Innovation for Our Energy Future

Strategic Energy Analysis at NREL

November 2007

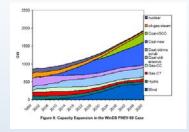
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Strategic Energy Analysis

Integrated technical and economic analyses that advance the understanding of the value of technology in the context of dynamic global, national, and local markets, policies, energy resources and loads, and infrastructure.

Impact

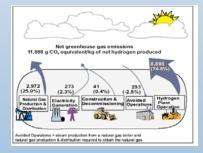
Analyze benefits and impacts of programs, portfolios, and policy options



System

Analyze system performance and technology interfaces in the context of the overall system





Technology/Component

Analyze technology and component performance and cost



Resource

Assess resource availability and characteristics

Some Key Themes for Analysis

Core Areas:

Market, Technology and Policy Analysis

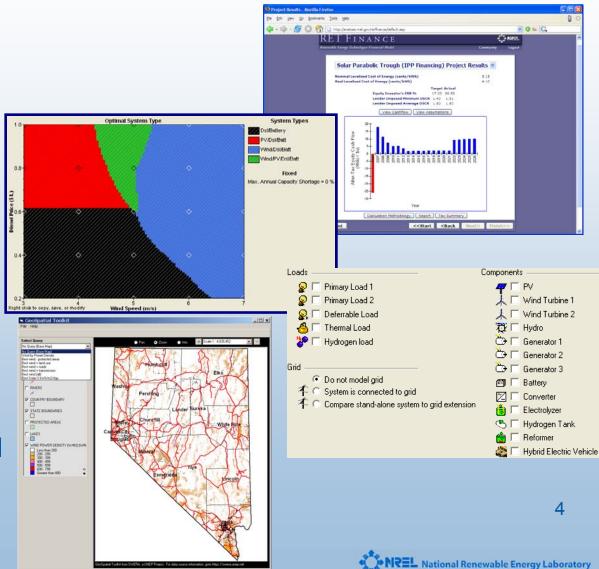
Energy Modeling Analysis

Renewables, Hydrogen, Alt. Fuels

Risk, Benefits, and Portfolio Analysis

Tools to Inform Decision Making...

- RET Finance
- Real Options
- Hybrid2
- Vipor
- HOMER
- Fresa
- Geospatial
- Tool Kit
- PV Watts
- Advisor
- Energy-10
- Solar Advisor Model
- SUNREL
- JEDI

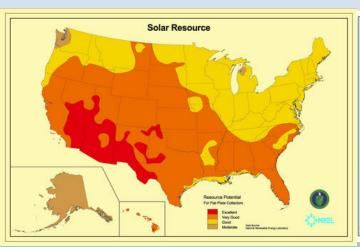


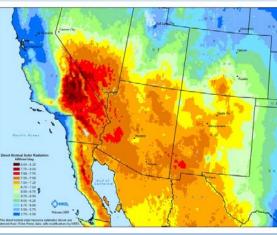
Understanding Energy Resources and potential impact of technology advances on national goals

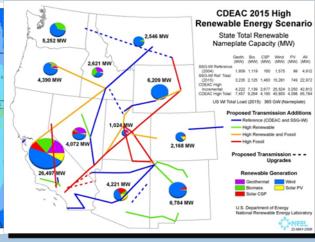
Example: Solar resources in the Southwest.
Resource (technical) potential to "economic"
(e.g. commercially feasible) to "accessible"
and links to transmission access, markets,
pricing, technology adoption (learning) and
thus technology advances....

