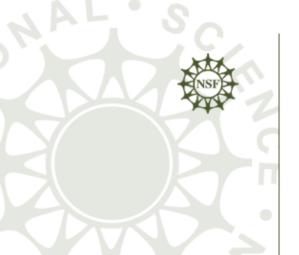
ENG Cyberinfrastructure Activities and Plans

April 19, 2007



National Science Foundation Directorate for Engineering

Abhijit Deshmukh

PD, Manufacturing Enterprise Systems/CMMI Office of Cyberinfrastructure ENG Cyberinfrastructure Working Group

Recent Developments



Cyber-enabled Discovery and Innovation NSF Priority Area (FY 2008 – 2012)

Cyber-enabled Discovery and Innovation (CDI) will broaden the Nation's capability for innovation by developing a new generation of computationally based discovery concepts and tools to deal with complex, data-rich, and interacting systems.

Conduct of science and engineering has been revolutionized by

- the infusion of computational science and simulation in the traditional experimentation-observation-analysis-theory loop, and
- by eliminating the geographic constraints for collaboration and experimentation.

Primary CDI Themes

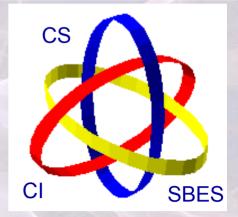
- Knowledge Extraction
- Complex Interactions
- Computational Experimentation
- Virtual Environments
- Educating Researchers and Students in Computational Discovery

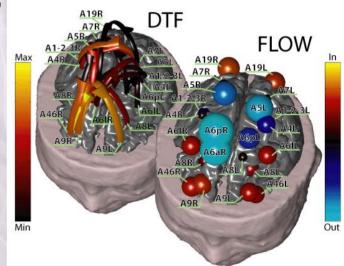




Convergence of CI, Complex Systems and Simulation Based Engineering

- Significant overlap in the core intellectual issues:
 - Predictive models design and control of complex systems
- Advances in each area depend on others
 - Tight coupling between theory, algorithms, modeling, computation, data and control
- Relevant CDI focus areas
 - Complex interactions
 - Computational experimentation
 - Virtual Environments
- Impact on ENG community
 - Enabling engineering frontiers
 - Resource pooling





ITR: High-Resolution Cortical Imaging of Brain Electrical Activity. Bin He, U Minnesota



ENG CI Focus Areas

Fundamentals of Complex Systems

- Theoretical framework for understanding complexity
- Managing, mitigating, reducing complexity

Predictive Modeling

- Prediction and decision-making under uncertainty in complex systems
- Multi-scale, multi-phenomenon modeling and simulation

Cyber-Physical Systems

- Integrating cyber capabilities with physical dynamics and uncertainties
- "Live" data for real-time modeling, decision-making and control

Engineering Virtual Organizations

- Infrastructure for predictive modeling and cyber-physical systems
- Supporting research communities to address grand challenges

Education and Workforce Development

- Training next generation of researchers
- Incorporating CI-enabled tools in engineering curriculum



Autonomously Reconfigurable Engineered Systems Enabled by CI (EFRI: ARES-CI)

NSF 06-596

ENG

From Complexity to Reconfigurability

- Complexity arises from the need to be robust in presence of anticipated faults
- Complex systems are robust to known uncertainty yet fragile to unknown events
- Reconfigurable or topologically modifiable systems enable robustness to unknown failures

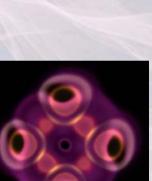
Core Unanswered Questions

- What are the fundamental principles underlying design and control of reconfigurable systems?
- How much reconfigurability is enough?
- What/when to change/reconfigure?
- Continuum of adaptability, reconfigurability and evolvability



Engineering Virtual Organizations (EVO)

- Primary purpose of this solicitation is to promote the use of Virtual Organizations (VOs) in ENG communities
 - flexible, secure, coordinated resource sharing among dynamic collections of individuals, institutions, and resources
- Early ENG experience with gateways has been very positive
 - nanoHUB.org for nanotechnology researchers
 - NEES for earthquake engineering researchers
- → EVO will provide seed grants to ENG communities for:
 - Defining user needs for shared community resources
 - Formulating organizing principles and VO structure
 - Building a prototype and developing a plan for full-scale implementation
- → Program size: 10-15 awards, \$100-200K
- Letter of Intent: May 31, 2007; Full Proposal: July 3, 2007



TeraGrid[®]

NSF 07-558



NanoHub

ENG, OISE



Accelerating Discovery in Science and Engineering Through Petascale Simulations and Analysis (PetaApps)

