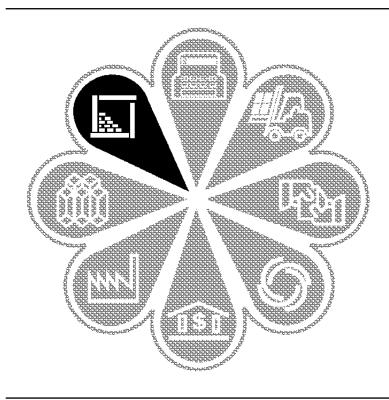
1992Census of Construction Industries

CC92-I-27

INDUSTRY SERIES

United States Summary

Establishments With and Without Payroll



Acknowledgments

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This report was prepared in the Manufacturing and Construction Division. Barry A. Rappaport, Assistant Chief for Construction and Mineral Census and Related Programs, was responsible for the overall planning, management, and coordination of the census of construction industries. Planning and implementation were under the direction of Patricia L. Horning, Chief, Construction and Mineral Census Branch, with staff assistance by Juliana Van Berkum, Jennifer L. Evans, Susan L. Hostetter, Doris M. Kling, Carolyn J. Stone, and Linda M. Taylor. The sampling plans and variance and estimation specifications were developed by Dennis K. Duke. Under the direction of C. Lloyd Anderson, the Systems Support Staff maintained the small computers and assisted in the management of computer output.

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If you have any questions concerning the statistics in this report, call 301-457-4680.

1992 Census of Construction Industries

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United States Summary

Establishments With and Without Payroll

Issued December 1995



U.S. Department of Commerce Ronald H. Brown, Secretary David J. Barram, Deputy Secretary

Economics and Statistics Administration Everett M. Ehrlich, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

> BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Martha Farnsworth Riche, Director



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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC **CENSUS**

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions.

Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data, especially in monitoring economic activity and providing assistance to business.

State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.

Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries and keep their members informed of market changes.

Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE

Title 13 of the United States Code (sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7. The 1992 Economic Census consists of the following eight censuses:

- · Census of Retail Trade
- Census of Wholesale Trade
- Census of Service Industries
- · Census of Financial, Insurance, and Real Estate Industries
- · Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities
- · Census of Manufactures
- · Census of Mineral Industries
- Census of Construction Industries

Special programs also cover enterprise statistics and minority-owned and women-owned businesses. (The 1992 Census of Agriculture and 1992 Census of Governments are conducted separately.) The next economic census is scheduled to be taken in 1998 covering the year 1997.

AVAILABILITY OF THE DATA

The results of the economic census are available in printed reports for sale by the U.S. Government Printing Office and on compact discs for sale by the Census Bureau. Order forms for all types of products are available on request from Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300. A more complete description of publications being issued from this census is on the inside back cover of this document.

Census facts are also widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and newspapers. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries. Finally, State data centers in every State as well as business and industry data centers in many States also supply economic census statistics.

WHAT'S NEW IN 1992

The 1992 Economic Census covers more of the economy than any previous census. New for 1992 are data on communications, utilities, finance, insurance, and real estate, as well as coverage of more transportation industries. The economic, agriculture, and governments censuses now collectively cover nearly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Among other changes, new 1992 definitions affect the boundaries of about a third of all metropolitan areas. Also, the Survey of Women-Owned Businesses has now been expanded to include all corporations.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1963, 1958, and 1954. Prior to that time, the individual subcomponents of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for 1840 and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. In 1902, Congress established a permanent Census Bureau and directed that a census of manufactures be taken every 5 years. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular every-10-year population census.

The first census of business was taken in 1930, covering 1929. Initially it covered retail and wholesale trade and construction industries, but it was broadened in 1933 to include some of the service trades.

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated—providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires. The Enterprise Statistics Program, which publishes combined data from the economic census, was made possible with the implementation of the integrated census program in 1954.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses has continued to expand. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. The census of transportation began in 1963 as a set of surveys covering travel, transportation of commodities, and trucks, but expanded in 1987 to cover business establishments in several transportation industries. For 1992, these statistics are incorporated into a broadened census of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 is the census of financial, insurance. and real estate industries. This is part of a gradual expansion in coverage of industries previously subjected to government regulation.

The Survey of Minority-Owned Business Enterprises was first conducted as a special project in 1969 and was incorporated into the economic census in 1972 along with the Survey of Women-Owned Businesses.

An economic census has also been taken in Puerto Rico since 1909, in the Virgin Islands of the United States and Guam since 1958, and in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands since 1982.

Statistical reports from the 1987 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of long-term time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census data published since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau.

AVAILABILITY OF MORE FREQUENT ECONOMIC DATA

While the census provides complete enumerations every 5 years, there are many needs for more frequent data as well. The Census Bureau conducts a number of monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, with the results appearing in publication series such as Current Business Reports (retail and wholesale trade and service industries), the Annual Survey of Manufactures, Current Industrial Reports, and the Quarterly Financial Report. Most of these surveys, while providing more frequent observations, yield less kind-of-business and geographic detail than the census. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics on the number of establishments, employment, and payroll classified by industry within each county.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1992 Economic Census and Related Statistics. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the census will be published in the History of the 1992 Economic Census. Contact Customer Services for information on availability.

Census of Construction

GENERAL

The 1992 Census of Construction Industries covers all employer establishments (establishments with payroll) primarily engaged in contract construction or construction on their own account for sale as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 19871 (SIC). This industrial classification system has been developed by experts on classification in government and private industry under the guidance of the Office of Management and Budget and is in general use among government agencies and among organizations outside the government.

Contract construction. The SIC manual defines construction in three broad types of activity:

- 1. Building construction by general contractors or by operative builders. General building contractors are primarily engaged in the construction of dwellings, office buildings, stores, farm buildings, and other building projects. Operative builders who build on their own account for sale are also included here. However. investment builders who build structures on their own account for rent are classified in Real Estate.
- 2. Heavy construction general contractors. Heavy construction general contractors are primarily engaged in the construction of highways, bridges, pipelines, sewers and water lines, marine construction, power, and petro-chemical plants and other nonbuilding construction projects. Special trade contractors are classified in heavy construction, if they are specifically engaged in the following activities: grading for highway and airport runways; guardrail construction; installation of highway signs; asphalt and concrete construction of roads, highways, streets, and public sidewalks; trenching, cable laying; conduit construction; underwater rock removal; pipeline wrapping; or land clearing and leveling.
- 3. Construction by other special trade contractors. These contractors include plumbers, painters, carpenters, electricians, brick layers, roofers, etc. For the most part, they perform their work at the site of construction, although they may also have shops where they perform work incidental to the job site.

General contractors in both the building and the heavy construction field usually assume responsibility for an entire construction project, but may subcontract to others all of the actual construction work or those portions of the project requiring special skills or equipment. Special trade contractors may work for general contractors, for other subcontractors, or may work directly for the owner of the property.

Each establishment receiving a questionnaire was requested to report the percent of total dollar value of business done for each kind-of-business activity engaged in during 1992. This information was used for the computer assignment of appropriate industry classifications. During this work, various tests were also made using other data reported on the questionnaire. The proportion of construction work to total business was checked to verify that the establishment was primarily in construction. Also taken into consideration were the types of structures worked on during the year and the extent of work undertaken for other contractors.

Construction establishments often engage in various construction activities. It is necessary, however, to assign a single industry code to the establishment based on its major activity. Therefore, the statistics shown for an industry reflect not only the primary activity of the establishments in the industry but also their secondary activities. The industry reports, however, do present data on the extent of secondary activities.

Prior to 1992, this census also included one industry classified in the Real Estate area, SIC 6552, Land Subdividers and Developers, Except Cemeteries. This industry is covered in the 1992 Census of Financial, Insurance. and Real Estate Industries.

ESTABLISHMENT BASIS OF REPORTING

The census of construction industries is conducted on an establishment basis. A "construction establishment" is defined as a relatively permanent office or other place of business where the usual business activities related to construction are conducted. With some exceptions, a relatively permanent office is one which has been established for the management of more than one project or job and which is expected to be maintained on a continuing basis. Such "establishment" activities include, but are not limited to estimating, bidding, purchasing, supervising, and operation of the actual construction work being conducted

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00314-2.

at one or more construction sites. Separate construction reports were not required for each project or construction site.

Companies with more than one construction establishment were required to submit a separate report for each establishment operated during all or any part of 1992. The census of construction industries figures represent a summary of records for individual establishments rather than for companies.

If an establishment was engaged in construction and one or more distinctly different lines of economic activity (wholesale or retail trade, service, manufacturing, mining, etc.) at the same place of business, it was requested to file a separate report for each activity, provided that the activity was of substantial size and separate records were maintained or substantially accurate estimates could be prepared.

If a separate establishment report could not be prepared for each activity, then a construction report was requested covering all activities of that establishment providing that the 1992 value of construction work exceeded the gross receipts from each of its other activities.

Construction businesses with no payroll during 1992 (nonemployers) were not required to file census reports. Tabulation of data for these businesses are based on administrative records and are shown only in U.S. summary publications and the geographic area reports series. Refer to the section on "Sample Design" for details. Foreign construction activities were not included in this census.

SAMPLE DESIGN, ESTIMATION PROCEDURES, AND RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

The companies included in the 1992 Census of Construction Industries were identified as part of an operation common to all 1992 Economic Censuses. Construction companies were divided into employers (companies with payroll) and nonemployers (companies without payroll). Statistical information for the employers was obtained in the census by a survey which included all medium size and large employers and a sample of the smaller ones. Census reports were not required from the nonemployers. Statistics on nonemployers were obtained from administrative records of other agencies of the Federal Government.

Employer Companies

Developing the sampling frame for employer companies. This operation started with obtaining a list of all construction companies in the active records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) which were subject to payment of Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) taxes. The basic source for this list has been the Internal Revenue Service Business Master File, a comprehensive list of companies engaged in business activities in the United States. The file contains the name, address, and form of

ownership of each company and also indicates whether or not the company is subject to the FICA. Each company in this file is assigned a unique employer identification (EI) number which it uses in filing its various reports with the IRS. The Social Security Administration (SSA) maintains a similar list using the same identification numbers, which also contains information on the industrial classification of each company. The Bureau of the Census obtained both of these lists and combined them.

Under special arrangements which safeguarded the confidentiality of the information, the Bureau also obtained administrative-record data on payrolls and receipts and added these data to the combined list. The list, thus created from the IRS-SSA information, was a list of employer companies. However, for the 1992 Economic Census the basic reporting unit is the "establishment." Therefore, steps were taken to identify the individual establishments of those companies which operate more than one place of business. The information for making this determination was obtained by means of the Company Organization Survey (COS), an annual canvass of all known multiestablishment companies and large single-establishment companies. Thus, the 1992 Economic Census list for singleestablishment employer companies was obtained from the IRS-SSA, but the list of establishments of multiestablishment employer companies was obtained directly from those companies in the COS. Refer to the section on "Establishment Basis for Reporting" for details.

In general, the IRS-SSA list provided sufficient industrial classification data to assign a company to the proper economic census, but there were a number of companies for which this information was inadequate or unavailable. A special form, NC-9923, General Schedule, was mailed to all such companies, requesting information on the nature of the company's activities. From the information reported, the company was given an industrial classification code and assigned to the appropriate economic census. Since construction companies found in this way were identified only after the regular census mailing had taken place, they were treated as a supplement to the basic list.

Selecting the employer sample. The sample was designed to provide reliable State and metropolitan area estimates for each construction industry. It consisted of all construction establishments in multiestablishment companies, all single-establishment companies with 1991 administrative payroll of \$480,000 or more and a probability sample of single-establishment companies with payroll under that amount. Supplementing the sample were construction companies identified from the NC-9923, General Schedule. Also affecting the sample were the misclassified companies; i.e., companies included in the samples of other trade areas which reported they were construction companies and companies originally classified in construction which reported they were not construction companies.

Of the 547,000 single-establishment employer companies initially classified as construction companies, 158,000 were included in the sample. All of the 11,000 establishments of multiestablishment companies were included in

the sample. There was a net increase in the sample of 48,000 establishments resulting from establishments originally unclassified (receiving the NC-9923) or misclassified.

The probability sample of the smaller single-establishment companies was a stratified random sample. Strata were formed from all establishments with the same initial four-digit SIC code, in the same State, in the same metropolitan area, or in the balance of the State, and in the same size class based on estimated total employment. If the four-digit SIC code for an establishment was incomplete, the establishment was placed in a stratum for miscellaneous companies. Because they were small, all companies were included in the sample for the following three industries: SIC 1622, Bridge, Tunnel, and Elevated Highway Construction Contractors; SIC 1795, Wrecking and Demolition Work Special Trade Contractors; and SIC 1796, Installation or Erection of Building Equipment Special Trade Contractors.

Estimation procedures for 1992 and 1987 data. Since all larger employer companies and some smaller ones were included in the census, sample estimation was required only for the universe of companies not selected with certainty. The published statistics are the totals of the estimates for the sampled companies and the aggregates for the certainty companies. All estimates for 1992 and 1987 published here are simple unbiased estimates of the form:

$$x'_{c} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} / p_{i}$$

$$i = 1$$

where: x' is the simple unbiased estimate of a characteristic for a publication cell.

x. is the reported value of a characteristic for an individual establishment in the publication cell.

p_i is the selection probability of that firm.

n is the number of firms in the sample for the cell.

Data for certain characteristics were reported as a percentage of the dollar value of business done. Before this formula was applied to those characteristics, it was necessary to convert the reported percentages into dollars.

Reliability of employer statistics. Since the estimates for employer establishments in these reports are based on the samples, they are subject to sampling variability and may be expected to differ from results which would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same forms and procedures. The sampling errors shown in the tables were estimated directly from the sample reports, using methods appropriate for the sample design and form of estimation used. The relative standard error is a measure of sampling variability; i.e., the variation that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the

relative standard error also partially reflects the effect of random errors of response and processing, but it does not take into account the effect of any consistent biases due to those types of errors. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the relative standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference is less than twice the relative standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2-1/2 times the relative standard error. Individual estimates with large relative standard errors have been shown in the published tables. Any such estimates should be used with caution. The very large relative standard errors generally occur for the smaller estimates.

Relative standard errors have been calculated for all of the published statistics, although they are shown for each statistic only in the tables presenting detailed statistics. Other tables show relative standard errors only for certain characteristics because of lack of space.

As calculated for this report, the relative standard error measures certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data. Bias is the difference, averaged over all possible samples with the same size and design, between the estimates and the true value being estimated. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; and errors made in processing the data. Although no direct measurements of the biases have been obtained, it is believed that most of the important response and operational errors were detected in the course of reviewing the data for reasonableness and consistency.

A potential source of bias is in the imputation for those establishments that have not responded by the time of final publication. Data were estimated for establishments that did not report by that date, although selected establishments were contacted again to obtain as much information on the telephone as possible. Some publication cells in which more than 40 percent of the data were not reported have been suppressed.

Nonemployer Companies

As described earlier, the information derived from the business income tax returns of all companies was matched to the census employer file on the basis of common identification numbers. Those business income tax returns which could not be matched were further classified on the basis of several characteristics. Returns with characteristics consistent with companies without payroll were treated as nonemployers. The nonemployer construction companies were not required to file census reports.

For "number of establishments," each separate income tax return was assumed to be an establishment. "All business receipts" was based on receipts information reported on the tax return.

Since no sampling was involved in the nonemployer establishments, the statistics for nonemployers are not subject to sampling variability. However, these data are subject to an unknown amount of reporting and processing errors which could not be detected by the Census Bureau.

One such "nonsampling" issue was raised in the processing of the 1992 statistics. For 1992, a relatively small number of nonemployer records with revenues more than \$1 million were excluded from tabulations. The exclusion of these records resulted in a significant decrease in total nonemployer revenues from 1987, where no upper limit was used. The large revenues are now assumed to be unreasonable for firms without employees. It is also likely that these revenues are duplicated in revenues reported by (or imputed to) firms with paid employees. A comprehensive study of this issue is planned prior to the 1997 census.

CENSUS REPORT FORMS

Information for the 1992 Census of Construction Industries was obtained from employer establishments primarily through the use of 22 questionnaires, determined by industry classification and size. Standard forms and short forms were developed for each of the following SIC groups: 15, 16, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, and 179. Establishments with 1991 administrative payroll of \$1,080,000 or more all received the standard form. For those sample establishments with payroll under that amount, half received the standard form and half received the short form. The short forms covered only major items and omitted some of the detail found in the longer forms.

In reviewing and developing the questionnaires, comments and recommendations were elicited from construction trade associations and advisory groups.

Also, approximately 6,000 establishments in SIC's 1521, 1629, and 1799 were surveyed in the Census of Construction Industries 1989 Pretest. This survey consisted of four panels which received one of four experimental questionnaries and one panel which received the control questionnaire. Along with the questionnaire, these establishments received an evaluation questionnaire, which requested information about respondents' reactions to the questionnaire, problems in completing the questionnaire, and how long it took to complete the questionnaire. Results from the 1989 Pretest questionnaire are reflected as reworded questions, improved instructions, and restructured value of business questions in the 1992 questionnaires.

DATA PROCESSING

The 1992 census report forms were mailed out in December 1992. They were mailed from and returned to the Census Bureau's Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, IN, where routine editing and coding of the report forms were also accomplished. Collection of these report forms was essentially completed in July 1993.

The returned reports underwent extensive processing. A preliminary edit done at the time of data entry identified obviously deficient reports and reports needing clarification. When necessary, these problems were resolved by further contact with the respondents. Next, the data were transmitted to Census Bureau headquarters near Washington, DC.

Data records, then, underwent a detailed computer review and analysis. The records containing significant problems were referred for further analytical review and, if necessary, contacts were made with the respondents. The computer performed most classification coding (such as industry coding, geographic coding, and size coding), and imputation for missing items or for reports not received in time for tabulation. The imputation was performed on an industry (or industry group) and State (or geographic group) basis using all available response and administrative data.

