

Southwest Research Institute

#### APBF-DEC MOTOR FUELS CONFERENCE

# Low Emissions Potential of EGR-SCR-DPF and Advanced Fuel Formulations-A Progress Report

Department of Emissions Research
Automotive Products and Emissions
Research Division
October 2002

#### Participating Companies/Organizations

Automobile:

Ford GM DaimlerChrysler Toyota

Technology:
Battelle

**Engines:** 

**EMA** 

Caterpillar

**Detroit Diesel** 

**Cummins** 

**John Deere** 

**Mack Trucks** 

**International Truck** 

& Engine

Government:

**DOE** 

**NREL** 

**ORNL** 

**EPA** 

CARB/SCAQMD

**Emission** 

Control:

**MECA** 

**Johnson Matthey** 

Delphi

**3M** 

**Engelhard** 

**Siemens** 

**Benteler** 

**ArvinMeritor** 

Clean Diesel Tech.

**Corning** 

**Donaldson Co.** 

**OMG** 

NGK

**Rhodia** 

R. Bosch

**STT EMTEC** 

**Tenneco Automotive** 

Energy/ Additives:

**API** 

**American Chemistry** 

Council

**NPRA** 

BP

**Ethyl** 

**ExxonMobil** 

**Marathon Ashland** 

**Pennzoil-Quaker State** 

Lubrizol

**Shell Global Solutions** 

**Castrol** 

ChevronTexaco

**Chevron Oronite** 

Ciba

**Ergon** 

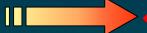
**Valvoline** 

Motiva

**Infineum** 



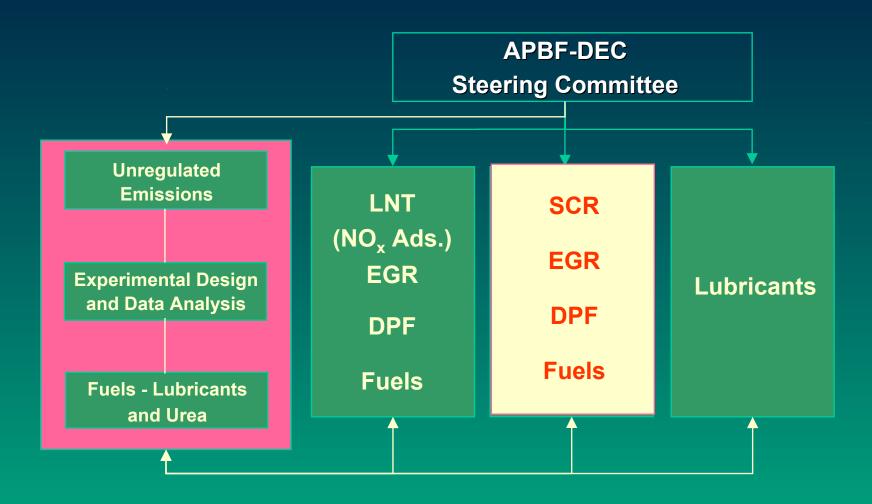
APBF-DEC



- Introduction
- Objectives
- Technical Approach
- **♦** Test Setup
- System Components
- **Results**
- Summary & Conclusions



#### Introduction--APBF-DEC





Adapted From NREL/W. Clark
Presentation 9/26/01

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## **Objectives**

- ◆ To Demonstrate Low Emissions Performance of Advanced Diesels+LPL EGR\*+Urea SCR+DPF (2 Different Systems)
- **♦** To Evaluate Sensitivities of The Control System Performance To Fuel Variables
- To Determine The Regulated And Unregulated Emissions W.
   &W/O Emission Controls
- **♦** To Examine The Emission Control System Durability
- **♦** To Sample Toxic Emissions For Analysis By Outside Lab

