentage of students in grades 1-12 who named various reasons for Internet use as the most important: 1998

| Reasons for <br> Internet use | First most <br> important use | Second most <br> important use | Third most <br> important use |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| E-mail | 53.3 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Educational courses/research for school | 35.1 | 56.4 | 4.4 |
| News, weather, sports | 1.7 | 10.1 | 19.5 |
| Phone calls | 0.4 | 1.2 | 3.3 |
| Search for information | 3.5 | 18.7 | 41.7 |
| Search for jobs | 0.1 | $(*)$ | 1.7 |
| Job-related tasks | (*) $^{(*)}$ | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Shop, pay bills, or other commercial activities | 0.1 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| Other | 2.8 | 3.5 | 8.6 |
| Games, entertainment, fun | 1.6 | 2.6 | 6.0 |

[^4]
## School Choice and Parental Satisfaction

Table 46-1 Percentage distribution of students in grades 3-12 who attended a chosen or assigned school, by child's race-ethnicity, parents' highest education level, and household income: 1993, 1996, and 1999

| Child's race-ethnicity, parents' highest education level, and household income | 1993* |  |  | 1996 |  |  | 1999 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Public |  | Private | Public |  | Private | Public |  | Private |
|  | Assigned | Chosen |  | Assigned | Chosen |  | Assigned | Chosen |  |
| Total | 80.3 | 10.9 | 8.8 | 75.7 | 13.1 | 9.7 | 74.6 | 14.0 | 9.9 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 81.4 | 8.5 | 10.2 | 78.0 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 76.7 | 11.4 | 12.0 |
| Black | 77.4 | 18.9 | 3.7 | 74.2 | 20.8 | 5.1 | 71.8 | 22.3 | 5.9 |
| Hispanic | 79.7 | 13.6 | 6.7 | 76.4 | 16.1 | 7.5 | 76.7 | 18.2 | 5.1 |
| Other | 73.4 | 14.5 | 12.1 | 70.4 | 18.6 | 11.1 | 74.2 | 16.5 | 9.3 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school diploma | 84.4 | 13.3 | 2.3 | 79.1 | 17.4 | 3.5 | 78.6 | 18.8 | 2.6 |
| High school diploma or GED | 83.6 | 11.2 | 5.2 | 83.0 | 11.6 | 5.4 | 80.0 | 14.5 | 5.6 |
| Some college/technical/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.1 |
| Bachelor's degree | 76.9 | 8.7 | 14.3 | 71.4 | 13.4 | 15.3 | 72.2 | 12.3 | 15.5' |
| Graduate/advanced degree | 73.1 | 9.9 | 16.9 | 68.3 | 11.3 | 20.4 | 68.9 | 11.9 | 19.2 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 82.9 | 14.0 | 3.0 | 76.6 | 19.5 | 3.9 | 73.2 | 22.5 | 4.3 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 82.3 | 13.9 | 3.8 | 80.0 | 15.3 | 4.7 | 77.2 | 17.7 | 5.1 |
| 20,001-35,000 | 81.8 | 10.6 | 7.7 | 78.7 | 14.0 | 7.4 | 78.6 | 15.8 | 5.6 |
| 35,001-50,000 | 80.4 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 78.0 | 11.9 | 10.1 | 77.0 | 13.6 | 9.4 |
| 50,001 or more | 75.9 | 8.5 | 15.6 | 73.6 | 10.2 | 16.3 | 74.2 | 10.4 | 15.5 |

* Data are revised from previously published figures.

NOTE: Ungraded students and homeschoolers were excluded from the estimate. Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1993 (School Safety and Discipline Component), 1996 (Parent Interview Component), and 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## School Choice and Parental Satisfaction

Table 46-2 Percentage of students in grades 3-12 with parents who were very satisfied with aspects of their child's school, by school choice type, grade level, and race-ethnicity: 1993 and 1999

| School, grade level, and race-ethnicity | School |  | Teacher |  | Academic standards |  | Discipline |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 |
| Total | 55.9 | 52.7 | 58.3 | 56.6 | 58.4 | 56.8 | 58.5 | 58.3 |
|  | Public-Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 52.3 | 47.7 | 56.0 | 53.2 | 55.0 | 52.5 | 55.1 | 53.9 |
| Grade level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grades 3-5 | 60.6 | 57.0 | 67.1 | 67.5 | 59.4 | 57.0 | 62.7 | 63.9 |
| Grades 6-8 | 48.3 | 46.3 | 53.2 | 50.3 | 52.9 | 52.7 | 52.3 | 53.4 |
| Grades 9-12 | 48.7 | 41.6 | 49.0 | 44.4 | 53.2 | 48.8 | 51.2 | 46.5 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 53.4 | 47.2 | 56.3 | 52.4 | 56.4 | 51.5 | 56.1 | 52.5 |
| Black | 45.8 | 44.8 | 52.5 | 50.3 | 48.6 | 51.2 | 50.7 | 52.4 |
| Hispanic | 55.7 | 54.6 | 58.2 | 61.2 | 55.3 | 59.8 | 55.1 | 62.4 |
|  | Public-Chosen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 61.2 | 61.6 | 61.5 | 61.6 | 63.0 | 63.1 | 63.0 | 62.7 |
| Grade level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grades 3-5 | 68.5 | 66.6 | 70.2 | 71.2 | 66.3 | 67.6 | 72.6 | 70.8 |
| Grades 6-8 | 59.6 | 63.9 | 61.5 | 62.4 | 62.0 | 65.9 | 61.6 | 63.8 |
| Grades 9-12 | 55.7 | 56.6 | 53.7 | 54.1 | 60.7 | 58.3 | 55.6 | 56.2 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 63.4 | 61.3 | 64.8 | 61.6 | 64.7 | 62.1 | 64.9 | 61.6 |
| Black | 58.4 | 62.2 | 54.2 | 63.6 | 62.5 | 66.1 | 62.2 | 63.2 |
| Hispanic | 59.4 | 65.7 | 63.5 | 63.2 | 61.8 | 67.2 | 60.9 | 68.1 |
|  | Private |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 82.5 | 78.4 | 75.2 | 75.3 | 83.4 | 81.1 | 84.4 | 85.3 |
| Grade level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grades 3-5 | 83.8 | 79.7 | 75.6 | 81.3 | 84.4 | 79.4 | 86.9 | 85.3 |
| Grades 6-8 | 82.6 | 79.0 | 76.5 | 72.9 | 83.3 | 82.0 | 83.9 | 83.8 |
| Grades 9-12 | 81.2 | 76.5 | 73.8 | 71.3 | 82.4 | 81.9 | 82.3 | 86.7 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 82.6 | 81.4 | 74.8 | 77.9 | 83.6 | 82.6 | 83.9 | 87.2 |
| Black | 77.2 | 59.5 | 76.5 | 60.7 | 78.7 | 74.1 | 84.0 | 71.2 |
| Hispanic | 81.8 | 75.2 | 81.9 | 73.4 | 83.1 | 77.7 | 87.1 | 83.4 |

NOTE: Includes those who responded "very satisfied" from a scale of"very satisfied,""somewhat satisfied," "somewhat dissatisfied," and "very dissatisfied." Ungraded students and homeschoolers were excluded from the estimate. See Supplemental Note 2 for more information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1993 (School Safety and Discipline Component), and 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers

Table 47-1 Percentage of full-time public school teachers who held various degrees and certificates, by teacher and school characteristics: 1998

| Teacher or school characteristic | Degrees and certificates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bachelor's degree | Master's degree | Doctor's degree | Other degree | Other certificate |
| Total ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 45 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Years of teaching experience |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 or fewer years | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 16 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 4-9 years | 100 | 31 | ${ }^{3}$ ) | 1 | 3 |
| 10-19 years | 100 | 48 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| 20 or more years | 100 | 62 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| School instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 100 | 40 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Middle school | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 46 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| High school | 100 | 55 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Combined | 100 | 49 | 3 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | 7 |
| School enrollment size |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 100 | 37 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 300-499 | 100 | 47 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| 500-999 | 100 | 42 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 1,000 or more | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 54 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Region ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 60 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Midwest | 100 | 51 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1 | 4 |
| South | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 39 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| West | 100 | 38 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Percentage minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 percent or less | 100 | 49 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 2 | 5 |
| 6-20 percent | 100 | 51 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 21-50 percent | 100 | 43 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| More than 50 percent | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 38 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 15 percent | 100 | 57 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 15-32 percent | 100 | 46 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| 33-59 percent | ${ }^{2} 100$ | 41 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 60 percent or more | 100 | 37 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Includes full-time public school teachers who taught grades 1-12 whose main teaching assignment was in English/language arts, social studies/social sciences, foreign language, mathematics, or science, or who taught in a self-contained classroom. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Estimate rounds to 100 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Estimate is less than 0.5 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{4}$ See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region. |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Teacher Quality: A Report on the Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers (NCES 1999-080), 1999. |  |  |  |  |  |

## Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers

Table 47-2 Percentage distribution of full-time public school teachers according to undergraduate or graduate majors in various fields of study, by teacher and school characteristics: 1998

| Teacher or school characteristic | Major field of study |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Academic field | Subject area education ${ }^{1}$ | General education ${ }^{2}$ | Other education ${ }^{3}$ |
| Total ${ }^{4}$ | 38 | 18 | 37 | 7 |
| Years of teaching experience |  |  |  |  |
| 3 or fewer years | 50 | 11 | 37 | 2 |
| 4-9 years | 41 | 16 | 39 | 5 |
| 10-19 years | 32 | 20 | 37 | 11 |
| 20 or more years | 36 | 20 | 36 | 8 |
| School instructional level |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 22 | 9 | 58 | 11 |
| Middle school | 44 | 22 | 27 | 7 |
| High school | 66 | 29 | 5 | 1 |
| Combined | 55 | 35 | 8 | 2 |

1"Subject area education" is the teaching of an academic field, such as mathematics education.
${ }^{2}$ "General education" includes the following fields: pre-elementary and early childhood education; elementary education; and secondary education.
${ }^{3}$ Examples of "other education" fields are special education, curriculum and instruction, and educational administration.
${ }^{4}$ Includes full-time public school teachers who taught grades 1-12 whose main teaching assignment was in English/language arts, social studies/social sciences, foreign language, mathematics, or science, or who taught in a self-contained classroom

NOTE: Teachers with more than one major or degree were counted only once, with the field selected in the following order: academic field, subject area education, other education, and general education. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Teacher Quality: A Report on the Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers (NCES 1999-080), 1999.

## Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers

Table 47-3 Percentage distribution of full-time public school teachers, by various types of teaching certificates in their state and by teacher and school characteristics: 1998

|  | Teachers in | eneral el | entary cl | rooms ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | achers in | partmental | setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | of cert | icate |  |  |  |  | of certific |  |  |
| Teacher or school characteristic | Regular or standard state certificate or advanced profession- <br> al certificate | Provisional ${ }^{3}$ | Probationary ${ }^{4}$ | Temporary | Emergency or waiver | Regular or standard state certificate or advanced professional certificate | Provisional ${ }^{3}$ | Probationary ${ }^{4}$ | Temporary |  |
| Total ${ }^{5}$ | 93 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 92 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Years of teaching exper | erience |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 or fewer years | 65 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 4 | 64 | 13 | 12 | 5 | 6 |
| 4-9 years | 92 | 5 | 1 | 2 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 89 | 5 | 3 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 10-19 years | 99 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 0 | 97 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | ${ }^{(6)}$ | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 20 or more years | 99 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99 | 1 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | 0 | 0 |
| School enrollment size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 96 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 95 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| 300-499 | 94 | 3 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 89 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| 500-999 | 92 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 93 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 1,000 or more | 85 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 91 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Region ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 91 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 90 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Midwest | 96 | 3 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 1 | 0 | 93 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| South | 94 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 92 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| West | 90 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 90 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Percentage minority en | nrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 percent or less | 96 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 92 | 3 | 3 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 6-20 percent | 95 | 3 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 94 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 21-50 percent | 93 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 93 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| More than 50 percent | t 88 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 87 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Percentage of students | s eligible for fr | or reduc | d-price lun |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 15 percent | 94 | 3 | 1 | 2 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 92 | 3 | 3 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 15-32 percent | 95 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 93 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 33-59 percent | 95 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 94 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(6)}$ |
| 60 percent or more | 90 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 87 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes all teachers who taught in self-contained classrooms, regardess of instructional level. The majority ( 95 percent) of self-contained classriooms were at the elementary school level. All teachers had a certificate.
${ }^{2}$ Includes certificates in teacher's main teaching assignment only. No more than 1 percent of teachers in any category had no certificate.
${ }^{3}$ Includes other types of certificates awarded while participating in an "alternate certification program."
${ }^{4}$ In some states, new teachers are by definition probationary.
${ }^{5}$ Includes full-time public school teachers who taught grades 1 - 12 whose main teaching assignment was in English/language arts,social studies/social sciences, foreign language, mathematics, or science, or who taught a
self-contained classroom.
${ }^{6}$ Less than 0.5 percent.
${ }^{7}$ See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Teacher Quality: A Report on the Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers (NCES 1999-080), 1999.

## Perceived Impact of Professional Development

Table 48-1 Percentage of full-time public school teachers who participated in the past 12 months in professional development activities that focused on various topics, by number of hours spent in development activity: 1998

| Focus of activity | Any participation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Total hours spent |  |  |
|  |  | 1-8 | 9-32 | More than 32 |
| In-depth study in the subject area of your main teaching assignment | 73 | 32 | 24 | 17 |
| New methods of teaching (e.g., cooperative learning) | 77 | 47 | 21 | 8 |
| State or district curriculum and performance standards | 81 | 50 | 25 | 7 |
| Integration of educational technology in the grade or subject you teach | 78 | 49 | 22 | 7 |
| Student performance assessment | 67 | 47 | 15 | 5 |
| Classroom management, including student discipline | 49 | 38 | 8 | 3 |
| Addressing the needs of students with limited English proficiency or from diverse cultural backgrounds | 31 | 22 | 6 | 4 |
| Addressing the needs of students with disabilities | 48 | 39 | 6 | 2 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Teacher Quality:A Report on the Preparation and Qualifications of Public School Teachers (NCES 1999-080), 1999

