Institute of Education Sciences

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## Households' Use of Public and Other Types of Libraries: 2002

E.D. TAB


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January 2007
U.S. Department of Education NCES 2007-327

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## Introduction

## Historical overview of surveys of household use of public libraries

In fiscal year 2002, there were 9,137 public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, serving 98 percent of the total population in those areas. These libraries spent over $\$ 8$ billion in FY 2002. They provided access to a wide range of information sources, as well as special programs and services (Chute et al, 2005).

This E.D. TAB provides a variety of measures of households' use of public libraries and notes some interesting comparisons. It is a product of the Library Statistics Program at the National Center for Education Statistics. The data for this study were collected as part of the October 2002 Current Population Survey (CPS) Library Supplement.

Separately from the CPS supplement, the Library Statistics Program also administers its own annual survey of public libraries, the first of which was conducted in 1989. The results from these surveys are released in an annual report which documents the structure of the nation's public library system, providing counts of central libraries, branches, and bookmobiles. It includes measures of libraries’ collections, staff, revenues, and expenditures. While the annual survey includes various measures of service (e.g., library visits, circulation, reference transactions), these measure only the traffic through the library; they do not indicate what proportion of the population is actually using the library. The 2002 Library use supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS), was intended to provide that information.

The last nationwide survey of households' use of public libraries was conducted as part of the 1996 National Household Education Survey (NHES:96) Program. The findings from that survey are summarized in the NCES report, Use of Public Library Services by Households in the United States: 1996 (NCES 97-446).

## Purpose and overview of Current Population Survey fall 2002 data collection and the fall 2002 Library Supplement to the Current Population Survey

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is a monthly survey of households conducted by the Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. It provides a comprehensive body of data on the labor force, including employment, unemployment, and persons not in the labor force. Data are collected monthly from a sample of 50,000 to 60,000 households through personal and telephone interviews. Basic data are gathered monthly; data on special topics are gathered in periodic supplements. NCES works with the Census Bureau to field a school enrollment supplement each October. In October 2002, the Household Use of Public Libraries survey, also sponsored by NCES, was included along with the school enrollment supplement. The Household Use of Public Libraries survey was done only in 2002; it is not scheduled to be repeated.

The CPS interviews were conducted October 13-19, 2002. The core CPS survey questions and parts of the school enrollment supplement were asked about all persons in the household. However, the library use questions were asked of the household in general. Thus, the responses represent public library use by households and not by individuals. To do the analysis reported here, some household characteristics were derived from individual characteristics. For example, if all members of a household were of the same race/ethnicity, the household was described by that same race/ethnicity. If different race/ethnic categories were reported by different members of the household, the household is described here as being of "mixed" race/ethnicity.

## Summary of data items in this report

Respondents to the survey were asked whether anyone in their household had used a public library or bookmobile in the past month. Those that answered "yes" were asked a series of 17 questions about what particular use was made of the library. Those answering "no" were asked whether anyone in their household had used a public library or bookmobile in the past year. All respondents were asked questions about accessibility to public libraries, and their use of other types of libraries.

Households used libraries in many different ways in 2002. When reading the tables in this report, it is important to remember that the usage categories are not mutually exclusive; the same household may be counted in many different usage categories.

## Types of tables in this report

The tables in this report are organized as follows

- Table 1 gives the count and percent of households that have used various types of libraries, by state and type of library used.
- Tables 2-12 provide the number and percent of households that have used public libraries in the past year, by state and various household characteristics.
- Tables 13-18 provide number and percent of households that have used various types of libraries in the month preceding the survey, by state and type of use.
- Tables 19-27 show the number and percent of households that have used various types of libraries in the month preceding the survey, by household characteristics and the uses made of libraries.


## Organization of this report

Following this introduction is a section on selected findings from the survey. This is followed by the data tables and appendixes including standard error tables, technical notes, a copy of the library supplement questionnaire, and a glossary.

The selected findings are presented here as illustrations of the information that can be obtained from the extensive set of tables included in this report. All comparisons discussed in the selected findings were tested for significance at the .05 level using two-tailed t-tests. See appendix B for further information on estimating standard errors.

## Selected Findings

## Households' Use of Libraries

- Almost one-third of households (31 percent) used a public library ${ }^{1}$ in the month preceding the survey. Almost half ( 48 percent) used a public library in the year preceding the survey (table 1). In nine states (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia), household use of public libraries in the past year was significantly lower than the national average; in ten states (Connecticut, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, Ohio, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin) it was significantly higher. ${ }^{2}$
- Almost one-fifth of households (19 percent) used a school library in the past month, 10 percent of households used a college or university library in the past month, and 4 percent of households used a work library in the past month (table 1$)^{3}$.
- The use of public libraries was higher for households that were closer to a library (table 2). In the past year, 52 percent of households less than a mile from a public library used a public library, 50 percent of households $1-2$ miles from a public library used a public library, 47 percent of households $3-5$ miles from a public library used a public library, 41 percent of households $6-10$ miles from a public library used a public library, and one-third ( 34 percent) of households more than 10 miles from a public library used one.
- A larger proportion of two-parent and single-mother households ( 69 percent and 60 percent) used a public library in the past year than households consisting of single females (34 percent), single males ( 28 percent) or other households without children (42 percent) (table 4).
- Nationwide, two-thirds of households with children under 18 (66 percent) used a public library in the past year (table 6). In four states (Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Texas) the use of public libraries by these households was significantly lower than the national average; In six states (Connecticut, Indiana, Iowa, Maryland, Minnesota, Ohio) the use of public libraries by these households was significantly higher than the national average.
- Thirty-six percent of households with retired persons used a public library in the past year (table 8).
- Households varied in their use of public libraries by income and education. Sixty-one percent of households with incomes in the top 20 percent used a public library in the past year compared to 33 percent of households with incomes in the lowest 20 percent (table 9).
- Twenty-one percent of households where the highest education level was less than a high school diploma used a public library in the past year; of households where the highest education level was an advanced degree, 66 percent used a public library in the past year (table 10).

[^0]- Sixty-nine percent of households with a high school student and 65 percent of households with a college student used a public library in the past year (table 11).
- More households used a public library in the past month to borrow materials (26 percent) or for enjoyment or hobbies ( 19 percent) than to get information for personal use ${ }^{4}$ ( 9 percent) or attend a meeting ( 2 percent) (table 13).
- Nationwide, more households with children under 18 used a library in the past month for a school assignment ( 22 percent) than to participate in programs for children under 13 (10 percent) or for teenagers, ages 13 to 18 ( 3 percent) (table 14). In two states (Alabama and Washington) household participation in programs for children under 13 was significantly lower than the national average; in no state was this participation significantly higher than the national average.
- Nine percent of U.S. households used a public library in the past month to use a computer or the Internet (table 16). In five states (Alabama, Arkansas, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, West Virginia), this use of public libraries was significantly lower than the national average; in one state Washington), this use was significantly higher than the national average.


## Use of libraries by household characteristics

- Among households with a disabled person, 65 percent reported that their public library had made it easier for disabled people to access the library or materials; 17 percent reported barriers to the disabled person's use of the public library (table 17). In one state (South Carolina), the percentage of these households that reported barriers to use was significantly lower than the national average; in no state was this percentage significantly higher than the national average.
- Two percent of households with members age 55 or older participated in public library programs or activities for people age 55 or older in the past month (table 18).
- More households with children under 18 and more than 10 miles from a public library used a school library ( 53 percent) in the past month than similar households within 1 mile of a public library ( 45 percent) (table 20).
- Among households with children under 18, a larger percentage of Black and Asian households ( 25 percent and 26 percent respectively) use a public library in the past month for a school assignment than did white or Hispanic households ( 22 percent and 20 percent respectively ) (table 20). ${ }^{5}$
- A smaller proportion of white, non-Hispanic households (8 percent) than Black, nonHispanic households (13 percent), Hispanic households (12 percent), Asian/Pacific Islander households (11 percent) or mixed households (12 percent) used a public library in the past month to use a computer or the Internet (table 22). ${ }^{6}$
- Eighteen percent of households with a high school student, 16 percent of households with a college student, and 17 percent of households with job-seekers used a public library in the past month to use a computer or the Internet (table 22).

[^1]- Ten percent of households with job-seekers used a public library in the past month to get information to help find a job (table 23).
- Forty-one percent of households with children under 18,28 percent of households with any members ages 18 through 64, and 19 percent of households with any members age 65 and older used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to borrow materials ${ }^{7}$ (table 25 ).

[^2]
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## Tables

Table 1. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month or year, or that used a school, college, university, or work library in the past month, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Used a public library in the past year ${ }^{1}$ |  | Used in the past month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Public library |  | School library |  | College or university library |  | Work library ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 51,918 | 47.6 | 33,423 | 30.6 | 20,878 | 19.1 | 11,289 | 10.3 | 4,847 | 4.4 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 653 | 36.6 | 400 | 22.4 | 379 | 21.2 | 159 | 8.9 | 27 | 1.5 |
| Alaska | 230 | 129 | 56.1 | 75 | 32.8 | 71 | 31.0 | 27 | 11.8 | 23 | 9.9 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 909 | 47.4 | 564 | 29.4 | 373 | 19.5 | 232 | 12.1 | 72 | 3.8 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 405 | 37.3 | 238 | 21.9 | 180 | 16.6 | 102 | 9.4 | 34 | 3.1 |
| California | 12,569 | 6,019 | 47.9 | 4,075 | 32.4 | 2,345 | 18.7 | 1,593 | 12.7 | 661 | 5.3 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 892 | 52.9 | 564 | 33.5 | 321 | 19.0 | 217 | 12.9 | 113 | 6.7 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 727 | 57.1 | 447 | 35.1 | 287 | 22.5 | 150 | 11.8 | 60 | 4.7 |
| Delaware | 314 | 131 | 41.6 | 83 | 26.5 | 49 | 15.6 | 34 | 10.9 | 11 | 3.5 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 101 | 41.6 | 68 | 28.1 | 18 | 7.3 | 32 | 13.2 | 27 | 11.2 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 2,876 | 44.3 | 1,919 | 29.5 | 971 | 14.9 | 507 | 7.8 | 189 | 2.9 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 1,280 | 39.8 | 781 | 24.3 | 647 | 20.1 | 272 | 8.5 | 88 | 2.7 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 200 | 47.5 | 133 | 31.7 | 78 | 18.6 | 48 | 11.4 | 22 | 5.1 |
| Idaho | 516 | 256 | 49.6 | 141 | 27.3 | 112 | 21.7 | 53 | 10.2 | 23 | 4.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 2,319 | 49.6 | 1,661 | 35.6 | 949 | 20.3 | 513 | 11.0 | 185 | 4.0 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 1,283 | 52.8 | 889 | 36.6 | 468 | 19.3 | 189 | 7.8 | 76 | 3.1 |
| Iowa | 1,156 | 688 | 59.5 | 411 | 35.6 | 309 | 26.8 | 145 | 12.5 | 65 | 5.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 605 | 56.5 | 363 | 33.9 | 250 | 23.4 | 158 | 14.8 | 73 | 6.8 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 654 | 38.5 | 407 | 23.9 | 326 | 19.2 | 157 | 9.2 | 42 | 2.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 752 | 43.3 | 451 | 26.0 | 281 | 16.2 | 146 | 8.4 | 63 | 3.6 |
| Maine | 529 | 250 | 47.4 | 155 | 29.3 | 118 | 22.4 | 59 | 11.1 | 32 | 6.0 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 1,175 | 56.0 | 734 | 35.0 | 416 | 19.8 | 262 | 12.5 | 214 | 10.2 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 1,164 | 46.6 | 857 | 34.3 | 382 | 15.3 | 228 | 9.1 | 135 | 5.4 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 1,894 | 48.5 | 1,176 | 30.1 | 779 | 19.9 | 457 | 11.7 | 175 | 4.5 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 1,136 | 59.4 | 656 | 34.3 | 490 | 25.6 | 239 | 12.5 | 96 | 5.0 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 466 | 44.0 | 287 | 27.1 | 209 | 19.8 | 108 | 10.2 | 53 | 5.0 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 1,182 | 52.5 | 745 | 33.1 | 380 | 16.9 | 231 | 10.3 | 63 | 2.8 |
| Montana | 379 | 172 | 45.3 | 103 | 27.1 | 66 | 17.5 | 45 | 11.8 | 23 | 6.0 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 343 | 51.5 | 207 | 31.1 | 180 | 27.0 | 82 | 12.3 | 49 | 7.3 |
| Nevada | 766 | 393 | 51.3 | 250 | 32.6 | 169 | 22.1 | 80 | 10.4 | 30 | 3.9 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 238 | 48.2 | 153 | 30.9 | 104 | 21.1 | 45 | 9.2 | 22 | 4.5 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 1,633 | 52.6 | 1,082 | 34.8 | 609 | 19.6 | 282 | 9.1 | 157 | 5.1 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 321 | 44.7 | 185 | 25.8 | 114 | 15.9 | 75 | 10.5 | 30 | 4.2 |
| New York | 7,139 | 3,420 | 47.9 | 2,441 | 34.2 | 1,167 | 16.3 | 726 | 10.2 | 275 | 3.9 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 1,389 | 44.0 | 818 | 25.9 | 500 | 15.8 | 260 | 8.2 | 136 | 4.3 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 102 | 39.3 | 58 | 22.2 | 64 | 24.6 | 29 | 11.2 | 14 | 5.5 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 2,561 | 57.5 | 1,709 | 38.3 | 843 | 18.9 | 467 | 10.5 | 187 | 4.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 574 | 41.6 | 350 | 25.4 | 246 | 17.8 | 152 | 11.0 | 57 | 4.2 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 711 | 52.3 | 481 | 35.4 | 272 | 20.0 | 148 | 10.9 | 58 | 4.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 1,913 | 40.6 | 1,123 | 23.8 | 898 | 19.1 | 449 | 9.5 | 218 | 4.6 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 192 | 48.3 | 132 | 33.2 | 61 | 15.3 | 40 | 10.0 | 11 | 2.7 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 688 | 43.2 | 421 | 26.4 | 323 | 20.3 | 151 | 9.5 | 51 | 3.2 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 142 | 48.6 | 89 | 30.5 | 58 | 20.0 | 31 | 10.7 | 13 | 4.4 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 900 | 40.3 | 536 | 24.0 | 409 | 18.3 | 192 | 8.6 | 70 | 3.2 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 3,218 | 40.5 | 1,886 | 23.7 | 1,862 | 23.4 | 757 | 9.5 | 329 | 4.1 |
| Utah | 728 | 450 | 61.9 | 302 | 41.5 | 169 | 23.2 | 132 | 18.1 | 28 | 3.9 |
| Vermont | 249 | 127 | 50.7 | 86 | 34.4 | 49 | 19.5 | 29 | 11.5 | 13 | 5.3 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 1,383 | 48.4 | 928 | 32.5 | 415 | 14.5 | 244 | 8.6 | 178 | 6.2 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 1,331 | 56.0 | 833 | 35.1 | 483 | 20.3 | 278 | 11.7 | 149 | 6.3 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 281 | 36.9 | 171 | 22.5 | 117 | 15.4 | 46 | 6.1 | 20 | 2.6 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 1,176 | 55.0 | 726 | 34.0 | 466 | 21.8 | 213 | 10.0 | 95 | 4.4 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 117 | 57.0 | 74 | 36.3 | 45 | 21.8 | 18 | 9.0 | 14 | 6.8 |

${ }^{1}$ The count of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year includes those that used one in the past month.
${ }^{2}$ Library types were not specifically defined in the survey. The determination of library types was made by survey respondents. See the glossary (appendix D) and the questionnaire (appendix C) for more details.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 2. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by distance from library and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

See notes at end of table.

Table 2. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by distance from library and state: October 2002-Continued [Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | Distance from library |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

$\dagger$ Not applicable
$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
${ }^{1}$ The distance categories shown in this table are those used in the questionnaire. Respondents were implicitly asked to round intermediate distances to the neares range.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 3. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by metropolitan status and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
${ }^{1}$ The MSA status flag in the general CPS file (GEMSAST) was used to identify households within "city centers". The status of households not flagged as city centers was determined by the CPS metropolitan status indicator (GEMETSTA).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 4. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household composition and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  | Households with children |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

See notes at end of table.

Table 4. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household composition and state: October 2002-Continued [Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
NOTE: Single father households were also included in this survey but estimates for them did not meet reporting requirements.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use
of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 5. Number and percent of households with a homemaker that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Presence of a homemaker |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 13,027 | 6,939 | 53.3 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 231 | 112 | 48.2 |
| Alaska | 230 | 29 | 19 | 65.1 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 269 | 121 | 45.0 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 107 | 39 | 35.9 |
| California | 12,569 | 1,823 | 1,008 | 55.3 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 218 | 120 | 54.8 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 117 | 76 | 65.0 |
| Delaware | 314 | 31 | 14 | 45.0 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 15 | 8! | 51.0 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 733 | 351 | 48.0 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 453 | 214 | 47.1 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 44 | 23 | 51.5 |
| Idaho | 516 | 60 | 30 | 49.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 549 | 311 | 56.5 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 262 | 169 | 64.6 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 69 | 49 | 70.7 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 95 | 60 | 63.7 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 209 | 100 | 47.8 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 287 | 132 | 46.0 |
| Maine | 529 | 37 | 22 | 58.7 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 189 | 114 | 60.6 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 258 | 161 | 62.3 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 482 | 306 | 63.4 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 128 | 82 | 64.1 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 107 | 46 | 43.3 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 187 | 128 | 68.6 |
| Montana | 379 | 21 | 9 | 42.3 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 49 | 33 | 68.1 |
| Nevada | 766 | 100 | 61 | 60.9 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 37 | 25 | 67.5 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 400 | 230 | 57.4 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 84 | 33 | 39.8 |
| New York | 7,139 | 898 | 483 | 53.8 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 363 | 175 | 48.0 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 13 | 4! | 33.4 ! |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 440 | 245 | 55.7 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 136 | 65 | 48.1 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 135 | 81 | 59.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 525 | 306 | 58.3 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 32 | 20 | 63.9 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 173 | 99 | 57.4 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 15 | 9 | 57.8 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 360 | 162 | 44.8 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 1,212 | 475 | 39.2 |
| Utah | 728 | 112 | 82 | 72.9 |
| Vermont | 249 | 17 | 11 | 64.7 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 341 | 189 | 55.4 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 273 | 170 | 62.2 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 125 | 47 | 37.9 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 158 | 101 | 63.9 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 19 | 13 | 69.2 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
NOTE: Homemakers were those household member not currently employed and whose current situation was best described as "taking care of house or family," as opposed to disabled, ill, in school or retired (CPS variable PENLFACT).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 6. Number and percent of households with children under 18 that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with children under 18 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 39,036 | 25,599 | 65.6 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 642 | 361 | 56.2 |
| Alaska | 230 | 98 | 68 | 69.1 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 764 | 447 | 58.5 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 362 | 188 | 51.9 |
| California | 12,569 | 4,884 | 3,184 | 65.2 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 587 | 401 | 68.4 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 480 | 363 | 75.7 |
| Delaware | 314 | 113 | 65 | 57.0 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 51 | 29 | 57.2 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 2,127 | 1,317 | 61.9 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 1,176 | 673 | 57.2 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 152 | 113 | 74.4 |
| Idaho | 516 | 199 | 128 | 64.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 1,662 | 1,142 | 68.7 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 830 | 613 | 73.9 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 423 | 329 | 77.7 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 382 | 286 | 74.9 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 548 | 323 | 59.0 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 616 | 377 | 61.3 |
| Maine | 529 | 162 | 110 | 68.1 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 718 | 538 | 74.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 809 | 562 | 69.5 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 1,384 | 985 | 71.2 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 674 | 508 | 75.4 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 397 | 252 | 63.3 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 731 | 526 | 71.9 |
| Montana | 379 | 113 | 76 | 67.7 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 238 | 172 | 72.1 |
| Nevada | 766 | 305 | 193 | 63.2 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 173 | 120 | 69.2 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 1,226 | 839 | 68.5 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 262 | 159 | 60.6 |
| New York | 7,139 | 2,438 | 1,650 | 67.7 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 1,084 | 680 | 62.7 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 80 | 50 | 62.4 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 1,551 | 1,166 | 75.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 448 | 257 | 57.4 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 480 | 336 | 70.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 1,515 | 943 | 62.3 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 122 | 89 | 73.0 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 532 | 328 | 61.7 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 96 | 67 | 69.9 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 815 | 510 | 62.6 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 3,350 | 1,854 | 55.3 |
| Utah | 728 | 324 | 245 | 75.8 |
| Vermont | 249 | 85 | 62 | 73.8 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 988 | 644 | 65.2 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 841 | 590 | 70.1 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 222 | 124 | 56.0 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 705 | 502 | 71.2 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 69 | 53 | 76.2 |