The data records were then tabulated on an industry basis. Industry totals were subjected to analytical review, and selected statistics were prepared for the preliminary reports. Corrections resulting from this review were made to the computer records and final tabulations were produced.

The review of a preliminary report for an industry often uncovered the need for corrections or revisions to the data for another industry for which a preliminary report had already been published. The final reports incorporate all revisions and corrections made during the review of the preliminary reports and contain considerable more data than were published in those reports.

GEOGRAPHIC CLASSIFICATION

Information for the 1992 Census of Construction Industries' final industry report series is classified on the basis of two types of geographic distributions: (1) physical location of the establishment, and (2) location of construction work. A separate code was assigned on each basis allowing us to present data by both physical location of the establishment and location of construction work.

The geographic area reports series presents similar data by industry for each State (physical location of the establishment) and for selected MSA's, CMSA's and PMSA's.

CHANGE IN COLLECTION METHODOLOGY FOR VALUE OF CONSTRUCTION WORK DONE

In 1987 and 1992, the "value of construction work" was collected to better measure actual construction activity done during the year. In 1992, this item was collected as a total of three separate items. These items (receipts from construction contract work, value of speculative construction work, and value of construction work done for own use) were collected separately to emphasize construction activity that had been poorly reported in previous censuses.

Receipts from the sale of land were not collected separately in 1992, as in 1987, but are still excluded from the value of construction work done.

All dollar values are shown in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for inflation.

DUPLICATION IN VALUE OF CONSTRUCTION WORK

The aggregate of value of construction work reported by all construction establishments in each of the several industry, geographic area, or other groupings in this census contains varying amounts of duplication, since the construction work of one firm may be subcontracted to other construction firms and may also be included in the subcontractors' value of construction work. To avoid this duplication, a "net" value of construction work figure has been derived for each establishment by subtracting the costs for construction work subcontracted to others from the value of construction work.

Duplication in value of business between other construction and nonconstruction industries results from the use of products of these other industries as input materials by construction establishments. "Value added" avoids this duplication and is, for most purposes, the best measure for comparing the relative economic importance of industries or areas. "Value added" is defined in the 1992 Census of Construction Industries as equal to dollar value of business done less costs for construction work subcontracted to others and payments for materials, components, supplies, and fuels.

SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1992 Census of Construction Industries may be obtained on computer tape or in tabular form. The data will be in summary form and subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis. A request for a cost estimate, as well as exact and detailed specifications of the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to the Chief, Manufacturing and Construction Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

To discuss a special tabulation before submitting specifications, call 301-457-4680.

COMPARABILITY OF CENSUS OF CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES DATA WITH OTHER DATA

Data contained in the reports of the 1992 Census of Construction Industries are not the same as the data published in the Census Bureau's monthly Construction Reports, Series C30, Value of New Construction Put in Place. The main difference is that the C30 series covers all new construction put in place without regard to who is performing the construction activity; whereas, the construction census figures cover both new construction and maintenance and repair work done by establishments classified in the construction industry. Significant amounts of construction are done by establishments classified outside of construction (in real estate, manufacturing, utilities, and communications, for example), both as "force account" construction and construction done for others. In addition, the value in place series includes constructionrelated expenses such as architectural and engineering costs and the costs of materials supplied by owners which are normally not reflected in the census of construction industries.

Data contained in the reports of the census of construction industries may also differ from industry data in "Employment and Earnings Statistics," published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and "Statistics of Income," published by the Internal Revenue Service. These differences arise from varying definitions of scope, coverage, timing, classification, and methodology.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

- * Sampling error exceeds 40 percent.
- ** Represents the sum of all employees during pay periods including 12th of March, May, August, and November, divided by 4.
- Represents zero.
- † Represents value of construction work less costs for construction work subcontracted to others. (See Duplication in Value of Construction Work.)
- the Represents dollar value of business done less costs for construction work subcontracted to others and costs for materials, components, supplies, and fuels. In 1987, for SIC 1531, land receipts were collected as a component of dollar value of business and, therefore, were subtracted from this value. (See Duplication in Value of Construction Work.)
- (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in higher level totals.
- (NA) Not available.
- (S) Withheld because estimate did not meet publication standards on the basis of either the response rate, associated relative standard error, or a consistency review.
- (X) Not applicable.
- (Z) Less than half of the unit shown.
- n.s.k. Not specified by kind.

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in This Report by Table Number

Statistics	For U.S.	By industry	By employ- ment size	By size class of dollar value of business done	By type, class, kind of business, and location of con- struction ¹	Auxiliary establish- ments
Assets and depreciation (gross book value): Beginning of year—buildings, machinery and equipment	5, 6					
End of year—total	2, 5, 6 5, 6 5, 6	2	8	9		
Capital expenditures: Total capital expenditures New buildings—machinery and equipment. Used buildings—machinery and equipment	2, 5, 6 5, 6 5, 6	2	8	9		
Communication services, costs for	3, 4					
Employees: All employees—average number Construction workers—average number Construction workers—quarterly Other employees—average number.	1, 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4, 11 3, 4, 11 3, 4	1, 2 2, 11 11	8	9		
Establishments—number in business during year:						
All. With payroll Without payroll.	1 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 11 1	1 1, 2, 11 1	8	9		17
Fringe benefits—legally required and voluntary expenditures	3, 4					
Inventories	7					
Materials, components, supplies, and fuels—costs for	2, 3, 4	2	8	9		
Ownership—private or government owned	3, 4					
Payroll: First-quarter, all employees	3, 4					
All employees	2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4 3, 4	2 2	8	9		17
Power, fuels, and lubricants—costs for	3, 4					
Proprietors and working partners:	·					
All establishments Establishments with payroll Establishments without payroll.	1 1, 3, 4 1	1 1 1				
Ratios, selected industry	15, 16	15, 16				
Receipts and value: Dollar value of business done: All establishments	1	1				
Establishments with payroll	1, 3, 4	1	8	9	13, 14	
Establishments without payroll	1 2, 3, 4 3, 4	1 2	8	9	10, 12	
Other business receipts	3, 4 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 4	2 2	8 8	9		

See footnotes at end of table.

JOBNAME: No Job Name PAGE: 2 SESS: 39 OUTPUT: Fri Dec 1 13:22:34 1995 / pssw01/ disk2/ economic/ cc92i/ 27/ 07txtgui1

Statistics	For U.S.	By industry	By employ- ment size	By size class of dollar value of business done	By type, class, kind of business, and location of con- struction ¹	Auxiliary establish- ments
Rental costs:	2, 3, 4	2	8	9		
For machinery and equipment	3, 4	2	O	3		
Repairs to buildings and other structures	· .					
Repairs to machinery and equipment	3, 4					
Subcontract work to others, costs for	2, 3, 4	2	8	9		

Note: Data for 1987 and earlier years are also available in some of these tables.

¹Type—buildings, roads, etc. Class—new construction; additions, alterations, or reconstruction; or maintenance and repair work.

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United States Summary Establishments With and Without Payroll

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SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This report summarizes data previously published in 26 separate industry reports covering construction establishments with payroll. In addition, limited data on construction establishments with no payroll during 1992 obtained from administrative records of the Federal Government are included. (Establishments with no payroll are, for the most part, companies owned and operated by a single person.)

Establishments covered in this report were primarily engaged in contract construction or construction on their own account for sale, as defined in the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual:* 1987 (SIC). The SIC Manual defines construction in three broad types: (1) building construction by general contractors or operative builders; (2) heavy construction (highways, power plants, etc.) done by general contractors and selected special trade contractors; and, (3) construction done by special trade contractors such as electricians, plumbers and painters.

During 1992, there were nearly 2 million establishments in the United States operating in the construction industries. These establishments accounted for \$582 billion in total value of business done.

Most of the 2 million construction establishments were small. Of the total, 1.3 million were nonemployers, and over half of the employer establishments had less than 5 employees. However, the 214,207 establishments with 5 employees or more, while representing only 11 percent of all establishments, accounted for more than 80 percent of the total value of business done.

ESTABLISHMENTS WITH PAYROLL

During 1992, the establishments with paid employees accounted for \$539 billion in total dollar value of business done. Of this amount, \$528 billion were for the value of construction work. Their payments for construction work subcontracted to others amounted to \$137 billion, leaving net value of construction work of \$391 billion. In addition, these establishments paid out \$26 billion for the cost of fuels, power, rental of equipment and buildings, and the cost of selected purchased services. Value added for 1992 was \$235 billion. (See Introduction and appendixes for explanation of terms.)

There were 572,851 establishments with total employment averaging 4,668,280 during the year. Total payroll for 1992 was \$118 billion.

The data in this report covering establishments with payroll were obtained from a sample survey. A construction establishment is defined as a relatively permanent office, or other place of business, where the usual business activities related to construction are conducted. A separate census report was required from each sample establishment covering domestic operations. Separate reports were not required for each project or construction site.

For 1987 and earlier censuses, receipts from the sale of land were collected separately for general contractors and operative builders. These receipts were included in the total dollar value of business done but excluded from the value of construction work done. For 1992, receipts from the sale of land were not collected separately but are still excluded from the value of construction work done. All dollar values are shown in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for inflation.

Since the data in this report covering employer establishments are estimated from a sample survey, they are subject to sampling variability, as well as errors of response and nonreporting. The relative standard errors shown in the tables are measures of sampling variability. Descriptions of the sampling, estimating procedures, and data reliability are included in the Introduction.

ESTABLISHMENTS WITHOUT PAYROLL

During 1992, there were 1.3 million establishments with no payroll classified as construction. According to administrative records of the Federal Government, their value of business done during 1992 was \$43 billion. Most of these establishments, about 82 percent, were special trade contractors.

For the establishments without payroll, only information on total value of business done was available from administrative records. Statistics on establishments without payroll are shown in table 1.

Figure 1. Selected Costs Per Dollar Value of Business Done



(Percent)

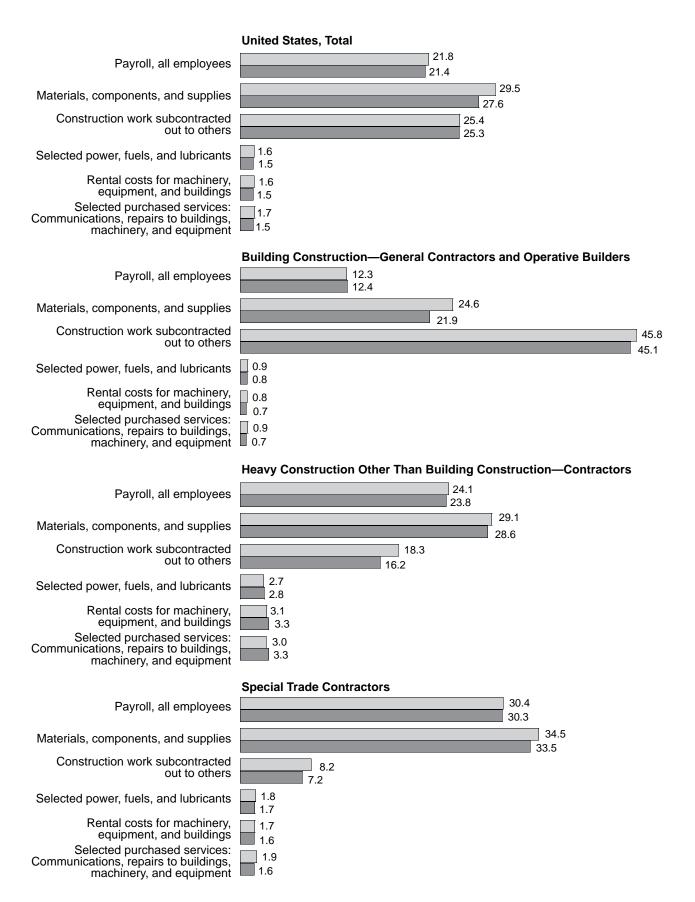
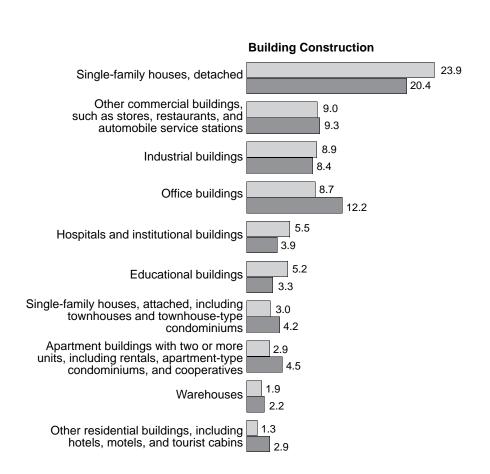
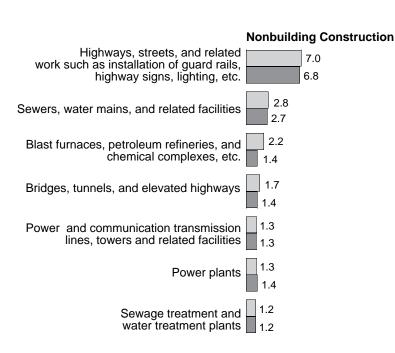


Figure 2. Value of Construction Work by Type of Construction (Percent)





1992

1987

Table 1. Summary Statistics for Establishments With and Without Payroll: 1992 and 1987

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

-	,	All establishments			Establis	Establishments with payroll					ative			
			All esta	Distillents		LStabils	hments withou	ut payron		LStabilStill	ients with pa	ayron		dard
SIC code	Industry		Proprie- tors and		Dollar value of		Proprie- tors and	Dollar value of		Proprie- tors and		Dollar value of		cent)
		Number	working partners	All em- ployees**	business done	Number	working partners	business done ¹	Number	working partners	All em- ployees**	business done		
		А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	- 1	J	K	J	К
	1992													
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	1 922 631	1 569 215	4 668 280	581 630 401	1 349 780	1 318 174	42 545 744	572 851	251 041	4 668 280	539 084 657	(Z)	(Z)
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative													
	builders	395 043	277 129	1 096 859	236 462 718	226 636	206 080	16 231 503	168 407	71 049	1 096 859	220 231 215	(Z)	(Z)
152	General contractors, residential buildings	295 870	219 339	452 557	71 578 639	181 884		14 155 785	113 986	56 435	452 557	57 422 854	1	1
1531 154	Operative builders General contractors, nonresidential buildings	45 076 54 097	31 944 25 845	114 194 530 108	47 452 859 117 431 220	28 087 16 665	27 171 16 005	1 325 148 750 570	16 989 37 432	4 773 9 840	114 194 530 108	46 127 711 116 680 650	(Z)	1 (Z)
16	Heavy construction other than												(-/	(-/
	building construction— contractors	59 464	32 569	799 422	99 319 134	22 284	21 072	790 952	37 180	11 497	799 422	98 528 182	(Z)	(Z)
1611	Highway and street construction	15 000	7 501	257 356	36 809 447	4 910	4 825	163 613	10 090	2 676	257 356	36 645 834	(Z)	(Z)
162	Heavy construction, except highway	44 464	25 068	542 066	62 509 687	17 374	16 247	627 339	27 090	8 821	542 066	61 882 348	(Z)	(Z)
17	Special trade contractors	1 468 123	1 259 517	2 771 999	245 848 549	1 100 860	1 091 022	25 523 289	367 263	168 495	2 771 999	220 325 260	(Z)	(Z)
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air- conditioning	168 663	119 985	612 516	60 752 005	93 268		3 084 024	75 395	28 594	612 516	57 667 981	(Z)	(Z) 1
1721 1731 174	Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, tile setting,	207 594 135 087	197 264 96 728	162 587 487 072	11 514 299 42 555 710	175 674 81 065	177 264 78 697	2 774 525 1 828 669	31 920 54 022	20 000 18 031	162 587 487 072	8 739 774 40 727 041	(Z)	(Z)
174	and plastering	149 736	129 532	388 573	27 389 802	101 952	102 733	2 181 396	47 784	26 799	388 573	25 208 406	(Z)	(Z)
175 1761	Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal	405 695	388 503	226 549	24 577 849	357 289		7 006 339	48 406	29 326	226 549	17 571 510	1	1
1771 1781	work Concrete work Water well drilling	91 300 54 875 5 113	76 821 42 055 3 355	215 545 192 539 19 346	18 567 644 15 256 182 1 832 037	63 731 28 752 1 475	64 333 28 911 1 604	1 593 033 660 147 80 747	27 569 26 123 3 638	12 488 13 144 1 751	215 545 192 539 19 346	16 974 611 14 596 035 1 751 290	1 1 2	1 1 2
179	Miscellaneous special trade contractors	250 059	205 276	467 272	43 403 020	197 654	186 912	6 314 409	52 405	18 364	467 272	37 088 611	(Z)	(Z)
	1987													
45 40	Construction industries	4 004 500	4 402 272	E 044 E00	E70 404 740	4 269 222	4 242 572	62 494 447	F2C 27C	420 704	E 044 E00	514 937 596	(7)	(3)
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	1 904 596	1 462 273	5 014 596	5/6 421 /43	1 300 322	1 343 572	03 484 147	536 276	136 701	5 014 596	514 937 596	(Z)	(Z)
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative												_	
450	builders	443 428	297 549	1 278 422	252 552 632	285 789	262 578	27 364 492	157 639	34 971	1 278 422	225 188 140	(Z)	(Z)
152 1531	General contractors, residential buildings	364 595 40 177	269 332 22 416	477 999 168 940	79 329 638 59 072 275	266 074 19 411	243 557 18 969	25 631 377 1 598 238	98 521 20 766	25 775 3 447	477 999 168 940		(Z) 1	1
154	General contractors, nonresidential buildings	38 655	5 798	631 481	114 150 717	(S)	(S)	(S)	38 351	5 746	631 481	114 015 840	(Z)	(Z)
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—													
	contractors	56 904	26 898	827 126	87 518 148	20 307	19 788	1 845 580	36 597	7 110	827 126		` ′	(Z)
1611 162	Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except	15 853 41 050		284 380 542 744	36 052 415	4 867		524 380	10 986	1 637 5 472	284 380	35 528 035	` ′	(Z)
17	highway Special trade contractors			-	51 465 732 238 350 963	15 440 1 062 226		1 321 200 34 274 075			542 744	50 144 532 204 076 888	` ^	(Z)
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air-	1 404 200	1 137 020	2 303 030	230 330 303	1 002 220	1 001 200	34 2/4 0/3	342 040	30 020	2 303 030	204 070 000	(2)	(2)
1721	conditioning Painting and paper hanging	161 578 196 458	109 325 180 098	617 333 169 968	54 397 222 11 658 175	92 012 166 591	168 573	4 177 569 3 630 202	69 566 29 867	17 982 11 525	617 333 169 968	50 219 653 8 027 973	`1	(Z) 1
1731 174	Electrical work Masonry, stonework, tile setting, and plastering	125 159 146 327	86 116 117 841	509 309 456 961	38 863 014 31 406 516	75 723 100 145		2 587 757 3 561 418	49 436 46 182	11 406 16 625	509 309 456 961	36 275 257 27 845 098	(Z)	(Z) (Z)
175	Carpentry and floor work	382 118		235 010	23 476 144	337 935		8 252 005		14 237	235 010	15 224 139	` ′	1
1761 1771	Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	79 890	61 946	231 137	17 319 518	54 217	54 930	2 060 627	25 673	7 016 7 166	231 137 218 194	15 258 891 15 212 049	1	1 1
1771 1781 179	Water well drilling Miscellaneous special trade	49 874 8 601	6 567	17 598	16 478 407 1 653 360		5 417	1 266 358 285 013	3 414	1 150	17 598	1 368 347	2	2
	contractors	254 254	207 317	453 532	43 098 601	203 964	197 811	8 453 126	50 290	9 506	453 532	34 645 475	(Z)	(Z)

Note: Number of establishments in this and subsequent tables represents those in business at any time during the year.