## Age of School Buildings

Table 49-1 Mean age and percentage distribution of public schools according to year of school construction and condition of school, by selected school characteristics: 1994-96

|  |  | Year school was constructed |  |  |  | Condition of school ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristic | Mean age | Before 1950 | $\begin{array}{r} 1950- \\ 69 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1970- \\ 84 \end{array}$ | 1985 or after | Oldest | Moderate | Newest |
| Total | 42 | 26 | 46 | 19 | 10 | 29 | 61 | 10 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary | 43 | 29 | 46 | 15 | 11 | 30 | 60 | 10 |
| Secondary | 40 | 24 | 46 | 23 | 8 | 28 | 65 | 7 |
| Enrollment size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 48 | 40 | 39 | 14 | 8 | 36 | 58 | 6 |
| 300-999 | 40 | 24 | 48 | 17 | 11 | 27 | 62 | 11 |
| 1,000 or more | 39 | 23 | 44 | 22 | 11 | 25 | 64 | 12 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 46 | 34 | 44 | 13 | 9 | 32 | 57 | 11 |
| Urban fringe | 40 | 20 | 53 | 17 | 10 | 36 | 54 | 10 |
| Town | 40 | 24 | 47 | 20 | 9 | 22 | 71 | 7 |
| Rural | 42 | 32 | 38 | 17 | 12 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
| Region ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 46 | 30 | 49 | 15 | 6 | 33 | 62 | 5 |
| Southeast | 37 | 23 | 43 | 20 | 14 | 21 | 68 | 11 |
| Central | 46 | 33 | 46 | 14 | 8 | 36 | 57 | 6 |
| West | 39 | 25 | 44 | 19 | 13 | 25 | 59 | 15 |

Percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch

| Less than 20 percent | 39 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 11 | 28 | 61 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $20-49$ percent | 41 | 29 | 44 | 16 | 11 | 31 | 59 | 10 |
| 50 percent or more | 44 | 34 | 42 | 14 | 10 | 29 | 63 | 7 |

1 "Oldest" schools were built before 1970 and never renovated, or were renovated before 1980. "Moderate" schools were built between 1970 and 1984, or were built before 1970 and were renovated in 1980 or later.
"Newest" schools were built after 1984.
${ }^{2}$ See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. Estimates are aggregates of data collected in 1994, 1995, and 1996.
SOURCE:U.S. Department of Education, NCES. How Old Are Our Public Schools? (NCES 1999-048), 1999.

## Age of School Buildings

Table 49-2 Percentage distribution of public schools according to year of construction, by year of last major renovation: 1994-96

|  |  | Year school was constructed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year of last major renovation | Total | Before 1950 | 1950-69 | 1970-84 | $1985$ |
| Total | 100 | 26 | -46 | 1970-84 | 10 |
| Never | 27 | 2 | 12 | 8 | 6 |
| Before 1980 | 17 | 9 | 7 | 1 | - |
| 1980-89 | 17 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 1 |
| 1990-95 | 39 | 10 | 19 | 7 | 2 |

— Not applicable.

- Schools defined as "oldest."

Schools defined as "newest."
NOTE: Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. Estimates are aggregates of data collected in 1994, 1995, and 1996.
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Education, NCES. How Old Are Our Public Schools? (NCES 1999-048), 1999.

Faculty Salaries

Table 55-1 Average salaries (in constant 1997-98 dollars) of full-time instructional faculty on 9- or 10-month contracts according to institutional level and control, by academic rank: 1997-98

| Academic rank | 4-year institutions |  |  | 2-year institutions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Public | Private* | Total | Public | Private* |
| All faculty | \$54,211 | \$54,114 | \$54,443 | \$45,652 | \$45,919 | \$34,920 |
| Professor | 70,441 | 69,195 | 72,747 | 54,323 | 54,488 | 39,135 |
| Associate professor | 51,351 | 51,732 | 50,701 | 45,811 | 46,078 | 33,721 |
| Assistant professor | 42,105 | 42,582 | 41,357 | 39,306 | 39,623 | 30,335 |
| Instructor | 31,787 | 31,519 | 32,325 | 34,238 | 34,713 | 26,638 |
| Lecturer | 35,431 | 34,516 | 38,376 | 36,608 | 36,199 | - |
| No rank | 38,644 | 38,614 | 39,385 | 45,801 | 45,993 | 37,814 |

- Not available.
* Private, not-for-profit institutions only.

NOTE: See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 1997-98 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System," "Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty Survey" (IPEDS-SA).

## Before and After School Care

Table 58-1 Percentage of children in grades K-8 who received various types of care before or after school, by selected student characteristics: 1999

| Student | Received care from relative ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Received care from nonrelative ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Attended centerbased program |  |  | Child cared for self |  |  | Parental care |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| characteristic | Total | K-5 | 6-8 | Total | K-5 | 6-8 | Total | K-5 | 6-8 | Total | K-5 | 6-8 | Total | K-5 | 6-8 |
| Total | 19.3 | 21.1 | 15.5 | 7.4 | 9.5 | 3.1 | 18.5 | 20.3 | 14.7 | 11.7 | 4.9 | 25.9 | 51.9 | 52.5 | 50.7 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 16.0 | 17.8 | 12.5 | 7.7 | 10.1 | 2.9 | 16.5 | 18.8 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 4.3 | 27.3 | 54.9 | 55.7 | 53.2 |
| Black | 29.2 | 31.1 | 24.6 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 3.9 | 27.7 | 29.1 | 24.6 | 11.9 | 5.9 | 25.9 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.4 |
| Hispanic | 22.0 | 22.9 | 19.8 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 2.7 | 15.7 | 15.9 | 15.1 | 9.8 | 5.1 | 21.2 | 53.8 | 54.9 | 51.3 |
| Other | 20.8 | 23.5 | 15.5 | 8.1 | 10.4 | 3.6 | 21.3 | 22.3 | 19.2 | 12.6 | 8.8 | 20.3 | 48.0 | 47.2 | ${ }^{3} 49.6$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 23.0 | 25.0 | 17.4 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 2.9 | 19.5 | 20.3 | 17.3 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 21.4 | 51.6 | 50.7 | 54.2 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 26.1 | 28.1 | 21.7 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 2.3 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 18.4 | 11.4 | 6.4 | 22.7 | 47.9 | 48.4 | 46.8 |
| 20,001-35,000 | 21.7 | 23.0 | 18.9 | 7.8 | 9.7 | 3.7 | 19.3 | 20.9 | 15.6 | 11.2 | 5.1 | 25.1 | 50.1 | 50.9 | 48.1 |
| 35,001-50,000 | 19.4 | 21.7 | 14.8 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 3.0 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 15.2 | 11.4 | 4.0 | 25.6 | 53.7 | 55.4 | 50.4 |
| 50,001 or more | 14.2 | 15.5 | 11.6 | 7.9 | 10.5 | 3.1 | 18.8 | 22.5 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 4.2 | 28.6 | 53.7 | 54.4 | 52.2 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 19.7 | 21.6 | 15.9 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 2.1 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 10.4 | 6.0 | 19.5 | 57.4 | 58.0 | 56.2 |
| High school diploma or GED | 24.8 | 26.9 | 20.1 | 6.6 | 8.5 | 2.6 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 15.6 | 11.4 | 5.4 | 24.7 | 49.2 | 49.9 | 47.7 |
| Some college/vocationa technical | $21.8$ | 23.9 | 17.3 | 8.8 | 11.0 | 4.1 | 19.3 | 21.1 | 15.5 | 12.2 | 5.3 | 26.9 | 48.3 | 48.7 | 47.5 |
| Bachelor's degree | 14.0 | 14.7 | 12.5 | 7.4 | 9.4 | 3.2 | 19.1 | 21.8 | 13.4 | 11.4 | 3.5 | 27.9 | 55.5 | 56.9 | 52.5 |
| Graduate/professional degree | 11.0 | 12.5 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 10.2 | 2.4 | 18.7 | 22.2 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 4.4 | 27.0 | 56.4 | 56.7 | 55.9 |
| Poverty status ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | 23.5 | 25.7 | 18.0 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 2.3 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 9.6 | 5.6 | 19.4 | 52.5 | 52.0 | 53.9 |
| Nonpoor | 18.0 | 19.7 | 14.8 | 7.9 | 10.2 | 3.2 | 18.4 | 20.8 | 13.7 | 12.4 | 4.7 | 27.5 | 51.7 | 52.7 | 49.9 |
| Family structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two biological/adoptive parents | 12.5 | 14.0 | 9.4 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 2.2 | 15.6 | 16.8 | 13.0 | 9.5 | 3.4 | 22.6 | 61.3 | 62.4 | 59.0 |
| One biological/adoptive parent | 31.2 | 33.4 | 26.3 | 9.8 | 12.3 | 4.5 | 23.2 | 26.8 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 7.4 | 31.3 | 35.8 | 35.1 | 37.4 |
| One biological/adoptive parent and one stepparent | 20.7 | 23.1 | 16.9 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 3.3 | 18.7 | 21.3 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 5.0 | 29.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 |
| Other relatives | 18.6 | 22.4 | 10.2 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 22.4 | 16.0 | ${ }^{3} 36.4$ | 10.5 | 6.8 | ${ }^{3} 18.3$ | 54.4 | 59.0 | ${ }^{3} 44.3$ |
| Step- or foster parents | ${ }^{3} 19.3$ | ${ }^{3} 15.4$ | ${ }^{3} 24.2$ | 2.8 | 5.0 | 0 | ${ }^{3} 15.5$ | ${ }^{3} 20.3$ | ${ }^{3} 9.4$ | ${ }^{3} 16.1$ | ${ }^{3} 9.4$ | ${ }^{3} 24.8$ | ${ }^{3} 54.6$ | ${ }^{3} 59.3$ | ${ }^{3} 48.5$ |

