FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

## Water Balloon Slig Shot Devices

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

7/4/94Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois

7/25/94CPSC received complaint by mother of victim

8/12/94On-site investigation initiated

9/22/94Investigation rec'd and reviewed in San Francisco

9/26/94FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 follow-up. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.

10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

- 7/4/94 Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois
- 7/25/94 CPSC received complaint by mother of victim
- 8/12/94 On-site investigation initiated
- 9/22/94 Investigation rec'd and reviewed in San Francisco
- 9/26/94 FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 followup. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.
- 10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

- 7/4/94 Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois
- 7/25/94 CPSC received complaint by mother of victim
- 8/12/94 On-site investigation initiated
- 9/22/94 Investigation rec'd and reviewed in Sun Francisco
- 9/26/94 FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 followup. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.
- 10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

- 7/4/94 Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois
- 7/25/94 CPSC received complaint by mother of victim
- 8/12/94 On-site investigation initiated
- 9/22/94 Investigation rec'd and reviewed in San Francisco
- 9/26/94 FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 followup. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.
- 10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

- 7/4/94 Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois
- 7/25/94 CPSC received complaint by mother of victim
- 8/12/94 On-site investigation initiated
- 9/22/9' Investigation rec'd and reviewed in San Francisco
- 9/26/94 FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 followup. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.
- 10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer.

- 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list
- 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports.
- 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding.
- 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up."
- 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. Decided on a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR.
- 12/1/94 Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7.

- 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).
- 12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

Novandellen 505 -766-2108

inggo

## Water Balloon Sling Shot Devices

In late 1989, the staff became aware of the budding interest in a new sports product called water balloon sling shots. These products were designed, labelled and marketed as "target shooting" devices.

The design is very elementary; surgical tubing connected to a rubber sling which must be held by two individuals while the third loads the sling with a large balloon filled with water. The missile is then projected at a target which is furnished in the kit. The product warns the users not to fire at living targets. The lable depicts adults using the product.

The opportunity for abuse is evident. The Engineering and Compliance staffs collected several varieties and tested them to measure velocity. The readings were in the 80, 90 100 mph range on initial launch but the velocity quickly fell off due to the weight and irregular shape of the balloon. The staff did recognize, however, that if a person were struck with such a balloon at a reasonably close range, serious injury would occur.

The simplistic design of the product lends itself to be easily created in a basement and marketed for little money. The staff was unable at that time to trace the three or four incidents that were reported to any particular manufacturer. They did know definitely that some were homemade.

The product best lends itself to a banning order rather that section 15 action but during the staff's early investigation there was no interest on the part of the Commission in issuing a banning order.

We did not hear of additional incidents until this past summer:

7/4/94	Injury incident to 9 yr old female in Illinois
7/25/94	CPSC received complaint by mother of victim
8/12/94	On-site investigation initiated
5,22/94	Investigation rec'd and reviewed in San Francisco
9/26/94	FOWR asked CECA about possible section 15 follow- up. Initial response after CECA review was not to pursue.

10/11/94 FOWR discussed previous testing of water balloons sling shots with John Preston.

10/17/94 Case assigned to Norvan Allen who requested previous test results. Old CECA files had been sent to achieves but could not be located when requested. Engineering files had been purged during move from old building. FOWR continued to request strategy meeting with CEAL and CECA staff to plan approach for handling the manufacturer. 11/9/94 Product appears on Dr. Kaufman's toy list 11/9/94 Marc Schoem phoned FOWR requesting immediate action with the identified manufacturer, Riva Sports. 11/10/94 FOWR discussed case and type of approach with Mike Gidding. 11/10/94 FOWR telephoned Mr. Robert Jacobs, owner/operator Riva Sports. Mr. Jacobs refused to take any action and "hung up." 11/30/94 Preliminary determination panel met. a Class B "go". Sample was requested through FOCR. Case opening letter sent to Riva Sports. Certified card returned to FOWR 12/7. 12/1/94 Response due from firm 12/16/94. 12/5/94 FOWR requested investigations of other identified incidents in Tennesee and Ohio. (A different

brand, CX Blaster was also assigned in Florida).

12/12/94 Congressional inquiry regarding an incident 3 1/2 years ago in Montana. The Commission was unaware of this incident but will assign it for follow-up.

12/14/94 Robert Jacobs, Man Risa replied will responsational holidage. Teleeon Nova alle w Brock Landy, Fy for Riva. asked for response by mid-January and 2 samples

Rive Sport, OX Blaster Stein Je.

26 ins Eye ins I kankeac arrest

lose of vision

Surg tubing - need 3 people to launch ES 184-100 MPH

100 y des distances

CAP

6 Options

BAN -LABEL REDESIGN

7. DEFERTO USE I

Doewieur

3.30-95 Me will Com

17. va - Agua Teng

1. SPH- (determined by FOWR 12/1/94 Bartin Is Jacobs)

Latent begand not perceived as beriowshayass
by users.

