NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 3145-0100 Expiration Date: 05/31/09

ARLINGTON, VA 22230

SURVEY OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES

AT UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES, FY 2007

The Web address for submitting your data:

Please submit your survey data by January 31, 2008.

http://www.grc.com/expweb

Or, mail this form to:

Macro International Inc. 7315 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 400W Bethesda, MD 20814-3202

Or, e-mail your response to: expweb@grc.com

The Web password and user ID were e-mailed to each institution. If you have questions about this or any other issue, please call: Survey Support at Macro, 1-866-349-8626. For general survey questions, you may also contact Ronda Britt of NSF at rbritt@nsf.gov or (703) 292-7765.

Your cooperation in returning the survey questionnaire promptly is very important. This information is solicited under the authority of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended. Your response is entirely voluntary; your failure to provide some or all of the information will in no way adversely affect your institution.

Report data for your institution's 2007 fiscal year. All financial data should be reported in thousands of dollars; for example, an expenditure of \$25,342 should be rounded to the nearest thousand dollars and reported as \$25.

Where exact data are not available, estimates are acceptable. Your estimates will be better than ours.

Include data for branches and all organizational units of your institution, such as medical schools and agricultural experiment stations. Data on research centers and facilities administered by your institution should be included. In addition, include hospitals or clinics owned, operated, or controlled by universities, and integrated operationally with the clinical programs of your medical schools.

NOTE: Academic institutions should exclude data for federally funded research and development centers (FFRDCs). Data for these facilities are collected separately.

It is estimated that response to this survey will require 22 hours. If you wish to comment on this burden, please contact Suzanne H. Plimpton of NSF at (703) 292-7556, or e-mail splimpto@nsf.gov.

Scope:

This survey collects data on expenditures by universities and colleges for separately budgeted research and development (R&D). Definitions used are compatible with OMB Circular A-21, revised May 10, 2004. Items 1 and 2 ask for current fund expenditures by source of funds and by field of science and engineering. Item 3 collects data on that portion of current fund expenditures reported in Items 1 and 2 that went for the purchase of scientific and engineering research equipment. Item 2A asks for current fund expenditures in non-science and engineering fields, and Item 2B requests information on the Federal Government agency sources of current fund expenditures by field of science and engineering.

Definitions:

Research and Development (R&D). R&D for purposes of this survey is the same as "organized research" as defined in Section B.1.b. of OMB Circular A-21 (revised). It includes all R&D activities of an institution that are separately budgeted and accounted for. R&D includes both "sponsored research" activities (sponsored by Federal and non-Federal agencies and organizations) and "university research" (separately budgeted under an internal application of institutional funds).

Research is systematic study directed toward fuller knowledge or understanding of the subject studied. Research is classified as either basic or applied, according to the objectives of the investigator.

Development is systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research, directed toward the production of useful materials, devices, systems, or methods, including design and development of prototypes and processes.

Current fund expenditures. These are expenditures of funds available for current operations. Such expenditures include all unrestricted gifts and restricted current funds to the extent that such funds were expended for current operating purposes.

Please circle the month in which your institution's fiscal year begins:

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec

Primary Contact—Person who is responsible for your institution's survey answers:

Name (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr. (circle one)):						
Title:	E-mail:					
Telephone number:	Fax:					
Address:	Date submitted:					

Alternate Contact—Person to contact if the Primary Contact is unavailable. This person should know that you are the Primary Contact for the survey. Examples include your supervisor, the data preparer, or another coworker:

Name (Mr., Mrs., Ms., Dr. (circle one)):					
Title:	E-mail:				
Telephone number:	Fax:				

Instructions for Items 1 and 2

Separately budgeted research and development (R&D) includes all funds expended for activities specifically organized to produce research outcomes and commissioned by an agency either external to the institution or separately budgeted by an organizational unit within the institution. *Include* research equipment purchased under research project awards from "current fund" accounts. Also *include* research funds for which an outside organization, educational or other, is a subrecipient. *Exclude* training grants, public service grants, demonstration projects, clinical trials, and departmental research expenditures that are not separately budgeted. Also, *exclude* any R&D expenditures in the fields of education, law, humanities, music, the arts, physical education, library science, and all other non-science fields. These non-science and engineering R&D expenditures are reported in Item 2A. Allocate funding to the original sources whenever possible, as specified below. If this information is unknown, report the proximate funding source.