${ }^{1}$ Care received from a relative or nonrelative may be provided inside or outside of the child's home.
${ }^{2}$ The poverty measure combines information about household income and composition. See Supplemental Note 2 for more information.
${ }^{3}$ Interpret with caution;standard errors are large due to small sample size.
NOTE: The National Household Education Survey (NHES) asked parents or guardians about the type of care received by the child on a regular basis before or after school. "Received care from a relative" includes care received from someone other than the parent or guardian. Percentages may not add to 100.0 because children can be included in more than one type of care arrangement. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racialethnic categories. See the glossary for the definitions of type of care arrangements.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Parental Involvement in Schools

Table 59-1 Percentage of students in grades K-12 whose parents reported involvement in their child's school, by grade and selected characteristics: 1996 and 1999

|  | Attended general meeting |  | Attended scheduled meeting with teacher |  | Attended school event |  | Acted as a volunteer or served on a committee |  | Indicated involvement in any of the four activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 |
|  | Grades K-12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 76.9 | 79.0 | 71.8 | 73.0 | 66.7 | 66.2 | 38.7 | 38.0 | 91.7 | 92.0 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 79.0 | 81.1 | 72.6 | 73.2 | 71.6 | 72.3 | 44.1 | 43.8 | 93.5 | 94.0 |
| Black | 71.6 | 75.2 | 68.8 | 72.2 | 56.4 | 54.8 | 26.9 | 27.2 | 86.4 | 87.7 |
| Hispanic | 73.6 | 74.2 | 71.5 | 72.1 | 54.7 | 52.3 | 26.4 | 26.0 | 89.0 | 87.6 |
| Other | 73.2 | 77.4 | 71.6 | 74.5 | 64.2 | 63.4 | 35.4 | 31.5 | 89.9 | 91.5 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 65.2 | 67.5 | 68.7 | 68.6 | 50.1 | 50.2 | 23.2 | 22.1 | 83.9 | 84.9 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 68.1 | 69.0 | 68.1 | 70.6 | 58.8 | 53.1 | 27.0 | 23.4 | 87.5 | 86.7 |
| 20,001-35,000 | 73.3 | 74.8 | 70.2 | 70.7 | 63.4 | 60.6 | 33.1 | 32.4 | 90.6 | 90.0 |
| 35,001-50,000 | 80.5 | 81.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 71.8 | 70.9 | 42.9 | 38.7 | 94.2 | 93.7 |
| 50,001 or more | 86.8 | 87.2 | 74.2 | 75.5 | 77.5 | 76.6 | 52.9 | 50.4 | 96.4 | 96.4 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 57.5 | 57.9 | 62.7 | 61.6 | 42.2 | 39.2 | 16.9 | 13.5 | 79.1 | 77.0 |
| High school diploma/GED | 71.5 | 72.8 | 69.2 | 69.6 | 60.2 | 59.0 | 30.1 | 26.7 | 89.3 | 88.7 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 77.9 | 79.6 | 72.5 | 74.4 | 69.2 | 67.2 | 39.2 | 38.1 | 92.9 | 93.6 |
| Bachelor's degree | 87.4 | 87.4 | 77.4 | 79.1 | 76.4 | 76.2 | 52.3 | 50.4 | 96.8 | 97.1 |
| Graduate/professional school | 88.5 | 89.3 | 76.3 | 75.3 | 81.9 | 79.0 | 56.7 | 54.6 | 97.2 | 96.7 |
| Family structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two biological/adoptive parents | 82.2 | 84.9 | 74.0 | 75.9 | 71.3 | 71.8 | 46.9 | 47.1 | 94.5 | 95.2 |
| One biological/adoptive parent | 69.2 | 72.0 | 70.3 | 70.1 | 60.4 | 59.2 | 28.3 | 26.9 | 88.0 | 88.0 |
| One biological/adoptive and one stepparent | 72.7 | 74.2 | 69.3 | 69.1 | 63.3 | 64.6 | 26.9 | 30.2 | 90.8 | 90.6 |
| Other relatives | 60.3 | 66.2 | 54.0 | 66.3 | 50.5 | 48.1 | 20.3 | 19.6 | 76.4 | 82.8 |
| Step- or foster parents | *69.0 | *62.6 | *67.5 | *61.5 | *55.0 | *54.0 | *23.5 | *22.2 | 86.2 | 82.7 |