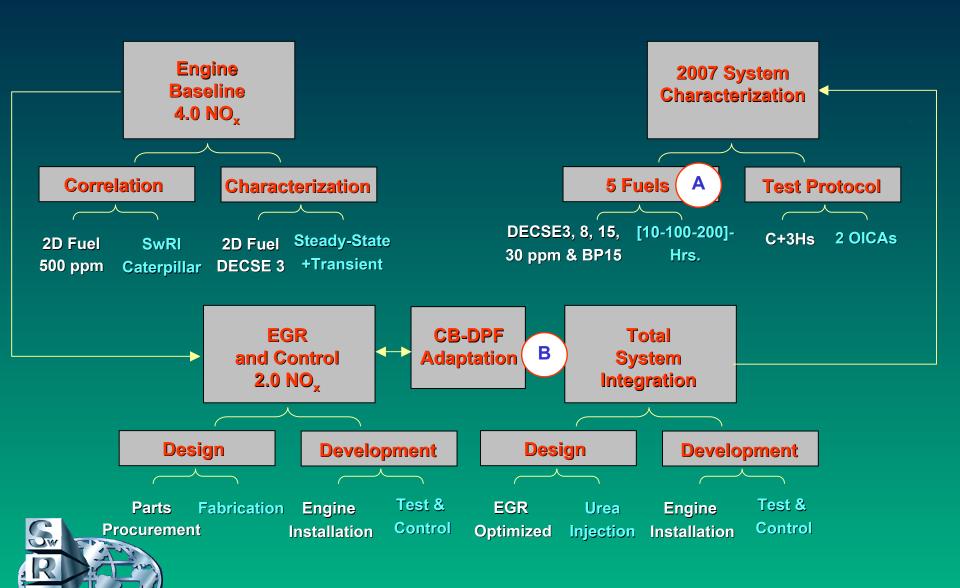
## **Emissions Goals: 2007 EPA HDE Standards**



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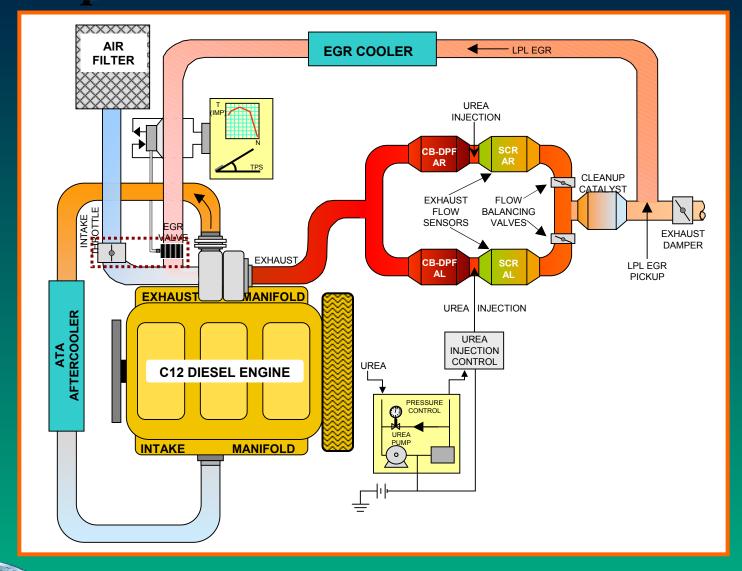
## Technical Approach--Development (\$\phi\$1)



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## Test Setup



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## System Components--Engine



**Engine Description** (on consignment to the project)

- Caterpillar C12
- 12.0 L/430 hp
- In-Line/6 Cylinders
- Turbocharged/Intercooled

- Rated Speed: 1800 rpm
- Peak Torque: 1650 lb-ft
- Peak Torque Speed:1200 rpm
- **■**Emission Calibration: MY 2000