Table 7. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by households with a disabled person and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with disabled person ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 9,689 | 4,088 | 42.2 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 180 | 48 | 26.6 |
| Alaska | 230 | 24 | 14 | 58.8 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 135 | 74 | 54.6 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 156 | 37 | 23.7 |
| California | 12,569 | 1,041 | 430 | 41.3 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 130 | 67 | 51.3 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 108 | 56 | 52.1 |
| Delaware | 314 | 21 | 11 | 52.7 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 18 | $6!$ | 36.4 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 518 | 207 | 40.0 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 301 | 103 | 34.3 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 31 | 20 | 63.6 |
| Idaho | 516 | 46 | 16 | 35.7 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 326 | 129 | 39.5 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 198 | 96 | 48.7 |
| Iowa | 1,156 | 91 | 47 | 51.9 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 116 | 59 | 51.1 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 163 | 67 | 41.1 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 129 | 64 | 49.4 |
| Maine | 529 | 50 | 20 | 38.7 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 206 | 112 | 54.5 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 185 | 72 | 39.0 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 364 | 147 | 40.4 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 188 | 97 | 51.8 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 142 | 56 | 39.7 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 213 | 84 | 39.5 |
| Montana | 379 | 49 | 22 | 45.2 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 57 | 25 | 44.4 |
| Nevada | 766 | 50 | 22 | 44.0 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 42 | 21 | 48.7 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 255 | 113 | 44.3 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 78 | 30 | 38.3 |
| New York | 7,139 | 632 | 268 | 42.3 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 360 | 144 | 40.1 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 16 | $6!$ | 37.1 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 459 | 239 | 52.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 155 | 80 | 51.5 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 109 | 54 | 49.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 483 | 171 | 35.5 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 38 | 15 | 39.4 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 128 | 47 | 36.4 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 21 | 8! | 38.3 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 232 | 82 | 35.4 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 668 | 225 | 33.7 |
| Utah | 728 | 51 | 30 | 58.7 |
| Vermont | 249 | 15 | 7! | 47.7 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 206 | 80 | 39.0 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 227 | 124 | 54.5 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 82 | 30 | 36.9 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 177 | 95 | 53.5 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 21 | 11 | 50.7 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
${ }^{1}$ "Disabled" in this survey was defined as "a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition, that limits participation in the activities done by most people."
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 8. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by households with a retired person and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with retired person |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 24,581 | 8,757 | 35.6 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 356 | 94 | 26.3 |
| Alaska | 230 | 37 | 18 | 49.6 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 419 | 179 | 42.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 276 | 78 | 28.3 |
| California | 12,569 | 2,499 | 907 | 36.3 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 321 | 133 | 41.4 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 308 | 130 | 42.2 |
| Delaware | 314 | 75 | 29 | 37.8 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 58 | 21 | 36.4 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 1,729 | 648 | 37.5 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 537 | 110 | 20.4 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 132 | 42 | 31.7 |
| Idaho | 516 | 115 | 40 | 34.3 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 1,136 | 404 | 35.5 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 556 | 213 | 38.2 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 247 | 111 | 45.0 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 219 | 87 | 39.8 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 408 | 108 | 26.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 417 | 137 | 32.8 |
| Maine | 529 | 120 | 45 | 37.3 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 501 | 205 | 40.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 555 | 180 | 32.5 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 979 | 314 | 32.1 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 381 | 165 | 43.2 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 233 | 83 | 35.7 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 568 | 201 | 35.4 |
| Montana | 379 | 93 | 33 | 35.0 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 128 | 46 | 36.0 |
| Nevada | 766 | 176 | 73 | 41.7 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 110 | 42 | 37.9 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 738 | 321 | 43.4 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 160 | 46 | 29.0 |
| New York | 7,139 | 1,816 | 689 | 38.0 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 702 | 235 | 33.5 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 67 | 16 | 23.9 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 1,010 | 456 | 45.1 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 348 | 100 | 28.7 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 318 | 123 | 38.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 1,266 | 330 | 26.1 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 97 | 32 | 32.9 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 376 | 108 | 28.7 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 68 | 23 | 33.6 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 445 | 130 | 29.2 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 1,505 | 454 | 30.2 |
| Utah | 728 | 155 | 71 | 46.0 |
| Vermont | 249 | 54 | 20 | 36.3 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 578 | 209 | 36.2 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 512 | 242 | 47.3 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 199 | 51 | 25.8 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 432 | 205 | 47.6 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 46 | 22 | 48.2 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 9. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household income, or poverty status, and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Household income |  |  |  |  |  | Poverty status ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lowest fifth |  | Middle three-fifths |  | Highest fifth |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 109,148 | 21,831 | 32.8 | 65,489 | 48.1 | 21,828 | 60.6 | 13,320 | 38.0 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 477 | 25.1 | 1,030 | 37.8 | 276 | 52.0 | 336 | 28.3 |
| Alaska | 230 | 34 | 50.4 | 134 | 56.4 | 62 | 58.4 | 21 | 61.4 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 408 | 29.0 | 1,115 | 49.2 | 393 | 61.4 | 280 | 30.2 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 327 | 22.6 | 628 | 41.6 | 132 | 53.2 | 229 | 21.7 |
| California | 12,569 | 2,160 | 36.5 | 7,261 | 46.7 | 3,148 | 58.4 | 1,441 | 46.1 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 231 | 38.7 | 1,072 | 52.6 | 382 | 62.3 | 143 | 48.1 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 192 | 35.8 | 674 | 54.6 | 407 | 71.2 | 94 | 44.1 |
| Delaware | 314 | 43 | 23.7 | 194 | 41.5 | 76 | 52.2 | 18 | 22.6 ! |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 47 | 27.5 | 141 | 42.7 | 55 | 50.6 | 34 | 34.4 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 1,376 | 30.2 | 4,071 | 46.0 | 1,050 | 56.0 | 786 | 33.5 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 647 | 25.1 | 1,960 | 39.4 | 612 | 56.5 | 372 | 31.2 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 72 | 37.6 | 258 | 47.7 | 92 | 54.7 | 47 | 54.3 |
| Idaho | 516 | 100 | 35.7 | 350 | 51.5 | 66 | 60.4 | 74 | 43.2 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 799 | 37.3 | 2,870 | 49.1 | 1,001 | 61.0 | 456 | 47.3 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 485 | 35.9 | 1,516 | 54.3 | 428 | 66.9 | 242 | 45.1 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 213 | 40.6 | 779 | 62.7 | 163 | 69.2 | 120 | 48.0 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 225 | 46.5 | 671 | 57.2 | 175 | 66.7 | 129 | 51.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 458 | 25.4 | 969 | 41.9 | 274 | 48.0 | 291 | 33.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 500 | 31.7 | 1,055 | 45.3 | 179 | 64.4 | 287 | 29.8 |
| Maine | 529 | 113 | 34.1 | 335 | 48.0 | 81 | 63.1 | 74 | 42.4 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 308 | 30.2 | 1,236 | 57.7 | 557 | 66.3 | 191 | 37.2 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 379 | 33.9 | 1,380 | 45.0 | 738 | 56.2 | 194 | 36.8 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 777 | 31.6 | 2,384 | 47.8 | 747 | 68.0 | 440 | 34.0 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 318 | 39.8 | 1,136 | 60.4 | 458 | 70.6 | 192 | 37.5 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 307 | 29.8 | 625 | 47.5 | 127 | 61.1 | 201 | 35.7 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 451 | 35.9 | 1,431 | 52.6 | 367 | 72.8 | 266 | 47.2 |
| Montana | 379 | 97 | 37.1 | 241 | 47.5 | 41 | 51.2 | 66 | 44.2 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 135 | 41.5 | 434 | 51.6 | 96 | 64.9 | 95 | 48.6 |
| Nevada | 766 | 108 | 32.9 | 503 | 52.9 | 155 | 58.9 | 76 | 42.4 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 66 | 40.0 | 318 | 46.2 | 111 | 58.8 | 37 | 46.8 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 438 | 30.7 | 1,696 | 52.9 | 972 | 62.0 | 221 | 32.0 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 217 | 35.2 | 409 | 47.1 | 92 | 56.5 | 158 | 37.3 |
| New York | 7,139 | 1,505 | 31.2 | 3,945 | 48.1 | 1,689 | 62.4 | 870 | 34.1 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 760 | 34.0 | 1,919 | 45.5 | 481 | 53.4 | 471 | 33.9 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 66 | 24.1 | 170 | 42.5 | 23 | 59.3 | 36 | 29.8 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 817 | 42.0 | 2,922 | 58.9 | 717 | 69.1 | 461 | 51.8 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 342 | 31.3 | 851 | 42.0 | 187 | 58.3 | 218 | 36.8 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 259 | 52.9 | 870 | 50.0 | 230 | 60.4 | 164 | 58.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 955 | 25.4 | 2,866 | 40.1 | 891 | 58.4 | 447 | 34.9 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 85 | 29.5 | 238 | 49.8 | 74 | 65.3 | 50 | 32.2 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 379 | 24.5 | 1,010 | 47.7 | 204 | 55.6 | 244 | 32.5 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 62 | 33.6 | 195 | 50.8 | 34 | 63.6 | 40 | 39.9 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 537 | 27.4 | 1,294 | 40.1 | 402 | 58.2 | 385 | 27.1 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 1,905 | 28.8 | 4,627 | 41.8 | 1,423 | 51.8 | 1,396 | 32.5 |
| Utah | 728 | 131 | 46.8 | 465 | 63.6 | 132 | 70.8 | 102 | 49.0 |
| Vermont | 249 | 47 | 41.1 | 165 | 49.2 | 37 | 69.7 | 29 | 45.0 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 423 | 31.3 | 1,671 | 47.0 | 763 | 61.0 | 201 | 42.2 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 453 | 49.3 | 1,426 | 53.4 | 496 | 69.9 | 270 | 50.4 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 219 | 25.5 | 451 | 40.0 | 91 | 49.3 | 115 | 28.5 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 333 | 35.1 | 1,392 | 56.6 | 411 | 66.0 | 181 | 37.7 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 42 | 41.6 | 134 | 59.8 | 29 | 66.6 | 28 | 52.7 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is derived from household size and income. Households with incomes below the poverty threshold for their household size (as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau) were classified as poor. Some households reported income in a range that straddles the poverty threshold; these households were classified as poor The 2002 poverty threshold for a family of three persons including one related child was $\$ 14,480$.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 10. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by highest educational level in household and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Highest educational level in household |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than high school diploma |  | High school/GED |  | Some postsecondary |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 109,148 | 10,584 | 20.8 | 29,576 | 35.4 | 32,616 | 51.2 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 254 | 16.7 | 541 | 24.4 | 515 | 42.3 |
| Alaska | 230 | 11 | 29.5 ! | 58 | 37.6 | 83 | 60.4 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 170 | 29.0 | 466 | 31.8 | 620 | 48.9 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 173 | 12.7 | 333 | 28.8 | 339 | 41.6 |
| California | 12,569 | 1,130 | 30.3 | 2,338 | 34.2 | 4,290 | 47.0 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 119 | 25.3 | 332 | 37.4 | 515 | 50.7 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 89 | 18.0 | 351 | 41.6 | 308 | 60.1 |
| Delaware | 314 | 23 | 8.7 ! | 95 | 29.3 | 91 | 49.7 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 26 | 26.3 | 49 | 29.0 | 53 | 38.7 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 623 | 18.7 | 1,806 | 35.0 | 1,951 | 47.9 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 389 | 14.5 | 939 | 29.9 | 961 | 47.0 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 21 | 10.5 ! | 107 | 36.3 | 129 | 50.4 |
| Idaho | 516 | 31 | 17.6 ! | 139 | 31.3 | 196 | 56.9 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 430 | 32.7 | 1,245 | 36.2 | 1,391 | 51.1 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 204 | 23.6 | 955 | 43.6 | 660 | 58.6 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 97 | 19.8 | 342 | 47.8 | 359 | 62.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 80 | 23.5 | 292 | 44.1 | 329 | 59.7 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 217 | 8.2 | 533 | 28.5 | 516 | 45.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 220 | 16.5 | 592 | 33.4 | 457 | 55.6 |
| Maine | 529 | 39 | 11.7 ! | 150 | 35.2 | 165 | 48.3 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 192 | 26.9 | 489 | 40.4 | 554 | 56.0 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 203 | 14.4 | 630 | 34.9 | 582 | 52.7 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 347 | 17.6 | 1,152 | 33.2 | 1,256 | 54.8 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 101 | 18.2 | 395 | 42.1 | 722 | 61.5 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 138 | 16.3 | 339 | 38.4 | 338 | 52.4 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 198 | 23.4 | 586 | 42.9 | 726 | 53.1 |
| Montana | 379 | 27 | 26.4 | 103 | 35.2 | 126 | 42.9 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 41 | 24.3 | 166 | 32.1 | 245 | 56.1 |
| Nevada | 766 | 84 | 25.7 | 187 | 40.8 | 257 | 56.3 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 34 | 15.1 ! | 125 | 35.0 | 150 | 47.7 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 244 | 21.9 | 813 | 36.5 | 725 | 59.1 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 86 | 20.3 | 215 | 32.8 | 218 | 53.5 |
| New York | 7,139 | 790 | 23.2 | 1,878 | 37.2 | 1,781 | 52.2 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 387 | 18.2 | 961 | 35.3 | 917 | 49.3 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 19 | $4.5!$ | 68 | 24.6 | 96 | 43.0 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 323 | 31.5 | 1,532 | 47.5 | 1,259 | 59.6 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 128 | 11.4 | 438 | 32.1 | 451 | 45.4 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 98 | 33.7 | 281 | 37.9 | 500 | 50.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 408 | 16.2 | 1,699 | 29.3 | 1,122 | 44.5 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 57 | 15.1 | 106 | 41.5 | 97 | 52.6 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 184 | 9.0 | 484 | 31.2 | 481 | 48.3 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 18 | 20.1 ! | 81 | 34.9 | 103 | 51.1 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 296 | 13.2 | 639 | 27.4 | 603 | 47.9 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 1,121 | 16.0 | 2,072 | 30.6 | 2,406 | 46.9 |
| Utah | 728 | 43 | 27.5 | 160 | 53.2 | 276 | 64.2 |
| Vermont | 249 | 16 | 15.3 ! | 72 | 31.5 | 61 | 51.4 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 239 | 22.6 | 794 | 31.3 | 743 | 54.3 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 137 | 27.4 | 478 | 43.0 | 910 | 55.8 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 108 | 9.2 | 299 | 28.2 | 202 | 50.4 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 156 | 26.8 | 610 | 42.3 | 698 | 56.4 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 14 | 28.3 ! | 57 | 42.8 | 83 | 61.3 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 10. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by highest educational level in household and state: October 2002-Continued
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Highest educational level in household |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bachelor's degree |  | Advanced degree |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 109,148 | 22,512 | 59.3 | 13,860 | 66.2 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 307 | 56.1 | 168 | 52.6 |
| Alaska | 230 | 51 | 68.4 | 27 | 70.1 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 454 | 59.4 | 206 | 67.0 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 156 | 58.8 | 85 | 63.8 |
| California | 12,569 | 2,919 | 57.8 | 1,892 | 62.0 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 439 | 62.9 | 280 | 71.5 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 294 | 67.5 | 231 | 78.3 |
| Delaware | 314 | 59 | 49.5 | 46 | 57.5 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 46 | 49.3 | 69 | 53.3 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 1,427 | 53.9 | 691 | 61.3 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 632 | 49.9 | 299 | 58.8 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 98 | 56.4 | 67 | 58.7 |
| Idaho | 516 | 98 | 60.1 | 51 | 70.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 1,057 | 60.0 | 547 | 69.9 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 359 | 70.5 | 250 | 71.5 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 233 | 77.8 | 125 | 79.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 245 | 69.4 | 126 | 72.8 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 243 | 54.8 | 191 | 60.9 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 315 | 53.7 | 150 | 62.8 |
| Maine | 529 | 101 | 65.9 | 73 | 63.7 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 459 | 72.2 | 406 | 69.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 591 | 48.6 | 490 | 65.4 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 674 | 65.1 | 478 | 67.5 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 463 | 68.1 | 232 | 83.1 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 157 | 53.9 | 87 | 59.6 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 441 | 65.1 | 297 | 71.2 |
| Montana | 379 | 87 | 55.3 | 37 | 71.5 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 144 | 62.2 | 69 | 75.5 |
| Nevada | 766 | 169 | 59.4 | 70 | 72.6 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 119 | 59.3 | 66 | 71.1 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 844 | 60.3 | 480 | 71.9 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 124 | 61.5 | 76 | 53.2 |
| New York | 7,139 | 1,477 | 54.1 | 1,212 | 66.8 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 596 | 56.8 | 299 | 62.9 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 59 | 52.2 | 18 | 69.4 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 818 | 70.3 | 525 | 77.4 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 220 | 55.4 | 143 | 64.1 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 289 | 63.5 | 191 | 71.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 856 | 51.4 | 627 | 65.5 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 88 | 59.8 | 49 | 72.7 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 281 | 64.1 | 163 | 66.3 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 63 | 59.0 | 28 | 74.9 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 486 | 59.6 | 209 | 51.3 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 1,602 | 54.0 | 756 | 54.6 |
| Utah | 728 | 156 | 69.2 | 92 | 73.8 |
| Vermont | 249 | 59 | 65.8 | 41 | 75.6 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 585 | 61.1 | 495 | 64.6 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 513 | 65.2 | 336 | 72.8 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 94 | 56.2 | 58 | 55.0 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 432 | 68.4 | 241 | 77.7 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 34 | 76.6 | 17 | 67.3 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
NOTE: Highest education level in household reflects the highest education level among household members. It is derived from the CPS variable for the highest level of school completed or degree received (PEEDUCA).
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 11. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by presence of high school or college student and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with high school student |  |  | Households with college student |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  | Number of households | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 8,376 | 5,777 | 69.0 | 7,654 | 5,003 | 65.4 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 128 | 82 | 63.9 | 116 | 69 | 59.7 |
| Alaska | 230 | 21 | 16 | 77.6 | 13 | 9 | 72.5 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 176 | 124 | 70.3 | 152 | 103 | 67.5 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 70 | 45 | 63.6 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| California | 12,569 | 1,091 | 744 | 68.2 | 1,216 | 748 | 61.5 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 118 | 82 | 69.5 | 104 | 53 | 50.6 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 118 | 85 | 72.4 | 86 | 54 | 62.7 |
| Delaware | 314 | 18 | 10 | 55.9 | 23 | 14 | 58.8 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | 16 | 10 | 65.5 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 430 | 300 | 69.8 | 385 | 263 | 68.4 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 226 | 130 | 57.3 | 192 | 110 | 57.3 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 26 | 20 | 79.1 | 30 | 19 | 64.1 |
| Idaho | 516 | 40 | 29 | 74.1 | 30 | 25 | 82.9 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 402 | 286 | 71.2 | 371 | 249 | 67.2 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 183 | 136 | 74.3 | 118 | 77 | 65.1 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 102 | 78 | 76.4 | 88 | 54 | 61.2 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 83 | 65 | 77.8 | 78 | 61 | 78.5 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 94 | 64 | 68.6 | 97 | 56 | 57.3 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 121 | 78 | 64.5 | 120 | 86 | 72.0 |
| Maine | 529 | 39 | 31 | 78.8 | 31 | 23 | 73.6 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 135 | 88 | 65.3 | 133 | 116 | 87.0 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 175 | 128 | 72.7 | 134 | 99 | 74.0 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 304 | 226 | 74.4 | 312 | 205 | 65.8 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 191 | 139 | 72.7 | 146 | 108 | 73.6 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 89 | 64 | 72.3 | 65 | 40 | 61.4 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 156 | 121 | 77.4 | 162 | 108 | 66.9 |
| Montana | 379 | 28 | 20 | 70.1 | 23 | 12 | 52.1 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 53 | 40 | 75.3 | 52 | 36 | 70.1 |
| Nevada | 766 | 49 | 30 | 61.4 | 34 | 26 | 76.8 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 33 | 24 | 72.7 | 29 | 18 | 63.2 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 225 | 154 | 68.6 | 212 | 150 | 70.5 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 49 | 34 | 69.6 | 50 | 31 | 61.1 |
| New York | 7,139 | 531 | 401 | 75.5 | 567 | 387 | 68.2 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 178 | 106 | 59.3 | 142 | 88 | 61.8 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 22 | 12 | 56.1 | 21 | 11 | 55.4 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 388 | 292 | 75.2 | 298 | 221 | 74.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 117 | 67 | 57.3 | 92 | 59 | 64.0 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 97 | 62 | 63.6 | 97 | 70 | 72.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 327 | 219 | 66.8 | 327 | 206 | 62.9 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 24 | 19 | 79.4 | 28 | 22 | 80.0 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 107 | 66 | 61.8 | 140 | 93 | 66.5 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 24 | 17 | 74.1 | 25 | 15 | 61.3 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 162 | 98 | 60.3 | 154 | 93 | 60.3 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 709 | 422 | 59.5 | 499 | 292 | 58.5 |
| Utah | 728 | 76 | 61 | 80.8 | 83 | 61 | 73.7 |
| Vermont | 249 | 16 | 12 | 74.6 | 16 | 10 | 60.3 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 199 | 137 | 69.2 | 161 | 122 | 75.6 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 165 | 119 | 72.4 | 154 | 89 | 57.7 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 43 | 29 | 66.9 | 30 | 17 | 57.2 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 191 | 147 | 76.8 | 141 | 80 | 56.3 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 17 | 12 | 70.6 | 10 | 7! | 70.7 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
NOTE: Household members' student status was determined by whether they were enrolled in the week prior to the survey. It was left to respondents to define
"high school" and "college."
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 12. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by race/ethnicity and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  |  | White, non-Hispanic |  |  | Other race/ethnicity ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |  |
|  | Total number of households | Number of households | Number | Percent | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 77,757 | 37,707 | 48.5 | 31,391 | 14,211 | 45.3 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 1,301 | 476 | 36.6 | 483 | 177 | 36.6 |
| Alaska | 230 | 165 | 95 | 57.7 | 65 | 34 | 51.9 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 1,310 | 650 | 49.6 | 607 | 259 | 42.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 844 | 340 | 40.3 | 243 | 65 | 26.9 |
| California | 12,569 | 6,687 | 3,131 | 46.8 | 5,883 | 2,887 | 49.1 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 1,272 | 713 | 56.1 | 413 | 179 | 43.2 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 984 | 576 | 58.5 | 289 | 151 | 52.2 |
| Delaware | 314 | 230 | 98 | 42.5 | 84 | 33 | 39.4 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 75 | 37 | 49.5 | 168 | 64 | 38.0 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 4,282 | 2,009 | 46.9 | 2,215 | 866 | 39.1 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 2,026 | 798 | 39.4 | 1,193 | 482 | 40.4 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 103 | 57 | 55.9 | 318 | 143 | 44.8 |
| Idaho | 516 | 464 | 233 | 50.2 | 52 | 23 | 44.3 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 3,356 | 1,615 | 48.1 | 1,315 | 704 | 53.5 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 2,121 | 1,158 | 54.6 | 308 | 125 | 40.6 |
| Iowa | 1,156 | 1,042 | 622 | 59.7 | 113 | 66 | 58.5 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 890 | 504 | 56.6 | 181 | 102 | 56.2 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 1,519 | 562 | 37.0 | 183 | 92 | 50.4 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 1,103 | 509 | 46.2 | 631 | 242 | 38.4 |
| Maine | 529 | 510 | 239 | 46.7 | 18 | 12 | 64.5 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 1,358 | 790 | 58.2 | 743 | 386 | 51.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 2,097 | 991 | 47.3 | 400 | 174 | 43.4 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 3,108 | 1,530 | 49.2 | 800 | 364 | 45.4 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 1,728 | 1,029 | 59.5 | 184 | 108 | 58.6 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 701 | 293 | 41.7 | 358 | 173 | 48.5 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 1,914 | 1,008 | 52.7 | 335 | 174 | 51.9 |
| Montana | 379 | 336 | 153 | 45.4 | 43 | 19 | 44.2 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 569 | 290 | 51.0 | 96 | 53 | 54.7 |
| Nevada | 766 | 508 | 267 | 52.7 | 259 | 126 | 48.6 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 462 | 221 | 47.9 | 32 | 17 | 52.3 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 2,128 | 1,176 | 55.3 | 978 | 457 | 46.7 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 307 | 139 | 45.3 | 412 | 182 | 44.2 |
| New York | 7,139 | 4,782 | 2,350 | 49.1 | 2,356 | 1,070 | 45.4 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 2,202 | 966 | 43.9 | 958 | 423 | 44.1 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 241 | 94 | 39.2 | 19 | 8! | 40.2 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 3,691 | 2,130 | 57.7 | 765 | 430 | 56.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 1,052 | 452 | 42.9 | 328 | 122 | 37.3 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 1,115 | 572 | 51.3 | 244 | 139 | 57.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 3,987 | 1,599 | 40.1 | 725 | 314 | 43.3 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 335 | 165 | 49.4 | 63 | 27 | 42.5 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 1,116 | 474 | 42.4 | 477 | 214 | 44.9 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 270 | 133 | 49.0 | 22 | 10 | 43.7 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 1,805 | 687 | 38.1 | 428 | 213 | 49.6 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 4,117 | 1,747 | 42.4 | 3,838 | 1,471 | 38.3 |
| Utah | 728 | 632 | 397 | 62.8 | 96 | 54 | 55.9 |
| Vermont | 249 | 239 | 120 | 50.3 | 10 | $6!$ | 60.1 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 1,991 | 1,019 | 51.2 | 865 | 364 | 42.1 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 1,916 | 1,091 | 56.9 | 459 | 240 | 52.3 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 723 | 260 | 36.0 | 37 | 21 | 55.3 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 1,856 | 1,035 | 55.8 | 281 | 141 | 50.2 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 186 | 107 | 57.3 | 19 | 10 | 54.8 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
1 "Other race/ethnicity" includes Black, non-Hispanic; Hispanic; Asian/Pacific Islander; and American Indian/Alaska Native. These categories have been aggregated in this table because the data did not support reliable estimates for these categories separately by state.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 13. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information for personal use; to borrow books, CD-ROMs, or tapes; to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group; or for enjoyment or hobbies, and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Used a public library or bookmobile in the past month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Personal use ${ }^{1}$ |  | Borrow material |  | Attend meeting |  | Enjoyment or hobbies |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 9,355 | 8.6 | 28,871 | 26.5 | 2,328 | 2.1 | 21,043 | 19.3 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 106 | 6.0 | 336 | 18.8 | 20 | 1.1 | 240 | 13.5 |
| Alaska | 230 | 27 | 11.6 | 64 | 27.9 | 7! | 3.2 ! | 55 | 23.8 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 180 | 9.4 | 482 | 25.2 | 47 | 2.5 | 374 | 19.5 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 57 | 5.3 | 205 | 18.8 | 11 | 1.0 | 158 | 14.5 |
| California | 12,569 | 997 | 7.9 | 3,447 | 27.4 | 297 | 2.4 | 2,262 | 18.0 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 218 | 12.9 | 487 | 28.9 | 49 | 2.9 | 429 | 25.4 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 107 | 8.4 | 399 | 31.4 | 43 | 3.4 | 261 | 20.5 |
| Delaware | 314 | 21 | 6.8 | 71 | 22.5 | $6!$ | 1.8 ! | 50 | 15.8 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 19 | 7.9 | 54 | 22.3 | 9 | 3.6 | 38 | 15.6 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 652 | 10.0 | 1,660 | 25.6 | 150 | 2.3 | 1,145 | 17.6 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 201 | 6.2 | 666 | 20.7 | 44 | 1.4 | 488 | 15.1 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 52 | 12.4 | 115 | 27.3 | $6!$ | 1.5 ! | 88 | 20.8 |
| Idaho | 516 | 30 | 5.8 | 124 | 24.0 | 9 | 1.7 | 87 | 16.8 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 416 | 8.9 | 1,450 | 31.0 | 118 | 2.5 | 1,020 | 21.8 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 260 | 10.7 | 812 | 33.4 | 51 | 2.1 | 568 | 23.4 |
| Iowa | 1,156 | 91 | 7.9 | 363 | 31.4 | 38 | 3.3 | 319 | 27.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 119 | 11.1 | 307 | 28.7 | 29 | 2.8 | 250 | 23.3 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 86 | 5.1 | 339 | 19.9 | 27 | 1.6 | 256 | 15.0 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 112 | 6.5 | 357 | 20.6 | 24 | 1.4 | 246 | 14.2 |
| Maine | 529 | 47 | 8.9 | 141 | 26.6 | 16 | 3.0 | 109 | 20.6 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 195 | 9.3 | 642 | 30.6 | 72 | 3.5 | 487 | 23.2 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 219 | 8.8 | 748 | 29.9 | 60 | 2.4 | 535 | 21.4 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 379 | 9.7 | 1,030 | 26.4 | 64 | 1.6 | 738 | 18.9 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 208 | 10.9 | 579 | 30.3 | 29 | 1.5 | 493 | 25.8 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 65 | 6.1 | 218 | 20.6 | 13 | 1.3 | 186 | 17.6 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 209 | 9.3 | 632 | 28.1 | 46 | 2.0 | 481 | 21.4 |
| Montana | 379 | 32 | 8.3 | 91 | 24.1 | 10 | 2.7 | 86 | 22.7 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 56 | 8.4 | 181 | 27.2 | 12 | 1.8 | 141 | 21.1 |
| Nevada | 766 | 84 | 11.0 | 214 | 27.9 | 16 | 2.0 | 168 | 21.9 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 36 | 7.2 | 126 | 25.5 | 18 | 3.7 | 95 | 19.2 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 306 | 9.9 | 946 | 30.5 | 78 | 2.5 | 687 | 22.1 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 53 | 7.3 | 158 | 22.0 | 15 | 2.1 | 103 | 14.4 |
| New York | 7,139 | 578 | 8.1 | 2,187 | 30.6 | 215 | 3.0 | 1,410 | 19.8 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 262 | 8.3 | 702 | 22.2 | 56 | 1.8 | 522 | 16.5 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 13 | 5.2 | 53 | 20.3 | 4! | 1.5 ! | 38 | 14.4 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 570 | 12.8 | 1,517 | 34.0 | 101 | 2.3 | 1,163 | 26.1 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 118 | 8.5 | 300 | 21.8 | 37 | 2.7 | 255 | 18.4 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 187 | 13.7 | 422 | 31.1 | 38 | 2.8 | 346 | 25.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 275 | 5.8 | 954 | 20.3 | 88 | 1.9 | 737 | 15.6 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 32 | 8.1 | 116 | 29.2 | 9 | 2.2 | 79 | 19.8 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 116 | 7.3 | 376 | 23.6 | 24 | 1.5 | 291 | 18.3 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 26 | 8.8 | 81 | 27.6 | 7! | 2.4 ! | 64 | 21.8 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 108 | 4.8 | 476 | 21.3 | 24 | 1.1 | 320 | 14.3 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 457 | 5.7 | 1,548 | 19.5 | 89 | 1.1 | 1,042 | 13.1 |
| Utah | 728 | 96 | 13.1 | 277 | 38.1 | 19 | 2.6 | 204 | 28.0 |
| Vermont | 249 | 23 | 9.3 | 75 | 30.2 | 9 | 3.8 | 65 | 26.0 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 273 | 9.6 | 800 | 28.0 | 69 | 2.4 | 598 | 20.9 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 303 | 12.7 | 705 | 29.7 | 48 | 2.0 | 603 | 25.4 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 44 | 5.8 | 150 | 19.7 | 11 | 1.4 | 95 | 12.5 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 212 | 9.9 | 623 | 29.2 | 42 | 2.0 | 522 | 24.4 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 23 | 11.4 | 67 | 32.9 | $6!$ | 3.1 ! | 51 | 24.9 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
${ }^{1}$ Information for personal use includes information on consumer or health issues, and investments
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 14. Number and percent of households with children under 18 that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a program or activity for children under 13, teenagers ages 13 to 18 or for a school or class assignment, or used a school library in the past month, by state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with children under 18 | Households with children under 18 that used a public library in the past month |  |  |  |  |  | Households with children under 18 that used a school library in the past month |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Used a public programs for unde | rary for hildren | Used a public programs for ages 13 | rary for nagers 18 | Used a publi school as | ry for a ent |  |  |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 39,036 | 3,871 | 9.9 | 1,170 | 3.0 | 8,687 | 22.3 | 18,775 | 48.1 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 642 | 33 | 5.2 | 24 | 3.7 | 125 | 19.5 | 352 | 54.8 |
| Alaska | 230 | 98 | 8! | 7.7 ! | 3! | 3.0 ! | 24 | 24.0 | 63 | 64.2 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 764 | 59 | 7.8 | 14 | 1.9 | 132 | 17.3 | 354 | 46.3 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 362 | 20 | 5.5 | $2!$ | 0.6 ! | 44 | 12.1 | 161 | 44.5 |
| California | 12,569 | 4,884 | 545 | 11.2 | 250 | 5.1 | 1,266 | 25.9 | 2,055 | 42.1 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 587 | 78 | 13.3 | 18 | 3.1 | 113 | 19.2 | 276 | 47.0 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 480 | 55 | 11.4 | 20 | 4.2 | 127 | 26.5 | 258 | 53.8 |
| Delaware | 314 | 113 | 14 | 12.7 | 4! | 3.6 ! | 21 | 18.1 | 43 | 38.0 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 51 | 11 | 20.7 | $6!$ | 10.8 ! | 18 | 34.9 | 15 | 29.1 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 2,127 | 208 | 9.8 | 63 | 3.0 | 485 | 22.8 | 858 | 40.3 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 1,176 | 111 | 9.5 | 24 | 2.0 | 204 | 17.3 | 586 | 49.8 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 152 | 17 | 11.2 | 7! | 4.8 ! | 50 | 32.8 | 72 | 47.3 |
| Idaho | 516 | 199 | 14 | 6.8 | 1! | 0.7 ! | 27 | 13.8 | 102 | 51.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 1,662 | 213 | 12.8 | 66 | 4.0 | 490 | 29.5 | 864 | 52.0 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 830 | 107 | 12.8 | 22 | 2.6 | 221 | 26.6 | 403 | 48.6 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 423 | 36 | 8.6 | 11 | 2.7 | 86 | 20.4 | 278 | 65.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 382 | 33 | 8.5 | 11 | 2.8 | 87 | 22.8 | 226 | 59.2 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 548 | 44 | 8.1 | 10 | 1.9 | 71 | 12.9 | 292 | 53.2 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 616 | 50 | 8.0 | 9 | 1.5 | 92 | 15.0 | 257 | 41.8 |
| Maine | 529 | 162 | 21 | 13.0 | 4! | 2.5 ! | 36 | 22.5 | 103 | 63.7 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 718 | 74 | 10.3 | 22 | 3.0 | 181 | 25.2 | 351 | 48.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 809 | 116 | 14.4 | 20 | 2.4 | 218 | 26.9 | 344 | 42.5 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 1,384 | 164 | 11.8 | 35 | 2.5 | 340 | 24.6 | 706 | 51.0 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 674 | 59 | 8.7 | 18 | 2.7 | 138 | 20.5 | 459 | 68.1 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 397 | 26 | 6.5 | 14 | 3.6 | 87 | 21.9 | 195 | 49.2 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 731 | 74 | 10.1 | 19 | 2.6 | 157 | 21.4 | 368 | 50.4 |
| Montana | 379 | 113 | 11 | 9.8 | 5! | 4.7 ! | 23 | 20.5 | 59 | 52.6 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 238 | 21 | 8.9 | 3! | 1.4 ! | 48 | 20.3 | 161 | 67.8 |
| Nevada | 766 | 305 | 43 | 14.1 | 13 | 4.2 | 65 | 21.4 | 154 | 50.4 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 173 | 19 | 11.0 | $3!$ | 2.0 ! | 41 | 23.9 | 90 | 52.0 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 1,226 | 153 | 12.5 | 42 | 3.4 | 261 | 21.3 | 549 | 44.8 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 262 | 14 | 5.5 | 10 | 3.8 | 57 | 21.9 | 102 | 38.8 |
| New York | 7,139 | 2,438 | 303 | 12.4 | 93 | 3.8 | 698 | 28.6 | 1,055 | 43.3 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 1,084 | 99 | 9.1 | 14 | 1.3 | 180 | 16.6 | 444 | 40.9 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 80 | $4!$ | 4.9 ! | $1!$ | 1.2 ! | 12 | 14.5 | 53 | 66.6 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 1,551 | 142 | 9.2 | 23 | 1.5 | 462 | 29.8 | 768 | 49.5 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 448 | 39 | 8.7 | 24 | 5.3 | 91 | 20.4 | 206 | 46.1 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 480 | 44 | 9.1 | 22 | 4.7 | 105 | 21.8 | 244 | 50.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 1,515 | 133 | 8.8 | 19 | 1.3 | 250 | 16.5 | 800 | 52.8 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 122 | 15 | 12.0 | 4! | 3.3 ! | 34 | 27.6 | 53 | 43.7 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 532 | 54 | 10.2 | 18 | 3.5 | 99 | 18.7 | 292 | 54.9 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 96 | 9 | 9.3 | $2!$ | 2.0 ! | 17 | 18.1 | 51 | 52.9 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 815 | 69 | 8.5 | 17 | 2.1 | 177 | 21.7 | 384 | 47.2 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 3,350 | 272 | 8.1 | 77 | 2.3 | 562 | 16.8 | 1,701 | 50.8 |
| Utah | 728 | 324 | 19 | 5.9 | 8! | 2.4 ! | 73 | 22.6 | 158 | 48.7 |
| Vermont | 249 | 85 | 13 | 15.6 | 4! | 5.1 ! | 17 | 20.2 | 43 | 50.8 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 988 | 84 | 8.5 | 32 | 3.2 | 194 | 19.6 | 339 | 34.3 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 841 | 36 | 4.2 | 11 | 1.3 | 173 | 20.5 | 460 | 54.7 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 222 | 17 | 7.8 | 4! | 1.8 ! | 36 | 16.2 | 102 | 45.9 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 705 | 61 | 8.6 | 21 | 3.0 | 155 | 22.0 | 427 | 60.6 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 69 | 9 | 13.4 | 2! | 2.4 ! | 16 | 23.5 | 38 | 54.8 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 15. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work, or who used a work library in the past month, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households that used a public library for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work in the past month |  | Households that used a work library in the past month |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 2,934 | 2.7 | 4,847 | 4.4 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 13 | 0.8 | 27 | 1.5 |
| Alaska | 230 | 8! | 3.5 ! | 23 | 9.9 |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 35 | 1.8 | 72 | 3.8 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 17 | 1.6 | 34 | 3.1 |
| California | 12,569 | 389 | 3.1 | 661 | 5.3 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 61 | 3.6 | 113 | 6.7 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 40 | 3.1 | 60 | 4.7 |
| Delaware | 314 | 7! | 2.2 ! | 11 | 3.5 |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 10 | 4.0 | 27 | 11.2 |
| Florida | 6,497 | 215 | 3.3 | 189 | 2.9 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 75 | 2.3 | 88 | 2.7 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 14 | 3.3 | 22 | 5.1 |
| Idaho | 516 | $6!$ | 1.1 ! | 23 | 4.4 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 102 | 2.2 | 185 | 4.0 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 74 | 3.0 | 76 | 3.1 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 26 | 2.2 | 65 | 5.6 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 36 | 3.4 | 73 | 6.8 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 23 | 1.3 | 42 | 2.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 17 | 1.0 | 63 | 3.6 |
| Maine | 529 | 13 | 2.5 | 32 | 6.0 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 61 | 2.9 | 214 | 10.2 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 79 | 3.2 | 135 | 5.4 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 118 | 3.0 | 175 | 4.5 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 62 | 3.2 | 96 | 5.0 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 25 | 2.3 | 53 | 5.0 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 78 | 3.5 | 63 | 2.8 |
| Montana | 379 | 8! | 2.0 ! | 23 | 6.0 |
| Nebraska | 665 | 16 | 2.3 | 49 | 7.3 |
| Nevada | 766 | 28 | 3.7 | 30 | 3.9 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 14 | 2.8 | 22 | 4.5 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 110 | 3.5 | 157 | 5.1 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 20 | 2.7 | 30 | 4.2 |
| New York | 7,139 | 176 | 2.5 | 275 | 3.9 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 74 | 2.3 | 136 | 4.3 |
| North Dakota | 260 | $5!$ | 1.8 ! | 14 | 5.5 |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 144 | 3.2 | 187 | 4.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 50 | 3.6 | 57 | 4.2 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 46 | 3.4 | 58 | 4.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 92 | 2.0 | 218 | 4.6 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 12 | 2.9 | 11 | 2.7 |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 41 | 2.6 | 51 | 3.2 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 7! | 2.4 ! | 13 | 4.4 |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 34 | 1.5 | 70 | 3.2 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 172 | 2.2 | 329 | 4.1 |
| Utah | 728 | 18 | 2.4 | 28 | 3.9 |
| Vermont | 249 | 8! | 3.3 ! | 13 | 5.3 |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 105 | 3.7 | 178 | 6.2 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 71 | 3.0 | 149 | 6.3 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 11 | 1.5 | 20 | 2.6 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 66 | 3.1 | 95 | 4.4 |
| Wyoming | 205 | $6!$ | 2.8 ! | 14 | 6.8 |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 16. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to use a computer or the Internet, or to learn how to use a computer or the Internet, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  | Total number of households | Households that used computer or | o use a | Households that used a p to use a compute | arn how |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 9,677 | 8.9 | 1,749 | 1.6 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 94 | 5.3 | 17 | 0.9 |
| Alaska | 230 | 25 | 10.7 | 4! | 1.6 ! |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 213 | 11.1 | 32 | 1.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 60 | 5.5 | 4! | 0.4 ! |
| California | 12,569 | 1,188 | 9.4 | 280 | 2.2 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 173 | 10.3 | 16 | 0.9 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 97 | 7.6 | 22 | 1.7 |
| Delaware | 314 | 19 | 6.1 | $2!$ | 0.8 ! |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 24 | 9.7 | 6! | $2.4!$ |
| Florida | 6,497 | 593 | 9.1 | 127 | 2.0 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 269 | 8.4 | 34 | 1.1 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 36 | 8.6 | $3!$ | 0.8 ! |
| Idaho | 516 | 38 | 7.4 | 5! | 1.1 ! |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 498 | 10.7 | 113 | 2.4 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 246 | 10.2 | 22 | 0.9 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 103 | 8.9 | 13 | 1.1 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 121 | 11.3 | 22 | 2.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 117 | 6.9 | 19 | 1.1 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 122 | 7.0 | 10 | 0.6 |
| Maine | 529 | 36 | 6.8 | 5! | 1.0 ! |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 222 | 10.6 | 34 | 1.6 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 212 | 8.5 | 43 | 1.7 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 400 | 10.2 | 73 | 1.9 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 174 | 9.1 | 22 | 1.2 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 109 | 10.3 | 21 | 2.0 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 247 | 11.0 | 41 | 1.8 |
| Montana | 379 | 33 | 8.8 | 4! | 1.1 ! |
| Nebraska | 665 | 69 | 10.4 | 11 | 1.7 |
| Nevada | 766 | 59 | 7.8 | 13 | 1.7 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 30 | 6.0 | 4! | 0.9 ! |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 281 | 9.0 | 54 | 1.8 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 64 | 8.9 | 13 | 1.8 |
| New York | 7,139 | 676 | 9.5 | 176 | 2.5 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 262 | 8.3 | 40 | 1.3 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 13 | 4.9 | 1! | 0.5 ! |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 465 | 10.4 | 69 | 1.5 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 115 | 8.4 | 23 | 1.7 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 143 | 10.5 | 19 | 1.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 332 | 7.1 | 43 | 0.9 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 36 | 9.0 | $6!$ | 1.5 ! |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 98 | 6.1 | 12 | 0.8 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 21 | 7.3 | 4! | 1.4 ! |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 131 | 5.9 | 9 | 0.4 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 611 | 7.7 | 152 | 1.9 |
| Utah | 728 | 77 | 10.6 | 7! | 1.0 ! |
| Vermont | 249 | 21 | 8.5 | 4! | 1.8 ! |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 229 | 8.0 | 41 | 1.4 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 283 | 11.9 | 24 | 1.0 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 33 | 4.3 | 5! | 0.6 ! |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 140 | 6.5 | 18 | 0.9 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 20 | 9.9 | $4!$ | 1.9 ! |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public
Libraries," 2002.