## Parental Involvement in Schools

Table 59-1 Percentage of students in grades K-12 whose parents reported involvement in their child's school, by grade and selected characteristics: 1996 and 1999-Continued

|  | Attended general meeting |  | Attended scheduled meeting with teacher |  | Attended school event |  | Acted as a volunteer or served on a committee |  | Indicated involvement in any of the four activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 |
|  | Grades K-5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 83.2 | 84.7 | 86.1 | 87.3 | 71.7 | 70.3 | 48.9 | 48.1 | 96.2 | 96.4 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 85.5 | 86.6 | 88.0 | 89.4 | 76.3 | 77.0 | 55.8 | 55.8 | 97.3 | 98.0 |
| Black | 77.6 | 80.5 | 78.8 | 82.6 | 62.2 | 57.9 | 34.3 | 35.0 | 92.1 | 92.8 |
| Hispanic | 79.8 | 82.1 | 86.0 | 84.0 | 60.7 | 57.8 | 34.0 | 33.5 | 95.6 | 93.9 |
| Other | 80.0 | 83.6 | 85.6 | 88.7 | 72.5 | 68.7 | 46.6 | 42.5 | 97.1 | 96.9 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 72.6 | 73.4 | 79.4 | 80.2 | 55.2 | 56.1 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 90.9 | 91.5 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 73.2 | 77.2 | 81.7 | 82.9 | 66.9 | 59.9 | 35.2 | 30.0 | 94.1 | 94.0 |
| 20,001-35,000 | 80.8 | 81.8 | 84.9 | 83.6 | 69.6 | 65.1 | 44.2 | 41.8 | 96.0 | 95.1 |
| 35,001-50,000 | 88.6 | 87.8 | 89.1 | 90.1 | 76.6 | 75.5 | 55.4 | 50.8 | 98.0 | 98.1 |
| 50,001 or more | 92.7 | 92.6 | 91.3 | 92.9 | 82.4 | 80.8 | 66.6 | 65.1 | 99.3 | 99.3 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 64.6 | 69.6 | 77.0 | 75.9 | 49.1 | 46.0 | 23.2 | 20.4 | 89.3 | 89.6 |
| High school diploma/GED | 79.5 | 79.4 | 83.2 | 82.9 | 66.5 | 62.7 | 39.0 | 34.9 | 95.2 | 93.9 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 83.8 | 85.2 | 86.3 | 89.0 | 74.2 | 72.6 | 50.4 | 47.7 | 96.6 | 97.7 |
| Bachelor's degree | 92.9 | 91.9 | 91.5 | 92.5 | 79.9 | 80.2 | 64.6 | 64.6 | 99.1 | 99.1 |
| Graduate/professional school | 93.5 | 93.6 | 93.2 | 92.4 | 86.2 | 81.4 | 70.6 | 68.7 | 99.3 | 98.9 |
| Family structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two biological/adoptive parents | 87.9 | 90.0 | 88.8 | 90.6 | 75.5 | 74.6 | 57.8 | 57.8 | 98.1 | 98.5 |
| One biological/adoptive parent | 74.8 | 77.3 | 83.0 | 84.0 | 65.6 | 64.3 | 36.5 | 34.9 | 93.4 | 93.5 |
| One biological/adoptive and one stepparent | 80.0 | 79.9 | 83.1 | 82.4 | 68.1 | 70.0 | 33.8 | 41.6 | 94.4 | 94.1 |
| Other relatives | 75.6 | 79.1 | *70.4 | 78.1 | 62.6 | *56.3 | 30.3 | 27.7 | 88.6 | 94.5 |
| Step- or foster parents | *75.2 | *77.8 | *77.7 | *75.5 | *72.0 | *55.4 | *22.2 | *27.7 | 96.1 | 96.9 |

## Parental Involvement in Schools

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Table 59-1

Characteristic} \& ts in gra d \& $$
-12 \text { wh }
$$ \& parents \& ted invol \& ment in \& child's \& ol, by gra \& d select \& haract \& \[

1996
\] <br>

\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Attended general meeting} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Attended scheduled meeting with teacher} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Attended school event} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Acted as a volunteer or served on a committee} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Indicated involvement in any of the four activities} <br>
\hline \& 1996 \& 1999 \& 1996 \& 1999 \& 1996 \& 1999 \& 1996 \& 1999 \& 1996 \& 1999 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{Grades 6-8} <br>
\hline Total \& 77.9 \& 80.8 \& 69.5 \& 71.2 \& 65.7 \& 67.2 \& 30.4 \& 31.2 \& 91.5 \& 92.5 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Race-ethnicity} <br>
\hline White \& 80.0 \& 83.0 \& 70.1 \& 70.7 \& 72.1 \& 73.6 \& 34.9 \& 36.2 \& 93.9 \& 94.8 <br>
\hline Black \& 72.6 \& 76.9 \& 68.2 \& 71.8 \& 52.0 \& 53.2 \& 21.4 \& 20.8 \& 85.9 \& 86.9 <br>
\hline Hispanic \& 75.2 \& 73.1 \& 68.2 \& 69.8 \& 51.7 \& 50.5 \& 20.0 \& 20.2 \& 87.5 \& 86.7 <br>
\hline Other \& 73.5 \& 84.4 \& 69.4 \& 79.8 \& 58.1 \& 68.9 \& 23.9 \& 24.9 \& 87.8 \& 94.0 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Household income} <br>
\hline \$10,000 or less \& 63.7 \& 65.9 \& 67.0 \& 64.7 \& 45.1 \& 46.3 \& 17.2 \& 15.5 \& 80.6 \& 83.1 <br>
\hline 10,001-20,000 \& 69.0 \& 66.8 \& 65.2 \& 65.9 \& 56.5 \& 47.4 \& 20.4 \& 19.8 \& 86.1 \& 83.9 <br>
\hline 20,001-35,000 \& 75.1 \& 77.8 \& 67.5 \& 72.1 \& 61.2 \& 62.7 \& 25.0 \& 26.6 \& 90.6 \& 91.1 <br>
\hline 35,001-50,000 \& 82.2 \& 84.1 \& 73.0 \& 73.6 \& 72.8 \& 75.3 \& 33.2 \& 31.8 \& 94.8 \& 95.5 <br>
\hline 50,001 or more \& 88.2 \& 89.3 \& 72.1 \& 73.2 \& 78.7 \& 77.7 \& 43.5 \& 40.8 \& 97.9 \& 97.1 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Parents' highest education level} <br>
\hline Less than high school \& 60.0 \& 61.5 \& 60.8 \& 61.1 \& 37.4 \& 40.2 \& 12.4 \& 10.7 \& 77.4 \& 79.2 <br>
\hline High school diploma/GED \& 70.1 \& 73.9 \& 66.6 \& 68.3 \& 58.2 \& 59.7 \& 21.8 \& 21.4 \& 87.9 \& 89.7 <br>
\hline Some college/vocational/technical \& 81.5 \& 82.3 \& 71.7 \& 70.0 \& 70.1 \& 67.8 \& 32.5 \& 31.9 \& 94.5 \& 93.5 <br>
\hline Bachelor's degree \& 86.9 \& 89.0 \& 73.9 \& 78.4 \& 77.2 \& 76.1 \& 42.7 \& 38.3 \& 96.9 \& 97.3 <br>
\hline Graduate/professional school \& 90.3 \& 90.0 \& 73.1 \& 75.3 \& 80.5 \& 81.0 \& 44.2 \& 46.8 \& 97.6 \& 96.7 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Family structure} <br>
\hline Two biological/adoptive parents \& 82.7 \& 85.9 \& 69.9 \& 72.5 \& 70.2 \& 73.1 \& 37.1 \& 38.2 \& 94.5 \& 95.7 <br>
\hline One biological/adoptive parent \& 70.0 \& 72.5 \& 68.0 \& 68.9 \& 59.0 \& 57.6 \& 21.4 \& 22.1 \& 86.1 \& 86.7 <br>
\hline One biological/adoptive and one stepparent \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{One biological/adoptive and} <br>
\hline Other relatives \& *63.4 \& *71.2 \& *59.0 \& *74.9 \& *46.6 \& *51.4 \& 20.1 \& 14.5 \& 78.8 \& 88.5 <br>
\hline Step- or foster parents* \& 75.7 \& 55.9 \& 83.0 \& 53.5 \& 49.8 \& 36.5 \& 21.4 \& 22.0 \& 83.0 \& 69.2 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## Parental Involvement in Schools