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

U.S. SUMMARY-WITH AND WITHOUT PAYROLL 27-5

¹For 1992, nonemployer records showing revenues greater than \$1 million were excluded. See Introduction text.

Table 2. General Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry: 1992 and 1987

[111040411	d dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Fol	1992									
			Emplo	yees**	Pay	roll		Net			
SIC code	Industry	Number of establishments	All	Construction workers	All employees	Construction workers	Value of construction work	value of construction work†	Value added††		
		А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	572 851	4 668 280	3 596 200	117 729 651	83 048 158	528 105 847	391 189 891	234 617 817		
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative builders	168 407	1 096 859	759 057	27 077 574	16 124 696	215 628 967	114 722 152	63 116 790		
152 1521 1522	General contractors, residential buildings: Single-family houses Other residential buildings	107 495 6 490	403 754 48 803	296 236 35 107	7 277 890 1 160 562	4 869 474 717 595	48 633 331 7 834 956	33 660 224 4 337 918	17 183 012 2 453 669		
1531	Operative builders	16 989	114 194	49 693	3 358 753	1 044 923	44 588 033	26 843 321	15 288 760		
154 1541 1542	General contractors, nonresidential buildings: Industrial buildings and warehouses Nonresidential buildings, n.e.c.	7 693 29 739	122 970 407 138	92 068 285 952	3 476 400 11 803 969	2 309 756 7 182 947	20 585 807 93 986 840	10 967 289 38 913 401	6 437 735 21 753 615		
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	37 180	799 422	647 406	23 728 285	17 621 730	95 571 457	77 526 108	49 165 312		
1611	Highway and street construction	10 090	257 356	211 161	7 357 719	5 456 665	35 331 607	27 862 971	15 710 659		
162 1622 1623 1629	Heavy construction, except highway: Bridge, tunnel, and elevated highway construction Water, sewer, and utility lines Heavy construction, n.e.c.	1 041 10 233 15 816	43 701 194 252 304 113	36 116 160 105 240 024	1 485 491 5 624 369 9 260 705	1 125 201 4 252 249 6 787 615	7 198 275 20 205 048 32 836 527	5 315 950 17 587 363 26 759 824	3 078 306 11 734 058 18 642 289		
17	Special trade contractors	367 263	2 771 999	2 189 738	66 923 793	49 301 733	216 905 423	198 941 631	122 335 715		
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning	75 395	612 516	455 117	16 613 239	11 781 219	56 902 406	50 755 709	29 431 529		
1721	Painting and paper hanging	31 920	162 587	136 427	3 164 065	2 470 237	8 689 828	8 094 749	5 854 779		
1731	Electrical work	54 022	487 072	379 052	13 623 816	10 038 862	40 259 410	38 541 019	23 548 293		
174 1741 1742 1743	Masonry, stonework, tile setting, and plastering: Masonry, stone setting, and other stonework Plastering, drywall, and insulation work Terrazzo, tile, marble, and mosaic work	22 637 18 648 6 499	147 892 206 670 34 012	129 762 173 465 26 941	2 882 520 4 910 081 774 788	2 366 390 3 825 766 568 215	8 457 864 14 055 774 2 438 641	7 955 909 12 824 151 2 322 563	5 146 139 8 143 169 1 358 017		
175 1751 1752	Carpentry and floor work: Carpentry Floor laying and other floorwork	38 210 10 196	177 601 48 948	145 394 36 434	3 488 844 1 065 150	2 683 124 723 556	12 852 280 4 427 519	11 334 464 4 032 451	6 759 711 2 165 761		
1761	Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	27 569	215 545	168 764	4 622 510	3 229 953	16 787 979	15 589 833	8 905 974		
1771	Concrete work	26 123	192 539	160 750	4 038 030	3 092 990	14 422 908	13 179 429	7 703 117		
1781	Water well drilling	3 638	19 346	14 683	443 641	322 593	1 727 355	1 675 998	994 814		
179 1791 1793 1794 1795 1796 1799	Miscellaneous special trade contractors: Structural steel erection Glass and glazing work Excavation work Wrecking and demolition work Installing building equipment, n.e.c. Special trade contractors, n.e.c.	3 792 4 590 13 898 966 3 889 25 270	57 986 32 067 77 126 13 112 82 648 204 333	47 138 21 352 62 437 10 409 64 380 157 231	1 628 902 795 946 1 816 814 296 028 2 324 139 4 435 282	1 226 900 494 657 1 400 643 214 621 1 742 093 3 119 913	4 952 038 2 724 467 6 869 692 1 059 133 6 611 040 13 667 090	4 486 702 2 634 085 6 129 178 927 986 6 132 131 12 325 277	3 020 993 1 423 934 4 339 605 775 026 4 494 378 8 270 475		

		1992-	-Con.				1987					
Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels	Cost of construction work sub-contracted out to others	Value of construction work sub- contracted in from others	Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings	Capital expenditures, other than land	End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	All employees**	Value of construction work	Value added††	Relative standard error of estimate (percent) for column—		nate or	SIC code
1	J	К	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	В	G	М	
167 550 884	136 915 956	142 608 034	8 364 021	7 902 110	76 099 045	5 014 598	495 346 312	227 934 191	(Z)	(Z)	1	15, 16, 17
56 207 610	100 906 815	6 819 329	1 658 797	1 442 664	13 384 270	1 278 422	212 628 500	65 514 147	(Z)	(Z)	1	15
17 312 728 2 003 300	14 973 107 3 497 038	1 846 577 336 678	404 408 61 732	461 775 51 654	3 617 961 487 125	396 291 81 708	39 098 146 13 315 544	14 969 716 3 658 560	1 2	1 2	3 6	152 1521 1522
13 094 239	17 744 712	380 183	154 484	236 229	2 493 600	168 940	48 959 809	15 173 454	1	1	5	1531
4 935 183 18 862 161	9 618 518 55 073 439	1 349 414 2 906 477	252 084 786 089	149 752 543 254	1 606 808 5 178 776	143 001 488 480	21 461 568 89 793 431	6 881 749 24 830 667	1 (Z)	1 (Z)	3 2	154 1541 1542
31 317 521	18 045 349	16 995 592	3 044 412	3 085 883	32 122 594	827 126	82 285 352	44 940 458	(Z)	(Z)	1	16
13 466 539	7 468 636	7 334 384	1 126 315	1 281 549	13 727 083	284 380	34 161 427	17 119 634	(Z)	(Z)	1	1611
2 326 306 6 078 014 9 446 662	1 882 325 2 617 685 6 076 703	874 650 3 763 945 5 022 613	182 852 753 998 981 246	155 163 765 509 883 662	1 602 798 6 980 524 9 812 189	47 494 197 632 297 618	5 480 936 17 010 019 25 632 969	2 430 434 10 089 749 15 300 639	1 1 (Z)	1 (Z) (Z)	1 2 2	162 1622 1623 1629
80 025 752	17 963 792	118 793 113	3 660 812	3 373 563	30 592 181	2 909 050	200 432 460	117 479 586	(Z)	(Z)	1	17
22 089 755	6 146 698	29 450 247	860 629	754 154	6 537 542	617 333	49 503 323	25 911 790	(Z)	(Z)	2	1711
2 289 916	595 079	4 487 597	158 190	144 930	1 084 015	169 968	7 953 323	5 716 473	1	1	3	1721
15 460 357	1 718 391	22 410 612	550 171	508 188	4 328 892	509 309	35 838 226	21 816 585	(Z)	(Z)	2	1731
2 851 160 4 852 512 1 007 752	501 955 1 231 623 116 078	6 012 068 11 646 187 1 909 362	120 700 174 422 30 363	135 397 141 601 27 446	1 172 557 1 183 465 283 791	168 978 253 563 34 420	8 714 161 16 426 850 2 271 593	5 475 753 9 747 631 1 317 632	1 1 2	1 1 1	3 3 7	174 1741 1742 1743
4 752 932 1 980 223	1 517 816 395 068	7 396 694 2 683 933	156 574 62 406	155 099 46 221	1 223 326 400 507	190 431 44 579	11 243 863 3 651 435	6 077 619 1 880 303	1	1	4 6	175 1751 1752
6 870 490	1 198 147	7 065 888	238 569	232 716	2 296 335	231 137	15 027 806	8 524 431	1	1	3	1761
5 649 439	1 243 479	8 806 421	312 771	330 208	3 234 505	218 194	15 055 670	8 443 003	1	1	3	1771
705 118	51 357	260 302	26 904	69 501	887 158	17 598	1 330 056	779 621	2	2	8	1781
1 608 375 1 399 569 1 973 899 207 375 1 776 845 4 550 035	465 336 90 382 740 514 131 147 478 909 1 341 813	3 423 692 1 908 755 3 942 704 433 308 1 806 984 5 148 359	139 831 58 274 304 352 52 055 116 126 298 476	77 261 23 581 331 411 23 130 71 517 301 201	814 369 291 378 3 678 478 302 912 721 129 2 151 822	65 348 40 511 95 329 14 109 62 151 176 084	4 862 655 3 222 472 8 244 398 912 484 5 359 826 10 814 313	3 253 345 1 700 519 5 707 716 781 854 3 723 074 6 622 229	1 1 1 2 1 1	1 1 1 2 (Z)	5 5 4 6 3 5	179 1791 1793 1794 1795 1796 1799

Table 3. Detailed Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1992

·								
ltem	Total	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction— contractors	Special trade contractors		imate (p	ndard er bercent) mn —	
	А	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
Number of establishments in business during year	572 851	168 407	37 180	367 263	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
Proprietors and working partners	251 041	71 049	11 497	168 495	(Z)	1	2	(Z)
All employees**	4 668 280	1 096 859	799 422	2 771 999	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Construction workers: March	3 279 642 3 650 182 3 872 139 3 582 836 3 596 200	711 314 764 536 814 603 745 774 759 057	544 017 675 122 713 074 657 409 647 406	2 024 312 2 210 524 2 344 462 2 179 653 2 189 738	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Other employees: March May August November Average	1 075 709 1 065 118 1 073 431 1 074 063 1 072 080	342 832 336 714 337 872 333 793 337 803	152 174 151 631 152 796 151 465 152 016	580 703 576 773 582 764 588 805 582 261	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Payroll, all employees Payroll, construction workers Payroll, other employees	117 729 651 83 048 158 34 681 493	27 077 574 16 124 696 10 952 878	23 728 285 17 621 730 6 106 555	66 923 793 49 301 733 17 622 060	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)
First-quarter payroll, all employees	25 769 714	6 122 806	4 699 442	14 947 466	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Fringe benefits, all employees	29 397 159 19 095 920 10 301 239	5 986 636 4 129 972 1 856 664	6 404 012 4 043 186 2 360 826	17 006 510 10 922 761 6 083 749	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)
Dollar value of business done	539 084 657 528 105 847 142 608 034 10 978 810	220 231 215 215 628 967 6 819 329 4 602 248	98 528 182 95 571 457 16 995 592 2 956 725	220 325 260 216 905 423 118 793 113 3 419 836	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1	(Z) (Z) 1 1	(Z) (Z) 1 1	(Z) (Z) (Z)
Net value of construction work†	391 189 891	114 722 152	77 526 108	198 941 631	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Value added††	234 617 817	63 116 790	49 165 312	122 335 715	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Selected costs Materials, components, and supplies	304 466 840 158 859 963 136 915 956 8 690 921 1 469 035 464 155 6 240 812 4 479 896 1 760 915 516 919	157 114 425 54 196 121 100 906 815 2 011 489 585 499 158 839 1 176 921 1 017 708 159 212 90 231	49 362 870 28 626 436 18 045 349 2 691 085 262 815 140 388 2 055 128 932 779 1 122 348 232 754	97 989 545 76 037 406 17 963 792 3 988 347 620 720 164 929 3 008 763 2 529 409 479 354 193 934	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1 1 1 1 2 2	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z) 1 (Z) (Z) (Z)
Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings	8 364 021 5 617 243 2 746 777	1 658 797 966 834 691 962	3 044 412 2 693 654 350 758	3 660 812 1 956 755 1 704 057	(Z) (Z) (Z)	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1
Selected purchased services Communication services Repairs to buildings and other structures Repairs to machinery and equipment	9 050 015 2 741 739 496 632 5 811 644	1 924 318 791 872 160 891 971 555	2 994 920 374 024 99 652 2 521 244	4 130 777 1 575 843 236 089 2 318 845	(Z) 1 1 (Z)	1 1 3 1	1 1 2 1	(Z) 1 1 1
Ownership of construction projects: Value of construction work	528 105 847 133 767 207 30 243 555 103 523 652 394 338 640	215 628 967 38 243 577 10 234 786 28 008 791 177 385 390	95 571 457 54 091 977 9 270 607 44 821 370 41 479 479	216 905 423 41 431 653 10 738 162 30 693 491 175 473 770	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z)	(Z) 1 1 1 (Z)	(Z) (Z) 1 1	(Z) 1 1 1 (Z)

Table 4. Detailed Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1987

		,	,			-,		
ltem	Total	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	Special trade contractors	Relat est	imate (ndard ei bercent) mn-	rror of) for
	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D
Number of establishments in business during year	536 276	157 639	36 597	342 040	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
Proprietors and working partners	138 701	34 971	7 110	96 620	(Z)	1	3	(Z)
All employees**	5 014 598	1 278 422	827 126	2 909 050	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Construction workers: March May August November Average	3 641 188 4 013 101 4 272 270 3 990 976 3 979 385	866 593 925 726 990 623 919 925 925 717	572 514 705 876 752 713 702 123 683 307	2 202 081 2 381 499 2 528 934 2 368 928 2 370 361	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Other employees: March	1 020 820 1 029 151 1 049 248 1 042 012 1 035 308	346 752 352 217 359 265 352 605 352 710	142 258 143 452 145 612 144 013 143 834	531 810 533 482 544 371 545 394 538 764	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Payroll, all employees Payroll, construction workers Payroll, other employees	110 199 890 79 588 691 30 611 196	27 870 467 17 204 455 10 666 011	20 408 161 15 461 273 4 946 887	61 921 262 46 922 963 14 998 298	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)
First-quarter payroll, all employees	24 166 639	6 327 481	4 083 699	13 755 459	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Fringe benefits, all employees	24 793 259 16 908 658 7 884 599	5 838 972 4 080 599 1 758 372	4 919 667 3 238 955 1 680 712	14 034 620 9 589 104 4 445 515	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)
Dollar value of business done	514 937 596 495 346 312 118 720 566 19 591 285	225 188 140 212 628 500 8 470 170 12 559 641	85 672 568 82 285 352 14 524 273 3 387 216	204 076 888 200 432 460 95 726 123 3 644 428	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1	(Z) (Z) 2 1	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1
Net value of construction work†	365 240 579	111 019 219	68 435 258	185 786 102	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Value added††	227 934 191	65 514 147	44 940 458	117 479 586	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Selected costs Materials, components, and supplies Construction work subcontracted out to others Selected power, fuels, and lubricants Electricity Natural and manufactured gas Gasoline and diesel fuel On highway use Off highway use Other, including lubricating oils and greases	279 977 099 142 232 703 130 105 731 7 638 661 1 089 309 303 467 5 726 657 4 125 204 1 601 450 519 226	152 647 687 49 315 553 101 609 281 1 722 852 405 976 94 083 1 119 785 973 662 146 122 103 007	40 732 110 24 517 891 13 850 093 2 364 124 214 108 91 924 1 864 686 853 122 1 011 563 193 405	86 597 302 68 399 259 14 646 357 3 551 685 469 225 117 460 2 742 186 2 298 420 443 765 222 814	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) 1 1 (Z) 2	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z) 1
Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings For machinery and equipment For buildings	7 717 643 5 441 521 2 276 121	1 606 240 951 880 654 360	2 847 296 2 582 690 264 605	3 264 107 1 906 951 1 357 156	(Z) (Z) (Z)	1 1 1	1 1 1	(Z) 1 1
Selected purchased services	7 539 794 2 050 017 436 677 5 053 097	1 468 806 621 785 145 695 701 325	2 856 478 270 096 77 564 2 508 817	3 214 510 1 158 136 213 418 1 842 955	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z)	1 1 1 1	(Z) 1 2 (Z)	(Z) (Z) 1
Ownership of construction projects: Value of construction work	495 346 312 98 300 967 26 434 306 71 866 661 397 045 344	212 628 500 25 813 348 8 113 150 17 700 198 186 815 151	82 285 352 44 273 418 9 701 517 34 571 901 38 011 934	200 432 460 28 214 201 8 619 639 19 594 562 172 218 259	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z)	(Z) 1 1 1 (Z)	(Z) (Z) 1 (Z) (Z)	(Z) 1 1 1 (Z)