## System Components--Fuels

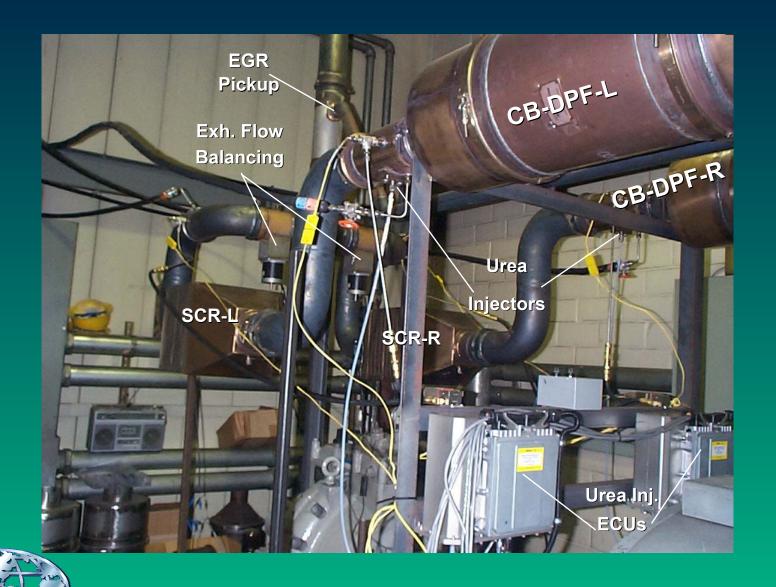
- **♦ Fuel 1:** Baseline −3 ppm S
- **♦ Fuel 2: Durability/Emission Eval. --8 ppm S**
- **♦ Fuel 3:** Research/Emission Eval.—15 ppm S
- **•** Fuel 4: BP 15
- **♦** Fuel 5: 30 ppm (Excursions)



## System Components--EGR System



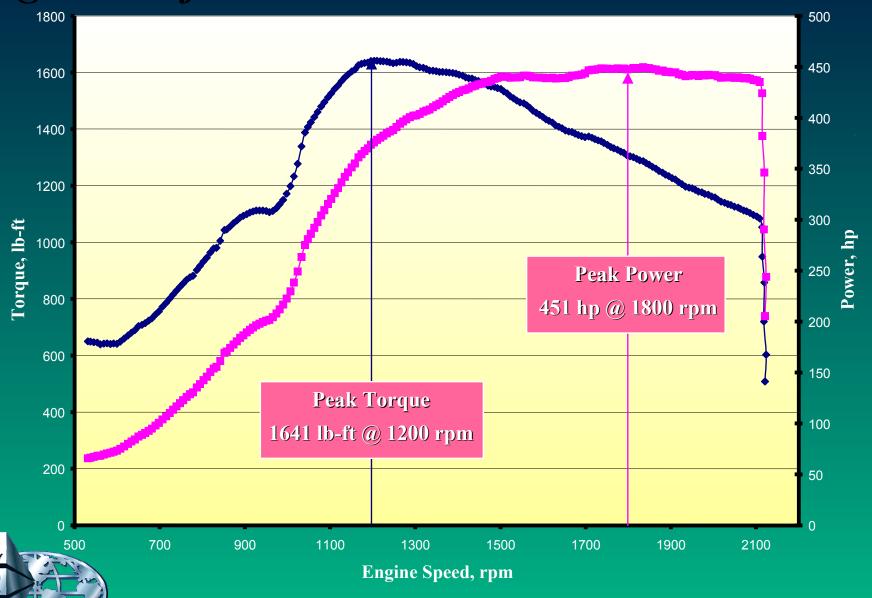
## Scope of Work--Post-Combustion Emission Controls