Table 59-1 Percentage of students in grades K-12 whose parents reported involvement in their child's school, by grade and selected characteristics: 1996 and 1999-Continued

|  | Attended general meeting |  | Attended scheduled meeting with teacher |  | Attended school event |  | Acted as a volunteer or served on a committee |  | Indicated involvement in any of the four activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 | 1996 | 1999 |
|  | Grades 9-12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 65.4 | 68.4 | 49.7 | 51.5 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 28.4 | 27.2 | 84.2 | 84.6 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 67.8 | 71.6 | 50.0 | 51.6 | 63.7 | 64.5 | 32.6 | 31.8 | 87.3 | 87.7 |
| Black | 59.3 | 64.5 | 49.9 | 54.0 | 49.2 | 50.3 | 17.4 | 18.3 | 75.9 | 79.3 |
| Hispanic | 60.8 | 57.6 | 48.0 | 48.3 | 46.4 | 41.8 | 18.1 | 14.6 | 78.2 | 74.8 |
| Other | 61.5 | 63.1 | 49.2 | 49.7 | 54.8 | 51.5 | 25.8 | 20.3 | 79.4 | 81.7 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 47.6 | 55.4 | 42.5 | 45.1 | 42.1 | 39.6 | 13.3 | 11.1 | 69.3 | 71.0 |
| 10,001-20,000 | 58.0 | 55.2 | 46.0 | 51.1 | 46.1 | 44.9 | 17.7 | 13.6 | 76.8 | 75.0 |
| 20,001-35,000 | 59.2 | 60.9 | 48.0 | 48.2 | 55.0 | 51.4 | 21.4 | 21.2 | 81.7 | 80.5 |
| 35,001-50,000 | 66.3 | 68.0 | 54.3 | 52.9 | 63.4 | 60.4 | 30.6 | 25.7 | 87.8 | 85.5 |
| 50,001 or more | 77.5 | 78.6 | 51.8 | 54.0 | 69.8 | 70.3 | 40.6 | 37.7 | 91.4 | 91.9 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.3 |
| High school diploma/GED | 58.0 | 60.5 | 45.9 | 47.5 | 50.6 | 52.0 | 20.8 | 16.8 | 79.7 | 78.9 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 64.8 | 67.9 | 49.5 | 53.2 | 59.9 | 57.7 | 25.8 | 26.9 | 85.4 | 86.7 |
| Bachelor's degree | 78.2 | 78.8 | 55.7 | 57.5 | 69.5 | 69.6 | 38.3 | 36.4 | 92.8 | 93.4 |
| Graduate/professional school | 80.7 | 83.9 | 56.7 | 54.0 | 77.5 | 74.6 | 48.0 | 42.4 | 94.3 | 94.0 |
| Family structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two biological/adoptive parents | 71.8 | 75.2 | 51.4 | 53.5 | 64.9 | 66.0 | 35.2 | 35.9 | 88.3 | 89.4 |
| One biological/adoptive parent | 58.2 | 62.9 | 49.2 | 48.4 | 52.4 | 52.2 | 19.4 | 17.6 | 79.7 | 80.0 |
| One biological/adoptive and one stepparent | 59.1 | 61.8 | 49.0 | 52.0 | 54.4 | 54.0 | 21.4 | 19.7 | 83.2 | 83.0 |
| Other relatives | *42.8 | *47.2 | 34.6 | *46.5 | 39.9 | *36.0 | 9.9 | 12.4 | 62.5 | 64.8 |
| Step- or foster parents* | 56.8 | 52.5 | 44.0 | 53.5 | 39.1 | 66.1 | 26.5 | 16.8 | 77.0 | 78.9 |

* Interpret with caution;standard errors are large due to small sample size.

NOTE: Data for 1996 are revised from previously published figures. Ungraded students or children who were home schooled are not included in this analysis; these students accounted for 1.6 percent of the students in grades K-12. Percentages may not add to 100.0 because parents can be included in more than one type of involvement. See Supplemental Note 2 for more information. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1996 (Parent and Family Involvement in Education Component) and 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Parents' Attitudes Toward Schools

Table 60-1 Percentage of children in grades 3-12 with parents who were very satisfied with various aspects of the school their child attends, by selected family characteristics: 1993 and 1999

| Characteristic | Satisfaction measure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Child's school |  | Child's teachers |  | School's academic standards |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { School's } \\ \text { order and discipline } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 | 1993 | 1999 |
| Total | 55.9 | 52.8 | 58.3 | 56.6 | 58.4 | 56.8 | 58.5 | 58.3 |
| Race-ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 57.2 | 53.0 | 58.9 | 56.5 | 59.8 | 56.4 | 59.7 | 57.7 |
| Black | 49.3 | 49.6 | 53.7 | 53.9 | 52.4 | 55.8 | 54.1 | 55.8 |
| Hispanic | 57.9 | 57.6 | 60.5 | 62.2 | 58.0 | 62.0 | 58.0 | 64.5 |
| Other | 53.5 | 47.4 | 58.9 | 52.2 | 58.3 | 51.5 | 57.5 | 57.0 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 or less | 49.6 | 55.6 | 57.3 | 61.6 | 54.9 | 60.2 | 57.0 | 61.2 |
| \$10,001-20,000 | 54.4 | 51.2 | 58.3 | 57.2 | 54.2 | 56.2 | 54.5 | 55.0 |
| \$20,001-35,000 | 55.3 | 49.3 | 58.2 | 55.4 | 58.2 | 53.9 | 58.5 | 55.1 |
| \$35,001-50,000 | 57.4 | 50.9 | 57.7 | 53.1 | 59.6 | 54.7 | 59.4 | 57.2 |
| \$50,001 or more | 59.8 | 54.9 | 59.3 | 57.0 | 62.3 | 58.3 | 61.4 | 60.5 |
| Parents' highest education level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 56.6 | 56.6 | 61.5 | 61.0 | 56.9 | 61.6 | 59.0 | 63.1 |
| High school diploma/GED | 54.5 | 52.1 | 58.9 | 56.2 | 56.9 | 55.8 | 57.4 | 56.6 |
| Some college/vocational/technical | 53.8 | 49.1 | 55.3 | 54.5 | 56.6 | 54.0 | 56.0 | 54.6 |
| Bachelor's degree | 59.8 | 52.0 | 60.9 | 56.3 | 62.7 | 56.6 | 62.5 | 59.6 |
| Graduate/professional degree | 60.1 | 58.5 | 59.1 | 58.8 | 63.2 | 60.8 | 63.2 | 63.2 |
| Family structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two biological/adoptive parents | 57.1 | 54.8 | 58.5 | 58.1 | 59.2 | 58.0 | 59.4 | 60.3 |
| One biological/adoptive parent | 51.8 | 50.3 | 56.7 | 54.9 | 55.9 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 55.6 |
| One biological/adoptive |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other relatives | *63.0 | 46.9 | *65.2 | 52.4 | *62.3 | 55.3 | *63.6 | 56.3 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Live inside urban area | 55.4 | 54.0 | 57.9 | 57.0 | 58.7 | 58.3 | 59.1 | 60.9 |
| Live outside urban area | 56.4 | 53.6 | 59.9 | 57.3 | 57.9 | 56.2 | 55.7 | 54.8 |
| Rural | 56.8 | 49.2 | 58.3 | 55.3 | 58.0 | 53.5 | 59.0 | 53.4 |

* Interpret with caution;standard errors are large due to small sample size.