Table 17. Number and percent of households that included a disabled person and that responded that the public library had made access easier, or that reported barriers to their use of the public library, by state: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Number of households $\begin{gathered}\text { responded the public library had made access } \\ \text { easier }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Households with a disabled person that reported barriers to their use of the public library |  |
|  | Total number of households | r of households with a disabled person ${ }^{1}$ | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 9,689 | 6,331 | 65.3 | 1,633 | 16.9 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 180 | 107 | 59.6 | 35 | 19.2 |
| Alaska | 230 | 24 | 16 | 68.6 | $2!$ | 10.2 ! |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 135 | 108 | 79.8 | 21 | 15.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 156 | 92 | 59.1 | 22 | 14.3 |
| California | 12,569 | 1,041 | 650 | 62.4 | 205 | 19.7 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 130 | 90 | 69.3 | 30 | 23.1 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 108 | 83 | 76.6 | 19 | 18.0 |
| Delaware | 314 | 21 | 15 | 70.6 | 2! | 9.4 ! |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 18 | 9 | 53.6 | $2!$ | 10.2 ! |
| Florida | 6,497 | 518 | 308 | 59.5 | 101 | 19.4 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 301 | 183 | 60.7 | 40 | 13.2 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 31 | 13 | 42.3 | 3! | 10.0 ! |
| Idaho | 516 | 46 | 29 | 63.3 | 7! | 15.8 |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 326 | 218 | 67.0 | 45 | 13.8 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 198 | 130 | 65.6 | 37 | 18.7 |
| Iowa | 1,156 | 91 | 56 | 61.7 | 13 | 14.2 |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 116 | 94 | 80.6 | 11 | 9.2 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 163 | 107 | 65.6 | 44 | 27.1 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 129 | 79 | 61.6 | 16 | 12.3 |
| Maine | 529 | 50 | 32 | 62.9 | 9 | 17.9 |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 206 | 134 | 65.1 | 37 | 18.0 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 185 | 125 | 67.7 | 18 | 9.6 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 364 | 244 | 66.9 | 50 | 13.8 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 188 | 114 | 60.9 | 33 | 17.8 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 142 | 96 | 67.9 | 14 | 9.6 |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 213 | 146 | 68.2 | 41 | 19.4 |
| Montana | 379 | 49 | 41 | 84.9 | 5! | 10.5 ! |
| Nebraska | 665 | 57 | 38 | 66.2 | 12 | 20.5 |
| Nevada | 766 | 50 | 34 | 68.9 | 10 | 21.1 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 42 | 27 | 63.5 | 9 | 21.9 |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 255 | 175 | 68.9 | 43 | 17.0 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 78 | 45 | 58.4 | 16 | 20.5 |
| New York | 7,139 | 632 | 407 | 64.4 | 121 | 19.1 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 360 | 246 | 68.4 | 60 | 16.5 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 16 | 13 | 76.2 | 4! | 23.9 ! |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 459 | 302 | 65.8 | 49 | 10.8 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 155 | 105 | 68.0 | 23 | 14.6 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 109 | 76 | 70.4 | 20 | 18.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 483 | 330 | 68.4 | 57 | 11.7 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 38 | 25 | 67.5 | $6!$ | 16.1 ! |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 128 | 84 | 65.5 | 9 | 6.7 |
| South Dakota | 292 | 21 | 16 | 74.2 | 3! | 14.3 ! |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 232 | 141 | 60.8 | 39 | 16.8 |
| Texas | 7,956 | 668 | 415 | 62.1 | 163 | 24.4 |
| Utah | 728 | 51 | 37 | 73.1 | 10 | 19.3 |
| Vermont | 249 | 15 | 9 | 63.6 | 4! | 28.9 ! |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 206 | 139 | 67.3 | 29 | 13.8 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 227 | 153 | 67.5 | 45 | 19.9 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 82 | 59 | 71.7 | 18 | 22.1 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 177 | 119 | 67.1 | 20 | 11.4 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 21 | 15 | 72.9 | $2!$ | 8.9 ! |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
${ }^{1}$ "Disabled" in this study was defined as "a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition, that limits participation in the activities done by most people."
NOTE: The two response categories in this table ("made access easier" and "reported barriers") were answers to separate, independent questions asked of households that reported a disabled household member. Please see questions L22, L22a and L22b in Appendix C for the context of these responses.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries,"
2002.

Table 18. Number and percent of households with members age 55 or older that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Number of households with members age 55 or older | Households with members age 55 or older that used a public library in the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 109,148 | 41,144 | 941 | 2.3 |
| Alabama | 1,784 | 694 | 15 | 2.1 |
| Alaska | 230 | 67 | 1! | 1.5 ! |
| Arizona | 1,916 | 682 | 12 | 1.8 |
| Arkansas | 1,087 | 461 | $6!$ | 1.4 ! |
| California | 12,569 | 4,348 | 90 | 2.1 |
| Colorado | 1,685 | 516 | 22 | 4.2 |
| Connecticut | 1,273 | 511 | 10 | 1.9 |
| Delaware | 314 | 119 | 4! | 3.2 ! |
| District of Columbia | 243 | 94 | $2!$ | 2.6 ! |
| Florida | 6,497 | 2,674 | 57 | 2.1 |
| Georgia | 3,219 | 1,022 | 20 | 2.0 |
| Hawaii | 421 | 197 | $3!$ | 1.5 ! |
| Idaho | 516 | 172 | 4! | 2.2 ! |
| Illinois | 4,671 | 1,756 | 56 | 3.2 |
| Indiana | 2,428 | 890 | 37 | 4.2 |
| lowa | 1,156 | 410 | $6!$ | 1.5 ! |
| Kansas | 1,071 | 401 | 11 | 2.7 |
| Kentucky | 1,701 | 707 | 12 | 1.7 |
| Louisiana | 1,734 | 704 | 17 | 2.4 |
| Maine | 529 | 207 | 4! | 1.8 ! |
| Maryland | 2,101 | 848 | 17 | 2.0 |
| Massachusetts | 2,497 | 999 | 25 | 2.5 |
| Michigan | 3,908 | 1,451 | 25 | 1.7 |
| Minnesota | 1,912 | 648 | 28 | 4.3 |
| Mississippi | 1,059 | 431 | $5!$ | 1.1 ! |
| Missouri | 2,249 | 901 | 15 | 1.6 |
| Montana | 379 | 152 | 4! | 2.5 ! |
| Nebraska | 665 | 238 | 5! | 2.1 ! |
| Nevada | 766 | 282 | 9 | 3.0 |
| New Hampshire | 495 | 184 | 5! | 2.5 ! |
| New Jersey | 3,105 | 1,254 | 40 | 3.2 |
| New Mexico | 719 | 275 | 4! | 1.5 ! |
| New York | 7,139 | 2,985 | 84 | 2.8 |
| North Carolina | 3,160 | 1,183 | 15 | 1.2 |
| North Dakota | 260 | 104 | 1! | 0.6 ! |
| Ohio | 4,457 | 1,706 | 37 | 2.2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,380 | 558 | 11 | 2.0 |
| Oregon | 1,359 | 492 | 22 | 4.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,712 | 2,020 | 32 | 1.6 |
| Rhode Island | 397 | 167 | 4! | $2.4!$ |
| South Carolina | 1,593 | 653 | 3! | 0.4 ! |
| South Dakota | 292 | 114 | 2! | 1.7 ! |
| Tennessee | 2,234 | 814 | 3! | 0.3 ! |
| Texas | 7,956 | 2,732 | 64 | 2.3 |
| Utah | 728 | 238 | $6!$ | 2.5 ! |
| Vermont | 249 | 96 | $2!$ | 2.1 ! |
| Virginia | 2,856 | 1,046 | 43 | 4.1 |
| Washington | 2,375 | 781 | 17 | 2.1 |
| West Virginia | 760 | 340 | 10 | 2.8 |
| Wisconsin | 2,137 | 745 | 16 | 2.1 |
| Wyoming | 205 | 76 | $3!$ | 3.9 ! |

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table 19. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group, by selected household characteristics: October 2002

| Household characteristic | in thousands] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total households | Households that used a public library in the past month to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 109,148 | 2,328 | 2.1 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 24,769 | 693 | 2.8 |
| 1-2 miles | 33,124 | 705 | 2.1 |
| 3-5 miles | 32,291 | 633 | 2.0 |
| 6-10 miles | 12,250 | 215 | 1.8 |
| More than 10 miles | 6,713 | 82 | 1.2 |
| Gegraphic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 203,956 | 5,362 | 2.6 |
| Midwest | 252,054 | 5,408 | 2.1 |
| South | 396,777 | 6,845 | 1.7 |
| West | 238,692 | 5,665 | 2.4 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 242 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 27,025 | 609 | 2.3 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 61,086 | 1,369 | 2.2 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 20,795 | 338 | 1.6 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 77,757 | 1,709 | 2.2 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 12,981 | 284 | 2.2 |
| Hispanic | 9,165 | 153 | 1.7 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 3,223 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 484 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 5,538 | 130 | 2.4 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 10,584 | 76 | 0.7 |
| High school/GED | 29,576 | 271 | 0.9 |
| Some postsecondary | 32,616 | 673 | 2.1 |
| Baccalaureate | 22,512 | 655 | 2.9 |
| Advanced degree | 13,860 | 653 | 4.7 |
| Income level |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 21,831 | 341 | 1.6 |
| Middle three-fifths | 65,489 | 1,379 | 2.1 |
| Highest fifth | 21,828 | 608 | 2.8 |
| Household below poverty line | 13,320 | 187 | 1.4 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 25,987 | 581 | 2.2 |
| Single mother with children | 9,445 | 199 | 2.1 |
| Single father with children | 2,277 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 1,326 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 12,448 | 137 | 1.1 |
| Single female | 16,518 | 387 | 2.3 |
| Other household without children | 41,147 | 955 | 2.3 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 39,036 | 849 | 2.2 |
| 18-64 | 91,907 | 1,890 | 2.1 |
| 65 and older | 24,861 | 625 | 2.5 |
| Households with college student | 7,654 | 239 | 3.1 |
| Households with college or University library user | 11,289 | 507 | 4.5 |
| Households with homemaker without outside employment | 13,027 | 276 | 2.1 |
| Households with retired person | 24,581 | 671 | 2.7 |
| Households with disabled person | 9,689 | 188 | 1.9 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 20. Number and percent of households with children under age 18 that used a public library or bookmobile for an activity for children under age 13, for teenagers ages 13 to 18 , or for a school or class assignment, or used a school library in the past month, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
NOTE: Library types were not specifically defined in the survey. The determination of library types was made by survey respondents. See the glossary (appendix D) and the questionnaire (appendix C) for more details.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 21. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile for a school or class assignment in the past month, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library for a school or class assignment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 109,148 | 10,670 | 9.8 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 20,396 | 2,014 | 9.9 |
| Midwest | 25,205 | 2,681 | 10.6 |
| South | 39,678 | 3,241 | 8.2 |
| West | 23,869 | 2,735 | 11.5 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 24,769 | 2,845 | 11.5 |
| 1-2 miles | 33,124 | 3,494 | 10.5 |
| 3-5 miles | 32,291 | 3,017 | 9.3 |
| 6-10 miles | 12,250 | 941 | 7.7 |
| More than 10 miles | 6,713 | 372 | 5.5 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 242 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 27,025 | 2,816 | 10.4 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 61,086 | 6,470 | 10.6 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 20,795 | 1,361 | 6.5 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 77,757 | 6,488 | 8.3 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 12,981 | 1,651 | 12.7 |
| Hispanic | 9,165 | 1,187 | 13 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 3,223 | 463 | 14.4 |
| Other | 484 | 48 | 9.9 |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 5,538 | 833 | 15 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 10,584 | 514 | 4.9 |
| High school/GED | 29,576 | 1,930 | 6.5 |
| Some postsecondary | 32,616 | 3,853 | 11.8 |
| Baccalaureate | 22,512 | 2,674 | 11.9 |
| Advanced degree | 13,860 | 1,697 | 12.2 |
| Family income |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 21,831 | 1,337 | 6.1 |
| Middle three-fifths | 65,489 | 6,291 | 9.6 |
| Highest fifth | 21,828 | 3,042 | 13.9 |
| Household below poverty line | 13,320 | 1,307 | 9.8 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 25,987 | 6,009 | 23.1 |
| Single mother with children | 9,445 | 2,013 | 21.3 |
| Single father with children | 2,277 | 406 | 17.8 |
| Other family with children | 1,326 | 259 | 19.5 |
| Single male | 12,448 | 136 | 1.1 |
| Single female | 16,518 | 275 | 1.7 |
| Other household without children | 41,147 | 1,572 | 3.8 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 39,036 | 8,687 | 22.3 |
| 18-64 | 91,907 | 10,609 | 11.5 |
| 65 and older | 24,861 | 538 | 2.2 |
| Households with high school student | 8,376 | 2,638 | 31.5 |
| Households with college student | 7,654 | 2,079 | 27.2 |
| Households with school library user | 20,878 | 5,797 | 27.8 |
| Households with college or University library user | 11,289 | 2,972 | 26.3 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 22. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to use a computer or the Internet, or to learn how to use a computer or the Internet, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library to use a computer or the Internet |  | Households that used a public library to learn how to use a computer or the Internet |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 109,148 | 9,677 | 8.9 | 1,749 | 1.6 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 20,396 | 1,721 | 8.4 | 358 | 1.8 |
| Midwest | 25,205 | 2,496 | 9.9 | 410 | 1.6 |
| South | 39,678 | 3,107 | 7.8 | 556 | 1.4 |
| West | 23,869 | 2,352 | 9.9 | 425 | 1.8 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 242 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 27,025 | 2,708 | 10 | 573 | 2.1 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 61,086 | 5,554 | 9.1 | 938 | 1.5 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 20,795 | 1,397 | 6.7 | 233 | 1.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 77,757 | 5,860 | 7.5 | 875 | 1.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 12,981 | 1,680 | 12.9 | 342 | 2.6 |
| Hispanic | 9,165 | 1,056 | 11.5 | 330 | 3.6 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 3,223 | 348 | 10.8 | 86 | 2.7 |
| Other | 484 | 54 | 11.1 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 5,538 | 679 | 12.3 | 109 | 2 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 10,584 | 512 | 4.8 | 173 | 1.6 |
| High school/GED | 29,576 | 2,003 | 6.8 | 450 | 1.5 |
| Some postsecondary | 32,616 | 3,268 | 10 | 551 | 1.7 |
| Baccalaureate | 22,512 | 2,354 | 10.5 | 334 | 1.5 |
| Advanced degree | 13,860 | 1,540 | 11.1 | 241 | 1.7 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 21,831 | 1,624 | 7.4 | 373 | 1.7 |
| Middle three-fifths | 65,489 | 5,927 | 9.1 | 1,119 | 1.7 |
| Highest fifth | 21,828 | 2,125 | 9.7 | 257 | 1.2 |
| Household below poverty line | 13,320 | 1,381 | 10.4 | 355 | 2.7 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 25,987 | 3,707 | 14.3 | 688 | 2.6 |
| Single mother with children | 9,445 | 1,616 | 17.1 | 322 | 3.4 |
| Single father with children | 2,277 | 305 | 13.4 | 61 | 2.7 |
| Other family with children | 1,326 | 138 | 10.4 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 12,448 | 576 | 4.6 | 76 | 0.6 |
| Single female | 16,518 | 697 | 4.2 | 131 | 0.8 |
| Other household without children | 41,147 | 2,637 | 6.4 | 447 | 1.1 |
| Households with high school student | 8,376 | 1,502 | 17.9 | 295 | 3.5 |
| Households with college student | 7,654 | 1,232 | 16.1 | 162 | 2.1 |
| Households with disabled person | 9,689 | 834 | 8.6 | 177 | 1.8 |
| Household with retired person | 24,581 | 1,009 | 4.1 | 214 | 0.9 |
| Households with job-seeker | 6,893 | 1,181 | 17.1 | 241 | 3.5 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 23. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information to help find a job, by selected household characteristics: October 2002