Total

- **a.** *Federal Government.* Report awards for R&D (including direct and reimbursed indirect costs) by all agencies of the Federal Government.
- **b.** State and local governments. Include funds for R&D (including direct and reimbursed indirect costs) from State, county, municipal, or other local governments and their agencies. Include here State funds that support R&D at agricultural and other experiment stations.
- **c.** *Industry.* Include all awards for R&D (including direct and reimbursed indirect costs) from profit-making organizations, whether engaged in production, distribution, research, service, or other activities. Do not include awards from nonprofit foundations financed by industry; these should be included under "All other sources."
- d. Institution funds. Report funds, including related indirect costs, that your institution spent for R&D activities from the following unrestricted sources: general-purpose State or local government appropriations; general-purpose awards from industry, foundations, or other outside sources; tuition and fees; endowment income; gifts; and other institutional funds. In addition, estimate your institution's on-campus and off-campus unreimbursed indirect costs associated with externally funded R&D projects, including mandatory and voluntary cost sharing. To estimate unreimbursed indirect costs, preferably on a project-by-project basis, use your appropriate on-campus or off-campus negotiated research indirect cost rate(s) multiplied by the corresponding base(s) minus actual indirect cost recovery.
- e. All other sources. Include awards for R&D (including direct and reimbursed indirect costs) from nonprofit foundations and voluntary health agencies as well as from all other sources not elsewhere classified. Also include gifts from individuals that are restricted by the donor to research. Funds from foundations that are affiliated with, or granted solely to your institution, should be included under "Institution funds." Funds for R&D received from a health agency that is a unit of a State or local government should be included under "State and local governments."

Instructions for Items 1A and 1B

For Federal awards, **subrecipient** means the non-Federal entity that expends Federal awards received from a pass-through entity to carry out a Federal program, but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such a program. A subrecipient may also be a recipient of other Federal awards directly from a Federal awarding agency.

—OMB Circular A-133, Section . 105 (revised June 27, 2003) For awards from non-Federal sources, the subrecipient definition is analogous to the Federal one.

Higher Education [subrecipients] refers to all academic colleges and universities and all units owned, operated, and controlled by such institutions.

Item 1. How much of your current fund expenditures for separately budgeted research and development in the sciences and engineering (including indirect costs) came from the following sources in FY 2007?

Source of Funds	Line No.	(1) Total (Dollars in thousands)	(2) What Percentage of Federal & Total Funds Are Basic Research?
a. Federal Government	1110	\$	%
b. State and local governments	1125		Basic research is directed toward an
c. Industry	1150		increase of knowledge; it is
d. Institution funds (sum of lines 1161 and 1162)	1160		research where the primary aim of the
(1) Institutionally financed organized research	1161		investigator is a fuller knowledge or
(2) Unreimbursed indirect costs and related sponsored research	1162		understanding of the subject under study rather than a
e. All other sources	1175		specific application thereof.
f. TOTAL (sum of a through e)	1100	\$	%

BASIC RESEARCH

Please provide the percentages of Federal and total expenditures that are basic research (not applied research) as defined in column (2).

CONFIDENTIALITY

Information received from individual institutions in lines d(1) and d(2), or estimates for basic research expenditures, will NOT be published or released; only aggregate totals will appear in tabulations.

Item 1A. How much of your total (item 1, line f) and Federal (item 1, line a) R&D expenditures were passed through by your institution to subrecipients? (If all information is not available, report those amounts that are available. Exclude vendor relationships.)

Cubuccinianto		(Dollars in thousands)			
Subrecipients	No.	(1) Total	(2) Federal		
To higher education subrecipients	1910				
To other subrecipients	1920				
To all subrecipients	1900	\$	\$		

Item 1B. How much of your total (item 1, line f) and Federal (item 1, line a) R&D expenditures did your institution receive as a subrecipient? (If all information is not available, report those amounts that are available. Exclude vendor relationships.)

Your Institution as a Subrecipient		e (Dollars in thousands)			
Tour montaners as a subrecipient	No.	(1) Total	(2) Federal		
From higher education pass-through entities	1610				
From other pass-through entities	1620				
From all pass-through entities	1600	\$	\$		

Item 2. Allocate your FY 2007 current fund expenditures (total and federally financed) for separately budgeted research and development (including indirect costs) by field of science and engineering.

Please note that total R&D expenditures in line j, column (1) should be the same as reported in Item 1, line f.

Total Federal R&D expenditures in line j, column (2) should be the same as reported in Item 1, line a.