NOTE: Included in the total but not shown separately are children from other types of family structures. See Supplemental Note 2 for information on the National Household Education Survey (NHES). See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic and urbanicity categories.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Household Education Survey (NHES), 1993 (School Safety and Discipline Component) and 1999 (Parent Interview Component).

## Public Elementary and Secondary Expenditures

Table 61-1 Public school district expenditures per student, by selected district characteristics: School year 1995-96

| District characteristic | Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Instruction | Support services | Capital outlay | Other | Number of districts |
| Total | \$6,555 | \$3,473 | \$1,876 | \$617 | \$589 | 14,493 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primarily serves a central city | \$6,742 | \$3,607 | \$1,958 | \$567 | \$610 | 709 |
| Serves a metropolitan area but not a central city | 6,711 | 3,526 | 1,920 | 677 | 588 | 5,751 |
| Does not serve a metropolitan area | 5,952 | 3,168 | 1,663 | 558 | 564 | 8,033 |
| Children in district below the poverty level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 2.0 percent | 7,080 | 3,753 | 2,074 | 639 | 614 | 3,535 |
| 2.0-9.9 percent | 6,912 | 3,631 | 1,961 | 701 | 618 | 3,623 |
| 10.0-19.0 percent | 6,075 | 3,184 | 1,729 | 619 | 544 | 3,618 |
| More than 19.0 percent | 6,422 | 3,459 | 1,844 | 529 | 590 | 3,717 |

NOTE:In the Common Core of Data (CCD) survey, poverty is determined based on a set of money-income thresholds determined by the Bureau of the Census that vary by family size and composition. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered to be poor. See Supplemental Note 15.
SOURCE: U.S.Department of Education, NCES. Common Core of Data,"Public School District Universe Survey," 1995-96, and"Public School District Financial Survey," 1995-96.

Table 61-2 Public school district expenditures per student, by function, poverty level, and metropolitan status: School year 1995-96: Geographical cost-of-education adjusted

| District characteristic | Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Instruction | Support services | Capital outlay | Other | Number of districts |
| Total | \$6,647 | \$3,530 | \$1,904 | \$617 | \$596 | 14,338 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primarily serves a central city | \$7,010 | \$3,761 | \$2,029 | \$583 | \$637 | 694 |
| Serves a metropolitan area but not a central city | 7,030 | 3,705 | 2,017 | 694 | 613 | 5,694 |
| Does not serve a metropolitan area | 5,302 | 2,823 | 1,483 | 497 | 500 | 7,950 |
| Children in district below the poverty level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 2.0 percent | 7,200 | 3,825 | 2,118 | 634 | 622 | 3,382 |
| 2.0-9.9 percent | 7,258 | 3,825 | 2,067 | 722 | 643 | 3,621 |
| 10.0-19.0 percent | 5,948 | 3,120 | 1,696 | 600 | 532 | 3,618 |
| More than 19.0 percent | 6,450 | 3,483 | 1,846 | 527 | 594 | 3,717 |

NOTE: The geographical cost-of-education index (CEI) for 1993-94 available from NCES, Education Finance Statistics Center (http://nces.ed.gov/edfin/) was used to compute the cost-adjusted expenditures. CEI measures how much more it would cost to provide the same quantities and qualities of school resources and services in different locations.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES, Common Core of Data, Public School District Universe Survey, 1995-96 and Public School District Financial Survey, 1995-96.

## National Indicators of Public Effort

Table 62-1 Indicators of public effort to fund education (in constant 1998 dollars), by level: Selected school years ending 1930-97

| School year ending | Public education revenue per student* |  | Per student revenue as a percentage of per capita personal income |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary/ secondary | Postsecondary education | Elementary/ secondary | Postsecondary education |
| 1930 | \$709 | \$1,490 | 10.7 | 22.5 |
| 1940 | 949 | 1,671 | 13.6 | 24.0 |
| 1950 | 1,325 | 2,745 | 13.9 | 28.8 |
| 1960 | 2,021 | 3,881 | 15.8 | 30.4 |
| 1966 | 2,697 | 4,923 | 17.2 | 31.3 |
| 1968 | 3,093 | 5,004 | 18.4 | 29.7 |
| 1970 | 3,435 | 5,390 | 19.8 | 31.1 |
| 1971 | 3,596 | 5,052 | 20.3 | 28.6 |
| 1972 | 3,899 | 5,128 | 21.0 | 27.6 |
| 1973 | 3,948 | 5,201 | 20.4 | 26.9 |
| 1974 | 4,073 | 5,034 | 21.5 | 26.5 |
| 1975 | 4,088 | 5,117 | 21.9 | 27.4 |
| 1976 | 4,326 | 4,940 | 22.4 | 25.5 |
| 1977 | 4,267 | 5,041 | 21.4 | 25.3 |
| 1978 | 4,391 | 5,004 | 21.2 | 24.2 |
| 1979 | 4,436 | 4,943 | 21.4 | 23.8 |
| 1980 | 4,400 | 4,742 | 21.8 | 23.5 |
| 1981 | 4,354 | 4,501 | 21.5 | 22.3 |
| 1982 | 4,229 | 4,384 | 21.1 | 21.9 |
| 1983 | 4,360 | 4,383 | 21.4 | 21.5 |
| 1984 | 4,531 | 4,492 | 21.1 | 20.9 |
| 1985 | 4,755 | 4,900 | 21.6 | 22.2 |
| 1986 | 5,012 | 5,212 | 22.1 | 23.0 |
| 1987 | 5,186 | 5,201 | 22.4 | 22.5 |
| 1988 | 5,293 | 5,225 | 22.3 | 22.0 |
| 1989 | 5,737 | 5,261 | 23.8 | 21.8 |
| 1990 | 5,887 | 5,161 | 24.3 | 21.3 |
| 1991 | 5,907 | 5,040 | 24.8 | 21.2 |
| 1992 | 5,910 | 4,929 | 24.5 | 20.4 |
| 1993 | 5,931 | 4,911 | 24.5 | 20.3 |
| 1994 | 5,982 | 5,043 | 24.4 | 20.6 |
| 1995 | 6,010 | 5,184 | 24.1 | 20.8 |
| 1996 | 6,066 | 5,223 | 23.9 | 20.6 |
| 1997 | 6,145 | - | 23.7 | - |

- Not available.
* See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

NOTE: Public funds for postsecondary education may be used at both public and private degree-granting institutions. Enrollment in both publicly and privately controlled institutions is included. See Supplemental Note 14 for more information on the calculation of the statistics shown here.
SOUREE: U.S. Department of Education,NCES. Digest of Education Statistics 1999 (NCES 2000-031); U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 120 Years of American Education: A Statistical Portrait (NCES 93-442), 1993.