Table 5. Assets, Capital Expenditures, and Depreciation for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1992

ltem	Total	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction — contractors	Special trade contractors		ive star imate (p colur	ercent)	
	А	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT								
Beginning-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets Capital expenditures, other than land New Used Retirements and disposition of depreciable assets	72 145 630 7 902 110 5 906 727 1 995 383 3 948 695	12 826 704 1 442 664 1 142 292 300 373 885 098	30 753 316 3 085 883 2 209 345 876 538 1 716 605	28 565 611 3 373 563 2 555 090 818 473 1 346 993	(Z) 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 2 2 3	(Z) 1 1 2 1	(Z) 1 1 2 2
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	76 099 045	13 384 270	32 122 594	30 592 181	(Z)	1	(Z)	(Z)
Depreciation charges during year	7 959 106	1 445 971	3 095 291	3 417 844	(Z)	1	1	1
Buildings and Other Structures, Additions, and Related Facilities								
Beginning-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets Capital expenditures, other than land New buildings and other structures Used buildings and other structures Retirements and disposition of depreciable assets	11 194 295 784 990 602 408 182 581 530 346	3 809 993 256 800 215 529 41 272 354 888	2 896 580 164 365 131 768 32 597 50 466	4 487 722 363 824 255 112 108 713 124 992	1 2 2 3 3	2 4 4 7 4	1 3 3 7 7	1 3 3 5 4
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	11 448 939	3 711 906	3 010 479	4 726 554	1	2	1	1
Depreciation charges during year	828 553	286 171	174 604	367 779	1	3	2	1
Machinery and Equipment								
Beginning-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets Capital expenditures, other than land New machinery and equipment, including automobiles and trucks New automobiles and trucks, intended primarily for highway use Used machinery and equipment, including automobiles and trucks Retirements and disposition of depreciable assets	60 951 335 7 117 120 5 304 318 1 974 643 1 812 802 3 418 349	9 016 710 1 185 864 926 763 405 558 259 101 530 210	27 856 736 2 921 518 2 077 577 517 065 843 941 1 666 139	24 077 889 3 009 738 2 299 978 1 052 020 709 760 1 222 000	(Z) 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2 3 4	(Z) 1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 1 2 2
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	64 650 106	9 672 364	29 112 115	25 865 627	(Z)	1	(Z)	1
Depreciation charges during year	7 130 553	1 159 800	2 920 687	3 050 065	(Z)	1	1	1

Table 6. Assets, Capital Expenditures, and Depreciation for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1987

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes] Building Heavy construction— general contractors and construction other than Relative standard error of estimate (percent) for column building Special Item operative builders constructiontrade contractors Total contractors D Α В C D Α В С BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT 13 370 117 1 915 467 1 537 901 377 566 868 704 21 870 669 2 873 734 2 199 684 674 050 1 560 784 56 583 766 8 281 784 6 453 092 1 828 692 3 418 263 21 342 980 3 492 583 2 715 507 777 076 1 2 2 1 2 2 Retirements and disposition of depreciable assets ______ 988 775 61 447 288 End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets _____ 14 416 880 23 183 620 23 846 788 (Z) Depreciation charges during year_____ 7 358 890 1 690 134 2 551 140 3 117 616 (Z) 1 1 **Buildings and Other Structures, Additions, and Related Facilities** Beginning-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets
Capital expenditures, other than land
New buildings and other structures 11 759 037 1 262 842 930 262 5 138 269 569 075 446 093 1 955 533 237 847 189 283 4 665 235 455 920 294 886 1 1 2 2 4 1 2 2 6 2 2 3 4 48 563 332 578 122 982 161 033 614 777 369 730 111 534 133 513 5 337 615 2 081 845 End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets ______ 12 407 102 4 987 642 1 2 1 1 1 047 943 445 161 171 554 2 Depreciation charges during year_____ 431 228 1 **Machinery and Equipment** 44 824 727 7 018 941 5 522 827 2 558 831 1 496 111 231 847 346 391 091 807 578 343 254 583 498 974 19 915 136 2 635 887 2 010 400 575 524 625 486 1 449 249 16 677 744 3 036 663 2 420 620 1 404 964 616 042 (Z) (Z) 1 1 1 1 2 1 496 111 2 803 484 1 855 261 End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets _____ 49 040 183 9 079 264 21 101 774 18 859 145 (Z) Depreciation charges during year-----6 310 946 1 244 973 2 379 586 2 686 387

Table 7. Value of Inventories for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1992 and 1991

Item	Total	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction — contractors	Special trade contractors		iive star imate (p colui	ercent)	
	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
All establishments: Number Value of construction work	572 851	168 407	37 180	367 263	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
	528 105 847	215 628 967	95 571 457	216 905 423	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Establishments with inventories: Number Value of construction work Inventories1:	174 658	37 531	9 309	127 818	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
	214 442 835	55 890 156	39 742 335	118 810 343	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
End of 1992, materials and suppliesEnd of 1991, materials and supplies	7 186 087 6 555 443	2 656 977 2 214 801	703 903 713 673	3 825 207 3 626 969	1 1	3	1 1	1 1
Establishments with no inventories: Number Value of construction work	204 929	72 197	15 055	117 678	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
	204 630 721	106 912 927	40 655 184	57 062 611	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Establishments not reporting: Number Value of construction work	193 264	58 680	12 817	121 767	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
	109 032 291	52 825 884	15 173 938	41 032 469	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)

¹Inventories at cost or market prior to any adjustment to correct to LIFO values.

Table 8. Selected Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group and Employment Size Class: 1992

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

,		Establishments with an average of—									
Selected statistics					20100110111	monto man an a	volugo oi				
Selected statistics	Total	1 to 4 employees	5 to 9 employees	10 to 19 employees	20 to 49 employees	50 to 99 employees	100 to 249 employees	250 to 499 employees	500 to 999 employees	1,000 employees or more	
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES	Total	employees	employees	employees	employees	employees	спроусса	employees	стіріоўсез	Of Illote	
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES											
Number of establishments	572 851 4 668 280	358 645 675 891	110 704 706 582	58 712 773 139	32 047 944 903	8 351 565 746	3 438 500 345	699 234 165	191 128 169	65 139 341	
All employees** Payroll, all employees Dollar value of business done	117 729 651 539 084 657	11 248 729 71 037 464	14 336 293 65 424 512	18 394 177 78 548 805	25 703 413 110 769 948	16 765 000 74 418 934	15 386 631 71 186 421	7 557 666 34 249 700	3 851 927 18 074 607	4 485 815 15 374 265	
Value of construction work Net value of construction work†	528 105 847 391 189 891	70 051 576 55 312 453	64 267 436 51 005 349	77 166 580 60 298 622	108 727 957 80 759 203	72 866 138 52 066 587	69 472 149 46 856 641	33 385 236 22 636 348	17 505 307 11 748 707	14 663 468 10 505 981	
Value added††Cost of materials, components, supplies, and	234 617 817	30 489 519	29 568 883	35 842 182	48 391 321	31 932 535	28 766 758	14 217 400	7 651 504	7 757 716	
fuelsCost of construction work subcontracted out	167 550 884	25 808 823	22 593 542	25 838 666	34 409 873	21 686 848	19 804 155	9 283 412	4 666 503	3 459 062	
to others Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and	136 915 956 8 364 021	14 739 123	13 262 087	16 867 958	27 968 754	20 799 551	22 615 508 1 204 467	10 748 889 667 715	5 756 600 284 906	4 157 487 223 112	
buildingsCapital expenditures, other than landEnd-of-year gross book value of depreciable	7 902 110	833 694 1 124 552	955 475 1 031 751	1 243 586 1 243 050	1 755 670 1 546 008	1 195 396 1 048 839	1 027 267	524 965	177 649	178 029	
assets	76 099 045	9 311 582	9 352 108	11 357 807	15 430 496	10 275 212	10 824 124	4 684 009	1 964 201	2 899 505	
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
	(7)	(7)			(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	
All employees** Net value of construction work Capital expenditures, other than land	(Z) (Z)	(Z) 1 2	1 1 2	1 1 2	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	
Capital experiutures, other than land	'				'	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—											
GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS											
Number of establishmentsAll employees**	168 407 1 096 859	116 096 216 754	29 656 187 600	13 412 176 127	6 668 195 434	1 680 114 012	692 101 673	138 47 452	49 32 489	17 25 317	
Payroll, all employees Dollar value of business done	27 077 574 220 231 215	3 730 970 36 140 445	3 901 844 28 717 313	4 237 194 30 469 685	5 458 881 42 725 452	3 453 679 28 827 194	3 088 071 27 703 001	1 509 970 12 725 582	954 411 7 950 562	742 554 4 971 982	
Value of construction work Net value of construction work†	215 628 967 114 722 152	35 544 529 23 645 958	28 144 478 17 659 396	29 889 844 17 122 716	41 965 840 21 173 805	28 127 306 13 030 291	27 015 291 10 922 793	12 309 936 5 284 645	7 710 108 3 381 741	4 921 635 2 500 807	
	63 116 790	11 896 542	9 388 539	9 521 278	12 039 297	7 704 847	6 174 818	2 948 563	1 861 953	1 580 953	
Value added††Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels	56 207 610	12 345 332	8 843 693	8 181 279	9 894 120	6 025 332	5 435 684	2 751 728	1 760 242	970 201	
Cost of construction work subcontracted out to others	100 906 815	11 898 571	10 485 082	12 767 128	20 792 036	15 097 015	16 092 498	7 025 291	4 328 367	2 420 828	
Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings	1 658 797	249 242	237 996	259 830	299 537	200 640	205 812	98 195	53 732	53 813	
Capital expenditures, other than land End-of-year gross book value of depreciable	1 442 664	344 859	243 295	218 415	226 773	145 079	157 435	65 969	22 907	17 933	
assets	13 384 270	2 690 092	2 196 289	2 119 692	2 281 668	1 439 459	1 551 567	595 205	247 009	263 289	
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
All employees** Net value of construction work	(Z) (Z)	1 1	1 1	1	1	1 (7)	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	
Capital expenditures, other than land	1	3	5	4	1	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—CONTRACTORS											
Number of establishmentsAll employees**	37 180 799 422	15 724 31 285	7 598 49 419	5 946 79 063	4 853 147 675	1 764 121 161	947 142 394	81 723	65 44 236	39 102 467	
Payroll, all employees Dollar value of business done	23 728 285 98 528 182	559 602 3 092 571	1 067 521 4 654 488	2 025 095 8 763 948	4 210 026 18 122 446	3 633 762 16 288 671	4 557 593 20 376 682	2 777 988 11 947 246	1 484 713 5 735 949	3 411 984 9 546 181	
Value of construction work Net value of construction work†	95 571 457 77 526 108	3 052 406 2 722 186	4 577 110 4 046 510	8 610 426 7 391 592	17 683 371 14 581 425	15 901 106 12 798 652	19 707 070 15 447 587	11 669 425 8 784 189	5 470 314 4 464 262	8 900 228 7 289 706	
Value added††Cost of materials, components, supplies, and	49 165 312	1 727 225	2 541 944	4 554 882	8 717 081	7 695 126	9 577 005	5 718 237	2 932 048	5 701 765	
Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuelsCost of construction work subcontracted out	31 317 521	1 035 127	1 581 943	2 990 232	6 303 418	5 491 091	6 540 194	3 343 773	1 797 849	2 233 894	
to othersRental cost for machinery, equipment, and	18 045 349	330 220	530 600	1 218 834	3 101 947	3 102 455	4 259 483	2 885 236	1 006 052	1 610 522	
buildingsCapital expenditures, other than land	3 044 412 3 085 883	99 251 159 571	170 695 197 621	283 786 342 426	596 613 595 406	515 034 545 139	655 880 643 619	429 486 353 048	143 893 117 974	149 773 131 079	
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	32 122 594	1 424 914	2 039 250	3 235 284	6 151 649	5 229 081	6 904 047	3 258 091	1 417 534	2 462 744	
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
All employees**	(Z) (Z)	2	2	2	1	(<u>Z</u>)	(<u>Z</u>)	(<u>Z</u>)	(<u>Z</u>)	(Z)	
Net value of construction work Capital expenditures, other than land	(Z) 1	2 3 6	2 6	2 2 4	1 1	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	

27-12 U.S. SUMMARY-WITH PAYROLL

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

Table 8. Selected Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group and Employment Size Class: 1992—Con.

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

	Establishments with an average of —									
Selected statistics	Total	1 to 4 employees	5 to 9 employees	10 to 19 employees	20 to 49 employees	50 to 99 employees	100 to 249 employees	250 to 499 employees	500 to 999 employees	1,000 employees or more
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS										
Number of establishments All employees** Payroll, all employees Dollar value of business done Value of construction work Net value of construction work†	367 263 2 771 999 66 923 793 220 325 260 216 905 423 198 941 631	226 825 427 852 6 958 157 31 804 448 31 454 641 28 944 309	73 450 469 563 9 366 929 32 052 711 31 545 849 29 299 444	39 354 517 948 12 131 889 39 315 173 38 666 309 35 784 313	20 526 601 794 16 034 506 49 922 050 49 078 745 45 003 974	4 907 330 573 9 677 558 29 303 069 28 837 726 26 237 645	1 799 256 277 7 740 966 23 106 738 22 749 788 20 486 261	317 104 990 3 269 708 9 576 872 9 405 875 8 567 514	77 51 444 1 412 803 4 388 096 4 324 885 3 902 704	9 11 558 331 277 856 102 841 605 715 468
Value added††Cost of materials, components, supplies, and		16 865 752		21 766 022	27 634 943	16 532 563	13 014 934	5 550 600	2 857 503	474 998
fuels————————————————————————————————————	80 025 752 17 963 792	12 428 364 2 510 332	2 246 405	14 667 155 2 881 996	18 212 336 4 074 771	10 170 425 2 600 081	7 828 277 2 263 527	3 187 911 838 362	1 108 412 422 181	254 967 126 137
Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildingsCapital expenditures, other than land	3 660 812 3 373 563	485 201 620 123	546 784 590 835	699 969 682 209	859 520 723 829	479 722 358 621	342 775 226 213	140 034 105 948	87 281 36 768	19 526 29 017
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	30 592 181	5 196 576	5 116 569	6 002 831	6 997 179	3 606 672	2 368 510	830 713	299 658	173 472
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)										
All employees**	(Z) (Z) 1	1 1 2	1 1 3	1 1 3	(Z) (Z) 1	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	1 (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)

Note: Underscored data fields include data from adjoining columns which have been withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

Table 9. Selected Statistics by Size Class of the Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1992