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is derived from household size and income. Households with incomes below the poverty threshold for their household size (as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau) were classified as poor. Some households reported income in a range that straddles the poverty threshold; these households were classified as poor. The 2002 poverty threshold for a family of three persons including one related child was \$14,480.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 24. Number and percent of households with employed people that used a public library or bookmobile for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work, or who used a work library, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Households with employed people | Households that used a public library for work-related research |  | Households that used a work library |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 40,408 | 1,243 | 3.1 | 2,570 | 6.4 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 7,579 | 241 | 3.2 | 499 | 6.6 |
| Midwest | 9,724 | 323 | 3.3 | 585 | 6 |
| South | 14,307 | 377 | 2.6 | 830 | 5.8 |
| West | 8,798 | 302 | 3.4 | 657 | 7.5 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 8,911 | 330 | 3.7 | 614 | 6.9 |
| 1-2 miles | 12,123 | 381 | 3.1 | 782 | 6.5 |
| 3-5 miles | 12,224 | 373 | 3.1 | 808 | 6.6 |
| 6-10 miles | 4,652 | 92 | 2 | 258 | 5.5 |
| More than 10 miles | 2,498 | 67 | 2.7 | 109 | 4.3 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 93 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 10,544 | 387 | 3.7 | 821 | 7.8 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 22,660 | 714 | 3.2 | 1,435 | 6.3 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 7,111 | 139 | 1.9 | 311 | 4.4 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 2,056 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| High school/GED | 9,946 | 130 | 1.3 | 87 | 0.9 |
| Some postsecondary | 12,762 | 284 | 2.2 | 462 | 3.6 |
| Baccalaureate | 9,791 | 443 | 4.5 | 890 | 9.1 |
| Advanced degree | 5,853 | 372 | 6.4 | 1,123 | 19.2 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 4,647 | 100 | 2.1 | 103 | 2.2 |
| Middle three-fifths | 26,418 | 792 | 3 | 1,428 | 5.4 |
| Highest fifth | 9,343 | 351 | 3.8 | 1,040 | 11.1 |
| Household below poverty line | 2,334 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | 52 | 2.2 |
| Household with business or farm | 6,352 | 251 | 4 | 397 | 6.3 |
| Household occupation group |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 16,668 | 806 | 4.8 | 1,979 | 11.9 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 11,715 | 255 | 2.2 | 425 | 3.6 |
| Service | 4,832 | 80 | 1.7 | 88 | 1.8 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 3,158 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 3,375 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry | 660 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 25. Number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information for personal use; or to borrow books, CD ROMs, tapes; or for another reason, by selected household characteristics: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\text { Household characteristic }}$ | Total households | Households that used a public library to get information for personal use ${ }^{1}$ |  | Households that used a public library to borrow materials |  | Households that used a public library for another reason |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 109,148 | 9,355 | 8.6 | 28,871 | 26.5 | 2,345 | 2.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 77,757 | 6,961 | 9.0 | 20,817 | 26.8 | 1,679 | 2.2 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 12,981 | 1,012 | 7.8 | 3,006 | 23.2 | 246 | 1.9 |
| Hispanic | 9,165 | 474 | 5.2 | 2,108 | 23.0 | 163 | 1.8 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 3,223 | 253 | 7.9 | 1,042 | 32.3 | 67 | 2.1 |
| Other | 484 | 41 | 8.5 | 100 | 20.7 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 5,538 | 613 | 11.1 | 1,799 | 32.5 | 176 | 3.2 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 21,831 | 1,258 | 5.8 | 3,760 | 17.2 | 373 | 1.7 |
| Middle three-fifths | 65,489 | 5,478 | 8.4 | 17,330 | 26.5 | 1,376 | 2.1 |
| Highest fifth | 21,828 | 2,619 | 12.0 | 7,782 | 35.6 | 596 | 2.7 |
| Households below poverty level | 13,320 | 834 | 6.3 | 2,717 | 20.4 | 239 | 1.8 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 25,987 | 2,936 | 11.3 | 11,555 | 44.5 | 687 | 2.6 |
| Single mother with children | 9,445 | 843 | 8.9 | 3,431 | 36.3 | 203 | 2.1 |
| Single father with children | 2,277 | 167 | 7.3 | 697 | 30.6 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 1,326 | 104 | 7.8 | 415 | 31.3 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 12,448 | 722 | 5.8 | 1,375 | 11.0 | 229 | 1.8 |
| Single female | 16,518 | 1,064 | 6.4 | 2,686 | 16.3 | 356 | 2.2 |
| Other household without children | 41,147 | 3,520 | 8.6 | 8,713 | 21.2 | 776 | 1.9 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 39,036 | 4,049 | 10.4 | 16,098 | 41.2 | 985 | 2.5 |
| 18-64 | 91,907 | 8,367 | 9.1 | 26,005 | 28.3 | 2,033 | 2.2 |
| 65 and older | 24,861 | 1,525 | 6.1 | 4,635 | 18.6 | 444 | 1.8 |
| Household occupation group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 24,011 | 1,446 | 6.0 | 4,073 | 17.0 | 452 | 1.9 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 33,981 | 4,158 | 12.2 | 12,060 | 35.5 | 1,020 | 3.0 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 24,352 | 2,066 | 8.5 | 6,731 | 27.6 | 458 | 1.9 |
| Service | 10,488 | 713 | 6.8 | 2,614 | 24.9 | 177 | 1.7 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 7,009 | 436 | 6.2 | 1,495 | 21.3 | 105 | 1.5 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 7,849 | 459 | 5.9 | 1,654 | 21.1 | 128 | 1.6 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry | 1,443 | 76 | 5.3 | 244 | 16.9 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Armed forces | $\ddagger$ |  |  | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |  |  |
| Households with homemaker | 13,027 | 1,203 | 9.2 | 4,317 | 33.1 | 277 | 2.1 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Information for personal use includes information on consumer or health issues, and investments
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 26. Number and percent of households with members age 55 or older, that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for an activity for people age 55 or older, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Number of households with members age 55 or older | Households with members age 55 or older that used a public library in the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 41,144 | 941 | 2.3 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 8,422 | 206 | 2.4 |
| Midwest | 9,363 | 238 | 2.5 |
| South | 15,080 | 302 | 2 |
| West | 8,279 | 196 | 2.4 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 9,509 | 285 | 3 |
| 1-2 miles | 12,939 | 311 | 2.4 |
| 3-5 miles | 11,556 | 227 | 2 |
| 6-10 miles | 4,551 | 77 | 1.7 |
| More than 10 miles | 2,589 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 111 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 9,240 | 212 | 2.3 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 22,754 | 576 | 2.5 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 9,039 | 150 | 1.7 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 32,236 | 767 | 2.4 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 4,080 | 104 | 2.5 |
| Hispanic | 2,452 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Asian/pacific islander | 989 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 161 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 1,225 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 5,968 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| High school/GED | 12,765 | 145 | 1.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 10,641 | 275 | 2.6 |
| Baccalaureate | 6,543 | 233 | 3.6 |
| Advanced degree | 5,227 | 249 | 4.8 |
| Family income |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 10,481 | 178 | 1.7 |
| Middle three-fifths | 24,109 | 611 | 2.5 |
| Highest fifth | 6,554 | 152 | 2.3 |
| Household below poverty line | 4,765 | 62 | 1.3 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 2,031 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single mother with children | 1,023 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single father with children | 236 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 667 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 4,254 | 64 | 1.5 |
| Single female | 10,066 | 231 | 2.3 |
| Other household without children | 22,868 | 589 | 2.6 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 3,957 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| 18-64 | 23,938 | 473 | 2 |
| 65 and older | 24,861 | 633 | 2.5 |
| Households with a disabled person | 5,885 | 124 | 2.1 |
| Households with retired person | 23,835 | 664 | 2.8 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table 27. Number and percent of households with a disabled person that reported barriers to their use of the public library or bookmobile, by selected household characteristics: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Households with a disabled person that reported barriers to their use of the public library |  |  |
| Household characteristic | Households with a disabled person | Number | Percent |
| All | 9,689 | 1,633 | 16.9 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 1,808 | 286 | 15.8 |
| Midwest | 2,227 | 319 | 14.3 |
| South | 3,664 | 651 | 17.8 |
| West | 1,990 | 377 | 18.9 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 2,403 | 414 | 17.2 |
| 1-2 miles | 2,914 | 521 | 17.9 |
| 3-5 miles | 2,610 | 407 | 15.6 |
| 6-10 miles | 1,099 | 170 | 15.5 |
| More than 10 miles | 663 | 122 | 18.3 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 2,405 | 475 | 19.7 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 5,133 | 835 | 16.3 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 2,129 | 320 | 15 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 7,024 | 1,127 | 16 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 1,312 | 232 | 17.7 |
| Hispanic | 584 | 123 | 21.1 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 158 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 53 | $\ddagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 558 | 103 | 18.5 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 1,716 | 345 | 20.1 |
| High school/GED | 3,172 | 478 | 15.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 2,879 | 471 | 16.4 |
| Baccalaureate | 1,191 | 210 | 17.6 |
| Advanced degree | 731 | 130 | 17.7 |
| Income level |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 3,706 | 713 | 19.2 |
| Middle three-fifths | 5,093 | 783 | 15.4 |
| Highest fifth | 889 | 138 | 15.5 |
| Households below poverty level | 2,438 | 448 | 18.4 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 2,314 | 334 | 14.4 |
| 18-64 | 7,059 | 1,103 | 15.6 |
| 65 and older | 4,048 | 767 | 18.9 |

$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
NOTE: "Disabled" in this survey was defined as "a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition, that limits participation in the activities done by most people." SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Appendix A: Standard Error Tables

Table A-1. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month or year, or that used a school, college, university, or work library in the past month, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Used a public library in the past year |  | Used in the past month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Public library |  | School library |  | College or university library |  | Work library |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 452.7 | 0.22 | 332.1 | 0.20 | 244.4 | 0.17 | 168.9 | 0.13 | 105.6 | 0.09 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 37.5 | 1.66 | 29.3 | 1.44 | 28.5 | 1.41 | 18.4 | 0.99 | 7.6 | 0.42 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 16.6 | 4.78 | 12.7 | 4.52 | 12.3 | 4.45 | 7.6 | 3.10 | 7.0 | 2.87 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 44.3 | 1.67 | 34.8 | 1.52 | 28.3 | 1.32 | 22.3 | 1.09 | 12.4 | 0.63 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 29.5 | 2.14 | 22.6 | 1.83 | 19.6 | 1.65 | 14.8 | 1.29 | 8.5 | 0.77 |
| California | 179.8 | 118.7 | 0.65 | 96.3 | 0.61 | 72.0 | 0.51 | 59.0 | 0.43 | 37.7 | 0.29 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 43.9 | 1.77 | 34.8 | 1.68 | 26.2 | 1.40 | 21.5 | 1.19 | 15.5 | 0.89 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 39.6 | 2.03 | 31.0 | 1.95 | 24.8 | 1.71 | 17.9 | 1.32 | 11.3 | 0.87 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 16.7 | 4.06 | 13.3 | 3.64 | 10.2 | 2.99 | 8.5 | 2.57 | 4.9 | 1.52 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 14.7 | 4.62 | 12.1 | 4.21 | 6.1 | 2.44 | 8.3 | 3.17 | 7.6 | 2.95 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 80.1 | 0.90 | 64.9 | 0.83 | 45.8 | 0.65 | 33.0 | 0.49 | 20.1 | 0.30 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 52.8 | 1.26 | 41.0 | 1.10 | 37.3 | 1.03 | 24.1 | 0.72 | 13.7 | 0.42 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 20.7 | 3.55 | 16.9 | 3.31 | 12.9 | 2.77 | 10.1 | 2.26 | 6.8 | 1.57 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 23.4 | 3.21 | 17.4 | 2.86 | 15.5 | 2.65 | 10.6 | 1.95 | 7.0 | 1.32 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 71.6 | 1.07 | 60.3 | 1.02 | 45.3 | 0.86 | 33.2 | 0.67 | 19.9 | 0.42 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 52.8 | 1.48 | 43.8 | 1.43 | 31.7 | 1.17 | 20.1 | 0.79 | 12.7 | 0.52 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 38.5 | 2.11 | 29.7 | 2.06 | 25.7 | 1.90 | 17.6 | 1.42 | 11.8 | 0.99 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 36.1 | 2.21 | 27.9 | 2.11 | 23.1 | 1.89 | 18.4 | 1.58 | 12.5 | 1.12 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 37.5 | 1.72 | 29.6 | 1.51 | 26.4 | 1.39 | 18.3 | 1.02 | 9.5 | 0.55 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 40.3 | 1.74 | 31.1 | 1.54 | 24.5 | 1.29 | 17.7 | 0.97 | 11.6 | 0.66 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 23.1 | 3.17 | 18.2 | 2.89 | 15.9 | 2.65 | 11.2 | 2.00 | 8.2 | 1.50 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 50.5 | 1.58 | 39.8 | 1.52 | 29.9 | 1.27 | 23.7 | 1.05 | 21.4 | 0.96 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 50.3 | 1.46 | 43.0 | 1.39 | 28.6 | 1.05 | 22.1 | 0.84 | 17.0 | 0.66 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 64.5 | 1.17 | 50.5 | 1.07 | 41.0 | 0.93 | 31.3 | 0.75 | 19.3 | 0.48 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 49.7 | 1.64 | 37.6 | 1.58 | 32.5 | 1.46 | 22.6 | 1.10 | 14.3 | 0.73 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 31.6 | 2.23 | 24.8 | 1.99 | 21.2 | 1.79 | 15.2 | 1.36 | 10.6 | 0.97 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 50.7 | 1.54 | 40.1 | 1.45 | 28.6 | 1.15 | 22.2 | 0.93 | 11.6 | 0.51 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 19.1 | 3.73 | 14.8 | 3.33 | 11.9 | 2.85 | 9.8 | 2.42 | 7.0 | 1.78 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 27.1 | 2.83 | 21.0 | 2.62 | 19.6 | 2.51 | 13.2 | 1.86 | 10.2 | 1.47 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 29.0 | 2.64 | 23.1 | 2.47 | 19.0 | 2.19 | 13.1 | 1.61 | 7.9 | 1.02 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 22.6 | 3.28 | 18.1 | 3.03 | 14.9 | 2.68 | 9.8 | 1.89 | 6.9 | 1.36 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 59.8 | 1.31 | 48.4 | 1.25 | 36.2 | 1.04 | 24.6 | 0.75 | 18.3 | 0.57 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 26.2 | 2.71 | 19.9 | 2.38 | 15.6 | 1.99 | 12.7 | 1.67 | 8.0 | 1.09 |
| New York | 130.4 | 87.7 | 0.86 | 73.5 | 0.82 | 50.3 | 0.64 | 39.6 | 0.52 | 24.3 | 0.33 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 55.0 | 1.29 | 42.0 | 1.14 | 32.8 | 0.95 | 23.6 | 0.71 | 17.0 | 0.53 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 14.8 | 4.42 | 11.1 | 3.77 | 11.7 | 3.90 | 7.9 | 2.86 | 5.5 | 2.07 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 75.4 | 1.08 | 61.2 | 1.06 | 42.7 | 0.86 | 31.7 | 0.67 | 20.0 | 0.44 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 35.1 | 1.94 | 27.4 | 1.71 | 22.9 | 1.50 | 18.0 | 1.23 | 11.1 | 0.78 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 39.2 | 1.98 | 32.1 | 1.89 | 24.1 | 1.58 | 17.8 | 1.23 | 11.1 | 0.80 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 64.8 | 1.04 | 49.4 | 0.91 | 44.1 | 0.84 | 31.1 | 0.62 | 21.6 | 0.45 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 20.3 | 3.66 | 16.8 | 3.45 | 11.4 | 2.63 | 9.2 | 2.20 | 4.7 | 1.18 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 38.5 | 1.81 | 30.1 | 1.61 | 26.3 | 1.47 | 18.0 | 1.07 | 10.4 | 0.64 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 17.4 | 4.27 | 13.8 | 3.93 | 11.1 | 3.41 | 8.2 | 2.64 | 5.2 | 1.76 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 44.1 | 1.51 | 33.9 | 1.32 | 29.6 | 1.19 | 20.3 | 0.87 | 12.3 | 0.54 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 85.0 | 0.80 | 64.4 | 0.70 | 63.9 | 0.69 | 40.4 | 0.48 | 26.6 | 0.33 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 31.1 | 2.63 | 25.4 | 2.67 | 19.0 | 2.28 | 16.8 | 2.08 | 7.8 | 1.05 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 16.4 | 4.62 | 13.5 | 4.39 | 10.2 | 3.66 | 7.8 | 2.95 | 5.3 | 2.07 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 54.9 | 1.37 | 44.8 | 1.28 | 29.8 | 0.96 | 22.9 | 0.76 | 19.5 | 0.66 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 53.8 | 1.49 | 42.4 | 1.43 | 32.2 | 1.21 | 24.4 | 0.96 | 17.8 | 0.73 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 24.5 | 2.55 | 19.1 | 2.21 | 15.8 | 1.91 | 9.9 | 1.26 | 6.5 | 0.84 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 50.5 | 1.57 | 39.6 | 1.50 | 31.6 | 1.30 | 21.4 | 0.95 | 14.2 | 0.65 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 15.8 | 5.05 | 12.6 | 4.90 | 9.8 | 4.21 | 6.3 | 2.91 | 5.4 | 2.56 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-2. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by distance from library and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Distance from library |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than 1 mile |  | 1-2 miles |  | 3-5 miles |  |
|  |  | Number of households | nt that used a public library | Number of households | that used a public library | Number of households | nt that used a public library |
| United States | 806.0 | 272.5 | 0.46 | 330.1 | 0.40 | 324.5 | 0.41 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 20.8 | 5.05 | 30.7 | 3.38 | 35.6 | 2.91 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 10.5 | 9.80 | 10.4 | 10.14 | 12.2 | 8.75 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 24.7 | 4.27 | 32.4 | 3.30 | 40.0 | 2.67 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 15.3 | 6.93 | 23.7 | 4.41 | 26.0 | 3.96 |
| California | 179.8 | 82.6 | 1.32 | 103.0 | 1.07 | 90.7 | 1.21 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 28.0 | 3.80 | 33.2 | 3.20 | 35.0 | 3.05 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 25.5 | 4.11 | 35.2 | 3.02 | 26.2 | 4.03 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 9.0 | 11.40 | 14.9 | 6.99 | 15.4 | 6.92 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 17.1 | 6.24 | 13.0 | 7.70 | 7.2 | 14.37 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 41.7 | 2.56 | 62.8 | 1.72 | 75.2 | 1.43 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 24.9 | 4.24 | 36.8 | 2.91 | 49.6 | 2.14 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 16.0 | 6.64 | 17.7 | 6.01 | 14.5 | 7.33 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 15.7 | 6.78 | 17.6 | 6.04 | 18.5 | 5.77 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 56.9 | 1.89 | 60.3 | 1.79 | 48.0 | 2.24 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 35.7 | 2.97 | 39.3 | 2.72 | 39.2 | 2.73 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 28.1 | 3.62 | 26.5 | 3.94 | 24.8 | 4.28 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 26.9 | 3.88 | 25.5 | 4.18 | 23.9 | 4.43 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 25.1 | 4.15 | 27.0 | 3.86 | 32.3 | 3.30 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 25.7 | 4.15 | 31.5 | 3.40 | 33.5 | 3.14 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 16.5 | 6.39 | 16.6 | 6.41 | 18.5 | 5.71 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 28.7 | 3.67 | 40.1 | 2.62 | 38.4 | 2.78 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 39.7 | 2.69 | 49.4 | 2.17 | 34.0 | 3.14 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 41.8 | 2.56 | 53.0 | 2.03 | 54.4 | 1.98 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 30.0 | 3.43 | 34.7 | 2.98 | 33.6 | 3.10 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 13.5 | 7.87 | 23.4 | 4.55 | 26.5 | 4.02 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 32.8 | 3.23 | 38.7 | 2.77 | 36.1 | 2.91 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 14.5 | 7.34 | 12.8 | 8.29 | 15.1 | 7.05 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 21.8 | 4.86 | 20.0 | 5.29 | 18.0 | 5.91 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 18.8 | 5.63 | 22.7 | 4.70 | 23.8 | 4.48 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 16.0 | 6.65 | 18.5 | 5.78 | 19.0 | 5.54 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 49.1 | 2.18 | 48.1 | 2.23 | 40.0 | 2.67 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 17.2 | 6.17 | 20.2 | 5.27 | 19.7 | 5.40 |
| New York | 130.4 | 86.8 | 1.26 | 66.2 | 1.63 | 54.4 | 1.98 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 25.5 | 4.17 | 35.8 | 2.99 | 51.0 | 2.10 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 13.8 | 7.69 | 11.7 | 8.98 | 8.8 | 11.91 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 51.4 | 2.07 | 58.5 | 1.81 | 50.6 | 2.10 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 25.0 | 4.26 | 29.3 | 3.59 | 27.7 | 3.83 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 25.7 | 4.09 | 31.1 | 3.43 | 29.6 | 3.60 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 51.3 | 2.09 | 55.5 | 1.93 | 54.4 | 1.92 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 16.0 | 6.67 | 17.8 | 5.98 | 15.0 | 7.10 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 19.7 | 5.41 | 28.2 | 3.78 | 34.6 | 3.08 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 13.6 | 7.85 | 12.3 | 8.65 | 11.9 | 8.98 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 21.3 | 4.93 | 30.1 | 3.55 | 39.9 | 2.68 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 53.9 | 1.98 | 74.8 | 1.45 | 77.5 | 1.37 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 19.9 | 4.84 | 23.4 | 4.44 | 21.0 | 5.04 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 12.8 | 8.33 | 12.5 | 8.51 | 12.0 | 8.85 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 29.9 | 3.47 | 44.7 | 2.40 | 43.1 | 2.49 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 35.0 | 2.96 | 36.4 | 2.89 | 40.7 | 2.62 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 15.7 | 6.79 | 19.0 | 5.52 | 21.4 | 4.87 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 31.9 | 3.31 | 36.5 | 2.91 | 35.9 | 2.95 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 11.6 | 9.02 | 11.1 | 9.50 | 10.0 | 10.57 |

See notes at end of table.