## Change in the Sources of Public School Financing

| Table 63-1 | Percentage distribution of revenues for public elementary and secondary schools according to source of funds and region, by region: 1991-92 to 1996-97 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region | 1991-92 | 1992-93 | 1993-94 | 1994-95 | 1995-96 | 1996-97 |
| United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local* | 46.8 | 47.0 | 47.5 | 46.2 | 45.6 | 45.2 |
| State | 46.4 | 45.8 | 45.2 | 46.9 | 47.6 | 48.1 |
| Federal | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| Local* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 55.4 | 55.8 | 56.3 | 56.3 | 56.3 | 56.5 |
| Midwest | 56.2 | 55.5 | 55.0 | 48.3 | 47.6 | 47.4 |
| South | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.9 | 43.4 | 43.4 |
| West | 32.0 | 33.4 | 36.1 | 36.6 | 35.6 | 33.9 |
| State |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 39.5 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 38.6 |
| Midwest | 37.9 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 45.8 | 46.7 | 46.8 |
| South | 48.5 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.1 | 49.0 | 48.9 |
| West | 60.7 | 59.0 | 55.7 | 54.9 | 56.3 | 58.4 |
| Federal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Midwest | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| South | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.8 |
| West | 7.3 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 7.7 |

* Includes a relatively small amount from nongovernmental private sources (gifts and tuition and transportation fees from patrons). These sources accounted for 2.6 percent of total revenues in 1995-96 (Digest of Education Statistics 1998 (NCES 1999-036), 1999).
NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 4 for a list of states that comprise each region.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Common Core of Data,"Public School District Universe Survey," 1991-92 through 1996-97, and "Public School District Financial Survey," 1991-92 through 1996-97.


## Disparity in Public School Finance

Table 64-1 Variation in instructional expenditures per pupil among and within states (in constant 1996 dollars): School years 1992-93 to 1996-97

| Source of <br> variation | School year |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 2 - 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 3 - 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4 - 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5 - 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6 - 9 7}$ |
| Among states | $\$ 9,150$ | $\$ 8,679$ | $\$ 7,831$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 1 4 3}$ |  |
| Within states | 7,611 | 7,247 | 5,852 | 5,319 | 13,453 |
| Total | 16,761 | 15,926 | 12,683 | 10,631 |  |
| Sample size* | 10,681 | 9,424 | 9,477 | 10,572 |  |

*In 1992-93, 1995-96, and 1996-97, data were collected from all school districts in each state, while in 1993-94 and 1994-95, data were collected from a sample of school districts in some states and in all districts in others.
NOTE: Only unified districts are included in the analysis. The school year Consumer Price Index (CPI) was used to adjust expenditures in all years to 1996 constant dollars. Analysis of variance (ANOVA) was used to separate the total variation into among-state and within-state variation. The sum of squares from ANOVA was used as a measure of variation. See Supplemental Note 15 for more information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Common Core of Data, "Elementary/Secondary School District Finance Data Files," School years 1992-93 to 1996-97.

## Instructional Expenditures for Higher Education

Table 65-1 Average instructional expenditures per full-time-equivalent (FTE) student, by type of institution and control: 1995-96

|  | Public |  | Private |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Type of institution | Average expenditures | Number of institutions | Average expenditures | Number of institutions |
| All institutions | $\mathbf{\$ 3 , 8 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 4 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 3 6}$ |
| Research University I | 8,487 | 57 | 20,818 | 29 |
| Research University II | 5,836 | 26 | 9,534 | 11 |
| Doctoral Universities I \& II | 5,301 | 66 | 8,407 | 47 |
| Master's Universities and Colleges I \& II | 4,196 | 276 | 4,412 | 268 |
| Baccalaureate Colleges I \& II | 4,071 | 129 | 4,282 | 824 |
| Associate of Arts Colleges | 3,244 | 874 | 2,944 | 357 |

NOTE: Average instructional expenditures are estimated by averaging the instructional expenditures per student computed for each institution within a type. The types of institutions are defined using the 1994 Carnegie Classification of higher education institutions. See Supplemental Note 5 for more information. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
Source: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 1995 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System,"Fall Enrollment Survey" (IPEDS-EF:1995) and 1995-96"Finance Survey" (IPEDS-F:FY 1996).

Table 65-2 Full-time-equivalent (FTE) enrollment and average percentage of graduate students enrolled, by type of institution and control: 1995-96

| Type of institution | Average FTE per institution |  |  | Average percentage of total <br> FTE enrollment per institution who are |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Undergraduate students | Graduate students | First-professional students | Graduate students | First-professional students |
| Public |  |  |  |  |  |
| All institutions | 4,779 | 450 | 60 | 4.0 | 0.4 |
| Research University I | 18,601 | 4,702 | 1,023 | 20.0 | 4.7 |
| Research University II | 12,919 | 2,441 | 352 | 15.3 | 2.1 |
| Doctoral Universities I \& II | 9,466 | 1,841 | 195 | 17.3 | 1.6 |
| Master's Universities and Colleges I \& II | 5,827 | 679 | 19 | 10.4 | 0.3 |
| Baccalaureate Colleges I \& II | 2,345 | 22 | 0 | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| Associate of Arts Colleges | 3,309 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Private |  |  |  |  |  |
| All institutions | 1,252 | 238 | 69 | 6.4 | 1.8 |
| Research University I | 6,405 | 4,135 | 1,310 | 36.8 | 10.5 |
| Research University II | 8,477 | 2,357 | 683 | 23.8 | 5.6 |
| Doctoral Universities I \& II | 3,551 | 1,468 | 573 | 33.3 | 9.4 |
| Master's Universities and Colleges I \& II | 2,025 | 491 | 86 | 19.9 | 2.4 |
| Baccalaureate Colleges I \& II | 944 | 22 | 13 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Associate of Arts Colleges | 438 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |

[^5]
[^0]:    NOTE: Based on those assessed in English. Excludes 19 percent of Asian and 30 percent of Hispanic children. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. T-scores normalize the actual distribution to an average of 50 and a standard deviation of 50 . See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. Early Childhood Longitudinal Study,"Kindergarten Class of 1998-99," Fall 1998.

[^1]:    - Percentage is less than 0.5 .

    NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the racial-ethnic categories. See Supplemental Note 6 for information on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. NAEP 1998 Civics Report Card for the Nation:Findings from the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NCES 2000-457), 1999.

[^2]:    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1990, 1992, and 1996.

[^3]:    * Attendance at sub-baccalaureate vocational/technical school in addition to 2-year and/or 4-year institutions.

    NOTE: Higher education students were 1982 high school seniors who attended college by age 29-30. Students who attended only sub-baccalaureate vocational/technical schools are not included. See Supplemental Note 10 for the definition of remedial courses. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. High School and Beyond Longitudinal Study of 1980 Sophomores,"Postsecondary Education Transcript Study" (HS\&B:So PETS).

[^4]:    * Value less than 0.05 .

    NOTE: Analysis includes only those students in grades $1-12$ who were ages $5-18$. See Supplemental Note 1 for information on the Current Population Survey (CPS).
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. December and October Current Population Surveys, 1998.

[^5]:    NOTE: The types of institutions are defined using the 1994 Carnegie Classification of higher education institutions. See Supplemental Note 5 for more information. See Supplemental Note 3 for information on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, NCES. 1995 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System,"Fall Enrollment Survey" (IPEDS-EF:1995) and 1995-96"Finance Survey" (IPEDS-F:FY 1996).