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

·		Establishments with dollar value of business done									
Selected statistics	Total	Less than \$25,000	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$249,999	\$250,000 to \$499,999	\$500,000 to \$999,999	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	\$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999	\$10,000,000 or more
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES		V 23,533	¥ 10,000	,	V =10,000	V 100,000	7333,333	*	V 1,000,000	40,000,000	
Number of establishments	572 851	(S)	(S)	80 373	155 489	100 447	69 472	53 286	19 516	9 779	7 363
	4 668 280	(S)	(S)	131 881	443 950	506 870	588 368	810 356	562 967	480 439	1 069 009
	117 729 651	(S)	(S)	1 511 454	6 457 808	9 176 783	12 384 318	20 173 160	15 744 373	14 867 406	36 774 816
	539 084 657	(S)	(S)	5 884 097	25 291 274	35 268 284	48 463 582	81 266 534	67 404 403	67 022 344	206 398 207
	528 105 847	(S)	(S)	5 824 803	25 001 181	34 780 828	47 637 147	79 680 491	66 127 683	65 823 667	201 161 345
	391 189 891	(S)	(S)	5 389 955	22 667 495	30 727 723	40 508 376	64 944 324	51 685 205	48 781 304	124 563 876
Value added†† Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels Cost of construction work subcontracted out to others Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings Capital expenditures, other than land End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	234 617 817	(S)	(S)	3 299 618	13 572 856	17 979 943	23 883 860	38 193 666	30 689 413	28 980 017	76 837 550
	167 550 884	(S)	(S)	2 149 631	9 384 732	13 235 236	17 450 951	28 336 700	22 272 512	20 999 964	52 963 188
	136 915 956	(S)	(S)	(S)	2 333 686	4 053 106	7 128 771	14 736 168	14 442 478	17 042 363	76 597 469
	8 364 021	(S)	(S)	84 804	383 337	582 425	810 961	1 323 784	1 061 461	1 082 728	3 007 872
	7 902 110	(S)	(S)	124 650	540 740	716 142	865 886	1 311 973	975 421	954 544	2 375 334
	76 099 045	(S)	(S)	1 079 237	4 420 466	6 006 733	7 849 174	12 407 220	9 619 976	9 201 008	25 131 986
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
All employees**	(Z)	(S)	(S)	1	1	1	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Net value of construction work	(Z)	(S)	(S)	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Z)	(Z)
Capital expenditures, other than land _	1	(S)	(S)	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	(Z)
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION— GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS											
Number of establishments	168 407	(S)	(S)	19 869	42 079	30 360	22 977	18 746	7 066	3 789	3 349
	1 096 859	(S)	(S)	29 375	103 510	117 006	132 650	168 848	116 722	106 036	303 980
	27 077 574	(S)	(S)	327 042	1 390 181	1 935 807	2 598 654	4 001 364	3 121 648	3 166 567	10 375 763
	220 231 215	(S)	(S)	1 450 686	6 978 916	10 600 313	16 084 235	28 686 776	24 257 294	26 005 255	105 661 180
	215 628 967	(S)	(S)	1 429 852	6 881 401	10 429 191	15 797 169	28 057 447	23 779 288	25 522 207	103 230 519
	114 722 152	(S)	(S)	1 188 145	5 443 777	7 727 207	10 701 564	17 505 301	13 801 534	13 556 588	44 379 457
Value added†† Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels Cost of construction work subcontracted out to others. Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings Capital expenditures, other than land End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	63 116 790	(S)	(S)	660 379	2 966 766	4 036 012	5 699 736	9 128 943	7 484 937	7 428 659	25 484 422
	56 207 610	(S)	(S)	548 600	2 574 526	3 862 317	5 288 893	9 005 688	6 794 601	6 610 977	21 325 696
	100 906 815	(S)	(S)	(S)	1 437 624	2 701 984	5 095 606	10 552 145	9 977 755	11 965 619	58 851 062
	1 658 797	(S)	(S)	17 359	75 215	119 725	163 987	237 739	181 419	185 284	670 869
	1 442 664	(S)	(S)	24 993	111 787	139 013	163 014	230 122	168 165	152 645	444 347
	13 384 270	(S)	(S)	198 173	800 562	1 100 137	1 452 935	2 165 422	1 626 678	1 436 522	4 527 216
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
All employees** Net value of construction work Capital expenditures, other than land	(Z)	(S)	(S)	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	(Z)
	(Z)	(S)	(S)	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	(Z)
	1	(S)	(S)	6	4	4	5	4	5	5	1
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION— CONTRACTORS											
Number of establishmentsAll employees**	37 180	(S)	(S)	3 242	7 078	6 299	5 134	5 651	2 920	1 903	1 904
	799 422	(S)	(S)	5 252	20 821	33 726	47 566	94 814	92 646	103 897	397 772
	23 728 285	(S)	(S)	58 345	298 567	614 225	991 662	2 384 975	2 553 509	3 122 678	13 679 676
	98 528 182	(S)	(S)	238 141	1 183 140	2 259 805	3 637 836	8 834 980	10 356 805	13 359 385	58 578 174
	95 571 457	(S)	(S)	234 739	1 157 076	2 216 042	3 577 494	8 666 092	10 123 645	13 071 947	56 445 513
	77 526 108	(S)	(S)	223 727	1 095 313	2 047 803	3 270 824	7 672 718	8 594 482	10 774 176	43 771 464
Value added†† Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels Cost of construction work subcontracted out to others Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings Capital expenditures, other than land End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	49 165 312	(S)	(S)	147 753	717 035	1 365 771	2 123 800	4 906 273	5 276 661	6 385 819	28 191 959
	31 317 521	(S)	(S)	(S)	404 341	725 796	1 207 366	2 935 332	3 550 982	4 675 794	17 712 166
	18 045 349	(S)	(S)	(S)	61 764	168 238	306 671	993 374	1 529 162	2 297 771	12 674 049
	3 044 412	(S)	(S)	(S)	39 417	78 855	131 903	305 535	347 518	452 426	1 678 808
	3 085 883	(S)	(S)	(S)	69 480	137 818	160 614	364 308	365 900	468 131	1 503 479
	32 122 594	(S)	(S)	(S)	656 543	1 165 702	1 707 010	3 621 545	3 752 236	4 482 948	16 552 583
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)											
All employees** Net value of construction work Capital expenditures, other than land	(Z)	(S)	(S)	5	3	3	2	1	1	(Z)	(Z)
	(Z)	(S)	(S)	4	3	3	2	2	1	1	(Z)
	1	(S)	(S)	(S)	8	7	6	4	2	1	(Z)

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CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

Table 9. Selected Statistics by Size Class of the Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group: 1992—Con.

			Establishments with dollar value of business done											
Selected statistics	Total	Less than \$25,000	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$249,999	\$250,000 to \$499,999	\$500,000 to \$999,999	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	\$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999	\$10,000,000 or more			
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS														
Number of establishments	367 263 2 771 999 66 923 793 220 325 260 216 905 423 198 941 631	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	(9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9)	57 262 97 254 1 126 067 4 195 269 4 160 212 3 978 082	106 331 319 618 4 769 060 17 129 218 16 962 703 16 128 405	63 788 356 137 6 626 751 22 408 166 22 135 596 20 952 713	41 362 408 152 8 794 002 28 741 511 28 262 484 26 535 989	28 889 546 694 13 786 820 43 744 777 42 956 952 39 766 304	10 069 217 32 790 304	4 087 270 507 8 578 162 27 657 705 27 229 513 24 450 541	2 111 367 257 12 719 376 42 158 853 41 485 312 36 412 955			
Value added††Cost of materials, components,	122 335 715	(S)	(S)	2 491 486	9 889 055	12 578 160	16 060 324	24 158 449	17 927 815	15 165 539	23 161 169			
supplies, and fuelsCost of construction work	80 025 752	(S)	(S)	1 521 654	6 405 866	8 647 123	10 954 692	16 395 680	11 926 928	9 713 193	13 925 327			
subcontracted out to others Rental cost for machinery, equipment,	17 963 792	(S)	(S)	(S)	834 298	1 182 883	1 726 494	3 190 648	2 935 560	2 778 973	5 072 358			
and buildingsCapital expenditures, other than land _	3 660 812 3 373 563	(S) (S)	(S) (S)	59 577 87 357	268 705 359 472	383 844 439 310	515 072 542 258	780 510 717 543	532 524 441 356	445 018 333 768	658 195 427 507			
End-of-year gross book value of depreciable assets	30 592 181	(S)	(S)	739 928	2 963 361	3 740 895	4 689 229	6 620 252	4 241 063	3 281 538	4 052 186			
Relative standard error of estimate (percent)														
All employees** Net value of construction work Capital expenditures, other than land _	(Z) (Z) 1	(S) (S) (S)	(S) (S) (S)	1 1 4	1 1 3	1 1 3	1 1 3	1 1 2	(Z) (Z) 1	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)			

Table 10. Value of Construction Work for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group and Type of Construction: 1992 and 1987

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		1992 value of co	onstruction work			, see appendixes				
Industry and type of construction	Total	New construction	Additions, alterations, or reconstruction	Maintenance and repair	1987 value of construction work	Relati			ror of es	
	А	В	С	D	Е	А	В	С	D	Е
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES										
Value of construction work	528 105 847	319 107 740	126 231 473	66 657 563	495 346 312	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Building construction	390 814 089 142 006 481	247 028 470 104 912 221	100 050 141 23 947 504	43 735 479 13 146 755	368 002 219	(<u>Z</u>)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)
Single-family houses	126 304 885	93 336 579	21 627 966	11 340 339	122 202 213 101 275 330	(Z) (Z) (Z)	1	i		(Z)
townhouse-type condominiums Apartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals,	15 701 596	11 575 642	2 319 538	1 806 416	20 926 883	1	1	2	2	1
apartment-type condominiums, and cooperativesOther residential buildings, including hotels, motels, and tourist	15 533 543	8 743 197	3 929 506	2 860 839	22 056 956	1	1	2	1	(Z)
cabins Hotels, motels, and tourist cabins	6 835 472 4 855 341 1 980 131	4 191 106 3 070 924 1 120 182	1 831 386 1 201 486 629 900	812 980 582 932 230 048	14 302 766 8 886 196 5 416 570	1 1 2	1 1	2 2 4	2 2 6	(Z) (Z) 1
Other residential buildings Office buildings Other commercial buildings such as stores, restaurants, and	46 050 567	23 560 786	16 872 139	5 617 642	60 570 245	(Z)	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
automobile service stations	47 762 061 56 912 496	28 172 996 31 574 276	13 341 287 16 099 655	6 247 778 9 238 565	46 268 031 52 477 389	(Z) (Z) (Z)	1 (Z)	1 (Z)	1 1	(Z) (Z)
Industrial buildingsWarehouses	47 116 273 9 796 224	25 132 138 6 442 138	13 850 272 2 249 383	8 133 863 1 104 702	41 468 980 11 008 408		(Z) (Z) 1	(Z) (Z) 1	1 1	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Religious buildingsEducational buildings	5 675 169 27 595 656	3 099 254 16 512 324	1 842 376 9 089 429	733 539 1 993 904	4 535 374 16 282 332	1 1	1 1	2	1 1	1 (<u>Z</u>)
Hospitals and institutional buildings Farm buildings, nonresidential	28 980 784 1 833 864 4 386 332	17 176 761 1 295 205 3 122 184	9 903 696 257 322 964 432	1 900 327 281 337 299 716	19 304 912 1 560 000 3 042 739	(Z) 2 1	(Z) 3 1	1 4	1 1 1 1 1 4 3 3	(Z) (Z) 2 1
Amusement, social, and recreational buildings, indoors Other nonresidential buildings	7 241 666	4 668 159	1 971 409	602 097	5 399 262	1	1	2 2	3	1
Nonbuilding construction Highways, streets, and related work such as installation of guard	121 182 687	72 079 270	26 181 332	22 922 084	105 411 556	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
räils, highway signs, lighting, etc. Outdoor swimming pools Airport runways and related work	37 035 357 2 154 214	18 989 650 1 650 364	10 927 356 253 392	7 118 351 250 459	33 663 977 2 273 408	(Z) 3	(Z) 4	(Z) 5	1 6	(Z) 2 4 2 3 3
Airport runways and related work Private driveways and parking areas Fencing	1 732 903 3 736 473 1 467 137	1 032 856 1 981 117 1 087 467	497 333 802 807 203 074	202 714 952 549 176 597	209 737 3 562 808 1 102 962	1 2 4	1 2	1 3 6	3 5	2
Recreational facilities	1 682 949 8 979 560	1 279 523 5 784 279	257 666 2 305 891	145 761 889 390	1 081 146 7 051 964	2	2 4 2 1	4	6 2 3 5 5 2 5 2 9 2 5 2	3 (Z)
TunnelsBridges and elevated highways	1 165 672 7 813 887	1 027 730 4 756 549	83 867 2 222 024	54 075 835 314	853 957 6 198 007	3 1	4	3 1	5 2	(Z) 1 (Z) 1
Dam and reservoir construction	955 628 2 123 215	682 211 1 337 113	223 998 269 025	49 420 517 077	990 275 1 595 976	1 1	2	1 2 4	9 2	1
Harbor and port facilities	635 303 4 280 544	366 730 2 993 065	135 747 652 944	132 825 634 534	617 795 1 520 508	2 1	3 2	3	2	3 2
facilitiesSewers, water mains, and related facilities	7 100 934 14 914 749	4 308 293 11 108 657	1 279 870 2 205 382	1 512 771 1 600 710	6 232 290 13 476 048	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 2	1
Sewers, sewer lines, septic systems, and related facilities Water mains and related facilities	8 638 489 6 276 260	6 415 414 4 693 243	1 321 371 884 011	901 704 699 006	7 917 914 5 558 134	1 1	1 1	1 2 1	1 2 3 2 2 4 1 5	1
Pipeline construction other than sewer or water lines Mass transit construction	5 309 208 2 092 262	3 633 188 1 191 960	777 974 595 764	898 046 304 538	3 259 866 1 416 178	1 2	1 2	1 2 1	2	1
Urban mass transit	1 053 972 1 038 290 11 555 013	690 845 501 115 5 802 610	308 468 287 296 1 674 800	54 659 249 879 4 077 603	730 144 686 035 6 776 004	2 2 3	3 (7)	(Z) 1	5	(Z) 2
Power plantsPower plants, nuclear	6 866 721 1 314 090	3 278 022 375 241	1 106 218 243 996	2 482 480 694 853	6 915 722 2 302 509	(Z) (Z) 1	2 3 (Z) (Z) 1	1	(Z) 1 (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Power plants and cogeneration plants, except nuclear Sewage treatment and water treatment plants	5 552 631 6 529 397	2 902 781 4 494 959	862 222 1 710 939	1 787 627 323 500	4 613 214 6 057 721	(Z) 1	(Z) 1	1	(Z) 1 2 3 3	(<u>z</u>)
Sewage treatment plantsWater treatment plants	4 402 483 2 126 915	3 077 895 1 417 064	1 147 916 563 022	176 671 146 829	4 099 467 1 958 255	1 1	2	2	3 3	1
Water storage facilities	420 918 455 047	246 633 288 420	(D) (D)	(D) (D) 147 648	(NA) (NA) (NA)	6	3 1 10	(D) (D) 7	(D)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
ShipsOilfieldsOther nonbuilding construction	242 113 529 133 383 910	62 751 272 554 206 850	31 715 61 619 77 386	194 960 99 674	506 820 7 100 351	4 4 4	6 5	6 9	5 4 5	(NA) 3 1
Construction work, n.s.k.	16 109 071	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	21 932 537	1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS										
Value of construction work	215 628 967	150 752 011	50 779 904	8 423 731	212 628 500	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
Building construction	207 749 879	149 081 572	50 369 687	8 298 619	201 934 849	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
Single-family houses	86 903 282 78 194 686	71 198 943 64 031 025	12 893 159 11 736 316	2 811 180 2 427 345	77 002 852 63 537 960	1 1	1	1	2 2	1
townhouse-type condominiumsApartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals,	8 708 597	7 167 918	1 156 843	383 835	13 464 892	2	2	4	5	2
apartment-type condominiums, and cooperativesOther residential buildings, including hotels, motels, and tourist	7 814 610	5 073 129	2 186 621	554 860	11 875 587	2	2	2	4	2
cabins Hotels, motels, and tourist cabins	3 704 529 2 309 642	2 486 430 1 668 476	1 071 985 580 423	146 113 60 743	7 170 875 4 202 120	1 2	1 2 3	3 5	7 5	1 2
Other residential buildingsOffice buildingsOther commercial buildings such as stores, restaurants, and	1 394 887 21 764 787	817 954 11 996 034	491 562 8 803 495	85 370 965 258	2 968 755 30 306 156	3 1	1	5 1	11 2	2 (Z)
automobile service stations	22 007 365 24 026 930	14 313 959 16 227 273	6 858 940 5 998 289	834 466 1 801 367	23 481 116 24 150 548	1 1	1 1	1	3 1	1
Industrial buildings	19 196 348 4 830 581	12 550 161 3 677 113	5 064 535 933 754	1 581 653 219 715	18 119 921 6 030 627	1 1	1 1	1	1	1 1
Religious buildingsEducational buildings	2 898 041 14 190 557	1 785 891 9 424 321	984 295 4 477 949	127 855 288 287	2 301 140 8 686 646	2	2	3 2 1	5	1
Hospitals and institutional buildings	15 439 940 1 152 192 2 806 154	10 169 191 925 155 2 150 953	4 957 616 133 079 597 070	313 133 93 958 58 131	10 753 132 997 017 1 864 243	(Z) 3 1	(Z) 3 2 1	1 6 3	3 4 5 2 9 3	1 4 1
Other nonresidential buildings	5 041 490	3 330 292	1 407 189	304 009	3 345 537	1	1	2	4	1

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CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

Table 10. Value of Construction Work for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group and Type of Construction: 1992 and 1987—Con.

