Talk 3.6 Representation and Computation in Natural Vision (NGA NSF 0423031 FY 04) S. Geman Brown University

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Biological vision systems outperform state-of-the-art computer vision systems in almost all vision tasks. At any given detection rate, biological vision systems are far more selective than artificial systems. We are studying the hypothesis that this selectivity can be traced to cortical micro-circuitry, whereby local correlations signal details about the arrangements of perceived parts. There are four principal thrusts to our research effort: (1) Experiments with a computer vision system designed to exploit the hypothesized biological mechanism. A demonstration system for reading Massachusetts license plates performs at a high read rate (>98% of plates read correctly) with no false detections; (2) Experiments with small networks of nonlinear integrate-and-fire neurons designed to demonstrate *circumstantial* correlation of activities. Simulated complex cells signal the alignment of their targets through high correlation, and the signal is "read out" through significant increase in firing of postsynaptic neurons; (3) Multi-unit recordings from monkey V1 designed to reveal coding of bar alignments across complex cells. Data is now being collected from a four-electrode multidrive and being analyzed for evidence of the predicted circumstantial correlation; (4) Multi-unit recordings from monkey IT for the purpose of exploring the possible relationships between inter-cellular correlations and perception. Several new statistical techniques have been developed and have revealed highly reliable spike counts following stimulus onset, and some evidence has been found for circumstantial correlation across units.

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