Please see pages 8 and 9 for the NSF/NCES Crosswalk of Discipline Codes.

Field of Science and Engineering	Line	(Dollars in thousands)		
rield of Science and Engineering	No.	(1) Total	(2) Federal	
a. Engineering (Total)	1410	\$	\$	
(1) Aeronautical & astronautical	1411			
(2) Bioengineering/biomedical engineering	1418			
(3) Chemical	1412			
(4) Civil	1413			
(5) Electrical	1414			
(6) Mechanical	1415			
(7) Metallurgical & materials	1417			
(8) Other	1416			
b. Physical Sciences (Total)	1420			
(1) Astronomy	1421			
(2) Chemistry	1422			
(3) Physics	1423			
(4) Other	1424			
c. Environmental Sciences (Total)	1430			
(1) Atmospheric	1431			
(2) Earth sciences	1432			
(3) Oceanography	1433			
(4) Other	1434			
d. Mathematical Sciences (Total)	1441			
e.Computer Sciences (Total)	1442			
f. Life Sciences (Total)	1450			
(1) Agricultural	1451			
(2) Biological	1452			
(3) Medical	1453			
(4) Other	1454			
g.Psychology (Total)	1460			
h. Social Sciences (Total)	1470			
(1) Economics	1471			
(2) Political science	1472			
(3) Sociology	1473			
(4) Other	1474			
i. Other Sciences, not elsewhere classified (Total)	1480			
j. Total (sum of a through i)	1400	\$	\$	

Please EXCLUDE from your response any R&D expenditures in the fields of education, law, humanities, music, the arts, physical education, library science, and all other non-science and engineering fields. These non-science and engineering R&D expenditures are reported in Item 2A.

Item 3. Allocate the portion of your FY 2007 current fund expenditures (total and federally financed) for separately budgeted research and development that went for the purchase of research equipment by field of science and engineering.

Please report that portion of current fund expenditures reported in items 1 and 2 that went for the purchase of research equipment. This includes all research equipment purchased under sponsored research project awards from current fund accounts.

For column (1), report current fund expenditures for R&D from all sources: Federal Government, State, county, municipal or other governments and their agencies (including State funds supporting R&D at agricultural experiment stations); industry; institution funds; and private foundations and voluntary health agencies, individuals, and associations.

For column (2), include funds from awards for R&D sponsored by agencies of the Federal Government.

Please see pages 8 and 9 for the NSF/NCES Crosswalk of Discipline Codes.

Field of Science and Engineering	Line	(Dollars	in thousands)	
Field of Science and Engineering	No.	(1) Total	(2) Federal	
a. Engineering (Total)	1810	\$	\$	
(1) Aeronautical & astronautical	1811			
(2) Bioengineering/biomedical engineering	1818			
(3) Chemical	1812			
(4) Civil	1813			
(5) Electrical	1814			
(6) Mechanical	1815			
(7) Metallurgical & materials	1817			
(8) Other	1816			
b. Physical Sciences (Total)	1820			
(1) Astronomy	1821			
(2) Chemistry	1822			
(3) Physics	1823			
(4) Other	1824			
c. Environmental Sciences (Total)	1830			
(1) Atmospheric	1831			
(2) Earth sciences	1832			
(3) Oceanography	1833			
(4) Other	1834			
d. Mathematical Sciences (Total)	1841			
e.Computer Sciences (Total)	1842			
f. Life Sciences (Total)	1850			
(1) Agricultural	1851			
(2) Biological	1852			
(3) Medical	1853			
(4) Other	1854			
g.Psychology (Total)	1860			
h. Social Sciences (Total)	1870			
(1) Economics	1871			
(2) Political science	1872			
(3) Sociology	1873			
(4) Other	1874			
i. Other Sciences, not elsewhere classified (Total)	1880			
j. Total (sum of a through i)	1800	\$	\$	

Current fund expenditures in each field for scientific research equipment is that PORTION or SUBTOTAL of the amounts reported in the corresponding cells of the "Total" and "Federal" columns in Item 2.

Item 2A. What were your current fund expenditures (total and federally financed) for separately budgeted research and development (including indirect costs) for non-science and engineering fields in FY 2007?

NOTE: For rows 2A(a) through 2A(i), report only data that have not been reported in Items 1 and 2 on this survey.

Non-S&E R&D should **include** any separately budgeted scholarly and creative activity, but should **exclude** training.

