FATAL WORK INJURIES Fact Sheet

FATAL WORK INJURIES AND WORK HAZARDS

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JOB-RELATED HIGHWAY FATALITIES PROFILED

Highway fatalities accounted for one in every five of the 6,210 job-related deaths during 1995 and was the leading cause of fatal work injury, according to the annual Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. This fact sheet summarizes the characteristics of the 1,329 workers who were fatally injured in highway traffic incidents, the occupations and industries in which they worked, and the type of highway incident responsible. (See accompanying table.)

About half the highway fatalities resulted from collisions between two or more vehicles. One-fifth of the fatalities resulted from a crash with an object other than a vehicle, such as a tree, bridge abutment, or utility pole, and another fifth occurred when the vehicle jackknifed or overturned. Patterns varied somewhat according to the type of vehicle involved. Collisions with other vehicles, crashes with objects on the side of the road, and jackknifings and overturnings contributed about equally (roughly 30 percent each) to the deaths of those riding in tractor trailers. For workers killed while riding in other types of highway vehicles, collisions between vehicles accounted for slightly over half of the fatalities.

Trucks played a large role in the incidence of job-related highway fatalities. Over half of the highway fatality victims had been driving or riding in a truck at the time of the incident, half of which were tractor trailer rigs. And in one-fourth of the job-related highway fatalities, a truck collided with the vehicle in which the victim was riding.

About two-fifths of the decedents were truck drivers by profession with the rest scattered throughout other occupational groups, such as sales workers, farm occupations, police officers, and executives and managers. A similar pattern is evident in the industry of the worker's employer. One-fourth of the workers fatally injured in highway incidents worked in the trucking and courier service industry. The remaining fatalities were widely dispersed among various other industries.

Half of the job-related highway fatalities occurred between the hours of 8 am and 4pm. The worker who was killed was operating the vehicle 88 percent of the time. Twelve percent of the highway fatality victims were riding as passengers. Victims were primarily white males. About two-thirds were between the ages of 25 and 54.

Table A. Job-related highway fatalities¹ by selected characteristics, 1995

	Number	Percent		Number	Perce
Total	1,329	100	Total	1,329	100
Employee status			Occupation		
Wage and salary workers	1,182	89	Managerial and professional specialty occupations	172	13
Self-employed		11	Executive, administrative, managerial occupations		8
, ,			Professional specialty	70	
			Engineers	23	. 2
Gender			Technical, sales, and administrative support jobs		11
Ann	4.407	00	Sales occupations	94	
Men Vomen		90 10	Sales representatives, commodities except retail		
voilleit	132	10	Sales workers, retail and personal services		
			Administrative support occupations, including clerical		
Age			Service occupations		
v			Protective service occupations	69	
16 to 17 years	. 7	1	Police and detectives	46	;
18 to 19 years		2	Police and detectives, public service		
20 to 24 years		9	Service occupations, except protective and household		;
25 to 34 years		22	Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations		
35 to 44 years		24 20	Farm operators and managers		
15 to 54 years55 to 64 years		14	Farmers, except horticultural Other agricultural and related occupations		
S years and over		7	Farm workers		
Other or unspecified		1	Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	-	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Mechanics and repairers	41	
Race			Vehicle, mobile equipment mechanics, repairers	20	
			Construction trades		
			Operators, fabricators, and laborers	663	5
White		82	Transportation and material moving occupations		4
Black		11	Motor vehicle operators		4
Asian or Pacific Islander		1	Truck drivers		3
Other or unspecified	. 78	6	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Construction laborers		
			Laborers, except construction		
Hispanic origin			Military	31	
Thopamo origin			Other or unspecified		·
Hispanic	. 114	9	· ·		
Event			Industry		
			Private industry	1135	8
Collision between vehicles	634	48	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing		
Re-entrant collision		1	Agricultural production, crops		
Moving in same direction		9	General farms, primarily crop		
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming		18	Agricultural services		
Moving in intersection Moving and standing vehiclein roadway		7 2	Mining		
Moving and standing vehiclein roadway Moving and standing vehicleside of road		1	Oil and gas extraction		
Vehicle struck object or equipment in roadway		i i	Heavy construction, except building		
/ehicle struck object or equipment on side of road		19	Special trade contractors		
Noncollision incident	350	26	Manufacturing		
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision		20	Lumber and wood products		
Ran off highwayno collision		4	Transportation and public utilities		2
Other or unspecified	. 77	6	Local and interurban passenger transit		,
Primary source ²			Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air		2
			Local trucking without storage		
i iiiiaiy soulo c			Trucking, except local		1
/ehicles	1,309	98	Wholesale trade	87	'
Highway vehicle, motorized		96	Wholesale trade, durable goods	44	
Highway vehicle, unspecified	. 89	7	Wholesale trade, nondurable goods		l
Automobile		26	Groceries and related products		l
Bus		1	Retail trade		
Motorcycle, moped		1	Automotive dealers and service stations		
Truck Delivery truck	-	55 2	Eating and drinking places	21 30	l
Dump truck		1	Finance, insurance, and real estate		
Pickup truck		10	Services		
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck		27	Business services	51	·
Vanpassenger or light delivery		6	Health services		
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	. 31	2	Engineering and management services	22	
Tractor	. 29	2	Other or unspecified		
Machinery		2	Government		1
Construction, logging, and mining machinery		1	Federal	49	
Road grading and surfacing machinery	. 7	1	State	45 97	

¹ Includes job-related fatalities that occurred on a public roadway, shoulder, or surrounding area. Excludes off-road (i.e., parking lot, farm, etc.), train, and pedestrian fatalities.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, 1995

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Identifies the vehicle in which the fatally injured worker was an occupant.