

## Table 9.2 – Electricity Retail Sales

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>
Retail Sales <sup>1</sup>												
Residential	717	924	1,192	1,203	1,267	1,273	1,293	1,461	1,576	1,691	1,787	1,897
Commercial <sup>2</sup>	559	838	1,159	1,197	1,218	1,200	1,229	1,430	1,592	1,762	1,944	2,151
Industrial <sup>3</sup>	815	946	1,064	964	972	1,008	1,021	1,060	1,103	1,147	1,195	1,262
Transportation <sup>4</sup>	3	5	5	5	6	7	8	26	28	29	30	31
Total <sup>5</sup>	2,094	2,713	3,421	3,370	3,463	3,488	3,551	4,155	4,491	4,844	5,208	5,619

**Sources:** EIA, *Annual Energy Outlook 2006*, DOE/EIA-0383 (2006), (Washington, D.C., February 2006), Table A8; and EIA, *Annual Energy Review 2004*, DOE/EIA-0384(2004) (Washington, D.C., September 2005), Table 8.9.

### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy-service providers.

<sup>2</sup> Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

<sup>3</sup> Industrial sector. Through 2002, excludes agriculture and irrigation; beginning in 2003, includes agriculture and irrigation.

<sup>4</sup> Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

<sup>5</sup> The sum of "Residential," "Commercial," "Industrial," and "Transportation."