Non-science & Engineering Fields	Line	(Dollars i	n thousands)
Non-science & Engineering Fields	No.	(1) Total	(2) Federal
a. Education	1510	\$	\$
b. Law	1520		
c. Humanities	1530		
d. Visual & Performing Arts	1540		
e. Business and Management	1550		
f. Communications, Journalism, and Library Science	1560		
g. Social Work	1570		
h. Other Non-S&E Fields (please specify)	1580		
i. Total, Non-S&E Fields (sum of a through h)	1500		
F	1	ī	
j. Total, S&E (from Item 2, line j)	1400		
k. Grand Total (sum of i and j)	2000	\$	\$

CROSSWALK BETWEEN NSF NON-SCIENCE & ENGINEERING FIELDS AND THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS (NCES) CLASSIFICATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS (CIP)

Questionnaire Field		CIP Program Category Title
Education	13.xx	Education
Law	22.xx	Legal Professions and Studies
Humanities	16.xx	Foreign Languages, Literatures, and Linguistics
	23.xx	English Language and Literature/Letters
	24.xx	Liberal Arts and Sciences, General Studies and Humanities
	38.xx	Philosophy and Religious Studies
	39.xx	Theology and Religious Vocations
	54.xx	History (except History of Science)
Visual & Performing Arts	50.xx	Visual and Performing Arts
Business and Management	52.xx	Business, Management, Marketing, and Related Support Services
Communications, Journalism, and Library	09.xx	Communication, Journalism and Related Programs
Science	25.xx	Library Science
	10.xx	Communications Technologies/Technicians and Support Services
Social Work	44.07	Social Work
Other Non-S&E Fields	31.xx	Parks, Recreation, Leisure and Fitness Studies
	29.xx	Military Technologies

Item 2B. What were the Federal Government agency sources for your FY 2007 federally financed current fund expenditures for separately budgeted research and development (including indirect costs) (item 2, column 2) by field of science and engineering?

Total Federal expenditures reported in Item 2B, column 1 should be the same as the Federal expenditures reported in Item 2, column 2.

Allocate funding to the original sources whenever possible. If that information is unknown, report the proximate funding source.

KEY: USDA, Department of Agriculture; DoD, Department of Defense; DOE, Department of Energy; HHS, Department of Health and Human Services; NASA, National Aeronautics and Space Administration; NSF, National Science Foundation. "Other" Federal sources include all other Federal agencies.

		(Dollars in thousands)							
Field of Colones and		(1) Specific Federal Agencies							
Field of Science and Engineering	Line No.	Total Federal	(2) USDA	(3) DoD	(4) DOE	(5) HHS*	(6) NASA	(7) NSF	(8) Other
a. Engineering (Total)	1410	\$	USDA	Вов	DOL	11113	NASA	NOT	Other
(1) Aeronautical & astronautical	1411								
(2) Bioengineering/biomedical engineering	1418								
(3) Chemical	1412								
(4) Civil	1413								
(5) Electrical	1414								
(6) Mechanical	1415								
(7) Metallurgical & materials	1417								
(8) Other	1416								
b. Physical Sciences (Total)	1420								
(1) Astronomy	1421								
(2) Chemistry	1422								
(3) Physics	1423								
(4) Other	1424								
c. Environmental Sciences (Total)	1430								
(1) Atmospheric	1431								
(2) Earth sciences	1432								
(3) Oceanography	1433								
(4) Other	1434								
d. Mathematical Sciences (Total)	1441								
e. Computer Sciences (Total)	1442								
f. Life Sciences (Total)	1450								
(1) Agricultural	1451								
(2) Biological	1452								
(3) Medical	1453								
(4) Other	1454								
g. Psychology (Total)	1460								
h. Social Sciences (Total)	1470								
(1) Economics	1471								
(2) Political science	1472								
(3) Sociology	1473								
(4) Other	1474								
i. Other Sciences (Total)	1480								
j. Total (sum of a through i)	1400	\$							

^{*} Includes NIH.

Please EXCLUDE from your response any R&D expenditures in the fields of education, law, humanities, music, the arts, physical education, library science, and all other non-science and engineering fields.

CROSSWALK BETWEEN NSF FIELDS OF SCIENCE & ENGINEERING AND THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS (NCES) CLASSIFICATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

The left-hand column shows each of the detailed fields as displayed on the questionnaire form. The right-hand column shows the NCES fields that are included within the NSF category as well as some additional illustrative disciplines. These additional disciplines are intended to be guidelines—not sharp definitions—as to what should be reported under a particular field.

