

ASSESSING THE TOXICITY
POTENTIAL
OF MINE-WASTE PILES

**Scientists from the
U.S. Geological Survey, Denver, CO
and**

**The Rocky Mountain Regional Hazardous Substance
Research Center**

**Colorado State University and
the Colorado School of Mines**

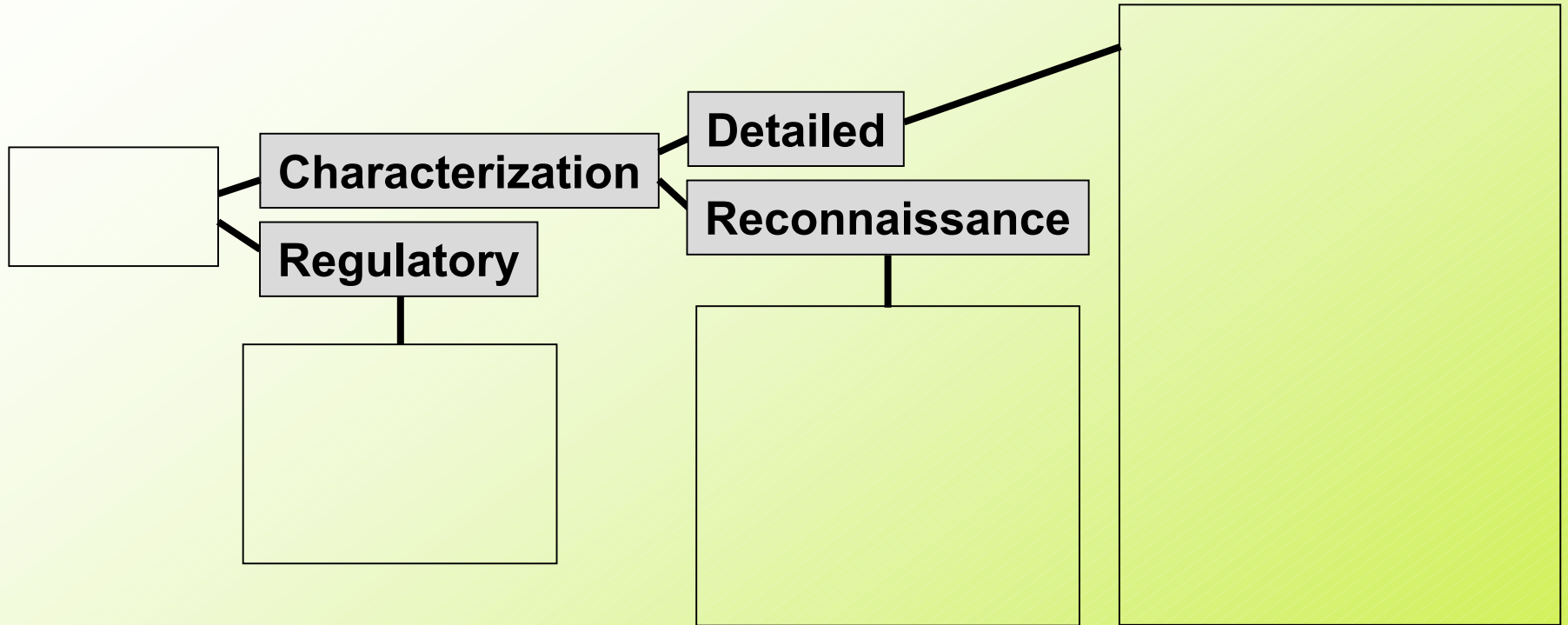


Rocky Mountain Regional
Hazardous Substance Research Center

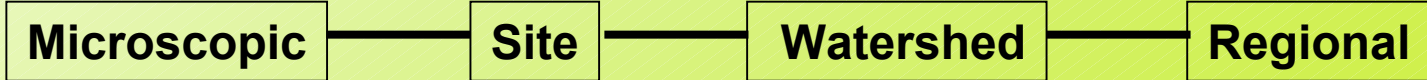


- **I. Introduction**
 - A. Scope of Workshop (*Tom Wildeman*)
 - B. Mine Drainage Chemistry (*Kathy Smith and Tom Wildeman*)
 - C. Mining Wastes Overview (*Sharon Diehl and Kathy Smith*)
- **II. Methods to Determine Bioaccessibility of Metals from Wastes**
(*LaDonna Choate and Jim Ranville*)
- **III. Physical Characterization of Waste Piles**
 - A. Physical Characterization of Waste Piles (*Tom Wildeman*)
 - B. Fate and Transport of Metals & Sediment in Surface Water
(*Rosalia Rojas & Mark Velleux*)
- **IV. The Importance of Geology** (*Sharon Diehl*)
- **V. Geophysical Applications** (*Bruce Smith*)
- **VI. Waste Pile & Water Sampling** (*Kathy Smith*)
- **VII. Chemical Analysis** (*Kathy Smith*)
- **VIII. Leaching Tests**
 - A. Leaching Studies (*Phil Hageman*)
 - B. Assessing Mine Wastes: Chemical Criteria (*Tom Wildeman*)
- **IX. Acid-base Accounting** (*David Fey*)
- **X. Decision Tree** (*Tom Wildeman*)