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

[[[]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,				,		
		1992 value of co	onstruction work		1987				ror of e	
Industry and type of construction	Total	New construction	Additions, alterations, or reconstruction	Maintenance and repair	value of construction work		(percer	nt) for c	olumn –	·
	А	В	С	D	Е	А	В	С	D	Е
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS—Con.										
Value of construction work—Con.										
Nonbuilding construction	2 205 767	1 670 438	410 217	125 112	3 361 475	1	1	1	3	1
rāils, highway signs, lighting, etc. Outdoor swimming pools Airport runways and related work	495 703 6 282	443 480 4 560	41 201 (D)	11 022 (D)	446 737 13 417	2 18	2 19	7 (D)	12 (D)	2 29
Airport runways and related work Private driveways and parking areas Fencing	113 027 41 573	103 728 32 304	(D) 7 199 (D)	(D) 2 070	12 810 46 259 *2 506	(Z)	(Z) 18 21	(D) (D) 18	(D) (D) 25 (D) 26	29 29 5 41
Recreational facilities Bridges, tunnels, and elevated highways	4 629 31 201 272 026	2 914 23 000 131 217	6 773 131 851	(D) 1 429 8 959	50 625 258 689	18 (Z) 14 28 12 1 2	16	(D) 3 (Z)	26 7	10
Tunnels Bridges and elevated highways	44 381 227 645	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	5 263 3 696	78 535 180 154	2	(D) (D)	(Z) (D) (D)	11 9	(Z)
Dam and reservoir construction Marine construction	13 962 (D)	(D) (D)	(S) (D)	(D) (D)	8 870 50 767	(Z) (D) (Z) 8	(D) (D) (D) (D) (D) 14	_	(D) (D)	14 3
Harbor and port facilitiesConservation and development construction	5 990 31 416	(D) 16 757	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	66 557 35 878	(Z) 8	(D) 14	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	8 5
Power and communication transmission lines, towers, and related facilities. Sewers, water mains, and related facilities.	118 892 125 407	98 771 86 991	8 905 25 737	11 216 12 679	49 445 286 427	3 5	2 6	20	11 6	4
Sewers, sewer lines, septic systems, and related facilities Water mains and related facilities	87 343 38 064	57 713 29 278	19 216 6 521	10 414 2 265	173 495 112 932	13	5 16	2 2 7	7 13	4 5
Pipeline construction other than sewer or water lines Mass transit construction	30 993 55 245	27 028 48 345	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	15 439 125 705	(Z)	1 1	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	2 2
Urban mass transit	49 679 5 566	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	78 240 47 465	(Z)	(Z) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	2 2
Blast furnaces, petroleum refineries, chemical complexes, etc Power plants Power plants, nuclear	60 300 172 679 (D)	46 310 93 964 (D)	(D) 46 354 (D)	(D) 32 361	173 728 70 132 15 743	(Z)	(Z) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D) (Z) (D) (D) 2	(D) 1	4 4 4 5 2 2 2 (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Power plants and cogeneration plants, except nuclear Sewage treatment and water treatment plants	(D) 549 867	(D) (D) 430 268	(D) (D) 111 856	(D) (D) 7 743	54 390 735 576	(Z) (D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D) 19	(Z)
Sewage treatment plantsWater treatment plants	368 556 181 311	283 846 146 422	78 026 33 830	6 684 *1 059	549 970 185 607	1 2	1 2	1	20 65	1 5
Water storage facilities	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) -		(NA) (NA)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	_	(NA) (NA)
Oilfields Other nonbuilding construction	4 448	(D)	(D)	(D)	2 938 908 970	31	(D)	(D)	(D)	36
Construction work, n.s.k.	5 673 321	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	7 332 176	1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—CONTRACTORS										
Value of construction work	95 571 457	57 630 473	20 533 636	16 158 866	82 285 352	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Building constructionSingle-family houses	2 459 280 400 393	1 858 468 331 966	337 546 40 060	263 266 28 367	2 829 821 335 213	1 3	1 3	2 8	2 8	1 5
Single-family houses, detachedSingle-family houses, attached, including townhouses and	358 602	302 241	31 832	24 529	277 710	3 3	3	10	8	5
townhouse-type condominiumsApartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals,	41 791	29 725	8 228	3 838	57 503	12	16	5	17	9
apartment-type condominiums, and cooperatives Other residential buildings, including hotels, motels, and tourist cabins	62 846 19 773	50 040 14 764	7 602 3 471	5 205 1 539	56 647 78 770	3 4	4	6	13 4	5 3
Hotels, motels, and tourist cabinsOther residential buildings	6 019 13 755	4 090 10 674	534 2 937	1 396 143	31 050 47 720	7 4	9 3	22 10	4 28	2 4
Office buildings Other commercial buildings such as stores, restaurants, and	301 633	254 678	31 708	15 247	500 785	1	1	6	3	1
automobile service stations	339 336 809 048	257 255 545 374	50 708 98 769	31 374 164 906	570 989 727 195	3	3	5 4	7 2 2	1
Industrial buildings	752 372 56 676 14 432	506 393 38 981 9 825	86 973 11 795 3 971	159 006 5 900 635	653 848 73 346 22 078	1 6 10	1 6 12	3 18 17	10 21	1 7
Educational buildings Hospitals and institutional buildings	209 140 162 593	154 759 126 840	50 548 30 536	3 833 5 216	171 250 176 676	2 2 15	1	8	10	4 2 2 14
Farm buildings, nonresidentialAmusement, social, and recreational buildings, indoors	7 351 68 168	5 794 61 296	607 5 884	(S) 988	16 418 29 019	3	18 2	15 17	(S) 33	12
Other nonresidential buildings	64 567	45 877	13 683	5 008	144 781	2	2	4	4	4
Nonbuilding construction Highways, streets, and related work such as installation of guard rails, highway signs, lighting, etc.	91 863 695 32 619 547	55 772 005 16 190 358	20 196 090 10 036 280	15 895 600 6 392 909	77 383 902 30 067 487	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Outdoor swimming pools Airport runways and related work	2 775 1 516 269	2 306 864 960	(D) 463 152	(D) 188 157	16 979 130 877	(Z) 18 1	(Z) 20 1	(Z) (D)	(D) 2	(Z) 13 4 2 14
Private driveways and parking areasFencing	556 499 28 932	282 052 24 550	158 315 (D)	116 132 (D)	674 335 13 766	2 12	1 12	4 (D)	(D)	14
Recreational facilities Bridges, tunnels, and elevated highways	1 293 858 7 923 969	1 022 156 5 310 703	170 989 1 982 492	100 713 630 773	911 206 6 288 782	1	3	6	6 2 7	(Z) 1
Tunnels	1 003 040 6 920 929 854 466	908 658 4 402 045 611 931	57 042 1 925 450 207 807	37 340 593 433 34 728	654 445 5 634 337 946 712	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 1 1	2 12	1 1
Marine construction	2 012 498 528 591	1 253 731 309 283	263 595 108 788	495 172 110 519	1 508 215 475 743	1 3	1 3	2 3	2 6	1 3
Conservation and development construction Power and communication transmission lines, towers, and related	3 735 072	2 587 463	604 812	542 797	1 334 665	2	2	4	2	2
facilitiesSewers, water mains, and related facilities	5 051 308 12 347 887	3 170 274 9 460 994	771 952 1 858 176	1 109 082 1 028 717	3 781 641 10 757 895	1 1	1 1	1	1 2	1 1
Sewers, sewer lines, septic systems, and related facilities Water mains and related facilities Pipeline construction other than sewer or water lines	7 494 937 4 852 950 4 800 292	5 713 749 3 747 245 3 361 943	1 139 222 718 954 672 571	641 966 386 751 765 778	6 582 677 4 175 218 2 910 925	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 2 1	2 3 2 2 5 (Z)	1 1 1
Mass transit construction Urban mass transit	1 587 960 581 086	883 970 391 224	449 724 170 066	254 267 19 797	861 651 290 472	2 3	3 5	3 (Z)	5 (7)	2 (Z)
G.San made transit	301 000 1	JJ1 ZZ4 I	170 000 1	וט ו טו	200 412	. 3		(4)	(4)	(4)

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

U.S. SUMMARY-WITH PAYROLL 27-17

Table 10. Value of Construction Work for Establishments With Payroll by Industry Group and Type of Construction: 1992 and 1987—Con.

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		1992 value of co	onstruction work		4007	Relative standard error o			ror of e	stimate
Industry and type of construction	Total	New construction	Additions, alterations, or reconstruction	Maintenance and repair	1987 value of construction work				olumn –	
	А	В	С	D	Е	А	В	С	D	E
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—CONTRACTORS—Con.										
Value of construction work—Con.										
Nonbuilding construction—Con. Mass transit construction—Con. Railroad construction—Blast furnaces, petroleum refineries, chemical complexes, etc Power plants Power plants sand cogeneration plants, except nuclear Sewage treatment and water treatment plants Water treatment plants Water treatment plants Water vorage facilities Heavy military construction, missile sites, etc. Ships Oilfields Other nonbuilding construction Construction work, n.s.k.	1 006 874 7 519 005 4 384 809 1 037 094 3 347 715 4 291 596 2 950 321 1 341 275 (D) (S) 257 425 6 479	492 746 4 476 852 2 509 059 307 726 2 201 334 2 924 992 2 025 817 899 175 (D) 166 573 (D) (NA)	279 658 733 608 378 273 (D) (D) 1 216 516 838 827 377 689 (D) (D) 28 060 (D)	234 470 2 308 545 1 497 477 (D) (D) 150 087 85 677 64 410 (D) (S) 62 792 (D)	571 179 4 283 981 4 702 951 1 689 526 3 013 425 3 692 550 2 592 669 1 099 881 (NA) (NA) 314 686 3 708 855	3 (Z) 1 (Z) 1 (D) (S) 7 30 3	3 (Z) (Z) 2 (Z) 2 2 1 (D) (D) - 9 (D)	4 1 1 (D) (D) 1 2 2 (D) (D) - 7 (D)	5 (N(N) (D) D) 4 6 4 (D) (Ø) 1 (D) (NA)	(ZZ (ZZ (ZZ (XZ) (NA
,		(,	(,	(,			(,	(,	(,	
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS										
Value of construction work	216 905 423	110 725 256	54 917 933	42 074 966	200 432 460	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z
Building construction Single-family houses Single-family houses, detached. Single-family houses, attached, including townhouses and townhouse-type condominiums Apartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals, apartment-type condominiums, and cooperatives Other residential buildings, including hotels, motels, and tourist	180 604 930 54 702 806 47 751 597 6 951 209 7 656 086	96 088 429 33 381 312 29 003 313 4 377 999 3 620 029	49 342 907 11 014 285 9 859 818 1 154 467 1 735 284	35 173 594 10 307 209 8 888 466 1 418 743 2 300 774	163 237 549 44 864 148 37 459 660 7 404 488 10 124 722	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1	(Z) 1 1 1	(Z) 1 1 2 2	(Z) 1 1 2 2	(Z (Z
cabins Hotels, motels, and tourist cabins Other residential buildings Office buildings Other commercial buildings such as stores, restaurants, and	3 111 170 2 539 680 571 489 23 984 147	1 689 912 1 398 358 291 554 11 310 074	755 930 620 529 135 401 8 036 936	665 328 520 793 144 535 4 637 137	7 053 121 4 653 026 2 400 095 29 763 304	1 1 3 (Z)	1 2 4 (Z)	2 2 5 1	2 2 6 1	(Z
automobile service stations Industrial buildings and warehouses Industrial buildings Warehouses Religious buildings Educational buildings Hospitals and institutional buildings Farm buildings, nonresidential Amusement, social, and recreational buildings, indoors Other nonresidential buildings	25 415 360 32 076 518 27 167 552 4 908 967 2 762 696 13 195 959 13 378 250 674 321 1 512 010 2 135 608	13 601 782 14 801 629 12 075 584 2 726 045 1 303 538 6 933 243 6 880 729 364 256 909 935 1 291 991	6 431 639 10 002 598 8 698 764 1 303 834 854 110 4 560 932 4 915 544 123 635 361 478 550 537	5 381 938 7 272 292 6 393 204 879 088 605 049 1 701 784 1 581 978 186 429 240 596 293 080	22 215 926 27 599 646 22 695 211 4 904 435 2 212 156 7 424 436 8 375 104 546 565 1 149 477 1 908 944	(Z) (Z) (Z) 1 1 (Z) 3 1 2	1 (Z) (Z) 1 1 (Z) 4 1 2	1 1 2 1 1 1 5 2 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 4 3 5	(Z (Z (Z
Nonbuilding construction Highways, streets, and related work such as installation of guard	27 113 224	14 636 826	5 575 026	6 901 373	24 666 179	1	1	1	1	
rails, highway signs, lighting, etc. Outdoor swimming pools Airport runways and related work Private driveways and parking areas Fencing Recreational facilities Bridges, tunnels, and elevated highways Tunnels Bridges and elevated highways Dam and reservoir construction Harbor and port facilities Conservation and development construction Power and communication transmission lines, towers, and related	3 920 108 2 145 158 103 607 3 138 402 1 433 576 357 890 783 565 118 251 665 314 87 199 (D) 100 722 514 055	2 355 813 1 643 498 64 167 1 666 761 1 060 032 234 367 342 359 (D) (D) (D) 388 845	849 875 (D) (D) (D) 637 294 199 399 79 905 191 548 (D) (D) 16 191 5 380 (D) (D) (D)	714 420 (D) (D) 834 347 174 175 43 618 249 658 11 472 238 186 (D) (D) (D)	3 149 753 2 243 012 66 050 2 842 214 1 086 690 119 315 504 493 120 77 383 516 34 693 36 994 75 495 149 965	1 3 4 2 4 4 2 4 3 3 (D) 7 4	1 4 2 2 4 5 3 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D)	2 (D) (D) 3 6 7 4 (D) (D) 7 16 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D) 4 5 10 5 7 5 (D) (D) (D)	133923
rower and communication transmission lines, towers, and related facilities. Sewers, water mains, and related facilities. Sewers, sewer lines, septic systems, and related facilities. Pipeline construction other than sewer or water lines. Mass transit construction. Urban mass transit. Railroad construction. Blast furnaces, petroleum refineries, chemical complexes, etc Power plants. Power plants and cogeneration plants, except nuclear. Sewage treatment and water treatment plants Sewage treatment plants Water treatment plants. Water storage facilities.	1 930 734 2 441 455 1 056 209 1 385 246 477 923 449 057 423 207 25 850 3 975 708 2 309 233 (D) (D) 1 1 687 935 1 083 606 604 329 (D)	1 039 248 1 560 672 643 952 916 720 244 217 259 646 (D) 1 279 448 674 999 (D) 1 1 139 699 768 233 371 466 (D)	499 013 321 469 162 933 158 536 (D) (D) (D) (D) 681 591 (D) 382 566 231 063 151 503 31 086	392 474 559 314 249 324 309 990 (D) (D) 952 643 140 127 812 517 165 670 84 310 81 360 100 116	2 401 204 2 431 726 1 161 742 1 269 984 333 502 428 822 361 432 67 391 2 318 295 2 142 639 597 240 1 545 399 1 629 595 956 828 672 767 (NA)	2 2 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 (D) (D) 1 1 2 (D)	2 2 3 3 2 1 (D) (D) 1 1 (D) (D) 1 1 1 (D)	2 4 5 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) 2 3 3 10	3 3 4 3 (D)(D) 1 (D)(D) 1 1 1 3 3 3 4 20	35 (Z (Z
Heavy military construction, missile sites, etc	(D) (D) 241 833 271 707 372 983	(D) 62 751 105 980 205 546	10 870 31 715 33 558 70 925	7 860 147 367 132 169 96 511	(NA) (NA) (NA) 189 196 2 482 526	(D) (D) 4 4 4	(D) (D) 10 6 5	7 7 10 10	4 20 2 5 4 5	(NA (NA
Construction work, n.s.k	9 187 269	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	12 528 732	1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	

27-18 U.S. SUMMARY-WITH PAYROLL

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

Table 11. Quarterly Construction Worker Employment for Establishments With Payroll by Industry: 1992

			Average			D.	lotivo o	tondora	l error c	of action	oto.		
SIC code	Industry	Number of establishments	number of construction workers	January to March	April to June	July to September	October to December	Re			or colum		ale
		А	В	С	D	Е	F	А	В	С	D	Е	F
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	572 851	3 596 200	3 279 642	3 650 182	3 872 139	3 582 836	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative builders	168 407	759 057	711 314	764 536	814 603	745 774	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
152	General contractors, residential buildings:												
1521 1522	Single-family houses Other residential buildings	107 495 6 490	296 236 35 107	274 874 33 802	301 505 36 735	321 730 36 607	286 835 33 284	(Z) 3	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
1531	Operative builders	16 989	49 693	47 452	51 197	52 578	47 547	1	1	1	1	1	1
154	General contractors, nonresidential buildings:												
1541 1542	Industrial buildings and warehouses Nonresidential buildings, n.e.c	7 693 29 739	92 068 285 952	87 242 267 944	90 555 284 544	96 786 306 902	93 689 284 420	2 1	1 (Z)	1 (Z)	1 1	2 1	1 1
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	37 180	647 406	544 017	675 122	713 074	657 409	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
1611	Highway and street construction	10 090	211 161	151 138	231 255	249 673	212 577	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
162 1622	Heavy construction, except highway: Bridge, tunnel, and elevated highway	1 041	20, 440	20, 204	37 483	41 405	20, 204		4	4	4	1	4
1623 1629	construction Water, sewer, and utility lines Heavy construction, n.e.c	10 233 15 816	36 116 160 105 240 024	29 284 137 013 226 582	159 812 246 572	174 938 247 058	36 291 168 658 239 883	3 1 1	1 1 (Z)	1 1 (Z)	1 1 (Z)	1 (Z)	1 1 1
17	Special trade contractors	367 263	2 189 738	2 024 312	2 210 524	2 344 462	2 179 653	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning	75 395	455 117	433 552	455 916	476 968	454 034	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
1721	Painting and paper hanging	31 920	136 427	115 216	141 506	158 841	130 145	1	1	1	1	1	1
1731	Electrical work	54 022	379 052	368 289	371 673	395 949	380 299	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
174	Masonry, stonework, tile setting, and plastering:												
1741	Masonry, stone setting, and other stoneworkPlastering, drywall, and insulation	22 637	129 762	116 648	134 105	138 553	129 742	1	1	1	1	1	1
1742	work	18 648	173 465	167 960	174 580	179 379	171 941	1	1	1	1	1	1
1743	Terrazzo, tile, marble, and mosaic work	6 499	26 941	26 602	27 696	28 066	25 403	2	2	2	2	2	2
175	Carpentry and floor work:	38 210	145 394	133 131	149 112	157 106	142 227	1	1	1	1	1	1
1751 1752	Carpentry Floor laying and other floorwork	10 196	36 434	35 739	36 414	38 680	34 905	1	1	1	1	1	1
1761	Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	27 569	168 764	151 184	167 348	184 483	172 040	1	1	1	1	1	1
1771	Concrete work	26 123	160 750	128 140	170 607	181 828	162 426	1	1	1	1	1	1
1781	Water well drilling	3 638	14 683	13 863	14 887	15 616	14 364	2	2	2	2	2	2
179 1791 1793 1794 1795 1796 1799	Miscellaneous special trade contractors: Structural steel erection	3 792 4 590 13 898 966 3 889 25 270	47 138 21 352 62 437 10 409 64 380 157 231	45 510 20 682 51 774 9 430 67 104 139 491	47 109 21 064 64 810 10 611 58 918 164 167	48 891 22 058 69 804 11 375 65 180 171 685	47 042 21 603 63 360 10 220 66 319 153 583	2 2 1 4 2	1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 2 (Z)	1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 2 1 1	1 1 1 2 1 1

¹Construction workers during pay periods including 12th of March, May, August, and November.

