

United States Department of Labor



# **Bureau of Labor Statistics**

Philadelphia, Pa. 19106

Internet address: <u>www.bls.gov/ro3/</u> INFORMATION: Gerald Perrins (215) 597-3282 MEDIA CONTACT: Sheila Watkins (215) 861-5600 PLS – 4385 FOR RELEASE: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2008

### Union Membership in Virginia, 2007

In 2007, the number of workers belonging to a union declined by 10,000 to 129,000 in the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Regional Commissioner Sheila Watkins noted that union members accounted for 3.7 percent of wage and salary workers in Virginia in 2007 compared to 4.0 percent posted in 2006. In Virginia, the union membership rate has declined fairly steadily from its high of 9.3 in 1992. (See chart A.)

Nationally, the number of workers belonging to a union rose by 311,000 to 15,670,000 in 2007. Union members accounted for 12.1 percent of employed wage and salary workers, essentially unchanged from 12.0 percent in 2006. In 1983, the first year for which comparable national union data were available, the union membership rate was 20.1 percent.

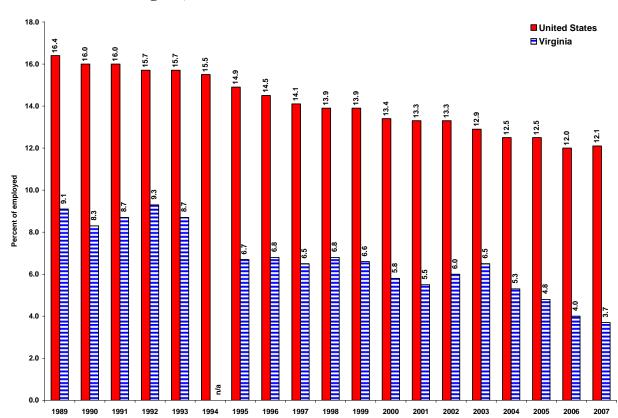


Chart A. Members of unions as a percent of employed in the United States and the Commonwealth of Virginia, 1989-2007

In Virginia, 129,000 wage and salary workers were union members in 2007. An additional 38,000 wage and salary workers were represented by a union on their main job, while not being union members themselves. (See table A.) Nationwide, nearly 15.7 million wage and salary workers were represented by a union on their main job but not union members themselves.

Table A. Union affiliation of emplo	yed wage and salary	y workers in	Virginia, annual
averages 1989-2007			-

(Numbers)	in thousand	5)				
	Total	Membe	rs of unions <sup>1</sup>	Represented by unions <sup>2</sup>		
Year	employed	Total	Percent of	Total	Percent of	
		rotar	employed	Total	employed	
1989	2,720	247	9.1	306	11.2	
1990	2,781	232	8.3	301	10.8	
1991	2,840	246	8.7	317	11.2	
1992	2,900	271	9.3	357	12.3	
1993	2,881	249	8.7	318	11.0	
1994	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
1995	3,001	201	6.7	267	8.9	
1996	2,964	201	6.8	236	8.0	
1997	2,962	193	6.5	220	7.4	
1998	3,055	209	6.8	233	7.6	
1999	3,107	204	6.6	249	8.0	
2000	3,200	186	5.8	235	7.4	
2001	3,222	179	5.5	222	6.9	
2002	3,205	194	6.0	251	7.8	
2003	3,243	210	6.5	251	7.7	
2004	3,308	176	5.3	218	6.6	
2005	3,406	165	4.8	211	6.2	
2006	3,446	139	4.0	179	5.2	
2007	3,502	129	3.7	167	4.8	

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<sup>1</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

<sup>2</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

n/a - Not available

NOTE: Beginning in January 2006, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey. Data refer to the sole or principal job of full-and part-time workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their bus

In 2007, 30 states and the District of Columbia had union membership rates below that of the U.S. average, 12.1 percent, while 20 states had higher rates. (See table 1.) All states in the Middle Atlantic and Pacific divisions reported union membership rates above the national average and all states in the East South Central and West South Central divisions had rates below it. In the South Atlantic division union membership rates were mixed, with seven states (including Virginia and Washington, D.C.) having rates below the U.S. average and two states (Maryland and West Virginia) having rates above it. (See chart 1.) Union membership rates were down from those of 2006 in 27 states (including Virginia), up in 20 states, and unchanged in 3 states and the District of Columbia.

Virginia was among five states reporting union membership rates below 5.0 percent in 2007. North Carolina posted the lowest rate (3.0 percent), followed by Virginia (3.7 percent), South Carolina (4.1 percent), Georgia (4.4 percent), and Texas (4.7 percent). Four states had union membership rates over 20.0 percent in 2007—New York (25.2 percent), Alaska (23.8 percent), Hawaii (23.4 percent), and Washington (20.2 percent).

Nearly half (7.8 million) of the 15.7 million union members in the United States lived in 6 states (California, 2.5 million; New York, 2.1 million; Illinois, 0.8 million; Michigan, 0.8 million; Pennsylvania, 0.8 million; and New Jersey, 0.7 million) though these states accounted for only about one-third of wage and salary employment nationally.

State union membership levels depend on both the union membership rate and the employment level. For example, Virginia and Hawaii had virtually the same number of union members in 2007, even though Virginia's wage and salary employment level was more than six times that of Hawaii's. On the other hand, Texas had less than one-quarter as many union members as New York despite having over 1.7 million more wage and salary employees.

#### **Technical Note**

The estimates in this release are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides the basic information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 households nationwide. The union membership data are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wage and salary workers. All self-employed workers are excluded.

