Method Development for Dissolved Gas Analysis of HTF Fluids



Ed Wolfrum, Darren Peterson National Renewable Energy Laboratory Golden, CO 80401

contact: ed_wolfrum@nrel.gov, 303-384-7705

The Issue

- Dissolved hydrogen (H₂) in heat transfer fluid (HTF) can migrate into receiver vacuum and result in increased heat losses
- Can we develop sampling and analysis techniques required for the accurate measurement of dissolved gases in HTF?
- Can we collect data to understand how the amount of dissolved H₂ varies among the different SEGS plants and over time?

Experimental Approach

- Field Sampling technique taken from LUZ Engineering Specification "HTF Sampling Procedure and Analysis"; steel sample bombs returned to NREL laboratory for analysis
- Two-step gas chromatography (GC) method measures gases in both liquid and headspace fractions of sample bombs

GC Chromatograms



Representative GC chromatograms from GC/TCD detector using direct injection (no headspace analyzer). (TOP) direct injection of calibration gas (1% H_2 , O_2 , CH_4 , CO, CO_2 , balance N_2). (BOTTOM) SEGS VI sample. Note the much higher ratio of N_2 to H_2 in the SEGS sample. GC/FID detected other VOCs (e.g., benzene, phenol)

Results

- Sampling and analysis procedures appear to provide repeatable data;
- Two-step analysis (GC headspace autosampler and direct injection) necessary
- Dissolved H₂ and N₂ concentrations vary with time and location
- Cooler operating temperatures correspond to <u>much lower</u> dissolved H₂ concentrations; N₂ concentrations are less sensitive





Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Bringing you a prosperous future where energy is clean, abundant, reliable, and affordable

U.S. Department of Energ

Summary Data by Sample Date



Dissolved [N₂] vs. Location 1500 Power Block 🔺 Aug 06 mqq 1200 Sep 06 Jan 07 Dissolved [N2], 900 600 300 ш IV VI VШ νш IX SEGS Plant

Conclusions

- We have developed sampling and analysis techniques required for the accurate measurement of dissolved gases in HTF
- Preliminary data indicate that the amount of dissolved H₂ in HTF appears to vary more over time than between plants

Future Work

- Examine effect of ullaging on dissolved gas concentrations
- Transfer and analytical procedures to a commercial analytical laboratory
- Investigate utility of measuring other dissolved species as measures of HTF condition
- Investigate in-situ measurement techniques