Table A-2. Standard errors for the number and percent of all households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by distance from library and state: October 2002-Continued

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  |  | [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Distance from library |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\dagger$ Not applicable
$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-3. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by metropolitan status and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | City center |  |  | Metropolitan, not city center |  |  | Non-metropolitan |  |  |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  | Number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent | Number of households | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 288.4 | 177.2 | 0.44 | 510.7 | 315.0 | 0.30 | 285.7 | 173.8 | 0.61 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 23.4 | 15.7 | 4.53 | 46.7 | 28.8 | 2.24 | 41.0 | 21.9 | 3.54 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 14.7 | 10.5 | 7.27 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 20.3 | 15.7 | 7.71 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 45.9 | 30.3 | 2.32 | 37.3 | 27.5 | 2.86 | 30.8 | 20.4 | 5.16 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 17.6 | 10.9 | 5.92 | 28.6 | 17.9 | 3.65 | 42.5 | 25.3 | 3.61 |
| California | 179.8 | 102.6 | 69.8 | 1.08 | 137.0 | 92.0 | 0.83 | 22.9 | 14.5 | 6.86 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 28.8 | 20.8 | 3.70 | 48.7 | 36.1 | 2.19 | 25.6 | 16.5 | 6.17 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 25.4 | 16.8 | 4.18 | 44.7 | 34.7 | 2.35 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Delaware | 25.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 23.2 | 15.2 | 4.57 | 14.2 | 8.3 | 10.72 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 22.8 | 14.7 | 4.62 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 123.8 | 50.8 | 33.8 | 2.10 | 107.8 | 70.8 | 1.02 | 29.6 | 15.7 | 4.88 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 21.4 | 12.8 | 4.78 | 67.9 | 45.4 | 1.59 | 54.2 | 28.4 | 2.65 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 17.4 | 10.7 | 5.94 | 18.3 | 12.9 | 5.84 | 19.8 | 14.8 | 8.01 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 14.5 | 10.8 | 7.32 | 13.7 | 10.0 | 7.78 | 32.5 | 22.3 | 4.91 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 54.1 | 38.2 | 1.99 | 74.6 | 53.9 | 1.45 | 51.2 | 31.4 | 3.04 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 33.6 | 22.9 | 3.18 | 45.1 | 33.3 | 2.37 | 55.7 | 41.0 | 2.87 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 13.7 | 11.3 | 7.24 | 31.3 | 24.3 | 3.34 | 44.3 | 33.7 | 3.57 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 24.2 | 16.9 | 4.42 | 28.9 | 23.0 | 3.56 | 36.2 | 26.8 | 4.40 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 22.4 | 14.6 | 4.71 | 34.0 | 21.7 | 3.09 | 54.7 | 32.8 | 2.82 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 29.2 | 18.8 | 3.61 | 45.8 | 31.4 | 2.34 | 34.4 | 20.1 | 4.42 |
| Maine | 33.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 20.5 | 15.2 | 5.18 | 32.6 | 21.3 | 4.85 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 23.4 | 14.6 | 4.46 | 61.0 | 46.6 | 1.74 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 36.8 | 21.6 | 2.77 | 61.7 | 43.1 | 1.75 | 20.5 | 16.6 | 7.43 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 41.8 | 27.4 | 2.55 | 75.7 | 53.3 | 1.44 | 41.0 | 27.7 | 3.90 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 22.0 | 17.5 | 4.68 | 49.5 | 39.5 | 2.08 | 42.3 | 29.3 | 3.79 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 15.0 | 11.0 | 7.07 | 22.6 | 15.9 | 4.73 | 48.0 | 30.6 | 3.28 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 31.0 | 22.6 | 3.44 | 52.1 | 38.2 | 2.06 | 42.1 | 29.2 | 3.81 |
| Montana | 28.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 13.6 | 9.7 | 7.83 | 30.6 | 20.2 | 5.19 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 16.8 | 12.1 | 6.34 | 23.2 | 17.2 | 4.57 | 30.0 | 20.9 | 5.33 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 22.9 | 17.0 | 4.65 | 29.6 | 20.6 | 3.62 | 19.2 | 13.8 | 8.33 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 25.7 | 17.6 | 4.15 | 24.4 | 17.3 | 6.56 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 21.4 | 13.6 | 4.91 | 80.4 | 58.1 | 1.35 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 20.6 | 14.8 | 5.17 | 20.4 | 12.7 | 5.11 | 32.3 | 21.4 | 4.92 |
| New York | 130.4 | 87.4 | 53.2 | 1.22 | 82.8 | 63.1 | 1.30 | 46.8 | 31.3 | 3.41 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 37.0 | 24.3 | 2.87 | 59.4 | 40.4 | 1.82 | 54.3 | 33.7 | 2.89 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 15.7 | 10.3 | 6.74 | 21.5 | 12.9 | 7.13 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 51.2 | 37.3 | 2.10 | 75.6 | 58.3 | 1.41 | 46.7 | 33.9 | 3.43 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 31.7 | 20.3 | 3.33 | 31.7 | 22.7 | 3.37 | 37.8 | 21.2 | 3.94 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 26.1 | 20.2 | 4.01 | 38.2 | 27.8 | 2.80 | 34.1 | 22.8 | 4.67 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 43.6 | 28.1 | 2.43 | 84.2 | 53.5 | 1.28 | 46.6 | 27.1 | 3.26 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 18.0 | 12.1 | 5.89 | 20.7 | 14.7 | 5.15 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 14.6 | 10.4 | 7.29 | 48.2 | 33.0 | 2.23 | 36.8 | 20.4 | 4.02 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 11.2 | 8.1 | 9.52 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 10.34 | 24.3 | 16.5 | 6.58 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 36.8 | 24.0 | 2.88 | 44.0 | 31.2 | 2.44 | 47.7 | 23.7 | 2.90 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 77.7 | 48.2 | 1.37 | 95.7 | 61.3 | 1.14 | 62.8 | 37.2 | 2.45 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 18.7 | 15.4 | 5.33 | 29.5 | 23.2 | 3.52 | 22.6 | 16.8 | 7.05 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 12.0 | 8.9 | 8.84 | 24.2 | 16.9 | 6.62 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 36.8 | 24.1 | 2.88 | 59.1 | 43.1 | 1.82 | 45.0 | 28.5 | 3.49 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 33.1 | 25.8 | 3.15 | 53.6 | 40.9 | 1.98 | 41.8 | 28.1 | 3.81 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 29.0 | 18.5 | 3.63 | 34.4 | 19.7 | 4.37 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 29.1 | 21.2 | 3.66 | 48.3 | 37.1 | 2.19 | 46.3 | 32.4 | 3.46 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11.7 | 8.5 | 9.11 | 21.3 | 16.3 | 7.41 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-4. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household composition and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with children |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Two-parent household |  |  | Single mother household |  |  |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 281.1 | 222.4 | 0.42 | 152.5 | 115.3 | 0.73 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 28.5 | 22.4 | 3.64 | 19.9 | 13.8 | 5.35 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 11.7 | 10.0 | 8.05 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 16.49 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 33.1 | 26.1 | 3.13 | 19.7 | 14.8 | 5.37 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 23.3 | 17.7 | 4.53 | 12.7 | 7.8 | 8.13 |
| California | 179.8 | 87.7 | 71.3 | 1.17 | 46.9 | 36.1 | 2.25 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 29.5 | 25.0 | 3.26 | 15.6 | 11.9 | 6.74 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 25.9 | 22.6 | 3.49 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 5.14 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 12.3 | 9.6 | 8.47 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 12.89 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 6.1 | 5.1 | 16.17 | 7.2 | 5.0 | 14.76 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 54.6 | 44.1 | 1.87 | 35.4 | 26.9 | 2.99 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 40.0 | 30.6 | 2.64 | 27.2 | 20.4 | 3.90 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 14.7 | 12.7 | 6.28 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 11.28 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 17.1 | 13.9 | 5.90 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 10.86 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 49.1 | 41.4 | 1.98 | 29.6 | 23.8 | 3.45 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 34.6 | 30.2 | 2.64 | 20.8 | 17.4 | 4.68 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 25.3 | 22.3 | 3.50 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 6.62 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 24.0 | 21.2 | 3.70 | 12.7 | 10.4 | 7.86 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 27.7 | 21.4 | 3.78 | 16.9 | 13.0 | 6.20 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 27.9 | 22.8 | 3.61 | 20.2 | 14.0 | 5.29 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 15.9 | 13.5 | 6.02 | 7.6 | 6.1 | 13.34 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 32.4 | 28.3 | 2.79 | 18.4 | 16.2 | 4.87 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 34.0 | 29.4 | 2.73 | 21.3 | 16.4 | 4.93 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 45.5 | 39.3 | 2.05 | 26.8 | 20.8 | 3.90 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 33.0 | 28.9 | 2.74 | 15.3 | 13.1 | 6.14 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 21.7 | 18.1 | 4.52 | 16.7 | 13.3 | 6.16 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 31.6 | 27.4 | 2.92 | 20.3 | 17.0 | 4.81 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 12.6 | 10.5 | 7.80 | 7.3 | 5.8 | 14.03 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 19.0 | 16.6 | 4.76 | 9.9 | 8.0 | 10.27 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 21.0 | 17.0 | 4.82 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 8.99 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 16.3 | 13.7 | 5.93 | 8.5 | 7.0 | 11.72 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 43.8 | 37.2 | 2.19 | 23.8 | 17.7 | 4.46 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 18.4 | 15.1 | 5.44 | 11.3 | 7.8 | 9.44 |
| New York | 130.4 | 58.0 | 49.3 | 1.66 | 38.5 | 30.1 | 2.71 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 38.2 | 31.3 | 2.63 | 24.5 | 18.9 | 4.28 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 10.9 | 8.8 | 9.31 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 17.42 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 46.0 | 41.3 | 1.84 | 29.9 | 25.3 | 3.22 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 25.5 | 19.9 | 4.09 | 14.5 | 10.7 | 7.31 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 26.4 | 22.2 | 3.68 | 15.4 | 13.0 | 6.26 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 46.8 | 37.6 | 2.19 | 28.9 | 21.5 | 3.68 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 12.7 | 11.2 | 6.92 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 11.38 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 27.0 | 22.5 | 3.64 | 18.0 | 12.7 | 5.91 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 7.86 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 15.25 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 34.7 | 27.8 | 2.96 | 20.8 | 15.8 | 5.07 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 69.5 | 53.2 | 1.53 | 41.3 | 28.7 | 2.60 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 23.1 | 20.6 | 3.75 | 10.2 | 8.3 | 9.92 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 11.1 | 10.0 | 7.60 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 15.66 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 37.9 | 31.2 | 2.64 | 22.2 | 18.0 | 4.57 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 34.3 | 29.2 | 2.78 | 19.9 | 16.6 | 4.94 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 17.9 | 13.5 | 5.89 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 10.84 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 32.6 | 27.6 | 2.96 | 18.3 | 15.9 | 5.02 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 9.8 | 8.9 | 8.24 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 15.59 |

See Notes at end of table.

Table A-4. Standard errors for the number and percentage of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household composition and state: October 2002—Continued
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households without children |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single female household |  |  | Single male household |  |  | Other households without children |  |  |
|  |  | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  | Number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  | Number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |
|  |  | households | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 211.5 | 114.0 | 0.54 | 178.7 | 89.4 | 0.59 | 383.3 | 216.8 | 0.35 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 23.7 | 10.8 | 3.66 | 20.4 | 9.4 | 4.26 | 38.4 | 20.5 | 2.52 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 13.81 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 12.87 | 12.7 | 9.3 | 8.37 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 23.1 | 14.1 | 4.48 | 21.1 | 11.9 | 4.73 | 38.7 | 25.4 | 2.74 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 20.5 | 10.3 | 4.51 | 15.9 | 7.6 | 5.68 | 29.6 | 17.3 | 3.42 |
| California | 179.8 | 60.4 | 34.4 | 1.68 | 53.6 | 27.1 | 1.76 | 103.9 | 65.3 | 1.05 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 21.2 | 13.0 | 4.88 | 21.6 | 14.2 | 4.89 | 38.0 | 26.0 | 2.81 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 19.5 | 11.6 | 5.22 | 17.7 | 11.0 | 5.88 | 31.7 | 22.8 | 3.37 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 10.1 | 5.5 | 9.57 | 8.1 | 3.9 | 11.17 | 16.1 | 9.8 | 6.38 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 11.6 | 7.2 | 8.97 | 10.5 | 6.1 | 9.55 | 12.8 | 8.0 | 8.13 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 48.0 | 28.4 | 2.14 | 41.8 | 20.5 | 2.20 | 74.4 | 46.2 | 1.43 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 29.5 | 16.2 | 3.33 | 28.6 | 12.3 | 2.90 | 52.3 | 29.8 | 1.94 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 12.0 | 6.1 | 7.79 | 9.9 | 5.4 | 9.87 | 18.3 | 10.9 | 5.61 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 12.6 | 8.0 | 8.31 | 10.6 | 5.7 | 9.09 | 20.2 | 13.3 | 5.25 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 39.1 | 22.4 | 2.58 | 35.1 | 20.3 | 2.88 | 61.5 | 40.2 | 1.74 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 29.6 | 17.2 | 3.42 | 24.0 | 14.2 | 4.26 | 44.7 | 30.6 | 2.40 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 20.4 | 13.4 | 5.18 | 16.3 | 10.3 | 6.41 | 29.8 | 22.0 | 3.58 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 18.7 | 12.6 | 5.69 | 17.0 | 10.6 | 6.13 | 28.9 | 20.2 | 3.69 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 24.3 | 11.4 | 3.64 | 21.5 | 8.3 | 3.53 | 37.7 | 22.6 | 2.72 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 25.3 | 12.9 | 3.72 | 19.0 | 9.2 | 4.77 | 37.5 | 23.4 | 2.79 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 13.4 | 8.5 | 7.78 | 11.6 | 6.5 | 8.54 | 21.7 | 13.6 | 4.82 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 30.0 | 18.3 | 3.45 | 20.4 | 13.1 | 5.15 | 40.7 | 29.3 | 2.63 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 31.6 | 17.3 | 3.10 | 23.9 | 12.4 | 3.97 | 45.5 | 28.9 | 2.32 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 36.4 | 19.7 | 2.69 | 33.0 | 16.4 | 2.80 | 55.3 | 36.0 | 1.93 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 23.8 | 17.1 | 4.49 | 22.1 | 15.1 | 4.83 | 40.1 | 28.7 | 2.67 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 17.8 | 9.5 | 5.40 | 14.0 | 5.7 | 5.66 | 30.0 | 18.3 | 3.44 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 29.3 | 18.0 | 3.55 | 24.4 | 13.9 | 4.12 | 42.6 | 29.8 | 2.52 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 10.9 | 6.5 | 9.34 | 9.9 | 5.6 | 9.99 | 18.7 | 11.4 | 5.50 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 14.6 | 8.5 | 6.93 | 13.0 | 7.2 | 7.54 | 23.1 | 15.5 | 4.61 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 13.7 | 8.2 | 7.49 | 14.0 | 8.6 | 7.39 | 24.6 | 16.9 | 4.34 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 12.4 | 7.7 | 8.42 | 11.0 | 5.8 | 8.69 | 20.3 | 12.6 | 5.12 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 30.4 | 18.5 | 3.39 | 27.0 | 14.9 | 3.63 | 49.0 | 33.8 | 2.19 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 14.9 | 8.3 | 6.61 | 13.9 | 7.2 | 6.81 | 23.7 | 15.0 | 4.42 |
| New York | 130.4 | 51.9 | 28.7 | 1.92 | 42.1 | 23.4 | 2.36 | 76.6 | 49.5 | 1.41 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 31.7 | 17.6 | 3.13 | 29.6 | 15.1 | 3.17 | 51.1 | 31.4 | 2.05 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 10.1 | 5.3 | 9.41 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 9.92 | 14.4 | 8.2 | 6.98 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 39.6 | 27.7 | 2.71 | 31.8 | 19.8 | 3.29 | 61.2 | 43.0 | 1.77 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 23.7 | 12.8 | 4.11 | 18.3 | 9.5 | 5.21 | 33.3 | 20.5 | 3.13 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 20.5 | 12.8 | 5.08 | 17.8 | 9.9 | 5.56 | 33.9 | 23.2 | 3.15 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 41.1 | 20.4 | 2.26 | 35.5 | 16.5 | 2.49 | 63.4 | 37.3 | 1.63 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 12.3 | 6.8 | 7.95 | 10.4 | 5.7 | 9.40 | 18.1 | 11.8 | 5.85 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 22.3 | 13.6 | 4.63 | 19.0 | 9.3 | 4.82 | 37.7 | 22.3 | 2.71 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 10.1 | 6.1 | 10.12 | 8.1 | 3.8 | 10.86 | 15.9 | 10.4 | 6.67 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 25.4 | 13.1 | 3.72 | 23.7 | 10.1 | 3.48 | 43.0 | 23.6 | 2.30 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 46.0 | 23.3 | 2.05 | 43.4 | 20.2 | 2.05 | 78.4 | 44.6 | 1.31 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 12.2 | 8.1 | 8.71 | 11.0 | 5.6 | 8.46 | 24.4 | 18.5 | 4.33 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 9.9 | 6.0 | 10.43 | 7.7 | 4.7 | 13.52 | 14.0 | 8.9 | 7.47 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 30.7 | 20.5 | 3.46 | 24.7 | 13.4 | 3.96 | 49.8 | 31.3 | 2.11 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 27.6 | 19.2 | 3.87 | 23.6 | 13.2 | 4.21 | 44.6 | 32.4 | 2.40 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 16.9 | 7.8 | 5.17 | 12.9 | 5.9 | 6.73 | 26.5 | 15.4 | 3.83 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 24.7 | 15.2 | 4.19 | 24.4 | 14.7 | 4.21 | 43.3 | 31.6 | 2.47 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 13.28 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 13.32 | 13.0 | 9.3 | 8.20 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-5. Standard errors for the number and percent of households with a homemaker that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by state: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Presence of a homemaker |  |  |  |
|  | Total number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |  |
| State |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 183.6 | 128.3 | 0.64 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 22.2 | 15.4 | 4.80 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 12.83 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 24.0 | 16.1 | 4.43 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 15.1 | 9.1 | 6.76 |
| California | 179.8 | 63.3 | 46.7 | 1.70 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 21.6 | 16.0 | 4.92 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 15.8 | 12.7 | 6.44 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 8.1 | 5.4 | 13.09 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 18.54 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 39.7 | 27.4 | 2.69 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 31.2 | 21.4 | 3.42 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 9.7 | 6.9 | 11.03 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 11.3 | 7.9 | 9.43 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 34.4 | 25.8 | 3.09 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 23.7 | 19.0 | 4.31 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 8.00 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 14.2 | 11.3 | 7.21 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 21.1 | 14.6 | 5.04 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 24.8 | 16.8 | 4.30 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 8.9 | 6.8 | 11.84 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 20.1 | 15.6 | 5.19 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 23.5 | 18.5 | 4.40 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 32.2 | 25.6 | 3.20 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 16.5 | 13.2 | 6.19 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 15.1 | 9.9 | 7.01 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 20.0 | 16.5 | 4.96 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 15.68 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 10.2 | 8.4 | 9.76 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 14.6 | 11.4 | 7.14 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 8.9 | 7.3 | 11.22 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 29.3 | 22.2 | 3.61 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 13.4 | 8.4 | 7.79 |
| New York | 130.4 | 44.1 | 32.2 | 2.43 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 27.9 | 19.3 | 3.83 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 18.98 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 30.7 | 22.9 | 3.46 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 17.0 | 11.8 | 6.26 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 17.0 | 13.1 | 6.16 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 33.6 | 25.6 | 3.14 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 12.48 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 19.2 | 14.6 | 5.49 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 18.38 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 27.8 | 18.6 | 3.82 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 51.3 | 31.9 | 2.05 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 15.5 | 13.2 | 6.12 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 16.91 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 27.0 | 20.1 | 3.93 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 24.2 | 19.0 | 4.29 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 16.3 | 10.1 | 6.33 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 18.4 | 14.7 | 5.57 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 15.63 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-6. Standard errors for the number and percent of households with children under 18 that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with children under 18 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of households | Households that used public libraries in the past year |  |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 369.5 | 278.4 | 0.35 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 37.2 | 27.8 | 2.86 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 6.81 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 40.6 | 31.0 | 2.60 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 27.9 | 20.1 | 3.83 |
| California | 179.8 | 106.0 | 84.5 | 1.00 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 35.5 | 29.3 | 2.80 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 32.1 | 27.9 | 2.86 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 15.5 | 11.7 | 6.79 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 10.5 | 7.9 | 10.08 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 68.5 | 53.5 | 1.54 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 50.5 | 38.1 | 2.11 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 18.0 | 15.5 | 5.18 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 20.6 | 16.5 | 4.96 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 60.3 | 49.8 | 1.66 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 42.3 | 36.3 | 2.23 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 30.1 | 26.5 | 2.95 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 28.6 | 24.8 | 3.24 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 34.3 | 26.3 | 3.07 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 36.4 | 28.4 | 2.87 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 18.6 | 15.3 | 5.35 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 39.4 | 34.0 | 2.36 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 41.8 | 34.8 | 2.36 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 54.9 | 46.2 | 1.78 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 38.1 | 33.0 | 2.42 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 29.2 | 23.2 | 3.53 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 39.7 | 33.6 | 2.43 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 15.5 | 12.8 | 6.43 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 22.6 | 19.2 | 4.24 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 25.6 | 20.3 | 4.03 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 19.3 | 16.0 | 5.12 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 51.6 | 42.6 | 1.94 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 23.7 | 18.4 | 4.41 |
| New York | 130.4 | 73.5 | 60.1 | 1.38 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 48.5 | 38.3 | 2.14 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 13.1 | 10.3 | 7.91 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 58.2 | 50.3 | 1.60 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 31.0 | 23.4 | 3.41 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 32.1 | 26.9 | 3.05 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 57.5 | 45.2 | 1.82 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 16.2 | 13.8 | 5.86 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 33.8 | 26.5 | 3.08 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 14.3 | 11.9 | 6.85 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 42.0 | 33.1 | 2.47 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 86.8 | 63.8 | 1.25 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 26.3 | 22.9 | 3.47 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 13.4 | 11.5 | 6.98 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 46.3 | 37.3 | 2.21 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 42.6 | 35.6 | 2.30 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 21.8 | 16.3 | 4.87 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 39.0 | 32.8 | 2.49 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 12.1 | 10.6 | 7.47 |

Table A-7. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by households with a disabled person and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Households with disabled person |  |
|  |  |  |  |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-8. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by households with a retired person and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  | [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Households with retired person |  |
|  |  |  |  |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-9. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by household income, or poverty status, and state: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Household income |  |  |  |  |  | Poverty status |  |
|  |  | Lowest fifth |  | Middle three-fifths |  | Highest fifth |  | Below poverty line |  |
| State | Total number of households | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 806.0 | 251.4 | 0.46 | 538.2 | 0.29 | 251.4 | 0.48 | 186.0 | 0.61 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 32.0 | 2.90 | 47.3 | 2.20 | 24.3 | 4.39 | 26.8 | 3.59 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 8.5 | 12.57 | 16.9 | 6.26 | 11.5 | 9.12 | 6.7 | 15.37 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 29.6 | 3.28 | 49.2 | 2.19 | 29.0 | 3.58 | 24.5 | 4.01 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 26.5 | 3.38 | 36.8 | 2.87 | 16.8 | 6.34 | 22.1 | 3.98 |
| California | 179.8 | 69.0 | 1.51 | 131.6 | 0.85 | 84.0 | 1.28 | 56.1 | 1.92 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 22.2 | 4.68 | 48.2 | 2.23 | 28.6 | 3.62 | 17.5 | 6.10 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 20.2 | 5.06 | 38.1 | 2.80 | 29.5 | 3.28 | 14.2 | 7.48 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 9.6 | 9.41 | 20.4 | 5.16 | 12.7 | 8.36 | 6.3 | 14.22 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 10.0 | 9.52 | 17.3 | 6.09 | 10.9 | 9.82 | 8.5 | 11.88 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 54.8 | 1.81 | 96.2 | 1.14 | 47.7 | 2.24 | 41.2 | 2.46 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 37.3 | 2.49 | 65.7 | 1.61 | 36.3 | 2.93 | 28.2 | 3.51 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 12.4 | 8.34 | 23.5 | 4.54 | 14.0 | 7.59 | 10.0 | 10.60 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 14.6 | 7.00 | 27.4 | 3.90 | 11.9 | 8.77 | 12.6 | 8.41 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 41.5 | 2.50 | 80.0 | 1.36 | 46.6 | 2.25 | 31.3 | 3.41 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 32.3 | 3.18 | 57.5 | 1.87 | 30.3 | 3.32 | 22.8 | 4.67 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 21.3 | 4.91 | 41.0 | 2.53 | 18.7 | 5.28 | 16.0 | 6.65 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 22.0 | 4.85 | 38.0 | 2.79 | 19.3 | 5.21 | 16.6 | 6.43 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 31.4 | 2.97 | 45.8 | 2.31 | 24.2 | 4.41 | 25.0 | 4.04 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 32.8 | 3.04 | 47.8 | 2.24 | 19.6 | 5.22 | 24.8 | 3.94 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 15.6 | 6.50 | 26.8 | 3.99 | 13.1 | 7.85 | 12.5 | 8.41 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 25.7 | 3.82 | 51.8 | 2.05 | 34.6 | 2.92 | 20.2 | 5.10 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 28.5 | 3.55 | 54.8 | 1.95 | 39.9 | 2.67 | 20.4 | 5.05 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 40.9 | 2.43 | 72.7 | 1.49 | 40.1 | 2.49 | 30.7 | 3.29 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 26.1 | 4.01 | 49.7 | 2.12 | 31.3 | 3.11 | 20.3 | 5.10 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 25.6 | 3.81 | 36.7 | 2.92 | 16.5 | 6.31 | 20.7 | 4.94 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 31.1 | 3.30 | 55.9 | 1.93 | 28.1 | 3.39 | 23.9 | 4.47 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 14.4 | 7.18 | 22.7 | 4.69 | 9.4 | 11.37 | 11.9 | 8.92 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 17.0 | 6.19 | 30.5 | 3.50 | 14.3 | 7.11 | 14.3 | 7.48 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 15.2 | 6.60 | 32.9 | 3.25 | 18.2 | 5.76 | 12.7 | 8.29 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 11.9 | 8.79 | 26.1 | 4.08 | 15.4 | 6.83 | 8.9 | 11.92 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 30.7 | 3.22 | 60.9 | 1.77 | 45.9 | 2.27 | 21.7 | 4.58 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 21.6 | 4.73 | 29.6 | 3.60 | 14.0 | 7.54 | 18.4 | 5.61 |
| New York | 130.4 | 57.3 | 1.74 | 94.6 | 1.16 | 60.8 | 1.72 | 43.4 | 2.35 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 40.5 | 2.51 | 64.9 | 1.66 | 32.1 | 3.32 | 31.8 | 3.18 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 11.9 | 7.66 | 19.1 | 5.53 | 7.0 | 14.94 | 8.8 | 11.06 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 42.0 | 2.52 | 80.8 | 1.33 | 39.3 | 2.52 | 31.5 | 3.40 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 27.1 | 3.66 | 42.9 | 2.47 | 20.0 | 5.26 | 21.6 | 4.77 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 23.5 | 4.53 | 43.4 | 2.47 | 22.2 | 4.71 | 18.7 | 5.62 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 45.5 | 2.06 | 80.0 | 1.34 | 43.9 | 2.41 | 31.0 | 3.29 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 13.5 | 7.21 | 22.6 | 4.73 | 12.5 | 8.10 | 10.3 | 9.69 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 28.5 | 3.22 | 46.8 | 2.29 | 20.9 | 5.08 | 22.9 | 4.37 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 11.5 | 8.72 | 20.4 | 5.22 | 8.6 | 11.98 | 9.2 | 11.33 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 34.0 | 2.81 | 53.1 | 1.99 | 29.4 | 3.59 | 28.7 | 3.31 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 64.7 | 1.51 | 103.0 | 1.06 | 55.7 | 1.93 | 55.2 | 1.83 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 16.7 | 6.37 | 31.6 | 3.26 | 16.8 | 5.77 | 14.7 | 7.23 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 10.1 | 10.43 | 18.8 | 5.69 | 8.9 | 10.96 | 7.8 | 13.54 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 30.1 | 3.29 | 60.5 | 1.78 | 40.6 | 2.58 | 20.7 | 5.08 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 31.2 | 3.43 | 55.8 | 1.93 | 32.6 | 3.01 | 24.0 | 4.44 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 21.6 | 4.30 | 31.1 | 3.37 | 13.9 | 7.65 | 15.7 | 6.14 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 26.7 | 3.82 | 55.1 | 1.94 | 29.7 | 3.41 | 19.6 | 5.26 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 9.5 | 11.12 | 16.9 | 6.18 | 7.8 | 12.84 | 7.8 | 13.67 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-10. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by highest educational level in househol and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Highest educational level in household |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less than high school diploma |  | High school/GED |  | Some postsecondary |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 806.0 | 162.7 | 0.58 | 306.0 | 0.41 | 326.7 | 0.40 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 23.3 | 3.42 | 34.1 | 2.70 | 33.3 | 3.18 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 4.9 | 20.01 | 11.1 | 9.31 | 13.3 | 7.83 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 19.0 | 5.08 | 31.6 | 3.15 | 36.5 | 2.93 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 19.2 | 3.70 | 26.7 | 3.62 | 26.9 | 3.91 |
| California | 179.8 | 49.5 | 2.00 | 71.9 | 1.43 | 98.9 | 1.11 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 15.9 | 5.82 | 26.7 | 3.88 | 33.3 | 3.22 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 13.8 | 5.96 | 27.4 | 3.84 | 25.7 | 4.07 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 7.0 | 8.60 | 14.3 | 6.81 | 14.0 | 7.63 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 7.4 | 12.61 | 10.3 | 9.42 | 10.6 | 9.81 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 36.6 | 2.28 | 62.9 | 1.64 | 65.5 | 1.65 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 28.9 | 2.60 | 45.1 | 2.18 | 45.6 | 2.35 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 6.7 | 9.69 | 15.1 | 6.80 | 16.6 | 6.43 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 8.1 | 9.98 | 17.3 | 5.73 | 20.5 | 5.16 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 30.4 | 3.30 | 52.0 | 1.99 | 55.1 | 1.96 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 20.9 | 4.34 | 45.5 | 2.34 | 37.7 | 2.80 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 14.4 | 5.92 | 27.1 | 3.94 | 27.7 | 3.73 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 13.0 | 6.93 | 25.0 | 4.24 | 26.5 | 3.95 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 21.6 | 2.71 | 33.9 | 2.85 | 33.3 | 3.20 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 21.7 | 3.65 | 35.7 | 2.83 | 31.3 | 3.39 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 9.2 | 7.46 | 17.9 | 5.69 | 18.8 | 5.68 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 20.3 | 4.67 | 32.4 | 3.24 | 34.5 | 3.08 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 20.8 | 3.60 | 36.8 | 2.77 | 35.4 | 3.02 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 27.3 | 2.98 | 50.0 | 2.03 | 52.3 | 2.05 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 14.7 | 5.60 | 29.1 | 3.63 | 39.5 | 2.64 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 17.2 | 4.59 | 26.9 | 3.86 | 26.9 | 3.97 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 20.6 | 4.39 | 35.5 | 2.98 | 39.6 | 2.70 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 7.6 | 12.36 | 14.8 | 6.88 | 16.4 | 6.45 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 9.4 | 9.76 | 18.8 | 5.29 | 22.9 | 4.63 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 13.4 | 6.97 | 20.0 | 5.24 | 23.4 | 4.52 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 8.5 | 8.94 | 16.3 | 6.23 | 17.9 | 5.95 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 22.8 | 3.87 | 41.9 | 2.46 | 39.5 | 2.66 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 13.5 | 6.33 | 21.5 | 4.67 | 21.6 | 4.93 |
| New York | 130.4 | 41.3 | 2.19 | 64.2 | 1.63 | 62.5 | 1.73 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 28.8 | 2.86 | 45.6 | 2.25 | 44.5 | 2.41 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 6.4 | 6.92 | 12.0 | 7.65 | 14.3 | 7.37 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 26.3 | 3.78 | 57.9 | 1.86 | 52.3 | 2.02 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 16.5 | 4.11 | 30.7 | 3.26 | 31.1 | 3.42 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 14.5 | 6.96 | 24.5 | 4.22 | 32.8 | 3.27 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 29.6 | 2.66 | 61.0 | 1.61 | 49.3 | 2.17 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 11.1 | 6.90 | 15.0 | 6.99 | 14.4 | 7.41 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 19.8 | 3.09 | 32.2 | 3.07 | 32.1 | 3.33 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 6.2 | 13.86 | 13.2 | 7.71 | 14.8 | 7.21 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 25.2 | 2.87 | 37.1 | 2.58 | 36.0 | 2.97 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 49.3 | 1.60 | 67.6 | 1.48 | 73.0 | 1.49 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 9.6 | 9.91 | 18.5 | 5.75 | 24.3 | 4.21 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 5.8 | 13.13 | 12.4 | 8.00 | 11.4 | 9.32 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 22.6 | 3.94 | 41.4 | 2.40 | 40.0 | 2.67 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 17.1 | 5.56 | 32.1 | 3.30 | 44.4 | 2.40 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 15.2 | 4.08 | 25.3 | 3.80 | 20.8 | 5.14 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 18.2 | 5.18 | 36.2 | 2.92 | 38.8 | 2.74 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 5.4 | 17.88 | 11.0 | 9.57 | 13.3 | 7.78 |