Union membership data, particularly levels, for each year are not strictly comparable with data for earlier years because of the introduction of revised population controls used in the CPS. The effect of the revised population controls on the union membership estimates is unknown. However, the effect of the new controls on the monthly CPS estimates was to increase the December 2006 employment level by 153,000 and the unemployment level by 10,000. The updated controls had little or no effect on unemployment rates and other ratios. For additional information, see "Adjustments to Household Survey Population Estimates in January 2007" in the February 2007 issue of Employment and Earnings, available on the Internet at <a href="http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps07adj.pdf">http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps07adj.pdf</a>.

For personal assistance or further information on union membership, as well as other Bureau data, contact the Mid-Atlantic Information Office at 215-597-3282 from 8:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. ET. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200, TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

The CPS data also are affected by nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of *Employment and Earnings*.

### Definitions

The principal definitions used in this release are described briefly below.

*Union members*. Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

*Represented by unions.* Data refer to union members, as well as workers who have no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

*Wage and salary workers.* Workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors, but, for the purposes of the union membership and earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

		2006					2007				
State	Total	Members of unions <sup>1</sup>		Represented by unions <sup>2</sup>			Members of unions <sup>1</sup>		Represented by unions <sup>2</sup>		
Sidle	Total employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	
Alabama	1,930	170	8.8	194	10.0	1,895	180	9.5	201	10.6	
Alaska	280	62	22.2	67	23.8	284	68	23.8	70	24.7	
Arizona	2,584	197	7.6	250	9.7	2,619	230	8.8	255	9.7	
Arkansas	1,130	58		67	6.0	1,154	62		75	6.5	
California	14,501	2,273	15.7	2,444	16.9	14,856	2,474	16.7	2,650	17.8	
Colorado	2,154	165	7.7	186	8.6	2,204	191	8.7	202	9.2	
Connecticut	1,591	247	15.6	263	16.5	1,617	253		269	16.6	
Delaware	396	43		45	11.4	396	47		50	12.8	
District of Columbia	246	25		30	12.2		29		38	13.6	
Florida	7,676	397	5.2	497	6.5	7,741	455	5.9	562	7.3	
Georgia	3,974	176		230	5.8	4,181	186		226	5.4	
Hawaii	562	139		146	25.9	556	130		135	24.2	
Idaho	620 5 684	37	6.0 16.4	45	7.2	635 5 902	33 842		41 • • • •	6.4 15.2	
Illinois	5,684 2,787	931 334	16.4 12.0	979 362	17.2 13.0	5,802 2,779	842 333		884 359	15.2 12.9	
Indiana Iowa	1,424	334 161	12.0	302 199	13.0 14.0	2,779	333 149		185	12.9	
Kansas	1,424	99		115	9.3	1,274	89		100	8.7	
Kentucky	1,752	172		196	11.2	1,734	157		192	11.1	
Louisiana	1,676	107	6.4	121	7.2	1,670	94		102	6.5	
Maine	584	69		79	13.5	574	67		79	13.8	
Maryland	2,614	342	13.1	386	14.8	2,598	335	12.9	376	14.5	
Massachusetts	2,859	414	14.5	438	15.3	2,882	379	13.2	402	14.0	
Michigan	4,299	842	19.6	879	20.4	4,193	819	19.5	865	20.6	
Minnesota	2,479	395	16.0	416	16.8	2,460	400	16.3	419	17.0	
Mississippi	1,065	60		78	7.3	1,068	72		95	8.9	
Missouri	2,610	284		310	11.9		275		308	11.9	
Montana	397	48		52	13.1	399	54		62	15.6	
Nebraska	831	66		79	9.5	836	65		81	9.7	
Nevada New Hampshire	1,124 620	167 63	14.8 10.1	191 70	17.0 11.3	1,177 631	182 61		208 70	17.7 11.2	
New Jersey	3,827	770	20.1	825	21.6	3,897	748	19.2	802	20.6	
New Mexico	796	62	7.8	92	11.5	800	62		91	11.4	
New York	8,115			2,060					2,146		
North Carolina	3,810	126	3.3	155	4.1	3,771	114	3.0	147	3.9	
North Dakota	300	20	6.8	24	8.0	303	19	6.4	23	7.6	
Ohio	5,170	734	14.2	801	15.5	5,187	730	14.1	797	15.4	
Oklahoma	1,453	93		112		1,456	103	7.1	124	8.5	
Oregon	1,527	211		225	14.7	1,582	227		243		
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	5,457 498	745 76		802 79	14.7 16.0	5,496 497	830 75		910 78		
South Carolina South Dakota	1,775	59		74	4.2	1,873	78		111	5.9	
South Dakota Tennessee	351 2,550	21 153		25 174	7.2 6.8		23 138		27 166	7.7 6.4	
Tennessee Texas	2,550	476		576		2,596 9,899			566		
Utah	1,121	61	4.9 5.4	69	5.9 6.1	9,899 1,153	403		78		
Vermont	305	34		39	12.9		30		35		
Virginia	3,446	139		179	5.2		129		167		
Washington	2,772	549		583	21.0	,	579		616		
West Virginia	710	101	14.2	110	15.5	724	97		107	14.7	
Wisconsin	2,587	386		415	16.1	2,631	376		405		
Wyoming	235	19	8.3	24	10.0		19	7.9	22		

## Table 1. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by state, 2006-2007

(Numbers in thousands)

<sup>1</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

<sup>2</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full-and part-time workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Chart 1. Union membership rates by state, 2007 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 12.1 percent)