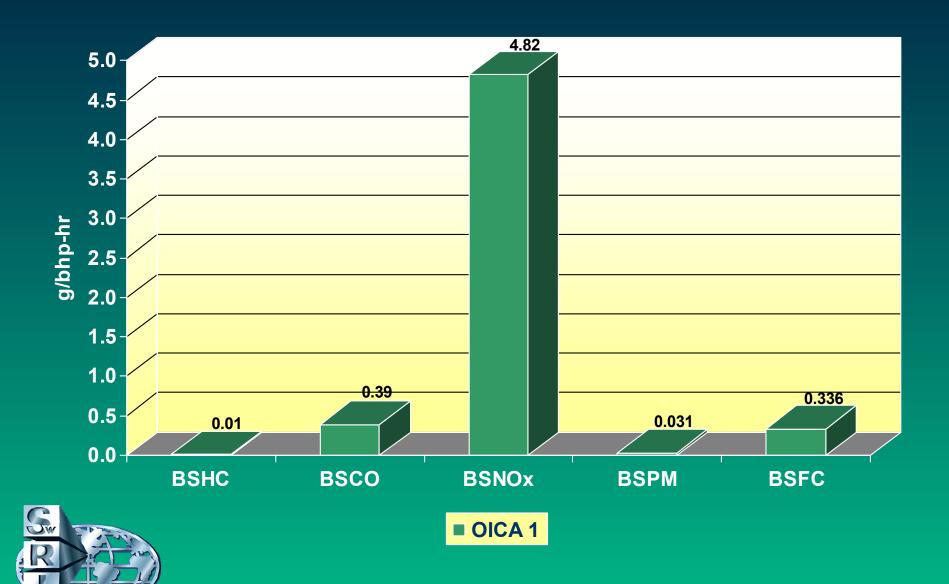
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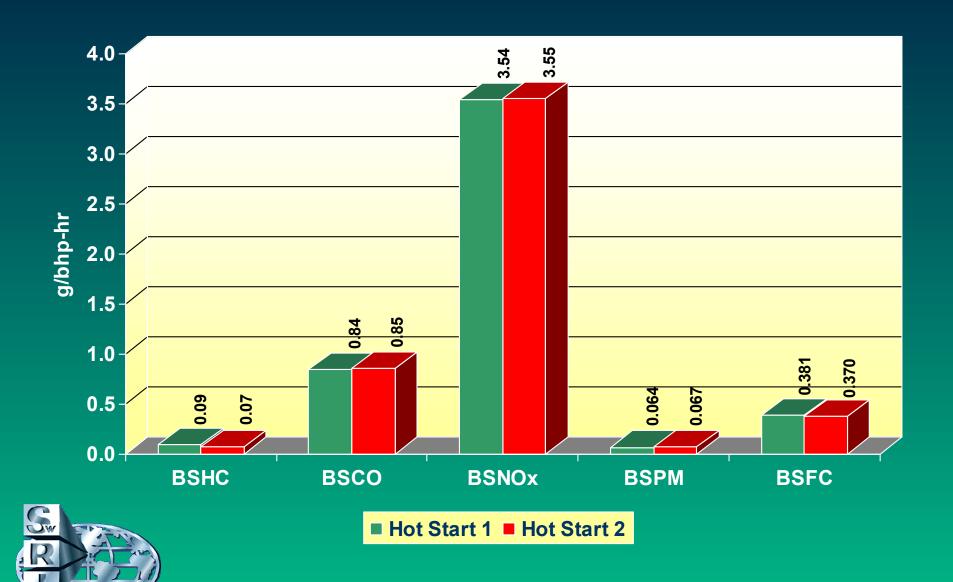
## Engine Performance