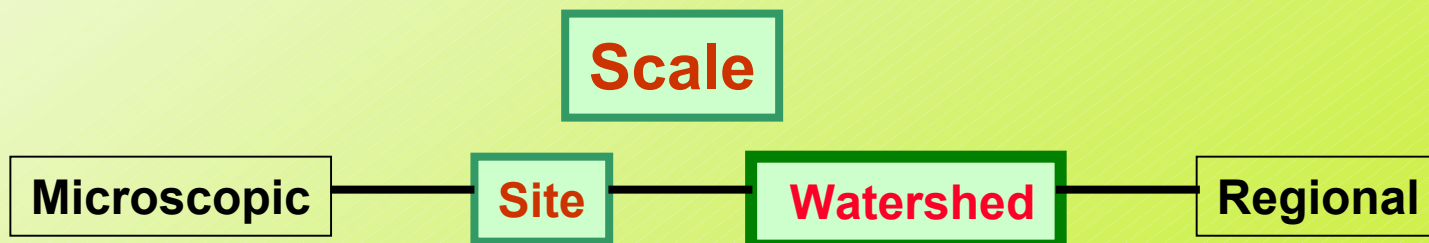
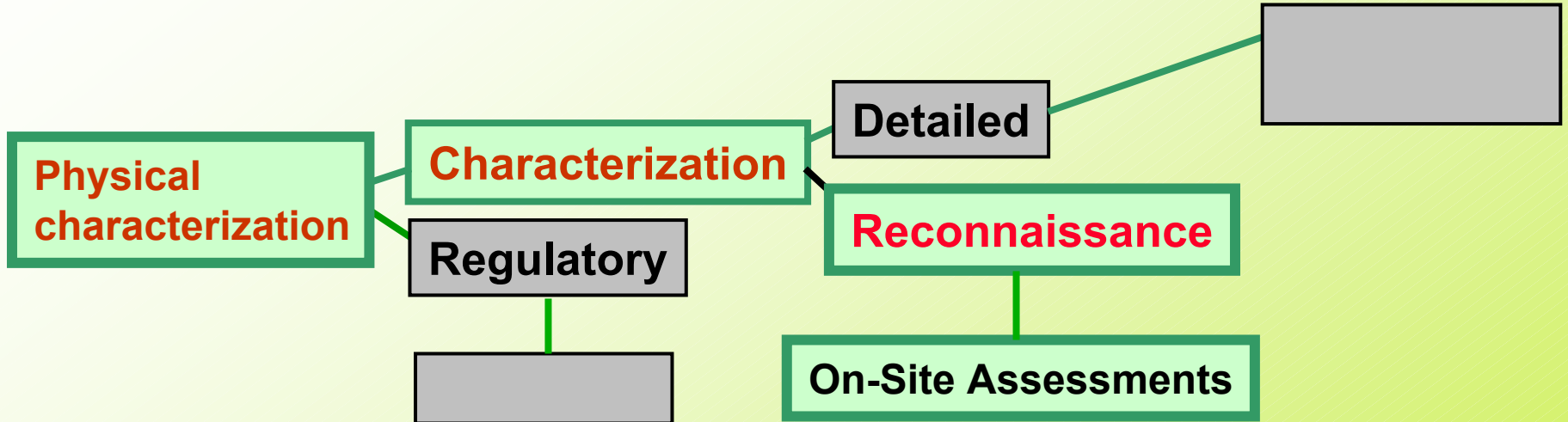
Flow Chart for Ranking and Prioritization