See notes at end of table.

Table A-10. Standard errors for the number and percentage of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by highest educational level in household and state: October 2002—Continued
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Highest educational level in household |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number of households | Bachelor's degree |  | Advanced degree |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Percent that used a public library | Number of households | Percent that used a public library |
| United States | 806.0 | 256.3 | 0.48 | 190.4 | 0.59 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 25.6 | 4.14 | 18.9 | 5.63 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 10.5 | 9.47 | 7.5 | 12.94 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 31.2 | 3.36 | 21.0 | 4.79 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 18.3 | 5.74 | 13.5 | 7.60 |
| California | 179.8 | 80.7 | 1.33 | 64.5 | 1.63 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 30.7 | 3.36 | 24.5 | 3.94 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 25.1 | 3.99 | 22.3 | 3.96 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 11.2 | 9.53 | 9.9 | 10.70 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 9.9 | 10.76 | 12.1 | 8.78 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 55.8 | 1.93 | 38.6 | 2.70 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 36.9 | 2.90 | 25.3 | 4.16 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 14.5 | 7.32 | 11.9 | 8.80 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 14.5 | 7.21 | 10.4 | 9.32 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 47.9 | 2.20 | 34.3 | 2.86 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 27.7 | 3.51 | 23.1 | 4.17 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 22.3 | 3.98 | 16.3 | 5.26 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 22.9 | 4.30 | 16.4 | 5.79 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 22.8 | 4.66 | 20.2 | 5.15 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 26.0 | 4.10 | 17.9 | 5.76 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 14.7 | 6.89 | 12.5 | 8.21 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 31.4 | 3.05 | 29.5 | 3.32 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 35.7 | 3.00 | 32.4 | 3.14 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 38.1 | 2.68 | 32.0 | 3.13 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 31.5 | 3.16 | 22.3 | 3.59 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 18.3 | 5.80 | 13.6 | 7.67 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 30.8 | 3.31 | 25.2 | 3.84 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 13.6 | 7.80 | 8.9 | 10.84 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 17.5 | 5.90 | 12.2 | 7.54 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 19.0 | 5.52 | 12.2 | 7.80 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 15.9 | 6.59 | 11.9 | 8.12 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 42.7 | 2.46 | 32.1 | 3.00 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 16.3 | 6.39 | 12.7 | 8.38 |
| New York | 130.4 | 56.8 | 1.89 | 51.3 | 1.97 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 35.8 | 2.96 | 25.3 | 4.08 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 11.2 | 9.53 | 6.3 | 15.70 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 42.0 | 2.33 | 33.6 | 2.67 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 21.7 | 4.89 | 17.5 | 5.86 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 24.9 | 4.13 | 20.2 | 4.75 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 43.0 | 2.49 | 36.7 | 2.77 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 13.7 | 7.61 | 10.2 | 9.29 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 24.5 | 4.18 | 18.7 | 5.40 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 11.5 | 9.08 | 7.7 | 12.00 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 32.3 | 3.25 | 21.1 | 5.05 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 59.2 | 1.82 | 40.4 | 2.64 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 18.3 | 5.39 | 14.0 | 6.71 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 11.2 | 9.02 | 9.4 | 9.77 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 35.5 | 2.94 | 32.6 | 3.14 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 33.2 | 3.07 | 26.9 | 3.54 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 14.1 | 7.48 | 11.1 | 9.51 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 30.4 | 3.27 | 22.7 | 3.92 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 8.5 | 10.60 | 6.0 | 16.54 |
| SOURCE: U.S. Depa | mmerce, Bureau | urrent Populatid | y (CPS), October | sehold Us | ibraries," 2002. |

Table A-11. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by presence of high school or college student and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with high school student |  |  | Households with college student |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  | Number of households | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |
|  |  | Number of households | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 142.5 | 116.1 | 0.74 | 135.5 | 107.4 | 0.79 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 16.6 | 13.2 | 6.19 | 15.7 | 12.2 | 6.65 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 13.25 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 18.23 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 19.4 | 16.3 | 5.03 | 18.0 | 14.8 | 5.54 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 8.37 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| California | 179.8 | 48.7 | 40.1 | 2.06 | 51.4 | 40.2 | 2.04 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 15.9 | 13.2 | 6.18 | 14.9 | 10.6 | 7.15 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 15.9 | 13.5 | 6.02 | 13.6 | 10.7 | 7.60 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 6.2 | 4.7 | 17.00 | 7.1 | 5.4 | 14.84 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 5.8 | 4.7 | 17.60 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 30.4 | 25.3 | 3.23 | 28.7 | 23.7 | 3.46 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 22.0 | 16.6 | 4.80 | 20.2 | 15.3 | 5.22 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 11.71 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 12.85 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 10.14 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 9.98 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 29.4 | 24.8 | 3.30 | 28.2 | 23.1 | 3.56 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 19.8 | 17.0 | 4.72 | 15.9 | 12.8 | 6.41 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 14.7 | 12.9 | 6.14 | 13.7 | 10.7 | 7.57 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 13.3 | 11.7 | 6.66 | 12.9 | 11.4 | 6.80 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 14.2 | 11.7 | 6.99 | 14.4 | 10.9 | 7.31 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 16.1 | 12.9 | 6.36 | 16.0 | 13.6 | 5.99 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 9.57 | 8.2 | 7.0 | 11.48 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 17.0 | 13.7 | 5.99 | 16.9 | 15.7 | 4.25 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 19.4 | 16.5 | 4.91 | 16.9 | 14.5 | 5.54 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 25.5 | 22.0 | 3.66 | 25.9 | 21.0 | 3.92 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 20.2 | 17.2 | 4.70 | 17.7 | 15.2 | 5.32 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 13.8 | 11.7 | 6.93 | 11.8 | 9.2 | 8.82 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 18.3 | 16.1 | 4.89 | 18.6 | 15.2 | 5.40 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 7.8 | 6.5 | 12.57 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 15.24 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 8.64 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 9.28 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 10.2 | 8.0 | 10.14 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 10.55 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 8.4 | 7.2 | 11.32 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 13.09 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 21.9 | 18.2 | 4.52 | 21.3 | 17.9 | 4.57 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 10.2 | 8.5 | 9.59 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 10.07 |
| New York | 130.4 | 33.8 | 29.3 | 2.72 | 34.9 | 28.8 | 2.85 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 19.5 | 15.0 | 5.37 | 17.4 | 13.7 | 5.95 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 15.51 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 15.93 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 28.9 | 25.0 | 3.20 | 25.2 | 21.7 | 3.70 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 15.8 | 11.9 | 6.68 | 14.0 | 11.2 | 7.30 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 14.4 | 11.5 | 7.13 | 14.4 | 12.2 | 6.64 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 26.5 | 21.6 | 3.80 | 26.5 | 21.0 | 3.90 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 12.03 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 11.04 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 15.1 | 11.9 | 6.87 | 17.3 | 14.1 | 5.83 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 13.18 | 7.3 | 5.7 | 14.14 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 18.6 | 14.5 | 5.60 | 18.2 | 14.1 | 5.75 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 39.1 | 30.1 | 2.69 | 32.8 | 25.0 | 3.22 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 6.60 | 13.3 | 11.4 | 7.06 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 15.77 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 17.87 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 20.6 | 17.1 | 4.78 | 18.5 | 16.1 | 4.94 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 18.8 | 16.0 | 5.09 | 18.2 | 13.8 | 5.81 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 9.6 | 7.8 | 10.48 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 13.23 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 20.2 | 17.7 | 4.46 | 17.4 | 13.0 | 6.09 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 16.23 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 21.22 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-12. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, by race/ethnicity and state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  | White, non-Hispanic |  |  |  | Other race/ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |  | Households that used a public library in the past year |  |  |
|  | Total number of households | Number of households | Number | Percent | Number of households | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 614.3 | 360.7 | 0.26 | 318.4 | 193.3 | 0.41 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 53.2 | 32.0 | 1.95 | 32.2 | 19.4 | 3.20 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 18.8 | 14.2 | 5.62 | 11.8 | 8.5 | 9.03 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 53.4 | 37.4 | 2.02 | 36.1 | 23.5 | 2.93 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 42.7 | 27.0 | 2.46 | 22.8 | 11.8 | 4.16 |
| California | 179.8 | 125.8 | 83.8 | 0.89 | 117.3 | 80.3 | 0.95 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 52.6 | 39.2 | 2.03 | 29.8 | 19.5 | 3.56 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 46.2 | 35.2 | 2.29 | 24.9 | 17.9 | 4.29 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 22.2 | 14.4 | 4.76 | 13.4 | 8.4 | 7.78 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 12.7 | 8.9 | 8.42 | 18.9 | 11.7 | 5.47 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 98.8 | 66.5 | 1.11 | 69.9 | 43.3 | 1.51 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 66.8 | 41.5 | 1.58 | 50.9 | 32.2 | 2.07 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 14.8 | 11.1 | 7.15 | 26.1 | 17.5 | 4.07 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 31.6 | 22.3 | 3.39 | 10.5 | 7.0 | 10.05 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 86.9 | 59.4 | 1.26 | 53.5 | 38.9 | 2.01 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 68.4 | 50.2 | 1.58 | 25.7 | 16.3 | 4.09 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 47.5 | 36.6 | 2.22 | 15.6 | 11.9 | 6.75 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 43.9 | 32.9 | 2.43 | 19.7 | 14.7 | 5.38 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 57.6 | 34.8 | 1.81 | 19.8 | 14.0 | 5.40 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 48.9 | 33.1 | 2.19 | 36.9 | 22.8 | 2.83 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 33.1 | 22.6 | 3.22 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 16.34 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 54.4 | 41.3 | 1.95 | 40.0 | 28.8 | 2.68 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 68.0 | 46.3 | 1.59 | 29.3 | 19.3 | 3.62 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 83.4 | 57.8 | 1.31 | 41.6 | 27.9 | 2.57 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 61.5 | 47.2 | 1.72 | 19.8 | 15.2 | 5.30 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 38.9 | 25.0 | 2.72 | 27.7 | 19.2 | 3.86 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 64.9 | 46.7 | 1.67 | 26.8 | 19.3 | 3.99 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 26.8 | 18.1 | 3.97 | 9.6 | 6.4 | 11.05 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 35.0 | 24.9 | 3.06 | 14.3 | 10.6 | 7.41 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 33.0 | 23.9 | 3.23 | 23.5 | 16.4 | 4.54 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 31.5 | 21.8 | 3.39 | 8.3 | 6.0 | 12.85 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 68.5 | 50.5 | 1.57 | 46.0 | 31.3 | 2.33 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 25.6 | 17.2 | 4.15 | 29.7 | 19.7 | 3.57 |
| New York | 130.4 | 104.8 | 72.1 | 1.06 | 72.2 | 48.2 | 1.50 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 69.7 | 45.7 | 1.54 | 45.5 | 30.1 | 2.34 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 22.7 | 14.2 | 4.59 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 16.37 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 91.3 | 68.5 | 1.19 | 40.6 | 30.4 | 2.62 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 47.8 | 31.1 | 2.23 | 26.5 | 16.2 | 3.90 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 49.2 | 35.1 | 2.18 | 22.8 | 17.2 | 4.63 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 95.1 | 59.1 | 1.13 | 39.5 | 25.9 | 2.69 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 26.8 | 18.8 | 3.99 | 11.6 | 7.5 | 9.12 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 49.2 | 31.9 | 2.16 | 32.0 | 21.4 | 3.32 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 24.1 | 16.8 | 4.44 | 6.8 | 4.5 | 15.52 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 62.9 | 38.5 | 1.67 | 30.3 | 21.3 | 3.53 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 96.8 | 61.9 | 1.12 | 93.2 | 56.7 | 1.15 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 36.9 | 29.2 | 2.81 | 14.3 | 10.7 | 7.40 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 22.6 | 16.0 | 4.72 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 22.50 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 66.2 | 47.0 | 1.64 | 43.2 | 27.9 | 2.45 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 64.9 | 48.6 | 1.65 | 31.4 | 22.7 | 3.40 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 39.5 | 23.6 | 2.61 | 8.9 | 6.6 | 11.90 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 63.8 | 47.4 | 1.68 | 24.5 | 17.4 | 4.35 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 5.29 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 16.73 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-13. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information for personal use; to borrow books, CD-ROMs, or tapes; to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group; or for enjoyment or hobbies, and state: October 2002 [Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Used a public library or bookmobile in the past month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Personal use |  | Borrow material |  | Attend meeting |  | Enjoyment or hobbies |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 151.7 | 0.12 | 301.2 | 0.19 | 71.8 | 0.06 | 245.6 | 0.17 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 15.1 | 0.82 | 26.8 | 1.35 | 6.6 | 0.37 | 22.7 | 1.18 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 7.5 | 3.08 | 11.7 | 4.32 | 4.0 | 1.69 | 10.8 | 4.10 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 19.6 | 0.97 | 32.2 | 1.45 | 10.1 | 0.52 | 28.3 | 1.32 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 11.0 | 0.99 | 20.9 | 1.73 | 4.9 | 0.45 | 18.3 | 1.56 |
| California | 179.8 | 46.5 | 0.35 | 88.1 | 0.58 | 25.2 | 0.20 | 70.7 | 0.50 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 21.6 | 1.19 | 32.3 | 1.61 | 10.2 | 0.60 | 30.3 | 1.55 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 15.1 | 1.13 | 29.3 | 1.90 | 9.5 | 0.74 | 23.6 | 1.65 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 6.8 | 2.08 | 12.3 | 3.44 | 3.5 | 1.10 | 10.3 | 3.01 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 6.4 | 2.52 | 10.7 | 3.90 | 4.3 | 1.75 | 9.0 | 3.40 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 37.5 | 0.54 | 60.3 | 0.79 | 17.9 | 0.27 | 49.9 | 0.69 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 20.7 | 0.62 | 37.9 | 1.04 | 9.7 | 0.30 | 32.4 | 0.92 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 10.5 | 2.34 | 15.7 | 3.17 | 3.6 | 0.85 | 13.7 | 2.89 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 8.0 | 1.50 | 16.3 | 2.75 | 4.3 | 0.82 | 13.6 | 2.40 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 29.9 | 0.61 | 56.2 | 0.99 | 15.8 | 0.33 | 47.0 | 0.88 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 23.6 | 0.92 | 41.9 | 1.40 | 10.4 | 0.42 | 35.0 | 1.25 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 14.0 | 1.16 | 27.9 | 1.99 | 9.0 | 0.76 | 26.1 | 1.92 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 15.9 | 1.40 | 25.7 | 2.02 | 7.9 | 0.73 | 23.1 | 1.89 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 13.6 | 0.78 | 26.9 | 1.41 | 7.6 | 0.44 | 23.4 | 1.27 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 15.5 | 0.86 | 27.6 | 1.42 | 7.2 | 0.41 | 23.0 | 1.22 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 10.0 | 1.81 | 17.3 | 2.80 | 5.9 | 1.09 | 15.3 | 2.57 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 20.4 | 0.92 | 37.2 | 1.47 | 12.4 | 0.58 | 32.4 | 1.34 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 21.6 | 0.83 | 40.2 | 1.34 | 11.4 | 0.45 | 33.9 | 1.20 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 28.5 | 0.69 | 47.2 | 1.03 | 11.7 | 0.30 | 39.9 | 0.91 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 21.1 | 1.04 | 35.3 | 1.53 | 7.9 | 0.41 | 32.5 | 1.46 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 11.7 | 1.07 | 21.6 | 1.81 | 5.4 | 0.50 | 19.9 | 1.71 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 21.1 | 0.89 | 36.9 | 1.38 | 9.9 | 0.44 | 32.1 | 1.26 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 8.2 | 2.07 | 14.0 | 3.21 | 4.7 | 1.22 | 13.6 | 3.14 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 10.9 | 1.57 | 19.7 | 2.52 | 5.1 | 0.76 | 17.3 | 2.31 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 13.4 | 1.65 | 21.4 | 2.37 | 5.8 | 0.74 | 18.9 | 2.18 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 8.7 | 1.70 | 16.4 | 2.86 | 6.3 | 1.24 | 14.2 | 2.59 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 25.6 | 0.78 | 45.2 | 1.21 | 12.9 | 0.41 | 38.5 | 1.09 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 10.6 | 1.42 | 18.4 | 2.26 | 5.7 | 0.78 | 14.8 | 1.91 |
| New York | 130.4 | 35.3 | 0.47 | 69.5 | 0.80 | 21.4 | 0.30 | 55.4 | 0.69 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 23.7 | 0.72 | 38.9 | 1.08 | 10.9 | 0.34 | 33.5 | 0.96 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 5.3 | 2.00 | 10.6 | 3.64 | 2.9 | 1.10 | 8.9 | 3.18 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 35.0 | 0.73 | 57.6 | 1.04 | 14.7 | 0.32 | 50.3 | 0.96 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 15.9 | 1.10 | 25.4 | 1.62 | 8.9 | 0.63 | 23.3 | 1.52 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 20.0 | 1.36 | 30.1 | 1.83 | 9.0 | 0.65 | 27.2 | 1.73 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 24.2 | 0.50 | 45.5 | 0.85 | 13.7 | 0.29 | 39.9 | 0.77 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 8.3 | 2.00 | 15.7 | 3.33 | 4.3 | 1.07 | 13.0 | 2.92 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 15.7 | 0.95 | 28.4 | 1.55 | 7.1 | 0.44 | 25.0 | 1.41 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 7.4 | 2.42 | 13.1 | 3.82 | 3.8 | 1.30 | 11.7 | 3.53 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 15.2 | 0.66 | 32.0 | 1.27 | 7.1 | 0.32 | 26.2 | 1.08 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 31.3 | 0.38 | 58.2 | 0.65 | 13.8 | 0.17 | 47.5 | 0.55 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 14.3 | 1.83 | 24.4 | 2.63 | 6.3 | 0.85 | 20.9 | 2.43 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 7.0 | 2.69 | 12.7 | 4.24 | 4.5 | 1.77 | 11.8 | 4.05 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 24.2 | 0.80 | 41.5 | 1.23 | 12.1 | 0.42 | 35.9 | 1.11 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 25.5 | 1.00 | 39.0 | 1.37 | 10.1 | 0.42 | 36.0 | 1.30 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 9.7 | 1.24 | 17.9 | 2.11 | 4.8 | 0.63 | 14.2 | 1.75 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 21.3 | 0.94 | 36.6 | 1.44 | 9.4 | 0.44 | 33.5 | 1.36 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 7.1 | 3.24 | 12.0 | 4.79 | 3.7 | 1.78 | 10.4 | 4.41 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-14. Standard errors for the number and percent of households with children under 18 that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a program or activity for children under 13 , teenagers ages 13 to 18 , or for a school or class assignment, or used a school library in the past month, by state October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households with children under 18 | Households with children under 18 that used a public library in the past month |  |  |  |  |  | Households with children under 18 that used a school library in the past month |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Used a public library for programs for children under 13 |  | Used a public library for programs for teenagers ages 13 to 18 |  | Used a public library for a school assignment |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 369.5 | 93.7 | 0.22 | 50.4 | 0.13 | 145.4 | 0.31 | 228.8 | 0.37 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 37.2 | 8.4 | 1.28 | 7.1 | 1.08 | 16.3 | 2.28 | 27.5 | 2.87 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 14.5 | 4.0 | 3.94 | 2.5 | 2.52 | 7.1 | 6.30 | 11.6 | 7.07 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 40.6 | 11.3 | 1.41 | 5.5 | 0.72 | 16.8 | 2.00 | 27.5 | 2.63 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 27.9 | 6.5 | 1.75 | 2.1 | 0.58 | 9.7 | 2.50 | 18.6 | 3.81 |
| California | 179.8 | 106.0 | 34.2 | 0.66 | 23.1 | 0.46 | 52.5 | 0.92 | 67.3 | 1.03 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 35.5 | 12.9 | 2.04 | 6.2 | 1.04 | 15.5 | 2.38 | 24.3 | 3.01 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 32.1 | 10.8 | 2.11 | 6.5 | 1.33 | 16.5 | 2.94 | 23.5 | 3.32 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 4.57 | 2.9 | 2.54 | 6.6 | 5.29 | 9.6 | 6.66 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 10.5 | 4.8 | 8.25 | 3.4 | 6.31 | 6.2 | 9.71 | 5.6 | 9.25 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 68.5 | 21.1 | 0.94 | 11.6 | 0.54 | 32.3 | 1.33 | 43.0 | 1.55 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 50.5 | 15.4 | 1.25 | 7.1 | 0.60 | 20.9 | 1.61 | 35.5 | 2.13 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 18.0 | 6.0 | 3.74 | 4.0 | 2.54 | 10.3 | 5.57 | 12.4 | 5.92 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 20.6 | 5.4 | 2.61 | 1.8 | 0.89 | 7.6 | 3.57 | 14.8 | 5.18 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 60.3 | 21.3 | 1.20 | 11.8 | 0.70 | 32.5 | 1.63 | 43.2 | 1.79 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 42.3 | 15.1 | 1.70 | 6.8 | 0.81 | 21.7 | 2.24 | 29.4 | 2.53 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 30.1 | 8.8 | 1.99 | 4.9 | 1.15 | 13.6 | 2.86 | 24.4 | 3.37 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 28.6 | 8.3 | 2.09 | 4.8 | 1.23 | 13.6 | 3.13 | 22.0 | 3.67 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 34.3 | 9.7 | 1.70 | 4.7 | 0.85 | 12.3 | 2.09 | 25.0 | 3.11 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 36.4 | 10.3 | 1.60 | 4.5 | 0.72 | 14.0 | 2.10 | 23.5 | 2.90 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 18.6 | 6.7 | 3.86 | 2.9 | 1.78 | 8.8 | 4.79 | 14.8 | 5.52 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 39.4 | 12.6 | 1.66 | 6.8 | 0.93 | 19.7 | 2.37 | 27.4 | 2.72 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 41.8 | 15.7 | 1.80 | 6.5 | 0.79 | 21.6 | 2.28 | 27.1 | 2.54 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 54.9 | 18.7 | 1.27 | 8.6 | 0.61 | 27.0 | 1.69 | 39.0 | 1.96 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 38.1 | 11.2 | 1.59 | 6.2 | 0.91 | 17.2 | 2.27 | 31.4 | 2.62 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 29.2 | 7.4 | 1.80 | 5.5 | 1.37 | 13.6 | 3.03 | 20.4 | 3.66 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 39.7 | 12.5 | 1.63 | 6.4 | 0.87 | 18.3 | 2.22 | 28.1 | 2.70 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 15.5 | 4.9 | 4.09 | 3.4 | 2.92 | 7.0 | 5.55 | 11.2 | 6.87 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 22.6 | 6.7 | 2.70 | 2.6 | 1.10 | 10.1 | 3.81 | 18.6 | 4.42 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 25.6 | 9.6 | 2.91 | 5.2 | 1.67 | 11.8 | 3.43 | 18.1 | 4.18 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 19.3 | 6.4 | 3.47 | 2.7 | 1.54 | 9.4 | 4.73 | 13.9 | 5.54 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 51.6 | 18.1 | 1.38 | 9.5 | 0.76 | 23.6 | 1.71 | 34.4 | 2.07 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 23.7 | 5.6 | 2.06 | 4.6 | 1.73 | 11.0 | 3.73 | 14.7 | 4.40 |
| New York | 130.4 | 73.5 | 25.5 | 0.98 | 14.1 | 0.57 | 38.8 | 1.34 | 47.8 | 1.46 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 48.5 | 14.5 | 1.27 | 5.4 | 0.49 | 19.6 | 1.65 | 30.9 | 2.18 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 13.1 | 2.9 | 3.52 | 1.4 | 1.77 | 5.0 | 5.76 | 10.7 | 7.70 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 58.2 | 17.4 | 1.07 | 6.9 | 0.44 | 31.5 | 1.70 | 40.7 | 1.85 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 31.0 | 9.1 | 1.95 | 7.1 | 1.55 | 13.9 | 2.78 | 21.0 | 3.44 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 32.1 | 9.6 | 1.91 | 6.9 | 1.41 | 15.0 | 2.75 | 22.9 | 3.33 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 57.5 | 16.9 | 1.06 | 6.4 | 0.42 | 23.1 | 1.39 | 41.6 | 1.87 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 16.2 | 5.6 | 4.28 | 2.9 | 2.36 | 8.5 | 5.90 | 10.7 | 6.54 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 33.8 | 10.8 | 1.92 | 6.3 | 1.15 | 14.6 | 2.47 | 25.0 | 3.15 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 14.3 | 4.4 | 4.33 | 2.0 | 2.11 | 6.1 | 5.75 | 10.4 | 7.45 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 42.0 | 12.1 | 1.42 | 6.0 | 0.73 | 19.4 | 2.11 | 28.7 | 2.55 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 86.8 | 24.1 | 0.69 | 12.8 | 0.38 | 34.8 | 0.94 | 61.0 | 1.26 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 26.3 | 6.4 | 1.91 | 4.1 | 1.25 | 12.5 | 3.39 | 18.4 | 4.05 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 13.4 | 5.3 | 5.76 | 3.0 | 3.48 | 6.0 | 6.37 | 9.6 | 7.93 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 46.3 | 13.4 | 1.29 | 8.2 | 0.82 | 20.4 | 1.84 | 27.0 | 2.20 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 42.6 | 8.7 | 1.01 | 4.8 | 0.57 | 19.2 | 2.03 | 31.4 | 2.51 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 21.8 | 6.1 | 2.63 | 2.9 | 1.30 | 8.7 | 3.61 | 14.7 | 4.88 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 39.0 | 11.4 | 1.54 | 6.7 | 0.93 | 18.2 | 2.28 | 30.3 | 2.69 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 12.1 | 4.4 | 5.98 | 1.9 | 2.68 | 5.9 | 7.44 | 9.0 | 8.74 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-15. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work, or who used a work library in the past month, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| State | Total number of households | Households that used a public library for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work in the past month |  | Households that used a work library in the past month |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 80.9 | 0.07 | 105.6 | 0.09 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 5.3 | 0.30 | 7.6 | 0.42 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 4.1 | 1.76 | 7.0 | 2.87 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 8.6 | 0.45 | 12.4 | 0.63 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 6.0 | 0.55 | 8.5 | 0.77 |
| California | 179.8 | 28.9 | 0.23 | 37.7 | 0.29 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 11.4 | 0.67 | 15.5 | 0.89 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 9.2 | 0.71 | 11.3 | 0.87 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 3.8 | 1.20 | 4.9 | 1.52 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 4.5 | 1.83 | 7.6 | 2.95 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 21.4 | 0.32 | 20.1 | 0.30 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 12.7 | 0.39 | 13.7 | 0.42 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 5.4 | 1.26 | 6.8 | 1.57 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 3.5 | 0.67 | 7.0 | 1.32 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 14.8 | 0.31 | 19.9 | 0.42 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 12.6 | 0.51 | 12.7 | 0.52 |
| lowa | 50.1 | 7.4 | 0.64 | 11.8 | 0.99 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 8.8 | 0.81 | 12.5 | 1.12 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 7.0 | 0.41 | 9.5 | 0.55 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 6.0 | 0.34 | 11.6 | 0.66 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 5.4 | 1.00 | 8.2 | 1.50 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 11.4 | 0.53 | 21.4 | 0.96 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 13.0 | 0.51 | 17.0 | 0.66 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 15.8 | 0.40 | 19.3 | 0.48 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 11.5 | 0.59 | 14.3 | 0.73 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 7.3 | 0.68 | 10.6 | 0.97 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 12.9 | 0.56 | 11.6 | 0.51 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 4.0 | 1.05 | 7.0 | 1.78 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 5.8 | 0.86 | 10.2 | 1.47 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 7.8 | 1.00 | 7.9 | 1.02 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 5.4 | 1.09 | 6.9 | 1.36 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 15.3 | 0.48 | 18.3 | 0.57 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 6.5 | 0.89 | 8.0 | 1.09 |
| New York | 130.4 | 19.4 | 0.27 | 24.3 | 0.33 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 12.6 | 0.39 | 17.0 | 0.53 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 3.1 | 1.20 | 5.5 | 2.07 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 17.5 | 0.39 | 20.0 | 0.44 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 10.3 | 0.73 | 11.1 | 0.78 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 9.9 | 0.72 | 11.1 | 0.80 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 14.0 | 0.29 | 21.6 | 0.45 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 5.0 | 1.24 | 4.7 | 1.18 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 9.3 | 0.58 | 10.4 | 0.64 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 3.9 | 1.30 | 5.2 | 1.76 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 8.5 | 0.38 | 12.3 | 0.54 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 19.2 | 0.24 | 26.6 | 0.33 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 6.1 | 0.83 | 7.8 | 1.05 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 4.2 | 1.64 | 5.3 | 2.07 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 15.0 | 0.51 | 19.5 | 0.66 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 12.3 | 0.51 | 17.8 | 0.73 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 4.9 | 0.63 | 6.5 | 0.84 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 11.8 | 0.55 | 14.2 | 0.65 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 3.5 | 1.67 | 5.4 | 2.56 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-16. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to use a computer or the Internet, or to learn how to use a computer or the Internet, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  | Total number of households | Households that used computer or | use a | Households that used a p to use a comput | rn how |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| United States | 806.0 | 154.6 | 0.13 | 61.9 | 0.06 |
| Alabama | 62.6 | 14.2 | 0.77 | 6.0 | 0.33 |
| Alaska | 22.2 | 7.2 | 2.98 | 2.8 | 1.21 |
| Arizona | 64.9 | 21.4 | 1.05 | 8.3 | 0.43 |
| Arkansas | 48.6 | 11.3 | 1.01 | 3.0 | 0.27 |
| California | 179.8 | 50.8 | 0.38 | 24.5 | 0.19 |
| Colorado | 60.8 | 19.2 | 1.08 | 5.8 | 0.34 |
| Connecticut | 52.6 | 14.4 | 1.09 | 6.8 | 0.53 |
| Delaware | 25.9 | 6.4 | 1.97 | 2.3 | 0.72 |
| District of Columbia | 22.8 | 7.1 | 2.78 | 3.5 | 1.43 |
| Florida | 123.8 | 35.7 | 0.52 | 16.4 | 0.25 |
| Georgia | 85.0 | 24.0 | 0.71 | 8.5 | 0.26 |
| Hawaii | 30.1 | 8.8 | 1.99 | 2.7 | 0.64 |
| Idaho | 33.3 | 9.0 | 1.68 | 3.4 | 0.66 |
| Illinois | 103.5 | 32.7 | 0.66 | 15.5 | 0.33 |
| Indiana | 73.4 | 23.0 | 0.89 | 6.9 | 0.28 |
| Iowa | 50.1 | 14.8 | 1.22 | 5.2 | 0.45 |
| Kansas | 48.2 | 16.0 | 1.41 | 6.8 | 0.63 |
| Kentucky | 61.0 | 15.8 | 0.89 | 6.3 | 0.37 |
| Louisiana | 61.7 | 16.1 | 0.90 | 4.7 | 0.27 |
| Maine | 33.7 | 8.8 | 1.60 | 3.4 | 0.64 |
| Maryland | 68.1 | 21.8 | 0.98 | 8.6 | 0.40 |
| Massachusetts | 74.4 | 21.3 | 0.81 | 9.5 | 0.38 |
| Michigan | 94.1 | 29.3 | 0.71 | 12.5 | 0.32 |
| Minnesota | 64.8 | 19.3 | 0.96 | 6.9 | 0.36 |
| Mississippi | 47.9 | 15.3 | 1.36 | 6.7 | 0.63 |
| Missouri | 70.5 | 23.0 | 0.96 | 9.4 | 0.41 |
| Montana | 28.5 | 8.4 | 2.12 | 3.0 | 0.79 |
| Nebraska | 37.9 | 12.1 | 1.73 | 4.9 | 0.73 |
| Nevada | 40.7 | 11.3 | 1.41 | 5.3 | 0.69 |
| New Hampshire | 32.6 | 8.0 | 1.56 | 3.0 | 0.60 |
| New Jersey | 83.4 | 24.5 | 0.75 | 10.8 | 0.34 |
| New Mexico | 39.4 | 11.7 | 1.55 | 5.3 | 0.73 |
| New York | 130.4 | 38.2 | 0.51 | 19.4 | 0.27 |
| North Carolina | 84.2 | 23.7 | 0.72 | 9.2 | 0.29 |
| North Dakota | 23.6 | 5.2 | 1.96 | 1.7 | 0.64 |
| Ohio | 101.0 | 31.6 | 0.67 | 12.1 | 0.27 |
| Oklahoma | 54.8 | 15.7 | 1.09 | 7.1 | 0.51 |
| Oregon | 54.4 | 17.5 | 1.22 | 6.3 | 0.46 |
| Pennsylvania | 104.0 | 26.7 | 0.54 | 9.6 | 0.20 |
| Rhode Island | 29.2 | 8.7 | 2.10 | 3.6 | 0.90 |
| South Carolina | 59.0 | 14.4 | 0.88 | 5.1 | 0.32 |
| South Dakota | 25.0 | 6.7 | 2.22 | 2.9 | 0.99 |
| Tennessee | 70.2 | 16.7 | 0.73 | 4.5 | 0.20 |
| Texas | 138.5 | 36.3 | 0.44 | 18.0 | 0.22 |
| Utah | 39.6 | 12.8 | 1.67 | 4.0 | 0.54 |
| Vermont | 23.1 | 6.7 | 2.58 | 3.1 | 1.22 |
| Virginia | 79.8 | 22.2 | 0.74 | 9.4 | 0.33 |
| Washington | 72.5 | 24.6 | 0.97 | 7.2 | 0.30 |
| West Virginia | 40.5 | 8.3 | 1.07 | 3.1 | 0.41 |
| Wisconsin | 68.7 | 17.3 | 0.78 | 6.3 | 0.29 |
| Wyoming | 20.9 | 6.6 | 3.04 | 2.9 | 1.38 |