QUESTIONNAIRE FIELD	NCES CLASSIFICAT	TION AND	ADDITIONAL ILLUSTR	ATIVE DI	SCIPLINES
a. ENGINEERING (1) Aeronautical and Astronautical	14.02 Aerospace, Aeronautical and Astronautical Engineering (also aerodynamics, space technology)				
(2) Bioengineering/ Biomedical Engineering	14.05 Biomedical/Medical Engineering (also all bioengineering)				
(3) Chemical	03.0509 Wood Science and Wood Products/Pulp and Paper Technology 14.07 Chemical Engineering (also petroleum refining process)	14.25 14.32	Petroleum Engineering Polymer/Plastics Engineering		
(4) Civil	04.02 Architecture 14.04 Architectural Engineering	14.08 14.14	Civil Engineering Environmental/ Environmental Health Engineering		
	(also geotechnical, hydraulic, hydrologic,	sanitary an	d environmental, structural,	transporta	ion)
(5) Electrical	14.09 Computer Engineering, General 14.10 Electrical, Electronics, and Communications Engineering (also power engineering)				
	(also power engineering)				
(6) Mechanical	14.11 Engineering Mechanics		lechanical Engineering		
(7) Metallurgical &	14.06 Ceramic Sciences and Engineering 14.18 Materials Engineering	14.21 14.28	Mining and Mineral Engineering Textile Sciences and	14.31 40.999	Materials Science 9 Physical Sciences, Other
Materials	14.20 Metallurgical Engineering (also welding)		Engineering		
(8) Other	14.01 Engineering, General 14.12 Engineering Physics 14.13 Engineering Science	14.22 14.23	Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering Nuclear Engineering	14.24 14.27 14.99 30.06	Ocean Engineering Systems Engineering Engineering, Other Systems Science and Theory
	(also agricultural engineering, marine and	d ocean eng	ineering systems)		,
b. PHYSICAL	40.02 Astronomy and Astrophysics		, , ,		
SCIENCES (1) Astronomy	(also Gamma-ray, neutrino, optical and ra	adio, X-ray)			
(2) Chemistry	40.05 Chemistry (also analytical, inorganic, organic, org	-metallic, pl	narmaceutical, physical, polyr	mer science	es (except biochemistry))
(3) Physics	40.08 Physics (also acoustics, atomic/molecular, chemic theoretical/mathematical)	cal, conden	sed matter, elementary parti	cles, nucle	ar structure, optics, plasma,
(4) Other	40.01 Physical Sciences 40.99 Physical Sciences, Other (used for multidisciplinary projects within	nhysical sc	iences and for disciplines no	nt requeste	d senarately)
c. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES	40.04 Atmospheric Sciences and Meteorology	priyologi oo	oness and for alcorplines no	or roquotion	a doparatory)
(1) Atmospheric	(also aeronomy, extraterrestrial atmosphere)		<u> </u>		
	15.1102 Survey Technology/ Surveying 40.06 Geological and Earth		Geology/Earth Science, General Cartography		
(2) Earth Sciences	Sciences/Geosciences (also engineering geophysics, general ge			tism, hvdra	ology, inorganic, isotopic. lab
	geophysics, organic geochemistry, paleo				
(3) Oceanography	26.1302 Marine Biology and Biological Oceanography 40.0607 Oceanography, Chemical and Physical				
	(also biological, chemical, geological, phy	sical)			
(4) Other	(used for multidisciplinary projects within		ospheric, and Ocean Science	es)	
(1) Outo	14.3701 Operations Research	27.03	Applied Mathematics	27.99	Mathematics and Statistics,
d. MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES	27.01 Mathematics	27.05	Statistics	30.08	Other Mathematics and Computer Science
	(also algebra, analysis, foundations and l	ogic, geom	etry, numerical analysis, top	ology)	