Solar in the SouthWest: More than just photons

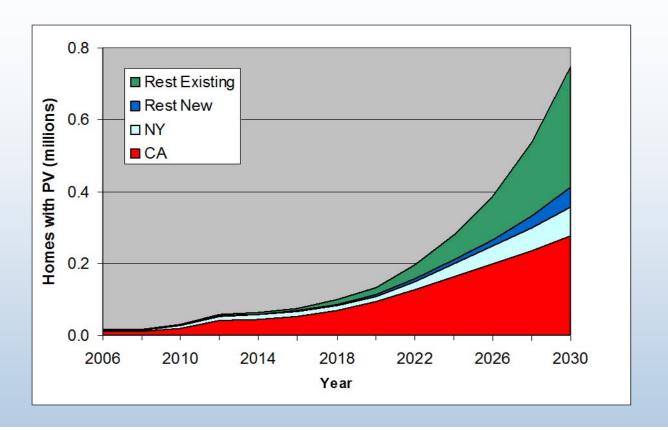
 Gross irradiance is baseline: Analysis to refine to "economic potential" to accessible and linkage to technology adoption, learning and advances in technology.







SOLARDS – PV on Buildings Market Penetration

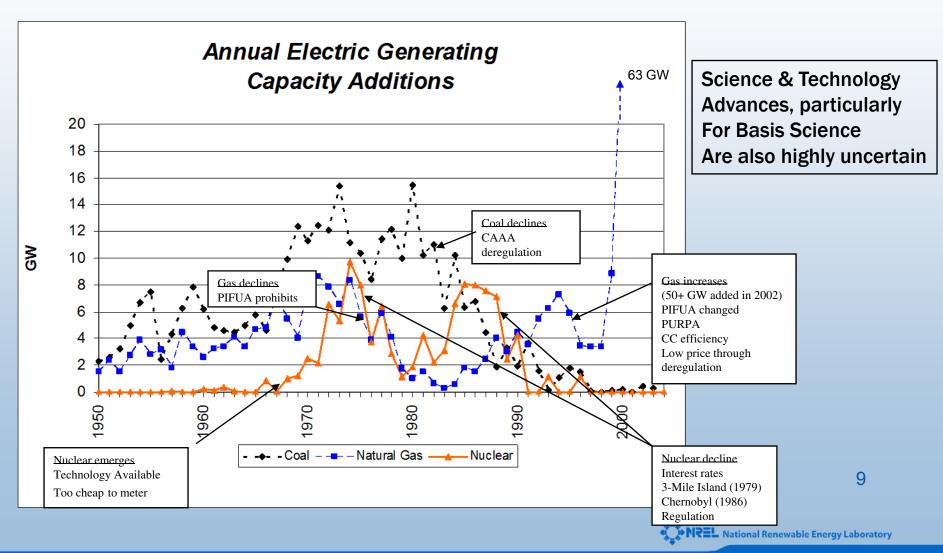


By including rate diversity (especially tiered rates) SOLARDS captures more early adopters, especially in California. Early adoption in niche markets increases learning and penetration in other markets

Decisions "under uncertainty"

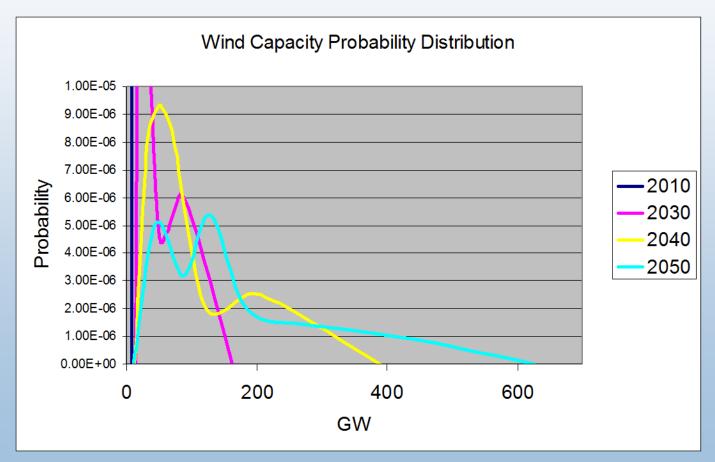
- Uncertainty and Translating R&D to Benefits via the applied technology pathway
 - Learning curve impacts; scale and technology advances
 - Technology adoption impacts
 - Assessing multiple pathways
 - Valuing the R&D options
 - Uncertainty, Risk, Real Options