Table 12. Value of Construction Work for Establishments With Payroll by Location of Construction Work and Industry Group: 1992

Item	Total	Building construction — general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction — contractors	Special trade contractors		iive star imate (p colui	ercent	
	А	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
United States	528 105 847	215 628 967	95 571 457	216 905 423	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Alabama	6 951 298	2 766 396	1 658 385	2 526 518	1	2	1	1
	2 053 871	838 031	544 591	671 249	3	7	2	3
	9 589 024	4 390 937	1 437 347	3 760 740	1	2	1	1
	3 369 320	1 220 693	815 961	1 332 666	1	3	2	2
	65 586 751	28 414 338	9 219 418	27 952 995	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	9 820 807	4 366 654	1 666 242	3 787 911	1	2	1	1
	6 888 318	2 563 168	1 142 231	3 182 919	1	2	1	1
	2 073 773	800 015	393 024	880 735	2	4	1	2
	2 133 516	944 646	184 710	1 004 161	1	3	2	1
	31 450 528	14 820 541	4 804 174	11 825 812	1	1	1	1
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana	13 735 421	6 498 924	2 221 945	5 014 552	1	2	1	1
	5 558 404	2 551 726	1 168 777	1 837 901	1	2	1	1
	2 290 445	891 384	528 661	870 400	2	3	2	2
	26 775 737	10 055 667	4 096 995	12 623 074	1	1	1	1
	11 589 958	4 736 031	1 766 657	5 087 270	1	2	1	1
lowa	4 996 920	1 753 811	1 129 563	2 113 546	1	3	1	1
Kansas	4 919 427	2 055 392	1 023 173	1 840 861	2	4	1	1
Kentucky	6 718 369	2 596 680	1 522 610	2 599 078	1	3	2	1
Louisiana	7 903 816	1 890 151	3 294 376	2 719 290	1	3	1	1
Maine	2 132 365	765 479	516 506	850 381	2	4	2	2
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	12 884 968	5 972 302	1 708 939	5 203 728	1	2	1	1
	11 054 256	4 197 209	2 081 681	4 775 365	1	3	1	1
	16 131 386	6 002 845	2 363 872	7 764 669	1	2	1	1
	10 546 812	4 272 481	1 835 684	4 438 646	1	2	1	1
	3 398 199	1 188 401	1 068 127	1 141 671	2	4	2	2
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	9 850 358	4 014 180	1 789 447	4 046 730	1	2	2	1
	1 398 436	467 190	418 386	512 861	2	5	2	3
	3 288 678	1 128 187	962 252	1 198 239	2	3	4	2
	6 243 372	2 673 999	1 251 545	2 317 828	1	2	1	1
	1 686 123	651 173	268 014	766 935	2	3	5	2
New Jersey	16 136 366	6 160 036	2 578 555	7 397 775	1	2	1	1
	3 056 414	1 255 009	734 172	1 067 234	2	3	2	2
	31 911 435	11 195 941	5 064 936	15 650 558	(Z)	1	1	1
	14 335 009	6 465 928	2 300 983	5 568 099	1	2	1	1
	1 140 470	335 995	339 440	465 035	2	4	3	3
Ohio	20 840 164 3 906 238 6 291 808 23 670 089 1 712 672	8 266 548 1 400 309 2 528 110 9 345 749 789 743	3 477 623 948 948 1 149 975 4 072 725 230 700	9 095 993 1 556 981 2 613 723 10 251 615 692 229	1 1 (Z) 2	1 4 3 1 3	1 2 1 1 5	1 2 1 1 2
South Carolina	6 450 137	2 908 956	1 082 660	2 458 521	1	2	2	1
	1 392 098	560 402	363 616	468 080	2	5	4	3
	8 769 583	3 457 309	1 981 993	3 330 280	1	2	1	1
	35 609 383	14 222 077	8 935 726	12 451 580	1	1	1	1
	3 427 102	1 380 176	750 647	1 296 279	1	3	2	2
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1 159 499	555 504	203 668	400 327	2	4	4	4
	15 216 862	6 858 789	2 728 973	5 629 100	1	2	1	1
	15 553 070	7 242 201	2 626 059	5 684 810	1	2	1	1
	2 568 212	791 915	813 157	963 139	1	3	1	2
	10 836 201	4 067 249	1 920 765	4 848 188	1	2	1	1
	1 102 377	352 389	382 841	367 147	2	5	3	3

Table 13. Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Kind of Business Activity: 1992

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Based on their primary business activity or combination of activities, establishments were classified into a specific industry group. These establishments, however, may also be engaged in other kinds of business activities. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

appendixes								
Primary and other kinds of business activity	Total	Building construction — general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction — contractors	Special trade contractors		imate (p	ndard er percent) mn—	
	A	В	С	D	А	В	С	
All kinds of business	539 084 657	220 231 215	98 528 182	220 325 260	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS								
General building contractor	132 661 457 33 390 458 44 142 826	131 295 945 33 012 224 44 111 991	1 006 123 101 018 2 540	359 388 277 216 28 296	(Z) 1 1	(Z) 1 1	1 5 1	3 4 11
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—CONTRACTORS								
Blasting contractor, except building demolition Cable laying contractor Dredging contractor Excavating, earthmoving, and land clearing contractor, not connected with buildings Heavy construction contractor Highway and street general contractor Paving contractor Pile driving contractors	220 462 3 458 692 681 838 6 371 792 48 789 621 22 367 432 14 413 445 360 592	*61 15 201 68 43 966 1 079 650 562 013 110 592 (D)	197 053 3 344 667 (D) 5 581 646 47 172 053 21 522 550 12 746 675 341 792	23 348 98 824 (D) 746 181 537 917 282 869 1 556 178 (D)	6 1 3 1 (Z) (Z) 1 3	62 (Z) (Z) 7 1 (Z) 3 (D)	7 1 (D) 1 (Z) (Z) (Z) 1 3	6 2 (D) 2 2 2 (D)
Trenching contractor	479 861	(D)	400 892	(D)	4	(D)	5	(D) (D)
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	4 500 040	5.055		4 500 000				
Acoustical contractor Antenna installation contractor, except household type Architectural sheet metal contractor, including gutters and downspouts Asbestos removal, lead paint removal, and radon remediation contractor Asphalt contractor, private driveways and parking areas	1 588 918 94 429 1 122 862 2 160 379 2 429 186	5 655 2 440 *863 5 493	(D) (S) *4 306 180 171	1 583 263 (D) 1 120 124 2 155 210 2 243 523	2 10 2 2 2	11 - 25 71 28	(D) (S) 74 3	2 (D) 2 2 2
Bridge painting contractor Building sprinkler system installation contractor Carpentry contractor Carpet laying or removal contractor Computer floor installation contractor	227 694 2 852 226 10 253 218 2 167 405 172 885	(D) 986 102 128 1 024 (D)	(D) *2 339 6 179 - (D)	223 964 2 848 901 10 144 911 2 166 381 171 532	5 1 1 2 8	(D) 11 7 32 (D)	(D) 46 16 – (D)	5 1 1 2 8
Concrete breaking for streets and highways contractor	59 402 6 805 319 261 094 1 082 797 363 842	(D) 107 700 (S) *3 047 4 261	(D) 103 350 3 974 55 994 1 601	57 986 6 594 269 257 068 1 023 756 357 981	6 1 5 3	(D) 8 (S) 43 34	(D) 3 24 5 32	6 1 5 3 3
Drywall, sheetrock, spackling and finishing contractor Electric power installation and service contractor, including lighting Electronic control systems installation and service contractor Elevator installation and service contractor Energy management contractor	6 790 882 28 425 596 2 427 015 3 384 378 226 979	(D) 41 599 (D) (D)	(D) 34 940 (D) (D)	6 732 642 28 349 057 2 416 037 3 384 186 226 979	1 (Z) 1 (Z) 7	(D) 12 (D) (D)	(D) 2 (D) (D)	1 (Z) 1 (Z) 7
Escalator installation and service contractor	263 067 5 923 757 1 747 753 2 645 687 1 024 509	*595 60 039 6 232 4 239 8 953	(D) 745 601 32 204 8 737	(D) 5 118 117 1 709 318 2 632 711 1 015 556	(Z) 1 3 1 3	64 7 35 13	(D) 1 10 (Z)	(D) 1 3 1 3
Foundation contractor: brick, block, or stone Foundation contractor, concrete Foundation contractor, digging of Garage and overhead door installation contractor Glass and glazing contractor	1 002 901 2 546 138 752 188 1 377 525 2 679 334	(D) 30 289 4 200 *1 004 4 000	(D) 19 869 57 807 —	995 660 2 495 980 690 181 1 376 522 2 675 334	3 2 2 3 1	(D) 12 22 40 12	(D) 20 5 -	3 2 2 3 1
Glass coating and tinting contractor	33 707 256 866 21 104 475 1 321 284 85 468	(S) 20 587 (D) (D)	1 219 7 151 23 838 (D)	33 707 255 313 21 076 736 (D) (D)	18 7 1 2 11	(S) 12 (D) (D)	29 7 7 (D)	18 7 1 (D) (D)
Insulation contractor	3 291 099 1 068 783 511 586 367 908 949 033	11 261 - 691 (D) 5 578	_ _ (D)	3 279 839 1 068 783 510 894 363 217 943 455	2 2 2 6 2	19 - 17 (D) 19	_ _ (D) _	2 2 2 6 2
Marble contractor, exterior	119 253 519 577 5 838 531 322 371 11 612 284	*220 20 840 4 101 20 895	6 007 48 832	119 253 519 357 5 811 684 318 270 11 542 558	5 4 1 4 1	67 13 35 2	- 4 - 2	5 4 1 5 1
Millwright	2 842 882 431 246 4 717 448 861 7 245 143	127 452 5 945 - 1 935 46 453	38 536 - - - 5 646	2 676 895 425 301 4 717 446 926 7 193 045	1 5 4 4 1	(Z) 7 - 6 8	1 - - 20	1 5 4 4 1
Paper hanging contractor Plastering contractor Plumbing contractor Post frame contractor Precast concrete installation contractor	708 695 1 434 215 14 408 010 449 508 341 258	(D) *245 8 148 1 926 2 870	(D) 24 787 5 125	704 998 1 433 970 14 375 074 447 582 333 263	2 2 1 5 4	(D) 49 11 15	(D) 5 - 23	2 2 1 5 4

See footnotes at end of table.

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

U.S. SUMMARY-WITH PAYROLL 27-21

Table 13. Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Kind of Business Activity: 1992—Con.

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Based on their primary business activity or combination of activities, establishments were classified into a specific industry group. These establishments, however, may also be engaged in other kinds of business activities. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Primary and other kinds of business activity	Total	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction— contractors	Special trade contractors		imate (ndard e percent mn—	
	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS—Con.								
Refractory brick contractor Refrigeration contractor Reinforcing steel contractor Roofing contractor Sandblasting contractor, building exteriors	371 123 1 596 460 1 127 043 9 960 072 324 673	(D) (D) *10 332 61 683 (S)	(D) (D) 4 945 1 975 2 962	(D) 1 592 783 1 111 766 9 896 414 318 819	3 2 2 1 6	(D) (D) 41 9 (S)	(D) (D) 6 36 15	(D) 2 2 1 7
Scaffolding construction contractor Septic system installation contractor Service station equipment installation contractor Sheet metal contractor Ship painting contractor	313 125 558 895 849 760 4 720 704 87 128	229 (S) 1 927 6 842	23 679 1 292 1 468 (D)	312 896 531 005 846 541 4 712 394 (D)	2 5 3 1 3	21 (S) (Z) 27	15 39 8 (D)	2 5 3 1 (D)
Siding contractor	1 671 076 469 488 1 929 085 60 125 516 770	24 005 *474 7 030 - 1 397	4 639 (S) 627	1 647 071 469 014 1 917 417 59 868 514 745	3 4 1 9 4	13 59 3 - 24	- 22 (S) 22	3 4 1 9 4
Storage tanks, metal: erection contractor	537 172 2 615 630 111 982 1 910 140 4 568 814	4 856 9 478 - 4 355 2 377	20 205 12 227 8 371 1 360 22 823	512 112 2 593 926 103 611 1 904 425 4 543 614	3 1 9 4 1	38 15 - 29 1	9 11 26 32 4	3 1 10 4 1
Terrazzo contractor	161 922 460 372 1 770 566 334 585 1 718 722	*324 (D) (D) (D)	5 739 (D) (D) (D)	161 922 454 310 1 767 478 328 174 1 698 843	4 4 2 5 1	47 (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	4 4 2 5 1
Waterproofing, dampproofing and fireproofing contractor	1 216 440 634 152 975 774	5 475 3 286 6 741	2 201 10 674 33 423	1 208 765 620 193 935 611	2 3 2	17 31 9	28 11 8	2 3 2
Special cases	3 151 005	11 330	746 742	2 392 933	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other construction activities	771 818	88 943	53 011	629 865	4	7	8	5
OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES								
Architectural services	179 274 495 043 1 770 473 760 223 1 314 112	174 661 476 397 1 365 133 94 694 106 584	(S) 2 640 325 245 505 685 679 896	4 084 16 006 80 094 159 843 527 632	5 3 1 1 1	5 3 1 6 9	(S) 12 1 (Z) 1	25 27 7 5 2
Mining services	427 422 280 618 604 889 471 503 1 775 838	17 753 262 057 109 371 406 056 201 873	398 216 7 787 277 921 23 240 274 839	11 453 10 774 217 597 42 206 1 299 126	1 4 1 2 1	4 4 3 3 4	1 3 2 4 2	11 12 2 7 2
Subdividing and preparing your own land for sale, rent, or lease	808 909 296 137 583 357 1 008 621	793 976 23 822 33 049 525 023	*10 544 154 031 87 049 127 226	4 389 118 284 463 258 356 373	3 3 2 1	3 10 22 2	71 4 3 3	23 3 2 2
Kind of business activity, n.s.k	6 778 341	4 223 811	127 298	2 427 231	1	1	5	2

¹In 1987, this item, for the most part, represented the value of residential remodeling general contractor work. For 1992, it represents the value of both residential and nonresidential remodeling general contractor work.

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

Table 14. Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Kind of Business Activity: 1987

Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Based on their primary business activity or combination of activities, establishments were classified into a specific industry group. These establishments, however, may also be engaged in other kinds of business activities. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

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Primary and other kinds of business activity	Construction industries	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction— contractors	Special trade contractors				
	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D
All kinds of business	514 937 596	225 188 140	85 672 568	204 076 888	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
General building contractor	148 214 732 47 091 208 9 682 688	145 789 348 47 030 988 9 475 027	1 705 250 7 709 4 567	720 132 52 510 203 093	(Z) 1 1	(Z) 1 1	1 10 24	3 12 7
Highway and street contractorPaving contractor	21 272 525 10 337 923	216 647 52 301	20 743 248 9 326 249	312 629 959 372	(Z) 1	2 6	(Z) 1	3 4
Heavy construction: Heavy construction contractor Cable laying contractor Dredging contractor Trenching contractor Excavating and earthmoving contractor Pile driving contractor Blasting contractor	40 368 309 1 604 902 550 592 601 043 6 639 595 318 516 122 023	1 324 439 (D) (D) 1 964 93 179 (D)	38 371 682 1 579 490 548 679 586 459 6 271 510 301 652 114 780	672 187 (D) (D) 12 619 274 905 (D) 7 242	(Z) 2 1 3 1 3 8	1 (D) (D) 11 8 (D)	(Z) 2 1 3 1 3 9	2 (D) (D) 12 4 (D) 16
Subdivider and developerSubdividing land owned by others	1 040 216 751 481	1 018 249 60 261	13 164 39 270	8 802 651 948	3 4	3 11	36 16	33 4
Heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning contractor Building sprinkler system contractor Energy management contractor Lawn sprinkler system contractor Mechanical contractor Plumbing contractor Refrigerator contractor Septic system contractor Steam fitting and piping contractor	18 786 322 1 970 086 110 307 327 478 9 223 322 13 561 747 1 201 130 509 131 2 057 661	34 126 *272 23 127 29 546 9 365 8 818 (D)	34 243 3 767 5 342 42 115 26 811 23 453 (D)	18 717 948 1 966 318 110 307 321 863 9 158 079 13 505 389 1 191 765 476 860 2 039 812	1 1 7 5 1 1 3 4 1	4 - 49 3 9 1 17 (D)	16 17 - 11 10 6 - 10 (D)	1 7 5 1 1 3 5 1
Painting construction: Bridge painting contractor Painting contractor Ship painting contractor Traffic lane painting contractor Paper hanging contractor	164 711 6 653 441 71 684 186 473 743 128	(D) 42 350 - - 5 704	(D) 3 288 - 8 035 -	161 898 6 607 802 71 684 178 437 737 423	9 1 6 7 2	(D) 7 - 15	(D) 9 - 13 -	10 1 6 7 2
Electrical contractor: Electric power contractor Electronic control system contractor Highway lighting and signal contractor Fire and security systems contractors Telecommunications contractor.	27 096 254 1 709 205 867 037 1 981 378 3 887 235	40 377 (D) 145 1 723 1 915	37 088 (D) 11 417 575 16 906	27 018 788 1 700 629 855 474 1 979 079 3 868 412	(Z) 1 2 1 1	7 (D) 24 9 28	2 (D) (Z) 21 21	(Z) 1 2 1 1
Masonry contractor: Marble contractor, exterior Masonry contractor, block and brick Stonework contractor Foundation contractor, masonry	234 159 6 887 226 434 171 1 063 016	(D) 26 828 (D) 7 033	(D) 4 494 (D) (S)	233 339 6 855 902 426 104 1 055 881	5 1 5 3	(D) 12 (D) 27	(D) 32 (D) (S)	5 1 6 3
Acoustical contractor	1 888 370 7 883 302 3 485 155 (D) 1 820 034	15 049 37 524 6 580 (D) 8 641	*2 823 - - -	1 873 320 7 842 955 3 478 574 710 004 1 811 393	1 1 1 (D) 2	4 5 20 (D) 13	51 - - -	1 1 1 2 2
Marble contractor, interior Mosaic contractor Terrazzo contractor Tile setting contractor	342 349 7 670 170 671 1 867 234	599 - - 2 838	= = =	341 750 7 670 170 671 1 864 396	3 18 4 2	35 - - 39	- - -	4 18 4 2
Carpentry contractor	9 628 458 882 472	137 919 3 191	7 328	9 483 210 879 280	1 4	6 21	17 -	1 4
Floor covering contractor, except wood: Computer or resilient floor installation contractor Linoleum, asphalt or vinyl tile installation contractor Carpet laying or removal contractor Flooring contractor, wood	307 419 680 672 1 798 830 676 287	1 270 1 789 (D) (D)	*799 (S) (D) (D)	305 350 677 301 1 797 569 675 112	8 2 2 3	39 15 (D) (D)	42 (S) (D) (D)	8 2 2 3
Architectural sheet metal contractor Roofing contractor Sheet metal contractor Siding contractor Specialty sheet metal contractor	1 009 582 8 870 759 4 091 395 1 222 957 324 885	4 892 45 274 (D) (D) (D)	*32 4 903 (D) (D) (D)	1 004 657 8 820 581 4 085 372 1 198 146 321 258	2 1 1 4 6	19 8 (D) (D) (D)	52 (Z) (D) (D) (D)	2 1 1 4 6
Concrete construction: Asphalt contractor Concrete contractor Gunite contractor Culvert and curb contractor Foundation contractor, concrete	2 567 925 7 926 570 186 541 269 177 2 969 469	2 643 83 487 (D) 2 286 47 636	161 367 96 520 (D) 26 329 27 604	2 403 914 7 746 562 186 166 240 561 2 894 229	2 1 4 6 1	28 4 (D) 28 4	4 4 (D) 7 6	2 1 4 7 1
Water well drilling contractor	1 269 128	-	7 614	1 261 514	2	-	11	2
Reinforcing steel contractor	975 827 (D) 233 424	3 677 27 688 1 532	7 566 (D)	964 583 3 048 731 231 892	(D) 1	10 15 (Z)	(Z) (D) -	2 1 1
Glass and glazing contractor	3 070 146 17 532	(D)	(D)	3 064 692 17 532	1 26	(D) _	(D)	1 26
Excavation contractor, for buildings	5 310 770 1 522 470	78 126 10 957	310 274 93 965	4 922 369 1 417 547	1 2	7 18	3 4	1 2