## Steady-State Emissions--350ppm Cert. 2D Fuel

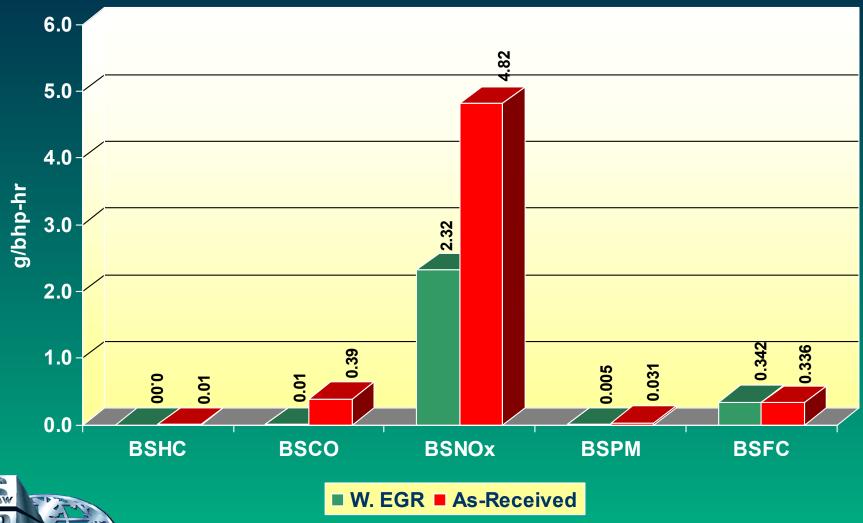


## Transient Emissions--350ppm Cert. 2D Fuel -- Hot Starts



## Steady-State Emissions Comparison--As-Received W.

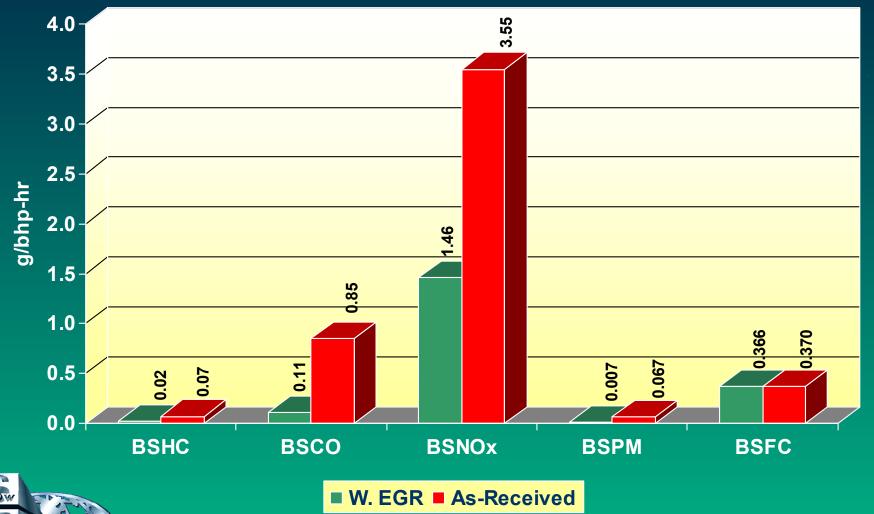
Cert. Fuel 350ppm S and W.EGR\*--DECSE 3ppm Fuel





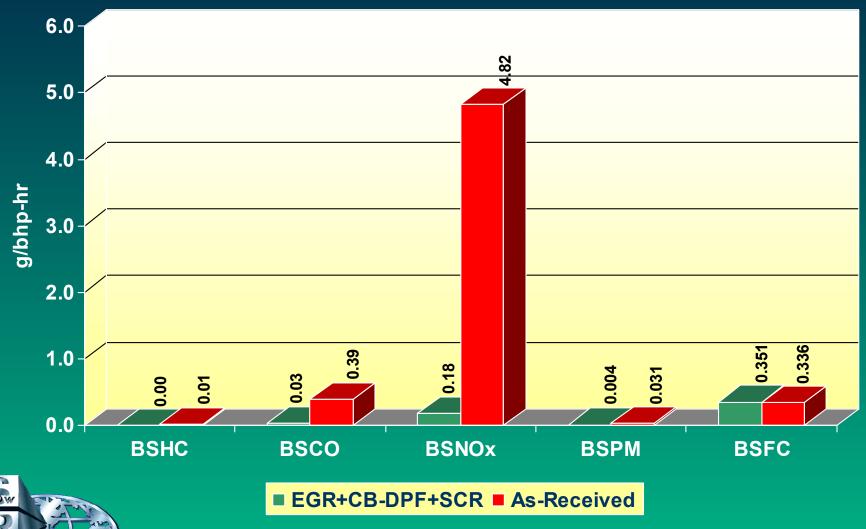
## Transient Emissions Comparison--As-Received W. Cert.