Many (most?) major energy market drivers are highly uncertain and outside the scope of most energy market models



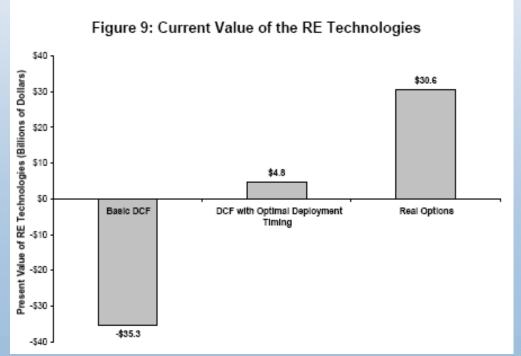
What Might a Stochastic Model Show You?

 Incorporating uncertainty into an energy market model conveys significantly more information than a single point estimate



"Valuation" depends on Analytic Approach

- Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) or other "linear" approaches may not be most appropriate.
- Stochastic analysis and options analysis offer alternative insights.



Source: Optimizing the Level of Renewable Electric R&D Expenditures Using Real Options Analysis,
NREL/TP-620-31221, 2003

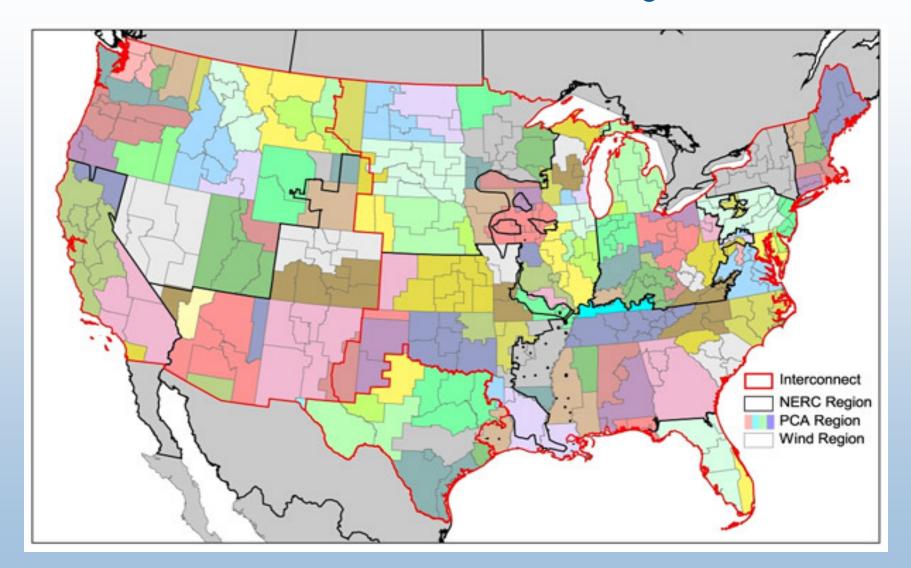


Market Development Insights: ReEDS- Regional Energy Deployment Systems Model

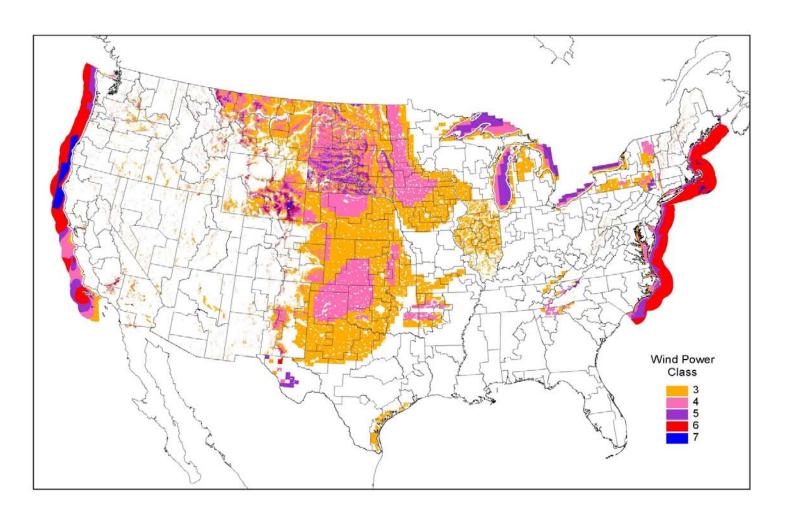
A multi-regional, multi-time-period model of capacity expansion in the electric sector of the U.S.

Designed to estimate market potential of energy technologies in the U.S. for the next 20 – 50 years under different technology development and policy scenarios

ReEDS Model: Detailed Treatment of Wind Grid Integration Issues



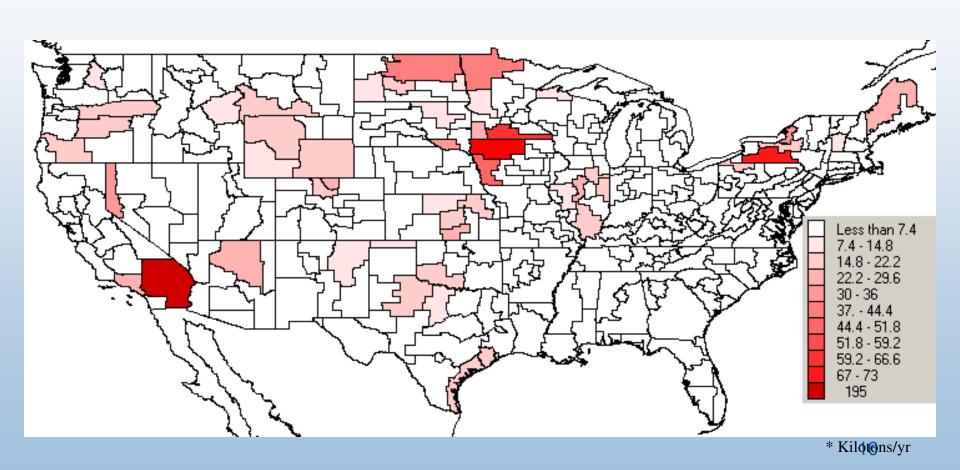
Wind Resources in WinDS



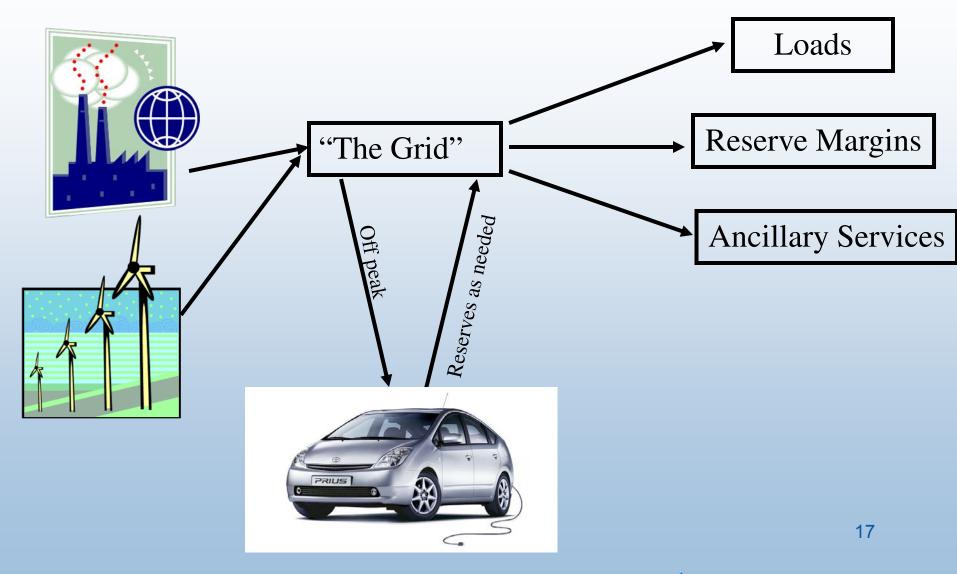
WinDS 2030 RPS:

Transmission and Consumption Wind (MW) Used Inside the PCA 100 - 300 Wind (MW) on Transmission Lines 300 - 500 500 - 1000 Existing New 100 - 200 1000 - 5000 > 5000 200 - 500 500 - 1000 > 1000

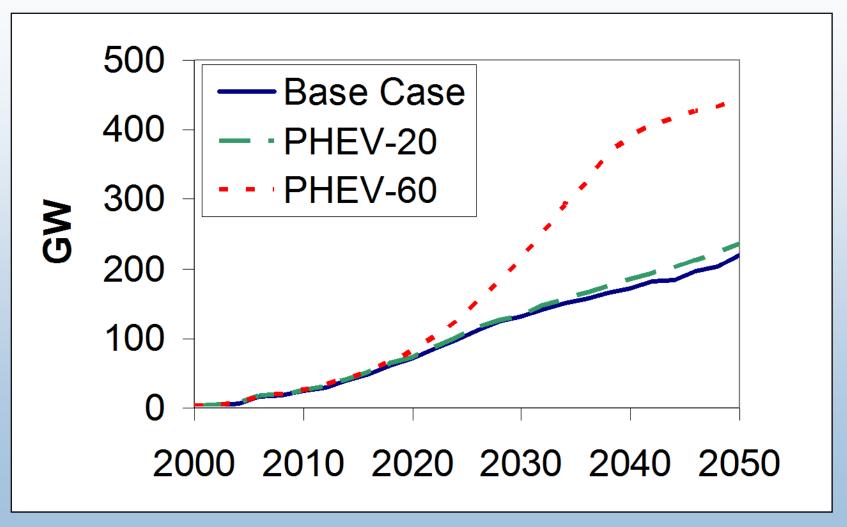
Base Case H₂ Production* from Wind



Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle Modeling



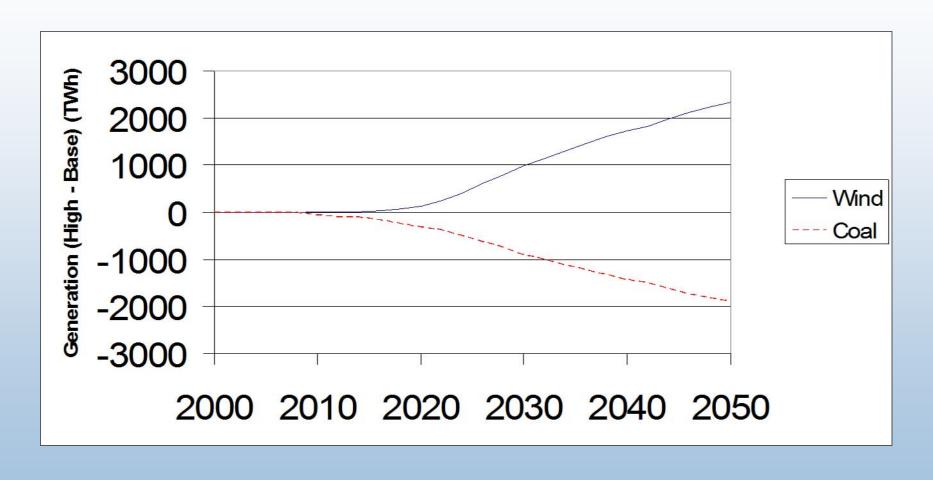
PHEVs* Can Increase Wind Penetration



^{*} Assumes 50% PHEV-V2G penetration by 2050



Coal Generation: PHEV60 – Base Case



Industry Partnerships

Who:

- Utilities
- Corporations
- Developers
- Investors

What:

- Strategic Planning
- Market Insights
- Scenario Modeling & Impacts
- Expert Review
- Transformational Applications

PHEVs: What are the Impacts to Xcel Energy*?