Background

Anticipated Activity

- Sustained petascale computing capability by 2011
- High-end HPC architectures will consist of hundreds of thousands of processors, each with multiple cores, each core capable of multiple threads
- Very few current simulation, optimization and analysis algorithms/tools are capable of using petascale computing capabilities

Potential research areas

- Enhancing algorithmic scalability exploiting multi-threaded, highly parallel, hierarchical architectures
- Improving and creating data sampling, analysis and clustering algorithms for large data sets
- Developing innovative modeling, simulation or optimization algorithms suitable for petascale systems
- Innovative computational techniques that were previously not viable due to hardware capability
 OCI, ENG, MPS, CISE, GEO



CI Experiences for Graduate Students (CIEG)

→ Goal

 Training next generation of engineering researchers in state-ofthe-art CI tools and techniques

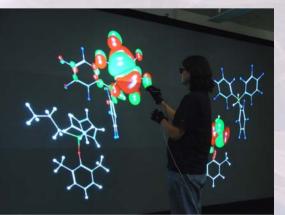
Boot camp for Cyberinfrastructure

- Immersive experience during summer term
- Continued interaction in following semesters
- Students work closely with mentors at selected Cl centers on projects relevant to their dissertations

→ CIEG Program in Summer 2007

- 12 students supplements to existing awards in three ENG programs
- 10 week summer residency at the San Diego Supercomputer Center
- Faculty advisors and SDSC mentors involved in project selection
- Anticipate expanding to other facilities and other programs in the future





NSF 06-044

ENG

Cyberinfrastructure Training, Education (CI-TEAM)

• Goals:

Anticipated Activity

- > Develop a diverse cyberinfrastructure workforce
- Foster inclusion in cyberinfrastructure activities of diverse groups
- **Demonstration Projects**: Exploratory with the potential to serve as pathfinder for larger-scale implementation activities in the future
- Implementation Projects: Expected to deliver sustainable learning and workforce development activities that complement ongoing NSF investment in cyberinfrastructure
- Multidisciplinary teams, significant impact from partnerships
- Leveraged cyberinfrastructure, replicable and (potentially) scalable
- FY06 program funds ~ \$10 M for two types of awards:
 - ➤ Demonstration Projects ≤ \$250,000
 - Implementation Projects ≤ \$1,000,000



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Summary of Recent Activities

- Cyber-enabled Discovery and Innovation Initiative (CDI)
- CI, Complex Systems and Simulation Based Engineering
- EFRI: Autonomously Reconfigurable Systems Enabled by CI (ARES-CI)
- Engineering Virtual Organizations (EVO)
- Petascale Simulation and Analysis (PetaApps)
- → CI Experiences for Graduate Students (CIEG)
- → CI Training, Education (CI-TEAM)



ENG Advisory Committee Subcommittee on CI (EAC-CI) Report

A Process-Oriented Approach to Engineering Cyberinfrastructure



EAC-CI Charge

- The EAC-CI will work with the Engineering Directorate's Cyberinfrastructure Working Group (CIWG) to help assess the opportunities and challenges for the Engineering Directorate in Cyberinfrastructure.
- The EAC-CI will provide advice on how the Engineering Directorate can contribute to the design, development, deployment, and use of Cyberinfrastructure to promote discoveries and innovations in engineering.
- Particular areas of discussion will include:
 - 1. What **milestones** should be used to measure progress of CI, and what **metrics** should be used to assess the impact of CI on Engineering research, education, and innovation?
 - 2. What kinds of activities should ENG encourage to **build a Cyberinfrastructure community** among Engineers?

- Francine Berman
 (SDSC and UCSD) (Chair)
- James Bernard (Iowa State University)
- Cherri Pancake
 (Oregon State University)
- Lilian Wu (IBM Corporation)
- Jo Culbertson (NSF ENG)
- Abhi Deshmukh (NSF Eng)
- Thanks to Suvrajeet Sen, formerly of NSF ENG, for all his help



Fran Berman

EAC-CI Report

Suggested Reference: "A Process-Oriented Approach to Engineering Cyberinfrastructure" F. Berman, J. Bernard, C. Pancake, L. Wu http://www.sdsc.edu/Eng/report

A Process-Oriented Approach to Engineering Cyberinfrastructure

Report from the Engineering Advisory Committee Subcommittee on Cyberinfrastructure

Francine Berman, [Chair] San Diego Supercomputer Center and U.C. San Diego James Bernard, Iowa State University Cherri Pancake, Oregon State University Lillian Wu, IBM

February, 2006

Recommendations

- Assessment of ENG investments in CI and user community needs
- Coordination with OCI and other directorates
- Planning process to determine ENG priorities and investment plans
- Building the Innovation Loop to enable engineering grand challenges, and coordinate CI research, development and deployment