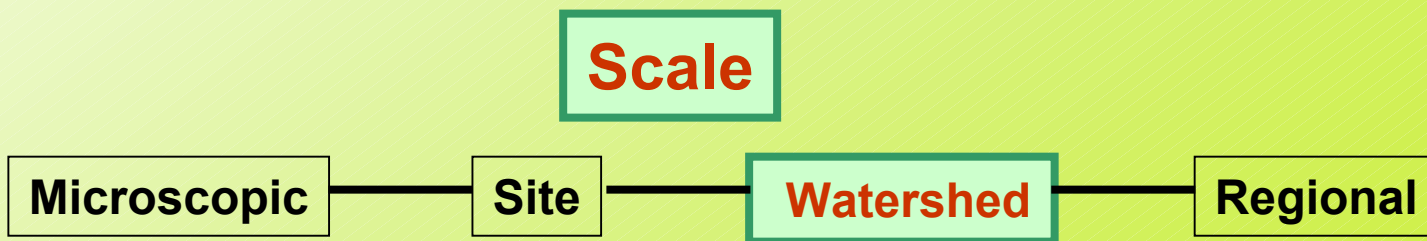
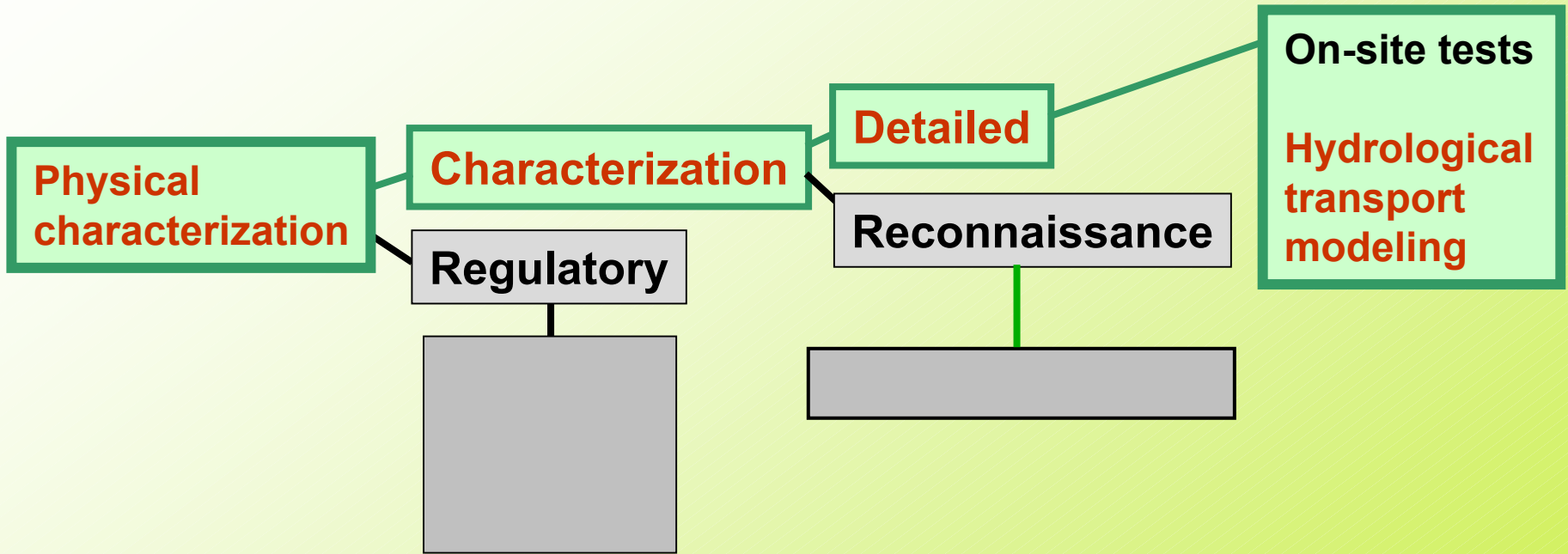
Scale



Flow Chart for Ranking and Prioritization (THOMAS WILDEMAN)



Flow Chart for Ranking and Prioritization (ROSALIA ROJAS)



SCOPE

WATERSHED → SITE → ROCK → MINERAL

EMPHASIS

PHYSICAL ↔ CHEMICAL ↔ BIOLOGICAL

PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

1. PROVIDE A SIMPLE & PRACTICAL METHOD OF ASSESSING THE POTENTIAL TOXICITY OF A WASTE-ROCK PILE
2. PROVIDE SUFFICIENT SCIENTIFIC & TECHNICAL BACKGROUND TO SUPPORT THE SIMPLE ASSESSMENT METHODS

MINE WASTE DECISION TREE

CHEMICAL CRITERIA

PASTE pH, ALKALINITY

< 5

> 5

Assume Toxicity.
Check with TCLP
& CDMG
extraction tests.

Toxicity Uncertain

TCLP, CDMG, & USGS
extraction tests are
necessary.

Develop a simple
bioavailability test to
confirm toxicity.

PHYSICAL CRITERIA

A. ON-SITE ASSESSMENTS

1. Proximity to year-round or ephemeral stream or gulch.
2. Size of waste-rock pile.
3. Extensiveness of erosion features.
4. Presence of cementation crusts.
5. Presence of a kill zone.
6. Presence of vegetation.

B. ON-SITE TESTS

1. Develop a settling test.

Concerning the tests and observations within the criteria, only the paste pH test can be used as an either/or criterion for determining toxicity. For the other tests, ratings will have to be developed for which the aggregate score will determine the degree of hazard of a waste-rock pile.

OTHER FEATURES

- **END OF THIS SECTION**
 - **GLOSSARY**
- **END OF EACH SECTION**
 - **KEY PAPERS**
- **LAST SECTION OF NOTES**
 - **KEY REFERENCES**
 - **RELATED LITERATURE**
 - **RELATED RESOURCES**

GROUND RULES

- **NONE REALLY – JUST HAVE A GOOD DAY.**
- **ASK QUESTIONS AT ANY TIME.**

RUSSELL GULCH NEAR CENTRAL CITY, CO