- Infrastructure Utilization
- Additional Load

- Production Costs
- Capacity Impacts
- Emissions



Can Xcel Energy mitigate adverse impacts with controls or incentives?

Sneak Preview

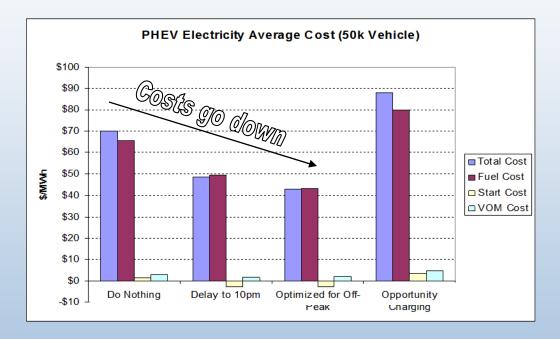
Time of charging matters...

Coincident peak loading matters...

Tailpipe versus upstream emissions matters...

Incremental Cost (Generation Capacity)

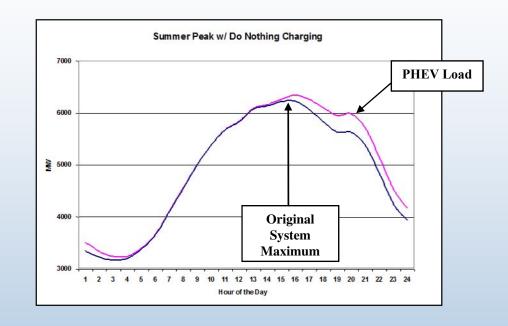
- Costs are dominated by fuel cost
- As power is moved to the off-peak period...



Opportunity charging is the most costly charging strategy, but utilizes
 75% more energy

Incremental Cost (Generation Capacity)

- Coincident peak loading necessitates additional generation capacity
- Delay to 10pm and Optimize to Off-Peak scenarios avoid capacity expansion costs

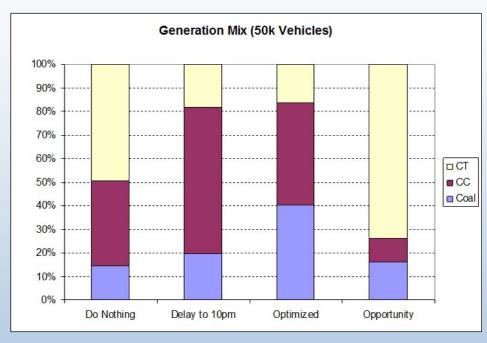


Charging Scenario	Annual Capacity Costs
Do Nothing	\$126/kW* @ .238 kW/car = \$30/car
Opportunity Charging	\$126/kW* @ .548 kW/car = \$69/car

*Assumptions: 15% IRR; 20% Capacity Margin; \$700/kW overnight cost (combustion turbine)

Incremental Cost (Generation)

- Two significant changes when shifting PHEV load to the offpeak
 - Delay to 10pm shifts generation from CT to CC
 - Optimized to Off-Peak then shifts generation from CC to coal steam.
- Opportunity charging largely served by CT



*Other generation such as hydro, diesel, and wind are small contributors to incremental generation and are excluded from this graph

Synopsis

Core Strengths:

- Technoeconomic Systems Analysis
- Geospatial Energy Economics
- US Markets for RE/EE Technology
- Policy and Technology Options Analysis
- Uncertainty, Risk, and R&D Portfolio expertise