Table A-17. Standard errors for the number and percent of households that included a disabled person and that responded that the public library had made access easier, or that reported barriers to their use of the public library, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  |  | Households with disabled person that | Households with a disabled person that <br> reported barriers to their use of the public <br> library |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries," 2002.

Table A-18. Standard errors for the number and percent of households with members age 55 or older that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older, by state: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

|  |  |  | Households with members age 55 or older that used a public library in |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older |  |  |  |

Table A-19. Standard errors for number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library in the past month to attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 806 | 72 | 0.1 |
| Distance from home to public library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 273 | 39 | 0.2 |
| 1-2 miles | 330 | 39 | 0.1 |
| 3-5 miles | 325 | 37 | 0.1 |
| 6-10 miles | 177 | 21 | 0.2 |
| More than 10 miles | 126 | 13 | 0.2 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 241 | 34 | 0.2 |
| Midwest | 276 | 34 | 0.1 |
| South | 374 | 38 | 0.1 |
| West | 266 | 35 | 0.1 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 23 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 288 | 36 | 0.1 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 511 | 55 | 0.1 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 244 | 27 | 0.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 614 | 61 | 0.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 193 | 26 | 0.2 |
| Hispanic | 168 | 20 | 0.2 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 85 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 32 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 113 | 17 | 0.3 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 163 | 13 | 0.1 |
| High school/GED | 306 | 24 | 0.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 327 | 38 | 0.1 |
| Baccalaureate | 256 | 38 | 0.2 |
| Advanced degree | 190 | 38 | 0.3 |
| Income level |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 251 | 27 | 0.1 |
| Middle three fifths | 538 | 55 | 0.1 |
| Highest fifth | 251 | 36 | 0.2 |
| Household below poverty line | 186 | 20 | 0.1 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 35 | 0.1 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 21 | 0.2 |
| Single father with children | 71 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 54 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 179 | 17 | 0.1 |
| Single female | 212 | 29 | 0.2 |
| Other household without children | 383 | 45 | 0.1 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 369 | 43 | 0.1 |
| 18-64 | 701 | 64 | 0.1 |
| 65 and older | 273 | 37 | 0.1 |
| Households with college student | 136 | 23 | 0.3 |
| Households with college or University library user | 169 | 33 | 0.3 |
| Households with homemaker | 184 | 24 | 0.2 |
| Households with a retired person | 271 | 38 | 0.2 |
| Households with a disabled person | 155 | 20 | 0.2 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-20. Standard errors for number and percent of households with children under age 18 that used a public library or bookmobile for an activity for children under age 13 , for teenagers ages 13 to 18 , or for a school or class assignment, or used a school library in the past month, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Households with children under 18 | Households that used a public library |  |  |  |  |  | Used school library |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Programs for children under age 13 |  | Programs for teenagers age 13-18 |  | School assignment |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 369 | 94 | 0.2 | 50 | 0.1 | 145 | 0.3 | 229 | 0.4 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 145 | 48 | 0.5 | 26 | 0.3 | 72 | 0.7 | 94 | 0.8 |
| 1-2 miles | 171 | 52 | 0.4 | 28 | 0.2 | 80 | 0.6 | 114 | 0.7 |
| 3-5 miles | 175 | 49 | 0.4 | 26 | 0.2 | 73 | 0.5 | 117 | 0.7 |
| 6-10 miles | 101 | 27 | 0.6 | 16 | 0.4 | 42 | 0.8 | 70 | 1.1 |
| More than 10 miles | 73 | 16 | 0.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 25 | 1.0 | 52 | 1.5 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 129 | 42 | 0.6 | 21 | 0.3 | 61 | 0.7 | 86 | 0.9 |
| Midwest | 146 | 45 | 0.5 | 22 | 0.2 | 70 | 0.7 | 105 | 0.8 |
| South | 193 | 52 | 0.3 | 28 | 0.2 | 77 | 0.5 | 125 | 0.6 |
| West | 149 | 44 | 0.5 | 28 | 0.3 | 68 | 0.6 | 97 | 0.8 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 13 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11 | 7.7 |
| City center | 148 | 44 | 0.5 | 29 | 0.3 | 69 | 0.7 | 91 | 0.8 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 260 | 72 | 0.3 | 37 | 0.2 | 112 | 0.4 | 170 | 0.5 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 129 | 36 | 0.5 | 18 | 0.3 | 50 | 0.6 | 91 | 0.9 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 265 | 70 | 0.3 | 33 | 0.1 | 109 | 0.4 | 177 | 0.5 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 119 | 39 | 0.7 | 24 | 0.4 | 58 | 0.9 | 75 | 1.0 |
| Hispanic | 122 | 37 | 0.7 | 24 | 0.5 | 53 | 0.9 | 77 | 1.1 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 56 | 19 | 1.2 | 15 | 1.0 | 28 | 1.7 | 35 | 1.9 |
| Other | 22 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 9 | 3.7 | 15 | 4.9 |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 84 | 26 | 0.8 | 15 | 0.5 | 39 | 1.1 | 56 | 1.3 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 83 | 22 | 0.7 | 15 | 0.5 | 32 | 1.0 | 52 | 1.3 |
| High school/GED | 158 | 39 | 0.4 | 24 | 0.2 | 62 | 0.6 | 103 | 0.7 |
| Some postsecondary | 180 | 49 | 0.4 | 29 | 0.2 | 82 | 0.6 | 121 | 0.6 |
| Baccalaureate | 143 | 48 | 0.5 | 23 | 0.3 | 68 | 0.7 | 96 | 0.8 |
| Advanced degree | 107 | 41 | 0.8 | 19 | 0.4 | 54 | 0.9 | 75 | 1.0 |
| Income level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 116 | 32 | 0.5 | 21 | 0.3 | 45 | 0.7 | 72 | 0.9 |
| Middle three-fifths | 264 | 71 | 0.3 | 38 | 0.2 | 109 | 0.4 | 169 | 0.5 |
| Highest fifth | 154 | 49 | 0.5 | 26 | 0.3 | 76 | 0.7 | 109 | 0.7 |
| Households below poverty level | 118 | 33 | 0.5 | 22 | 0.4 | 48 | 0.7 | 75 | 0.9 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 79 | 0.3 | 41 | 0.2 | 119 | 0.4 | 183 | 0.5 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 42 | 0.4 | 24 | 0.3 | 67 | 0.6 | 98 | 0.7 |
| Single father with children | 71 | 19 | 0.8 | 13 | 0.6 | 30 | 1.2 | 47 | 1.5 |
| Other family with children | 54 | 13 | 1.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 24 | 1.6 | 35 | 2.0 |
| Households with homemaker | 149 | 50 | 0.5 | 23 | 0.3 | 60 | 0.6 | 88 | 0.7 |

[^3]Table A-21. Standard errors for number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile for a school or class assignment in the past month, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library for a school or class assignment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 806 | 163 | 0.1 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 241 | 67 | 0.3 |
| Midwest | 276 | 77 | 0.3 |
| South | 374 | 85 | 0.2 |
| West | 266 | 78 | 0.3 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 273 | 80 | 0.3 |
| 1-2 miles | 330 | 89 | 0.2 |
| 3-5 miles | 325 | 82 | 0.2 |
| 6-10 miles | 177 | 45 | 0.4 |
| More than 10 miles | 126 | 28 | 0.4 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 23 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 288 | 79 | 0.3 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 511 | 124 | 0.2 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 244 | 54 | 0.2 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 614 | 124 | 0.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 193 | 64 | 0.5 |
| Hispanic | 168 | 58 | 0.6 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 85 | 32 | 0.9 |
| Other | 32 | 10 | 2.0 |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 113 | 42 | 0.7 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 163 | 33 | 0.3 |
| High school/GED | 306 | 65 | 0.2 |
| Some postsecondary | 327 | 93 | 0.3 |
| Baccalaureate | 256 | 77 | 0.3 |
| Advanced degree | 190 | 61 | 0.4 |
| Family income |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 251 | 54 | 0.2 |
| Middle three-fifths | 538 | 122 | 0.2 |
| Highest fifth | 251 | 82 | 0.3 |
| Household below poverty line | 186 | 53 | 0.4 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 119 | 0.4 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 67 | 0.6 |
| Single father with children | 71 | 30 | 1.2 |
| Other family with children | 54 | 24 | 1.6 |
| Single male | 179 | 17 | 0.1 |
| Single female | 212 | 24 | 0.1 |
| Other household without children | 383 | 59 | 0.1 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 369 | 145 | 0.3 |
| 18-64 | 701 | 163 | 0.2 |
| 65 and older | 273 | 34 | 0.1 |
| Households with high school student | 142 | 77 | 0.7 |
| Households with college student | 136 | 68 | 0.7 |
| Households with school library user | 244 | 116 | 0.5 |
| Households with college or University library user | 169 | 81 | 0.6 | $\dagger$ Not applicable.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public
Libraries", 2002.

Table A-22. Standard errors for number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to use a computer or the Internet, or to learn how to use a computer or the Internet, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library to use a computer or the Internet |  | Households that used a public library to learn how to use a computer or the Internet |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 806 | 155 | 0.1 | 62 | 0.1 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 241 | 61 | 0.3 | 28 | 0.1 |
| Midwest | 276 | 74 | 0.3 | 30 | 0.1 |
| South | 374 | 83 | 0.2 | 35 | 0.1 |
| West | 266 | 72 | 0.3 | 30 | 0.1 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 23 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 288 | 78 | 0.3 | 35 | 0.1 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 511 | 114 | 0.2 | 45 | 0.1 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 244 | 55 | 0.3 | 22 | 0.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 614 | 117 | 0.1 | 43 | 0.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 193 | 64 | 0.5 | 29 | 0.2 |
| Hispanic | 168 | 54 | 0.6 | 30 | 0.3 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 85 | 27 | 0.8 | 14 | 0.4 |
| Other | 32 | 11 | 2.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 113 | 38 | 0.6 | 15 | 0.3 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 163 | 33 | 0.3 | 19 | 0.2 |
| High school/GED | 306 | 66 | 0.2 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 327 | 86 | 0.2 | 34 | 0.1 |
| Baccalaureate | 256 | 72 | 0.3 | 27 | 0.1 |
| Advanced degree | 190 | 58 | 0.4 | 23 | 0.2 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 251 | 60 | 0.3 | 28 | 0.1 |
| Middle three-fifths | 538 | 118 | 0.2 | 49 | 0.1 |
| Highest fifth | 251 | 68 | 0.3 | 23 | 0.1 |
| Household below poverty line | 186 | 55 | 0.4 | 28 | 0.2 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 92 | 0.3 | 39 | 0.1 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 59 | 0.6 | 26 | 0.3 |
| Single father with children | 71 | 26 | 1.0 | 11 | 0.5 |
| Other family with children | 54 | 17 | 1.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 179 | 35 | 0.3 | 13 | 0.1 |
| Single female | 212 | 39 | 0.2 | 17 | 0.1 |
| Other household without children | 383 | 77 | 0.2 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Households with high school student | 142 | 57 | 0.6 | 25 | 0.3 |
| Households with college student | 136 | 52 | 0.6 | 19 | 0.2 |
| Households with disabled person | 155 | 42 | 0.4 | 19 | 0.2 |
| Household with retired person | 271 | 47 | 0.2 | 21 | 0.1 |
| Households with job-seeker | 128 | 51 | 0.7 | 23 | 0.3 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-23. Standard errors for number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information to help find a job, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Households that used public library to get information to help find a job |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total households | Number | Percent |
| All | 806 | 67 | 0.1 |
| Region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 241 | 29 | 0.1 |
| Midwest | 276 | 34 | 0.1 |
| South | 374 | 35 | 0.1 |
| West | 266 | 35 | 0.1 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 273 | 37 | 0.1 |
| 1-2 miles | 330 | 37 | 0.1 |
| 3-5 miles | 325 | 36 | 0.1 |
| 6-10 miles | 177 | 19 | 0.1 |
| More than 10 miles | 126 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Metro |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 23 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 288 | 38 | 0.1 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 511 | 50 | 0.1 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 244 | 23 | 0.1 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 163 | 15 | 0.1 |
| High school/GED | 306 | 30 | 0.1 |
| Post high school | 327 | 38 | 0.1 |
| BA/BS | 256 | 34 | 0.1 |
| Graduate | 190 | 25 | 0.2 |
| Family income |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 251 | 30 | 0.1 |
| Middle three-fifths | 538 | 51 | 0.1 |
| Highest fifth | 251 | 30 | 0.1 |
| Households below poverty line | 186 | 29 | 0.2 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 34 | 0.1 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 25 | 0.3 |
| Single father with children | 71 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 54 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 179 | 20 | 0.2 |
| Single female | 212 | 21 | 0.1 |
| Other household without children | 383 | 40 | 0.1 |
| Ages within household | 567 | 50 | 0.1 |
| Under 18 | 369 | 45 | 0.1 |
| 18-64 | 701 | 67 | 0.1 |
| 65 and older | 273 | 18 | 0.1 |
| Households with job-seeker | 128 | 39 | 0.5 |
| Households with retired person | 271 | 19 | 0.1 |