2. Data - 24 experces: /Teye, Cardan, Inedpassing 15 robotion states of "injured"

19 hit by ballion / 4) rebounding Ottoby broke

1987-1994 (74) = 2-3 py hit by launched balloon

(a. Most serious were: blind in one uper cardiac arrest, lost eye (b.) Allwere at close range: 20 y 50 y hit for

3. Products: 5 firms = 24 injurier. Riva made 400,000

4. Hazard DSelf minoperation 3 of 5 (others relied)

Whit by ballow [13 eyeinj, leard, Inch! (4 ing")

5. To Prevent Hazard: Ban - Redesign - Explicit, strong label?

6 Risk of injun: SMIll 400,000 150 balla-bag 2,50 mostly missing 1-19-95 Received file. Briefed lemms. Time Frame per Marc's mid February majority people by teensfires - ingin, 1-19.95 Called Now aller a MI IDT done?

1-19-95 Called Brock X and by for pamples.

1-19-95 Called Brock X and by for pamples.

1-26-95 Botansy-viriamid near will receive simple report stell not received with a son astern to mid object to bearing product.

1-35-95 Telecon: Brock Landry-will object to bearing product.

Want to Siscuss labels warnings for periodicy report Today a 2 pangles of 15K Jen model.

2/23/95 Again come or Mile Jedding sent Botanday 5 IDI's

2/24/97 PSA - Text launch relabilities due 3/3

Lost-

Monology Deapter Its SPH to Jacobs Dec!

"Patent has been - not yprichy asers eye loss vision - Dout psec - 100 yd ruge" D'Landry pent 2 samples (Jan 23 3 Riva pent report Feb 1 400,000 in 7 y Suits: 5 rochs, 1 potate, 2 falle-unh eincunsta (4) PSA to test velocity - lost-(5) HF assessment of likelynse & latels.

(D Likely to be misuson Developed properties and grand WANNO: Follow Directions - unclear-Some don't make some 21% over NOT parasegue. NOT Do Not Shoot at leople - doesit og un u fun (target-10 thrill) Injun Can Result - not clear How Use Agun Sling Balloon & Target - frankle July? An Adult 6an-Pot For Children- certain children? 14,16,18, 21? SPH: Defect = latent Regard - How to address: Other projectil

Ban or Explicit, Strong Label or Bedesign?

[Injuries] = 24 injury by water below in Typing Shifting teem of adults

10 in 1994

[15 Riva 2/Kinger, 38/05ter, 1 Seigk; 1 Hyring

(3 puly 36/05, 3mg)

Risk of lige, small 160 bells phosphoso - mostly misses - But impact

Valouty ings.

To Teld 1100 in 1 1 un install' 100 1 man

## Diff hazard to address - because of expected used bellam

THE PART OF THE PART OF THE	ome of the same		
WATER BALLOON SLINGSHOT FIF	<u>e500,000</u>	1987-1985	plus 3 und forms 24
1. RIVA SPORTS P.O.Box 600404	400,000	1987-present	15injuries EI
San Diego, CA 92160	2 models		
2. SLINGKING, Inc. 16810 Barker Springs Houston, TX 77084	25,000(94) 4 models	1988-present	0 injuries EI  Frig CPSC  G3 B0119A1
3. WINGER SPORTS (out of bus 1306 West Country Rd Arden Hills, MN 55112	siness)	?-4/1991	2 injuries Gone (cardiac arr)
4. C.X. BLASTER 13218 Jessica Drive Springhill, FL	10,000py (100,000) 4 models	1985-present	3 injuries EI (lost eye)
"Present label: Use re eye goggles. Never launch	esponsibly. Uat eye level	Jse discretion. ."	Wear protective
5. Rite Aid - (assigned IDI	to determine	e brand H955031	.3A) concert detries
New one coming into busin	· ······		

Facial fracture at severe eye damage. Water ballom are slot at appeals of 75 mph. Never shoot at people.