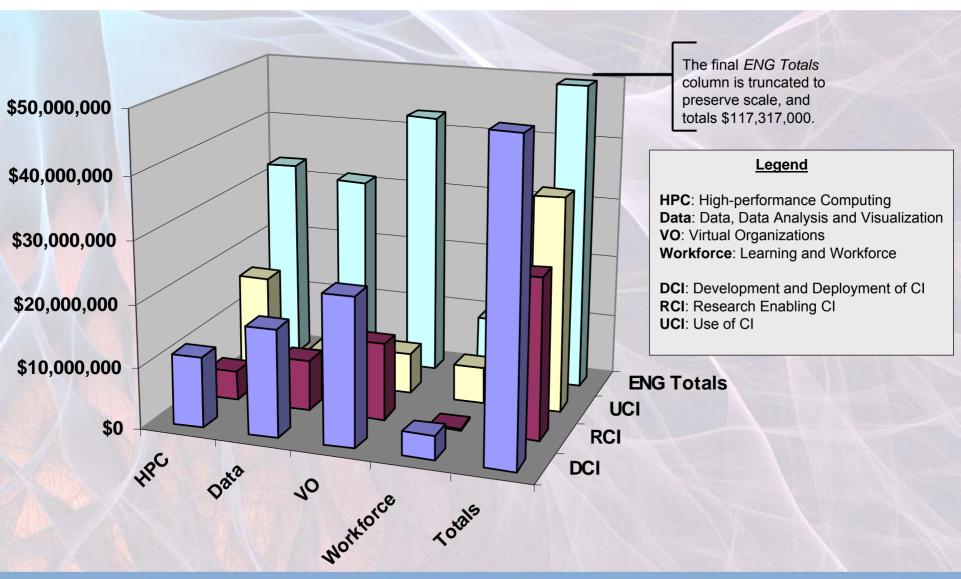


Assessment Recommendations

- Process for identifying an evolving portfolio of representative projects requiring CI should be developed
- Process for tracking ENG CI resources should be developed
- ENG should develop explicit metrics for success, evaluation processes and expectation for accountability for CI projects
- Selection, review and evaluation processes for CI programs should reward usability and usefulness, and disincentivize poorly designed infrastructure or infrastructure without a sufficient community
- ENG CIWG has a process for identifying and tracking CI related projects and investments
- Every two years Science Resource Statistics (SRS) conducts survey of research facilities – including computing and networking – 2007 survey will contain questions on network features, grid technology, data storage and large databases
- ENG and other directorates need to coordinate the development of NSFwide CI project metrics – under OCI leadership
- → EVO solicitation specifically targets community and infrastructure aspects



ENG Investments in CI (FY 04-06 by Category)





Coordination Recommendations

- ENG should coordinate with OCI and CIC in provisioning CI
- In coordination with other directorates and OCI, ENG should develop a new funding/program model that specifically addresses the nature of infrastructure
- ENG, in coordination with OCI, should develop guidelines requiring that the products of funded CI projects be available in open domain
- → ENG PD assigned part-time to OCI for coordination purposes
- Chair of ENG CIWG serves on the newly formed CI Coordinating Council (CICC) – that reports to CIC
- ENG and other directorates need to develop funding models and metrics for CI – under OCI leadership
- Several joint solicitations and programs are being developed CI Team, PetaApps



Planning Recommendations

- ENG should determine where cross-cutting CI activities fit within the directorate
- ENG should develop a framework of priorities and apply it purposefully to the CI portfolio
- ENG should discuss and resolve an appropriate set of framing questions for evaluating CI programs
- ENG CIWG has an annual planning and prioritizing process
- ENG CI priorities map on to ENG and NSF-wide initiatives
- Framing questions and metrics are correlated this issue needs to be tackled at the Foundation level



Relevance to NSF and ENG Priorities

NSF & ENG ENG CI Topics	CDI	Complex Systems	CI	SBES
Fundamentals of complex systems	HR	HR	R	R
Predictive modeling	HR	HR	R	HR
Cyber-physical systems	HR	R	HR	R
Engineering virtual organizations	HR	R	HR	HR
Education & workforce development	HR	HR	HR	HR

HR – Highly relevant ; R – Relevant



Building the Innovation Loop

- A small set of Engineering CI Research Challenges should be identified
- ENG should adopt guidelines to distinguish CI from other types of research
- Linking programs should be developed to ensure synergistic coordination of CI-related research, development and deployment
- The EFRI Autonomously Reconfigurable Engineered Systems Enabled by CI was a CI related research challenge
- EVO solicitation defines VO/CI differently than other research projects



Questions?