QUESTIONNAIRE FIELD		NCES Classificat	tion and	Additional Illustrative	Discipli	nes (cont.)
e. COMPUTER SCIENCES	11.	Computer and Information Sciences and Support Services		Management Information General		
		sign, development, and applicati				
f. LIFE SCIENCES	01.03	Agricultural Production Operations Aquaculture	01.07 01.12	International Agriculture Soil Sciences	03. 04.06	Natural Resources and Conservation Landscape Architecture
(1) Agricultural		icultural chemistry, agronomy, a	nimal scie	nce conservation fish and wil		•
(1) rigiloulturur	19.05					Pharmacology
(2) Biological	26.01 26.0202 26.0203 26.03 26.04 26.0403 26.05	Botany/Plant Biology Cell/Cellular Biology and Anatomical Sciences	26.0507 26.0701 26.0702 26.0707 26.0799 26.0804 26.09	Parasitology Immunology Zoology/Animal Biology Entomology Animal Physiology Zoology/Animal Biology, Other Animal Genetics Physiology, Pathology and Related Sciences Pathology/Experimental Pathology	26.1004 26.1101 26.1102 26.1301 26.1309 26.99	Pharmacology Toxicology Biometry/Biometrics Biostatistics Ecology Epidemiology Biological and Biomedical Sciences, Other Nutrition Sciences
	(also alle	ergies and immunology, biogeog	raphy, biot	echnology, pathology, physica	al anthropo	logy, virology)
	26.0209 26.9999 30.2401 51.04	Radiobiology Biological and Biomedical Sciences, Other		Medicine (MD) Psychiatric/Mental Health Nurse/Nursing Optometry (OD) Osteopathic Medicine/Osteopathy (DO)	51.20 51.21 51.22 51.24	Pharmacy, Pharmaceutical Sciences, and Administration Podiatric Medicine/Podiatry (DPM) Public Health Veterinary Medicine (DVM) ¹
(3) Medical	Cardiolo Colon ar Dental/C Dermato Family M Gastroer General Geriatric Hematol	Internal Medicine Addicine Add		Programs Orthopedics/Orthopedi		nology dics/Orthopedic Surgery laryngology s sology and Rehabilitative Medicine urgery ve Medicine
	30.11	Gerontology	51.10	Clinical/Medical Laboratory	51 2308	Physical Therapy/Therapist
(4) Other	51.02	Communication Disorders Sciences and Services Health and Medical Administrative Services	51.16 51.2306	Science and Allied Professions Nursing Occupational Therapy/Therapist	51.2399 51.99	
	(used for	multidisciplinary projects within	life scienc			
g. PSYCHOLOGY	42.01 42.02 (also ani	Psychology, General Clinical Psychology mal behavior, educational, expe	42.17 51.2301 rimental, h	School Psychology Art Therapy/Therapist	nality, soci	ial)
		Agricultural Economics	45.06	Economics	52.06	Business/Managerial
h. SOCIAL SCIENCES (1) Economics		olied, development, econometric				Economics
(2) Political Science		Public Administration Public Policy Analysis Public Administration and ervice Professions, Other	45.09 45.10	International Relations and Affairs Political Science and Government		
	(also cor	nparative government, legal sys	tems, polit	ical theory, regional studies)		
(3) Sociology	45.02	Anthropology (Social and Cultural only) nparative and historical, comple	45.05	Demography and Population Studies	45.11	Sociology
		are theory)	n oi gaillea	aono, cultural and social struct	.a.c, gioup	interactions, social problems
(4) Other	04.03 05.	City/Urban, Community and Regional Planning Area, Ethnic, Cultural, and Gender Studies Linguistics	43.01 44.02 45.01	Criminal Justice and Corrections Community Organization and Advocacy Social Sciences, General	45.03 45.07 45.12 45.99	Archeology Geography and Cartography Urban Studies/Affairs Social Sciences, Other
1	(also his	tory of science, socioeconomic (geography			
i. OTHER, n.e.c.	,	nen the multidisciplinary and inte		<u> </u>		. , , , ,

Institutions with schools of veterinary medicine should distribute R&D expenditures among the appropriate disciplines (agricultural, biological, and medical) rather than only in medical sciences.

Questions and Answers

This document answers common questions about the academic R&D expenditures survey.

DATA USES AND AVAILABILITY

How are these data typically used?

Congress has directed NSF to provide "a central clearinghouse for the collection, interpretation, and analysis of data on scientific and engineering resources and to provide a source of information for policy formulation by other agencies of the Federal Government...." As part of its response, the Division of Science Resources Statistics (SRS) conducts annual surveys of the research and development (R&D) expenditures at the Nation's universities and colleges.

Congress and Federal and State government planners use the data for science policy analysis, national and international studies, legislative hearing reports, budget formulation sessions, and other measurements of the adequacy of the Nation's research base. Academic institutions use the information for policy analysis, publicity, and other purposes. Industrial firms often request data to prepare for on-campus recruiting. The data often appear in higher education studies and publications.