A WARNING:

done Kak:

TO: Corrective Actions Division PRIORITY \_\_\_\_

FROM: WESTERN REGIONAL OFFICE

SUBJECT: Section 15 Investigation Status

FILE NUMBER: FW95-004 DT OPENED: ///30/94DT CLOSED:

CACA CONTACT: Catherine E. Kelsey RO: FOWR -

COMPANY NAME: Riva Sports

STREET:

CITY: San Diego STATE:CA ZIP: 92160

COMPANY CONTACT: Robert Jacobs PHONE: 619 287-3511

TYPE: MFG DIST XXX RETAIL PVT LBLD IMPORTER

NEISS PROD CODE: 1352

PROD DESCRIP: Water Balloon Sling Shot 3 person

MODEL:

BRAND: Aqua Sling

POTENTIAL HAZARD: Eye and Facial Injuries

.COMMENTS: Other reported injuries, previous history

\_\_\_\_\_\_

IDI NUMBER(S): 940812CCN2165

SAMPLE NUMBER(S):

Location Box

REGIONAL OFFICE PLANS FOR FOLLOW-UP INVESTIGATION Timetable

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION.DATE
OTHER INVESTIGATION.DATE
Other IDI's (list below).DATE
SAMPLE ANALYSIS.....DATE
OTHER (Describe below)

Regional Office Summary and Recommedation will be submitted (date)

ASSISTANCE NEEDED FROM CACA/COMMENTS:

(Use Continuation Sheet if needed

Distribution:

Orig: CEKelsey, CECA

cc: LDBaxter LSBlend, LHPain,

JSwisher, RBurrows

Estab. File

184

## CLOSE OUT SHEET

FILE NUMBER: FW950004

DATE CLOSED (YYMMDD): 96/07/96

TOTAL UNITS INVOLVED: 400,000 (1988-95)

TOTAL UNITS CORRECTED: 0

REMARKS: Firm agreed to put labels on pouches and packaging, Label was devised by our HF and included "eye Injuries," speed of 75mph, don't shoot at people.

CAP IMPLE	MENTED:	YES	<u>X</u>	МО			
WHERE THIS	S FILE IS	STORED:					
LOCATION:	CAO	0000	• .				
ACCESSION	#:			v			
BOX#:							
				•			
	INCIDENT	DATE S	SENT	TO EP	PI		
	IDENTIFY	MARK PA	AGES	TAHT	HAVE	INCID	ENT
	NO TRICTI	ארו יייזאינור	תית ביר	דסים ס	TNT	THIS	ETT.E

(1989)

POTENTIAL DANGER:

Injury to eyes and face

PRODUCT:

Flyaway Copter Base Watch #01020

MANUFACTURER:

Tri-King

Facial and eye injury are what a child can expect from this wrist-mounted helicopter. It has no directional controls and could easily fly into a child's face when launched.

POTENTIAL DANGER:

Bodily injury/possible death

PRODUCT:

Water Balloon Sling Shots

MANUFACTURER:

Aqua Sling

P.O. Box 20404

San Diego, CA 92120

(Other manufacturers also make similar

products)

Water balloon slingshots are an <u>extremely dangerous</u> and <u>potentially lethal</u> product that has come onto the market place in the last two years. This item comes from David Snow, the person responsible for the banning of Lawn Darts.

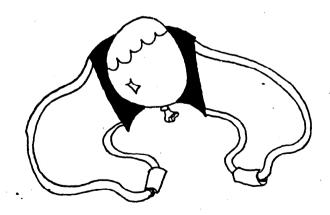
These huge sling shots are made from 1/2 inch surgical rubber tubing, require three persons to operate, and launch water balloons at speeds of 230 MPH or 340 feet per second. At such speeds, water balloons assume the same physical properties as a rock. Hundreds, perhaps thousands, of persons have been severely injured after being struck by water balloons fired by these slingshots.

The sling shots are marketed under the names of "Aqua Sling," "The Blaster," and "The Winger," for example. Slingshot-

launched balloon naval combat has become the latest rage among boaters throughout the nation. These slingshots also have become a popular play activity at colleges, beaches and parks.

The Michelle Snow Foundation was recently contacted by parents whose children have been severely injured or almost killed after being struck by water balloons fired by these slingshots. A 10-year-old boy went into cardiac arrest after being hit in the chest by a balloon. He was revived by CPR, but now has serious heart damage. In another incident, a 9-year old was struck in the face by a water balloon fired by a passing boat at an Arizona resort. He was knocked unconscious, suffered three severe facial fractures, ocular injury and multiple lacerations and contusions.

The CPSC has been given product samples, injury information, and identification of manufacturers. Water balloon slingshots present a substantial and unreasonable risk of serious injury and possibly death.



RETAIL STORE ADVERTISEMENT - AQUAL SLING AND AQUA SLING BALLONS. EXHIBIT SUBMITTED BY THE VICTIM'S FATHER.



MEETING LOG May 17, 1995 9:30 am

MAME  MALC SCholm  George Sweet  Mike Gidding  Gan Hinnedy  Brock Landry	Firm: Riva Sport Adapt: Agna Sling Balloon Slingshot	ORGANIZATION  C SC - COMPLIANCE  CPSC - EPHF  CPSC - CAL  CPSC - CAL  PSC - CAL  Providing Spirit
	4	
	•	