Fuel 350ppm S and W.EGR\*--DECSE 3ppm Fuel -- Hot Starts



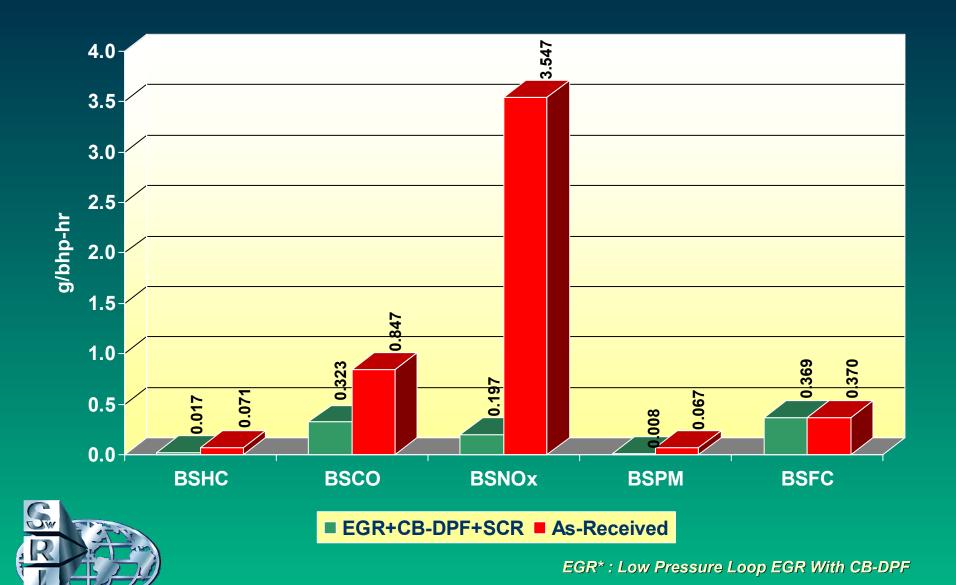


# Steady-State Emissions Comparison--As Received w. 350 ppm vs. EGR\*/CB-DPF/SCR--DECSE 3 ppm Fuel

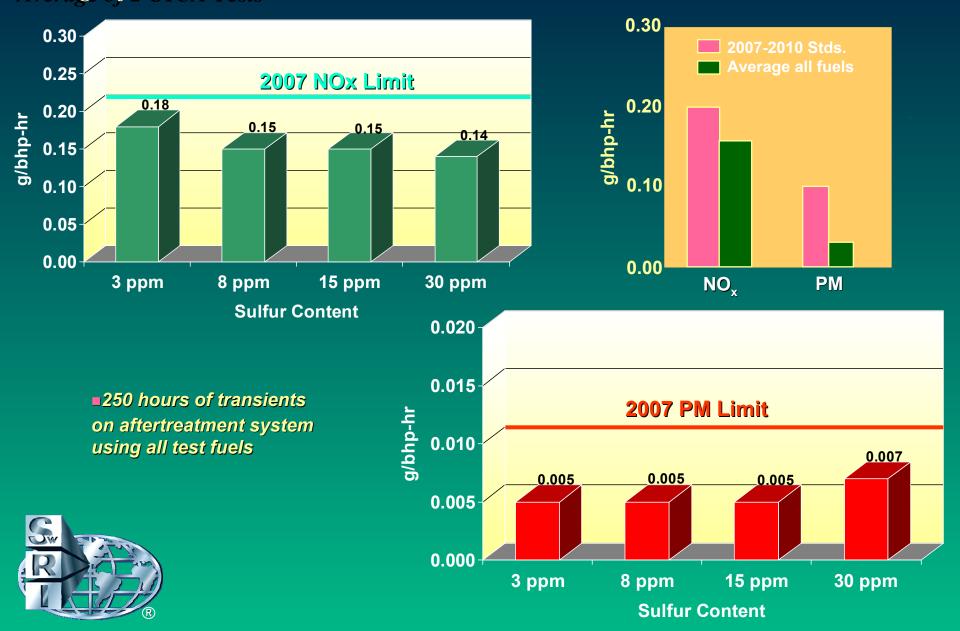




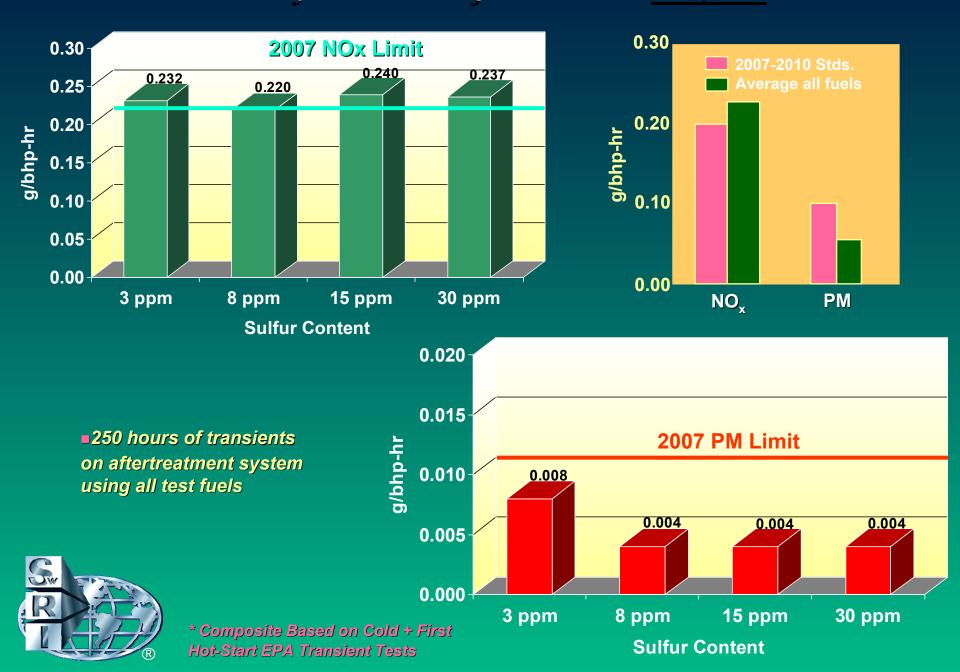
# Transient Emissions Comparison—As Received w. 350 ppm vs. EGR\*/CB-DPF/SCR--DECSE 3 ppm Fuel — Hot starts



## **Short-Term Sensitivity To Fuel Sulfur--Steady-State Composite Emissions --**Average of 2 OICA Tests



#### Short-Term Sensitivity To Fuel Sulfur-Transient Composite Emissions\*



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#### Summary and Conclusions

- ◆ The C-12 Caterpillar test engine had an EPA Transient NOx/PM emissions of 3.5/0.07 g/bhp-hr.
- The LPL EGR system was installed and calibrated to yield:
  - -over 50% NOx reduction and,
  - about 90%PM reduction
- ◆ SCR System A was installed and urea injection was optimized for the OICA as well as the transient cycle.
- ◆ System A (including LPL EGR) yielded NOx/PM of 0.18/0.004 g/bhp-hr in the OICA test.
- ◆ System A calibration for the EPA transient test cycle yielded <u>composite</u> results of 0.22 to 0.24 g/bhp-hr NOx and 0.004 to 0.008 g/bhp-hr PM.
- The next step for System A is 6,000 hours of durability.