## $\dagger$ Not applicable.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-24. Standard errors for number and percent of households with employed people that used a public library or bookmobile for a work assignment or to keep up to date at work, or who used a work library, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Households with employed people | Households that used a public library for work-related research |  | Households that used a work library |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 378 | 52 | 0.1 | 76 | 0.2 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 135 | 23 | 0.3 | 33 | 0.4 |
| Midwest | 155 | 26 | 0.3 | 35 | 0.4 |
| South | 194 | 28 | 0.2 | 42 | 0.3 |
| West | 146 | 25 | 0.3 | 38 | 0.4 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 148 | 27 | 0.3 | 36 | 0.4 |
| 1-2 miles | 176 | 29 | 0.2 | 41 | 0.3 |
| 3-5 miles | 177 | 28 | 0.2 | 42 | 0.3 |
| 6-10 miles | 103 | 14 | 0.3 | 23 | 0.5 |
| More than 10 miles | 74 | 12 | 0.5 | 15 | 0.6 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 14 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 162 | 29 | 0.3 | 42 | 0.4 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 257 | 39 | 0.2 | 56 | 0.2 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 130 | 17 | 0.2 | 26 | 0.4 |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 67 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| High school/GED | 157 | 17 | 0.2 | 14 | 0.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 181 | 25 | 0.2 | 32 | 0.2 |
| Baccalaureate | 156 | 31 | 0.3 | 44 | 0.4 |
| Advanced degree | 117 | 28 | 0.5 | 49 | 0.8 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 103 | 15 | 0.3 | 15 | 0.3 |
| Middle three-fifths | 284 | 41 | 0.2 | 56 | 0.2 |
| Highest fifth | 152 | 27 | 0.3 | 47 | 0.5 |
| Household below poverty line | 72 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11 | 0.4 |
| Household with business or farm | 122 | 23 | 0.4 | 29 | 0.4 |
| Household occupation group |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 213 | 42 | 0.2 | 66 | 0.4 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative |  |  |  |  |  |
| support | 173 | 23 | 0.2 | 30 | 0.3 |
| Service | 105 | 13 | 0.3 | 14 | 0.3 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 84 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 87 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry | 38 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

## $\dagger$ Not applicable.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-25. Standard Errors for number and percent of households that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month to get information for personal use; or to borrow books, CD ROMs, tapes; or for another reason, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Total households | Households that used a public library to get information for personal use |  | Households that used a public library to borrow materials |  | Households that used a public library for another reason |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All | 806 | 152 | 0.1 | 301 | 0.2 | 72 | 0.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 614 | 129 | 0.1 | 244 | 0.2 | 61 | 0.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 193 | 50 | 0.4 | 87 | 0.6 | 24 | 0.2 |
| Hispanic | 168 | 36 | 0.4 | 77 | 0.7 | 21 | 0.2 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 85 | 23 | 0.7 | 48 | 1.2 | 12 | 0.4 |
| Other | 32 | 9 | 1.9 | 15 | 2.7 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 113 | 36 | 0.6 | 63 | 0.9 | 19 | 0.3 |
| Family income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 251 | 52 | 0.2 | 92 | 0.4 | 28 | 0.1 |
| Middle three-fifths | 538 | 113 | 0.2 | 218 | 0.3 | 55 | 0.1 |
| Highest fifth | 251 | 76 | 0.3 | 137 | 0.5 | 36 | 0.2 |
| Households below poverty level | 186 | 42 | 0.3 | 78 | 0.5 | 23 | 0.2 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 281 | 81 | 0.3 | 171 | 0.5 | 38 | 0.1 |
| Single mother with children | 152 | 43 | 0.4 | 88 | 0.7 | 21 | 0.2 |
| Single father with children | 71 | 19 | 0.8 | 39 | 1.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 54 | 15 | 1.1 | 30 | 1.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 179 | 39 | 0.3 | 55 | 0.4 | 22 | 0.2 |
| Single female | 212 | 48 | 0.3 | 77 | 0.4 | 28 | 0.2 |
| Other household without children | 383 | 89 | 0.2 | 146 | 0.3 | 41 | 0.1 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 369 | 96 | 0.2 | 208 | 0.4 | 46 | 0.1 |
| 18-64 | 701 | 142 | 0.1 | 281 | 0.2 | 67 | 0.1 |
| 65 and older | 273 | 58 | 0.2 | 103 | 0.4 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Household occupation group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 267 | 56 | 0.2 | 96 | 0.4 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 336 | 97 | 0.3 | 175 | 0.4 | 47 | 0.1 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 270 | 67 | 0.3 | 126 | 0.4 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Service | 162 | 39 | 0.4 | 76 | 0.6 | 19 | 0.2 |
| Precision production, craft, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 137 | 31 | 0.4 | 60 | 0.7 | 17 | 0.2 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry | 56 | 13 | 0.9 | 23 | 1.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Armed forces | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Households with homemaker | 184 | 51 | 0.4 | 99 | 0.6 | 24 | 0.2 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

Table A-26. Standard errors for number and percent of households with members age 55, or older that used a public library or bookmobile in the past month for an activity for people age 55 or older, by selected household characteristics: October 2002
[Numbers in thousands]

| Household characteristic | Number of households with members age 55 or older | Households with members age 55 or older that used a public library in the past month for a program or activity for people age 55 or older |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent |
| All | 383 | 45 | 0.1 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 143 | 21 | 0.2 |
| Midwest | 152 | 23 | 0.2 |
| South | 200 | 25 | 0.2 |
| West | 142 | 20 | 0.2 |
| Distance from public library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 153 | 25 | 0.3 |
| 1-2 miles | 183 | 26 | 0.2 |
| 3-5 miles | 171 | 22 | 0.2 |
| 6-10 miles | 102 | 13 | 0.3 |
| More than 10 miles | 76 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | 15 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 151 | 21 | 0.2 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 258 | 35 | 0.2 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 149 | 18 | 0.2 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 324 | 41 | 0.1 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 96 | 15 | 0.4 |
| Hispanic | 74 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Asian/pacific islander | 46 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 19 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 52 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Highest education level in household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 118 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| High school/GED | 181 | 18 | 0.1 |
| Some postsecondary | 163 | 24 | 0.2 |
| Baccalaureate | 124 | 22 | 0.3 |
| Advanced degree | 110 | 23 | 0.4 |
| Family income |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 162 | 19 | 0.2 |
| Middle three-fifths | 268 | 36 | 0.1 |
| Highest fifth | 124 | 18 | 0.3 |
| Household below poverty line | 105 | 12 | 0.2 |
| Household composition |  |  |  |
| Two-parent household | 67 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single mother with children | 47 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single father with children | 22 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other family with children | 38 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Single male | 98 | 12 | 0.3 |
| Single female | 158 | 22 | 0.2 |
| Other household without children | 259 | 36 | 0.2 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 95 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| 18-64 | 267 | 32 | 0.1 |
| 65 and older | 273 | 37 | 0.1 |
| Households with a disabled person | 117 | 16 | 0.3 |
| Households with retired person | 266 | 38 | 0.2 |
| $\dagger$ Not applicable. |  | [ |  |

Table A-27. Standard errors for number and percent of households with a disabled person that reported barriers to their use of the public library or bookmobile, by selected household characteristics: October 2002

| [Numbers in thousands] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Household characteristic | Households with a disabled person | Households with a disabled person that reported barriers to their use of the public library |  |
|  |  | Number | Percentage |
| All | 155 | 60 | 0.6 |
| Geographic region |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 63 | 25 | 1.3 |
| Midwest | 70 | 26 | 1.1 |
| South | 91 | 37 | 0.9 |
| West | 66 | 28 | 1.3 |
| Distance from library |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 mile | 73 | 30 | 1.1 |
| 1-2 miles | 81 | 33 | 1.0 |
| 3-5 miles | 76 | 30 | 1.0 |
| 6-10 miles | 49 | 19 | 1.6 |
| More than 10 miles | 38 | 16 | 2.2 |
| Metropolitan status |  |  |  |
| Unclassified | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| City center | 73 | 32 | 1.2 |
| Metropolitan, not city center | 109 | 42 | 0.8 |
| Non_Metropolitan | 69 | 26 | 1.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-hispanic | 129 | 49 | 0.6 |
| Black, non-hispanic | 57 | 24 | 1.6 |
| Hispanic | 40 | 18 | 2.8 |
| Asian/pacific islander | 18 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other | 11 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Mixed race/ethnicity | 35 | 15 | 2.4 |
| Highest Education in the household |  |  |  |
| Less than high school | 61 | 27 | 1.4 |
| High school/GED | 84 | 32 | 0.9 |
| Some postsecondary | 80 | 32 | 1.0 |
| Baccalaureate | 51 | 21 | 1.6 |
| Advanced degree | 40 | 17 | 2.1 |
| Income level |  |  |  |
| Lowest fifth | 92 | 39 | 0.9 |
| Middle three-fifths | 108 | 41 | 0.7 |
| Highest fifth | 44 | 17 | 1.8 |
| Households below poverty level | 74 | 31 | 1.1 |
| Ages within household |  |  |  |
| Under 18 | 72 | 27 | 1.1 |
| 18-64 | 130 | 49 | 0.6 |
| 65 and older | 96 | 41 | 0.9 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

## Appendix B: Technical Notes-The Current Population Survey

## Introduction

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the source of the official government statistics on employment and unemployment. The CPS has been conducted monthly for over 50 years. Currently, it obtains interviews from between 50,000 and 60,000 households monthly, scientifically selected on the basis of area of residence to represent the nation as a whole, individual states, and other specified areas. Each household is interviewed once a month for four consecutive months one year, and again for the corresponding time period a year later. This technique makes it possible to obtain reliable month-to-month and year-to-year comparisons at a reasonable cost while minimizing the inconvenience to any one household.

Although the main purpose of the survey is to collect information on the employment situation, a very important secondary purpose is to collect information on demographic characteristics such as age, sex, race, marital status, education, family relationship, occupation, and industry. The statistics resulting from these questions serve to update similar information collected once every 10 years through the decennial census.

Census Bureau staff conducted the October 2002 "Household Use of Public Libraries" survey as a supplement to that month's Current Population Survey (CPS). While the school enrollment supplement is done every October, the library supplement is not scheduled to be conducted again.

## CPS Sample Design

The current CPS sample is selected based on 1990 census information. The first stage of the 1990 sample design created 2,007 geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSUs) that cover the entire United States. These PSUs were grouped into strata within each state. Some of these PSUs formed strata by themselves and were sampled with certainty, which is referred to as self-representing. Of the remaining nonself-representing PSUs, one PSU was selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. A total of 754 PSUs containing 2,121 counties, minor civil divisions, and independent cities were selected for the sample. The second stage of the sample design selected housing units within these PSUs.

Approximately 72,000 housing units are assigned for interview each month, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 occupied housing units, approximately 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), the residents are not found at home after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate. The interviewed households included approximately 140,000 persons. A more precise explanation regarding the CPS sample design is provided in "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household DataSampling" in any issue of Employment \& Earnings (U.S. Department of Labor monthly).

## Data Collection

The Census Bureau staff conducted interviews during the period of October 13-19, 2002. A designated "responsible" person (or "reference person") in each sample household provided the answers for that household. The school enrollment items were asked about all people 3 years old or over, as appropriate. The library use items were asked of each household concerning library use and accessibility of public library resources to people with disabilities. Personal visits are preferred in the first month in which the household is in the sample. In other months, the interview generally is conducted by telephone. Approximately 70 percent of the households in any given month are interviewed by telephone.

## Data Processing

The data processing involved a consistency edit and allocation module for all school enrollment items. The consistency edit ensured that entries within an individual record followed the correct skip pattern. Items with missing values were assigned values, if appropriate. When a response was not obtained for a particular data item, or an inconsistency in reported items is detected, an "imputed" response was entered in the field. Imputation was performed using a "hot deck" method, whereby a response from another sample person with similar demographic and economic characteristics was used for the nonresponse. The imputation procedure is performed one item at a time. In October 2002, the imputation rate for supplement items ranged from 4-7 percent per item.

## Weights

The CPS estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person. The base weight, which is the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample, is a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Almost all sample persons in the same state have the same base weight, but the weights across state are different. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is done when areas selected for the sample contain many more households than expected. The base weights are then adjusted for noninterview, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

The estimates in this report were calculated using the household weight. The household weight is equal to the family weight of the household reference person. The family weight is derived from the final weight of the reference person in each household. In most households, it is exactly the reference person's weight. However, when the reference person is a married man, for purposes of family weights, he is given the same weight as his wife. This is done so that weighted tabulations of CPS data by sex and marital status show an equal number of married women and married men with their spouses present. For more specific on CPS weights, please see the CPS Technical Paper 63RV Design and Methodology, available online at http://www.census.gov/prod/2002pubs/tp63rv.pdf.

## Standard Errors

In any sample survey, production of standard errors and significance tests is required in order to make any statements about one group being different from the next. The standard errors for the CPS are based on generalized variance functions (GVFs). The GVF is a simple model that expresses the variance as a function of the expected value of the survey estimate. The parameters of the model are estimated using direct replicate variances. These models provide a way to obtain an approximate standard error on numerous characteristics.

Most importantly, variance estimates are based on sample data and have variances of their own. The variance estimate for a survey estimate for a particular month generally has less precision than the survey estimate itself. This means that the estimates of variance for the same characteristic may vary considerably from month-to-month or for related characteristics (that might actually have nearly the same level of precision) in a given month. Therefore, some method of stabilizing these estimates of variance, for example, by generalization or by averaging over time, is needed to improve their reliability.

Experience has shown that certain groups of CPS estimates have a similar relationship between their variance and expected value. Modeling or generalization may provide more stable variance estimates by taking advantage of these similarities.

The GVF that is used to estimate the variance of an estimated population total, X , is of the form

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Var}(X)=a X^{2}+b X \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $X$ is the population total, $\hat{X}$ is the estimate of that total, and a and b are two parameters estimated using least squares regression. The rationale for this form of the GVF model is the assumption that the variance of $X$ can be expressed as the product of the variance from a simple random sample for a binomial random variable and a design effect. The design effect accounts for the effect of a complex sample design relative to a simple random sample.

The parameters, $a$ and $b$ in (1), are estimated by use of the model for relative variance

$$
\begin{equation*}
V x^{2}=a+\frac{b}{X}, \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where the relative variance $\left(\mathrm{Vx}^{2}\right)$ is the variance divided by the square of the expected value of the estimate. The $a$ and $b$ parameters are estimated by fitting a model to a group of related estimates and their estimated relative variances. The relative variances are calculated using the successive difference replication method.

The model fitting technique is an iterative weighted least squares procedure, where the weight is the inverse of the square of the predicted relative variance. The use of these weights prevents items with large relative variances from unduly influencing the estimates of the $a$ and $b$ parameters.

After the parameters $a$ and $b$ in expression (1) are determined, it is a simple matter to construct a table of standard errors of estimates for publication with a report. In practice, such tables show the standard errors that are appropriate for specific estimates, and the user is instructed to interpolate for figures not explicitly shown in the table. However, many reports present a list of the parameters, enabling data users to compute generalized variance estimates directly.

## Significance Testing

All statements in the selected findings portion of this report were tested for significance at the .05 level using two-tailed $t$-tests. For the comparisons of state-level estimates to national estimates, a t-test was performed to determine which states were significantly above or below the national average. This t-test included a Bonferroni adjustment to account for multiple comparisons being made against the national average.

## Appendix C: Questionnaire

Following is a copy of the questionnaire for the Library Use Supplement to the October 2002 Current Population Survey.

Question numbers are prefixed with an 'L' (for 'Library Use Supplement') and enclosed in "> $<$. . Each question is followed by the possible answers. The line "Blind $<\mathrm{D}\rangle$ or $<\mathrm{R}\rangle$ " is an instruction to the interviewer that "don't know" answers, or refusals to answer are not options to be read to the respondent (i.e., they are "blind"), but if those are the answers given, they are to be coded as "D" and "R," respectively.

Instructions in bold font direct the interviewer to the next question to be asked.
>LPRESUP $<$

These next questions are about your household's use of public libraries. This does not include school or college libraries, or special research libraries.
$>\mathrm{L} 1<\quad$ About how far would you say it is from your home to the closest public library?
Would you say...
$<1>$ Less than 1 mile
$<2>1$ or 2 miles
$<3>3$ to 5 miles
$<4>6$ to 10 miles
$<5>$ More than 10 miles
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L2)
====>
$>$ L2 $<\quad$ In the past month, that is since (MONTH) (DAY), has any member of your household used a public library or bookmobile for any reason?
$<1>$ Yes (Skip to L4)
$<2>$ No (Go to PROBE)
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (Go to PROBE)
====>

PROBE How about to borrow materials, take a class, to use the computers, or for activities for children? $<1>$ Yes (Go to L4) $<2>$ No
(Skip to L3)

## Blind $<$ D $>$ or $<$ R $>$ (Skip to L3)

$>$ L3 $<\quad$ Has anyone in your household used a public library or bookmobile in the past year, that is since October, 2001?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No

$$
\text { Blind }<\mathrm{D}>\text { or }<\mathrm{R}>\text { (In all cases, Skip to L22) }
$$

$$
====>
$$

$>\mathrm{L} 4<\quad$ Did this person use the library.... to borrow books, cds, or tapes?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L5)
$====>$
$>$ L5 $<\quad$ To use a computer or the internet?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L6)
$===-$
$>$ L6 $<$ To learn how to use a computer or the internet?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L7)

$$
====>
$$

$>$ L7 $<\quad$ For a program or activity for children under 13, such as a story hour?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<$ D $>$ or $<$ R $>$ (In all cases, Go to L8)
$====>$
$>\mathrm{L} 8<\quad$ For a program or activity for teenagers ages 13 to 18 ?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L9)
$===>$
$>$ L9< For a program or activity for people ages 55 and over?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L10)

$$
====>
$$

$>$ L10< To attend a lecture, meeting, or discussion group?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L11)
$==={ }^{\prime}$
$>$ L11< To borrow materials for people with physical disabilities, including visual or hearing impairments or other health impairments?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L12)
$====>$
$>$ L12 $<$ To borrow materials in a language other than English?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<$ D $>$ or $<$ R $>$ (In all cases, Go to L13)
$====>$
$>$ L13 $<~ T o ~ w o r k ~ w i t h ~ a ~ t u t o r ~ o r ~ t a k e ~ a ~ c l a s s ~ t o ~ l e a r n ~ t o ~ r e a d ? ~$
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L14)
====>
$>$ L14 $<\quad$ To learn to read or speak English as a second language?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No

Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L15)
$====>$
$>$ L15 $<\quad$ For a school or class assignment?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L16)
====>
$>$ L16 $<$ To get information to help find a job?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L17)
====>
$>$ L17 $<$ For a work assignment or to keep up to date at work?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No

Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L18)
====>
$>$ L18< To get information for personal use, such as consumer or health issues, investments, and so on?

$$
<1>\text { Yes }
$$

$$
<2>\text { No }
$$

Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L19)
$====>$
$>$ L19< For enjoyment or hobbies?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L20)
$====>$
$>$ L20 $<$ For any other reason?
$<1>$ Yes (Specify and fill-in)
$<2>$ No
Blind $<$ D $>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L21)

$$
====>
$$

$>$ L21< Has anyone in your household used the internet from outside of the library to access library resources?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& <1>\text { Yes } \\
& <2>\text { No } \\
& \text { Blind }<\mathrm{D}>\text { or }<\mathrm{R}>\text { (In all cases, Go to } \mathbf{L 2 2}) \\
& ===={ }_{-}
\end{aligned}
$$

$>$ L22< Does anyone in your household have a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition, that limits participation in the activities done by most people?
$<1>$ Yes (Go to L22a)
$<2>$ No (Skip to L23)
Blind $<$ D $>$ or $<$ R $>$ (Skip to L23)
$====>$
$>$ L22a $<$ Are any of the factors listed below barriers to their use of the public library?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
a. Insufficient accessibility to the library building or other facilities $====>$
b. Lack of assistive or adaptive devices for people with disabilities $====>$
c. Insufficient library materials for the blind or physically disabled $===={ }_{-}$
d. Other (specify) ====>

Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L22b)
$====>$
$>$ L22b $<$ Has your public library made it easier for people in your household with physical, mental, or emotional conditions to...?
$<1>$ Yes
$<2>$ No
a. Access library facilities $====>$
b. Have access to assistive or adaptive devices for people with disabilities $====>$
c. Have access to sufficient library materials for the blind and physically disabled ====>_
d. Other (specify) ====>

Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to L23)
$====>$
$>$ L23 < Have anyone in your household used any other type of library in the past month, such as a school library, a university or college library or a work library?
$<1>$ Yes (Go to L23a)
$<2>$ No (Skip to END)
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (Skip to END)
====>
$>$ L23a< What kind of library?
$<1>$ University or college library
$<2>$ Other school library
$<3>$ Work library
$<4>$ Other library (Specify)
Blind $<\mathrm{D}>$ or $<\mathrm{R}>$ (In all cases, Go to END)
$====>$

## Appendix D: Glossary

COLLEGE STUDENT. These are household members who reported being enrolled in either college or a university in the previous week (CPS variables PESCHENR and PESCHLVL).

DISABLED PERSON. As part of the library supplement, the household respondent was asked whether anyone in the household had "a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition, that limits participation in the activities done by most people." Those households in which the respondent answered "yes" to this question were classified as a household with a disabled person.

EDUCATION LEVEL. This reflects the highest education level among household members. It is derived from the CPS variable for the highest level of school completed or degree received (PEEDUCA).

FAMILY INCOME. Family income is derived from a single question asked of the household respondent. Income includes money from all sources including jobs, business, interest, rent, social security payments, and so forth that was received in the preceding 12 months. The income of all family members 15 years old and over is included. Income is reported in fourteen categories ranging from "less than $\$ 5,000$ " to " $\$ 75,000$ " or more."

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT. These are household members who reported being enrolled in high school in the previous week (CPS variables PESCHENR and PESCHLVL).

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION. Households were classified as either households with children or households without children. Those with children were further divided into twoparent households, single mother households, single father households and "others." Those without children were further divided into single male households, single female households, and "others."

HOMEMAKER. Homemakers were those household member not currently employed and whose current situation was best described as "taking care of house or family," as opposed to disabled, ill, in school or retired (CPS variable PENLFACT).

JOB SEEKER. Job seekers were those household members who answered "yes" to the question, "Have you been doing anything to find work during the last 4 weeks?" (CPS variable PULK).

METROPOLITAN STATUS. The metropolitan status used in this report is a composite of two CPS variables: Central City Status (GEMSAST) and Metropolitan Status (GEMETSTA). Those households identified as "central city" by their "Central City Status" were so classified for this report. All other households were classified as either "metropolitan, not city center" or "nonmetropolitan" according to their "Metropolitan Status."

NATIVITY / ETHNICITY. This is the status of the highest wage-earner in the household. The CPS "country of birth" variable (PENATVTY) was used to distinguish between those born in the U.S. and those born outside the U.S. The variables for parents' places of birth (PEMNTVTY and PEFNTVTY) were used to determine first and second generation status. The Hispanic/nonHispanic flag (PRHSPNON) was used to determine ethnicity.

PERSONAL USE. Respondents were asked whether any household member had used a public library "to get information for personal use, such as consumer or health issues, investments, and so on."

POVERTY. Poverty status is deduced from household size and reported household income categories. Households with reported income in categories below the poverty threshold for their household size (as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for 2002) were classified as poor, and those households with income categories above the poverty threshold were classified as not poor. Some households reported income in a range that straddles the poverty threshold. It is likely that some of these households meet the Census Bureau definition of poverty and that some do not, but the CPS data do not allow discrimination between poor and non-poor status for these households. For the purposes of this analysis, all households in an income category that straddles a poverty threshold were classified as poor. For example, the poverty threshold for a family of three persons including one related child in 2002 was $\$ 14,480$. A family of three that reported an income in the category " 12,500 to $\$ 14,999$ " is classified as poor in this analysis.

PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN. Respondents were asked whether any household member had used a public library "for a program or activity for children under 13, such as story hour."

PROGRAMS FOR TEENAGERS. Respondents were asked whether any household member had used a public library "for a program or activity for teenagers, ages 13 to 18."

RACE/ETHNICITY. Race/Ethnicity is based on the race/ethnicity of all members of the household. If more than one category of race/ethnicity was reported for household members, the household was classified as "Mixed race/ethnicity."

REGION. The geographic regions used in this report are as follows.
Northeast

| Connecticut | Maine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Massachusetts | New Hampshire |
| New Jersey | New York |
| Pennsylvania | Rhode Island |
| Vermont |  |

Midwest
Illinois
Iowa
Michigan
Missouri
North Dakota
South Dakota
Indiana
Kansas
Minnesota
Nebraska
Ohio
Wisconsin

South

| Alabama | Arkansas |
| :--- | :--- |
| Delaware | District of Columbia |
| Florida | Georgia |
| Kentucky | Louisiana |
| Maryland | Mississippi |
| North Carolina | Oklahoma |
| South Carolina | Tennessee |
| Texas | Virginia |
| West Virginia |  |

West

| Alaska | Arizona |
| :--- | :--- |
| California | Colorado |
| Hawaii | Idaho |
| Montana | Nevada |
| New Mexico | Oregon |
| Utah | Washington |
| Wyoming |  |

RETIRED PERSON. Retired persons were those household members whose status was "retired," as opposed to employed, unemployed, or disables (CPS variable PEMLR).

TYPE OF LIBRARY. Four types of libraries were used in this report: public, school, university or college and work. These categories were not precisely defined for respondents. At the beginning of the survey, respondents were told that public libraries do not include "school or college libraries, or special research libraries." After the questions about use of public libraries, respondents were asked whether anyone in the household had used "... any other type of library in the past month, such as a school library, a university or college library or a work library ..."


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Public library includes bookmobiles.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not all states can be meaningfully compared to the national average. The reliability of the estimate for any one state depends on several factors, including the number of households sampled within that state. States with larger populations provided larger samples than states with smaller populations, thus yielding more reliable estimates. So while estimates for some states may appear to be very different from the national average, the estimates are not always sufficiently reliable to be statistically significant. Large population states like Florida are more likely to be included in these comparisons than states with small populations. The comparisons listed are only those that are statistically significant. T-tests were used to determine which states were significantly above or below the national average. These $t$-tests included a Bonferroni adjustment to account for multiple comparisons being made against the national average.
    ${ }^{3}$ Respondents selected type of library from a list provided in the questionnaire. Library types were not specifically defined in the survey. See the glossary (appendix D) and the questionnaire (appendix C) for more details.

[^1]:    ${ }^{4}$ Information for personal use includes information on consumer or health issues, and investments.
    ${ }^{5}$ Race/Ethnicity is based on the race/ethnicity of all members of the household. If more than one category of race/ethnicity was reported for household members, the household was classified as "Mixed race/ethnicity."
    ${ }^{6}$ This greater use of computers at public libraries by minorities than by whites may reflect the greater availability of computers in White and Asian households. A recent NCES study reported that "[Among American school children,] White and Asians are more likely to use computers at home than are Blacks, Hispanics, and American Indians." (DeBell and Chapman 2006, p. v.)

[^2]:    ${ }^{7}$ Materials borrowed included books, CDs and tapes.

[^3]:    Not applicable.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey (CPS), October Supplement, "Household Use of Public Libraries", 2002.