How are the data made available?

NSF's annual *Academic Research and Development Expenditures Survey* compiles detailed data in a comprehensive document, available on request. Institutional profiles show trend data for responses at the institutional level from all academic science and engineering (S&E) surveys.

Survey data are now available on the Web. To obtain the most recent survey publications and data tables, data files, institutional profiles, and access to WebCASPAR, the Web-based Computer-Aided Science Policy Analysis and Research database system, direct your browser to http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/.

FIELD OF SCIENCE CLASSIFICATIONS

How should I assign field classifications for R&D performed in multidisciplinary centers?

Multidisciplinary research should be categorized by individual research project according to the nature of the research performed. When individual projects encompass multiple fields of S&E, prorate expenditures to report the proportions of each discipline involved. Do not lump funds together into "other" field categories unless the type of research is actually defined as "other." NSF recommends crediting such research to the appropriate S&E discipline when the project first begins.

How should I allocate research dollars spent for computing or supercomputing services?

Report research dollars spent for computer usage to the individual fields of science and engineering for which the R&D is performed. Do not report these funds in computer science, unless computer science research was performed.

What fields should be excluded from the science and engineering totals?

Exclude fields that are considered to be non-science—education, law, humanities, business, music, the arts, library science, and physical education. Note that you would report separately budgeted R&D for the philosophy of science (a science category), but not philosophy (one of the humanities). The NSF/NCES Crosswalk included with the questionnaire lists all S&E fields.

BASIC RESEARCH

How should basic research be calculated?

The percentage of basic research should be defined at the individual grant level by each principal researcher. Where this is not possible, grants should be reviewed by each department head or other relevant research coordinator.

Sources of Funding

Should faculty practice plan income be included in the survey?

Expenditures for faculty practice plans are not considered research and should not be included. If income from such plans is used to fund other research and the funds are separately budgeted, then the expenditures should be included in institutional funds.

How much of our administrative costs can be reported in the survey?

Administrative salaries and other administrative costs, particularly at your organized research units, can be reported only if funded through projects specifically restricted and budgeted for research. General administrative costs should not be reported.

How should I report institutional funds?

All research dollars reported for your institution should be funds that are separately budgeted and restricted for research, such as sponsored research accounts or general accounts that are specifically budgeted for research. Do not include funds not specifically budgeted for research.

If your institution does not track underrecovery of indirect costs, use the underrecovery formula included in the questionnaire instructions. Do not forget to include and distribute unreimbursed indirect costs by detailed field in survey Item 2.

Be sure to report all indirect costs related to your institutional funds.

Can I report donated research equipment in the survey?

Since donated research equipment is not typically captured in university accounting systems, the value of donated research equipment should not be reported.

COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH ARRANGEMENTS

Should I report expenditures received through collaborative research ventures with other institutions?

Report only what your institution actually expends and accounts for when participating in joint research ventures.

How do I distinguish between being a subrecipient of pass-through funds and being a subcontractor of R&D services?

For Federal awards, a subrecipient is an entity that receives Federal financial assistance from the State or any other entity to administer a program (OMB Circular A-133, Section .210 (revised)). The subrecipient actually administers or controls the program, as opposed to the subcontractor who contracts for a specific service on a per-unit basis. A key factor in determining if a subrecipient arrangement exists is determining if the entity assumes the responsibility to administer the program. Subrecipients tend to be the co-authors of publications, writers of technical reports discussing findings, inventors, etc. Unlike a subrecipient relationship, a subcontract is a procurement of goods and/or services. Payments to subcontractors are expenditures for services, not expenditures for research, and are different from pass-through funds to subrecipients.

ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS

Which organizational units should I include in the survey?

Include research conducted through units that are considered part of your institution's organizational structure. For example, report expenditures from branch campuses, medical schools, agricultural stations, research centers and institutes, and any other units whose expenditures are separately budgeted **and are accounted for by your institution's financial system.** Exclude R&D expenditures performed by federally funded research and development centers (FFRDCs), nonprofit institutions, and private laboratories. Do not report salaries of faculty doing research at outside institutions unless your institution accounts for the funding of that research.

For more information, contact Survey Support at 1-866-349-8626 or expweb@qrc.com. For general questions regarding survey procedures and data reporting, contact Ronda Britt of NSF at rbritt@nsf.gov or (703) 292-7765.