CONSTRUCTION-INDUSTRY SERIES

U.S. SUMMARY-WITH PAYROLL 27-23

Table 14. **Dollar Value of Business Done for Establishments With Payroll by Kind of Business Activity: 1987**—Con.

[Thousand dollars. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. Based on their primary business activity or combination of activities, establishments were classified into a specific industry group. These establishments, however, may also be engaged in other kinds of business activities. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Primary and other kinds of business activity	Construction industries	Building construction— general contractors and operative builders	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	Special trade contractors			d error of or column	
	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D
All kinds of business—Con.								
Wrecking and demolition construction: Steel tank dismantling contractor Wrecking and demolition contractor Concrete breaking contractor, highways and streets	9 499 918 999 78 560	(D) 4 138 (D)	(D) 26 942 (D)	7 310 887 918 75 438	24 1 9	(D) 21 (D)	(D) 6 (D)	30 1 9
Elevator contractor	2 878 677 153 614 2 096 995	(S) (D) 45 923	*1 032 (D) 23 478	2 877 269 152 664 2 027 593	(Z) 1 2	(S) (D) 2	59 (D) 3	(Z) 1 2
Antenna installation contractor Fencing contractor House moving contractor House moving contractor House moving contractor Iron work contractor Insulation contractor, pipe and duct work Sandblasting contractor Scaffolding contractor Service station equipment installation contractor Swimming pool contractor Test boring or core drilling contractor Waterproofing, dampproofing and fireproofing contractor Welding contractor, on site Other construction activities	84 367 1 346 489 143 747 573 833 (D) 195 745 127 259 529 874 2 009 910 205 604 944 277 443 152 4 940 439	(S) *3 358 (D) 761 - 305 4 884 4 445 (D) 10 412 1 716 912 020	*3 310 19 479 (D) (S) (D) 988 (S) 2 048 (D) 197 5 580 618 841	80 777 1 323 651 137 288 573 066 1 171 148 194 757 126 953 524 600 2 003 416 194 906 933 667 435 855 3 409 645	11 3 9 3 (D) 8 4 4 3 5 2 4	(S) 42 (D) 23 - (Z) 8 31 (D) 2 26 2	44 6 (D) (S) (D) 16 (S) 35 (D) 27 17 3	11 39 32 84 44 35 24 2
Architectural services Construction management Engineering services Manufacturing Real estate agents and managers Rental or construction machinery or equipment to others Retail trade Wholesale trade Investment builder Other activities¹	195 035 2 554 990 553 551 1 084 273 583 017 644 072 (D) 823 292 11 080 881	174 540 1 683 317 122 371 167 769 565 779 129 470 (D) (D) 810 273 8 824 831	17 707 847 089 409 994 589 507 3 035 316 710 (D) (D) 942 980 592	2 788 24 582 21 185 326 996 14 202 197 891 1 268 072 490 995 12 076 1 275 457	2 1 2 1 2 1 1 (D) 2	3 1 8 3 2 2 1 (D) 2	3 (Z) (Z) 1 10 1 19 (D) 34 1	15 17 11 2 10 2 9 2 7
Kind of business activity, n.s.k.	10 873 210	5 526 440	946 583	4 400 186	1	1	3	2

¹In 1987, receipts from the sale of land were collected and have been included in other activities. For 1992, respondents were instructed to exclude receipts from the sale of land from dollar value of business done.

Table 15. Selected Industry Ratios for Establishments With Payroll: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

	ining of abbreviations and symbols, see infloadciory text	,		.,,	Average per dollar value of construction work				
SIC code	Industry	Average number of employees** per estab- lishment	Payroll per employee (\$1,000)	Value of construction work per construction worker (\$1,000)	Payroll, all employees	Cost of materials, components, supplies, and fuels	Cost of construction work sub-contracted out to others	Value of construction work subcontracted in from others	Rental cost for machinery, equipment, and buildings
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	8.1	25.2	146.9	.223	.317	.259	.270	.016
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative builders	6.5	24.7	284.1	.126	.261	.468	.032	.008
152 1521 1522	General contractors, residential buildings: Single-family houses Other residential buildings	3.8 7.5	18.0 23.8	164.2 223.2	.150 .148	.356 .256	.308 .446	.038 .043	.008 .008
1531	Operative builders	6.7	29.4	897.3	.075	.294	.398	.009	.003
154 1541 1542	General contractors, nonresidential buildings: Industrial buildings and warehouses Nonresidential buildings, n.e.c.	16.0 13.7	28.3 29.0	223.6 328.7	.169 .126	.240 .201	.467 .586	.066 .031	.012 .008
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	21.5	29.7	147.6	.248	.328	.189	.178	.032
1611	Highway and street construction	25.5	28.6	167.3	.208	.381	.211	.208	.032
162 1622	Heavy construction, except highway: Bridge, tunnel, and elevated highway								
1623 1629	construction Water, sewer, and utility lines Heavy construction, n.e.c.	42.0 19.0 19.2	34.0 29.0 30.5	199.3 126.2 136.8	.206 .278 .282	.323 .301 .288	.261 .130 .185	.122 .186 .153	.025 .037 .030
17	Special trade contractors	7.5	24.1	99.1	.309	.369	.083	.548	.017
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning	8.1	27.1	125.0	.292	.388	.108	.518	.015
1721	Painting and paper hanging	5.1	19.5	63.7	.364	.264	.068	.516	.018
1731	Electrical work	9.0	28.0	106.2	.338	.384	.043	.557	.014
174 1741 1742 1743	Masonry, stonework, tile setting, and plastering: Masonry, stone setting, and other stonework Plastering, drywall, and insulation work Terrazzo, tile, marble, and mosaic work	6.5 11.1 5.2	19.5 23.8 22.8	65.2 81.0 90.5	.341 .349 .318	.337 .345 .413	.059 .088 .048	.711 .829 .783	.014 .012 .012
175 1751 1752	Carpentry and floor work: Carpentry Floor laying and other floorwork	4.6 4.8	19.6 21.8	88.4 121.5	.271 .241	.370 .447	.118 .089	.576 .606	.012 .014
1761	Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	7.8	21.4	99.5	.275	.409	.071	.421	.014
1771	Concrete work	7.4	21.0	89.7	.280	.392	.086	.611	.022
1781	Water well drilling	5.3	22.9	117.6	.257	.408	.030	.151	.016
179 1791 1793 1794 1795 1796 1799	Miscellaneous special trade contractors: Structural steel erection Glass and glazing work Excavation work Wrecking and demolition work. Installing building equipment, n.e.c. Special trade contractors, n.e.c.	15.3 7.0 5.5 13.6 21.3 8.1	28.1 24.8 23.6 22.6 28.1 21.7	105.1 127.6 110.0 101.8 102.7 86.9	.329 .292 .264 .280 .352 .325	.325 .514 .287 .196 .269 .333	.094 .033 .108 .124 .072	.691 .701 .574 .409 .273 .377	.028 .021 .044 .049 .018

Table 16. Selected Statistics for Establishments With Payroll by Industry: Percent Change 1992/1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		Employ	/ees**	Payroll				Selected costs			
SIC code	Industry	All	Construc- tion workers	All em- ployees	Construc- tion workers	Value of construc- tion work	Net value of construc- tion work†	Materials, compo- nents, supplies, and fuels	Construc- tion work subcon- tracted out to others	Value added††	Total capital expendi- tures, other than land
15, 16, 17	Construction industries	-6.9	-9.6	6.8	4.3	6.6	7.1	11.8	5.2	2.9	-4.6
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative builders	-14.2	-18.0	-2.8	-6.3	1.4	3.3	10.1	7	-3.7	-24.7
152 1521 1522	General contractors, residential buildings: Single-family houses Other residential buildings	1.9 -40.3	-3.6 -42.7	16.0 -33.7	12.1 -36.5	24.4 -41.2	23.2 -30.7	29.6 -30.4	27.1 -50.5	14.8 -32.9	-10.4 -44.3
1531	Operative builders	-32.4	-37.5	-23.4	-29.3	-8.9	-	4	-19.8	.8	-55.4
154 1541 1542	General contractors, nonresidential buildings: Industrial buildings and warehouses Nonresidential buildings, n.e.c.	-14.0 -16.7	-16.9 -22.1	-3.9 3	-7.5 -7.4	-4.1 4.7	-1.1 -1.5	-2.6 13.7	-7.2 9.5	-6.5 -12.4	-27.5 -4.9
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors	-3.3	-5.3	16.3	14.0	16.1	13.3	16.5	30.3	9.4	7.4
1611	Highway and street construction	-9.5	-11.7	4.5	1.1	3.4	4	10.1	20.9	-8.2	-5.3
162 1622 1623 1629	Heavy construction, except highway: Bridge, tunnel, and elevated highway construction Water, sewer, and utility lines Heavy construction, n.e.c	-8.0 -1.7 2.2	-9.9 -3.5 .8	24.6 24.6 20.9	23.7 24.1 18.5	31.3 18.8 28.1	27.0 16.8 26.2	25.4 16.6 24.5	45.5 33.9 37.4	26.7 16.3 21.8	2.3 10.0 31.4
17	Special trade contractors	-4.7	-7.6	8.1	5.1	8.2	7.1	11.2	22.7	4.1	-3.4
1711	Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning	8	-3.3	15.9	14.3	14.9	14.0	14.3	23.3	13.6	4.7
1721	Painting and paper hanging	-4.3	-6.2	6.2	3.5	9.3	8.7	27.0	17.2	2.4	-1.6
1731	Electrical work	-4.4	-6.6	7.6	4.3	12.3	11.2	16.4	45.6	7.9	2.5
174 1741 1742 1743	Masonry, stonework, tile setting, and plastering: Masonry, stone setting, and other stonework Plastering, drywall, and insulation work Terrazzo, tile, marble, and mosaic work	-12.5 -18.5 -1.2	-13.7 -20.2 -3.5	-2.2 -10.5 5.6	-3.9 -12.0 2.5	-2.9 -14.4 7.4	-3.8 -15.3 6.4	2 -15.1 10.9	12.8 -4.5 29.5	-6.0 -16.5 3.1	-13.8 -28.4 -27.0
175 1751 1752	Carpentry and floor work: Carpentry	-6.7 9.8	-11.4 5.1	6.6 17.5	2.8 12.1	14.3 21.3	12.9 19.6	14.0 22.9	26.0 41.0	11.2 15.2	4.9 11.5
1761	Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	-6.7	-9.7	7.2	3.8	11.7	9.9	16.7	41.8	4.5	-6.6
1771	Concrete work	-11.8	-14.0	-3.3	-5.6	-4.2	-4.9	1.5	3.4	-8.8	-9.8
1781	Water well drilling	9.9	7.7	32.4	29.8	29.9	29.0	26.4	66.9	27.6	12.6
179 1791 1793 1794 1795 1796 1799	Miscellaneous special trade contractors: Structural steel erection Glass and glazing work Excavation work Wrecking and demolition work Installing building equipment, n.e.c. Special trade contractors, n.e.c.	-11.3 -20.8 -19.1 -7.1 33.0 16.0	-13.9 -25.7 -21.2 -10.9 28.1 11.0	2.2 -13.4 -11.8 13.2 25.1 43.6	4 -18.5 -12.3 9.8 20.4 37.5	1.8 -15.5 -16.7 16.1 23.3 26.4	5 -16.2 -18.2 9.9 22.4 25.3	15.0 -15.3 9 89.9 24.3 23.3	32.0 12.8 -1.7 93.5 36.8 36.7	-7.1 -16.3 -24.0 9 20.7 24.9	8.4 -36.6 -28.8 -43.4 45.7 46.1

Table 17. Employment and Payroll for Auxiliary Establishments by Industry Group: 1992

[Detail may not add to total due to rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

SIC code	Industry	All auxiliaries	Centralized administration offices	Warehousing	Research and development	Other activities
		A	В	С	D	Е
15, 16 17	Construction industries					
	Number of establishments	337 14 677 712 766	282 13 084 637 298	8 55 1 098	2 (D) (D)	45 (D) (D)
15	Building construction—general contractors and operative builders					
	Number of establishments All employees as of March 12Annual payroll, all employees	82 3 427 162 180	74 3 385 160 710	2 (D) (D)	- - -	6 (D) (D)
16	Heavy construction other than building construction—contractors					
	Number of establishments	107 5 606 270 621	84 4 894 243 109	2 (D) (D)	- - - -	21 (D) (D)
17	Special trade contractors					
	Number of establishments	148 5 644 279 965	124 4 805 233 479	4 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	18 (D) (D)

Note: Annual payroll, all employees shown in thousand dollars.

Appendix A. **Explanation of Terms**

Construction. Is composed of three broad categories:

- New construction. Includes the complete, original building of structures and essential service facilities and the initial installation of integral equipment such as elevators and plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning supplies and equipment.
- 2. Additions, alterations, or reconstruction. Includes construction work which adds to the value or useful life of an existing building or structure, or which adapts a building or structure to a new or different use. Included are "major replacements" of building systems such as the installation of a new roof or heating system and the resurfacing of streets or highways. This contrasts to the repair of a hole in a roof or the routine patching of highways and streets, which would be classified as maintenance and repair.
- Maintenance and repair. Includes incidental construction work which keeps a property in ordinary working condition. Excluded are trash and snow removal, lawn maintenance and landscaping, and cleaning and janitorial services.

Number of establishments in business during year. Includes all establishments that were in business at any time during the year. It covers all full-year and part-year operations. Construction establishments which were inactive or idle for the entire year were not included.

Proprietors and working partners. These data were not collected on the census report forms. The data shown are based on crediting each sole proprietorship establishment with one active proprietor and each partnership establishment with two working partners.

All employees. Comprises all full-time and part-time employees on the payrolls of construction establishments who worked or received pay for any part of the pay period including the 12th of March, May, August, and November. Included are all persons on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations during these pay periods. Officers of corporations are included, but proprietors and partners of unincorporated firms are not.

All employees is the sum of all employees during the pay periods including the 12th of March, May, August, and November, divided by 4.

Construction workers. Includes all workers up through the working supervisor level directly engaged in construction operations, such as painters, carpenters, plumbers,

and electricians. Included are journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, truck drivers and helpers, equipment operators, and on-site record keepers and security guards. Supervisory employees above the working foreman level are excluded from this category but are included in the "other employees" category.

Other employees. Includes employees in executive, purchasing, accounting, personnel, professional, and technical activities, as well as routine office functions. Also included are supervisory employees above the working foreman level.

Payroll. Includes the gross earnings paid in the calendar year 1992 to all employees on the payroll of construction establishments. It includes all forms of compensation such as salaries, wages, commissions, dismissal pay, bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay, prior to such deductions as employees' Social Security contributions, withholding taxes, group insurance, union dues, and savings bonds. The total includes salaries of officers of these establishments, if a corporation, but excludes payments to the proprietor or partners, if unincorporated.

Fringe benefits. Represents expenditures made by the employer during 1992 for legally required and voluntary fringe benefit programs for employees.

Legally required contributions. Includes Social Security contributions, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, and State temporary disability payments.

Voluntary payments. Includes life insurance premiums, pension plans, insurance premiums on hospital and medical plans, welfare plans, and union negotiated benefits.

Dollar value of business done comprises the following detail:

Value of construction work done. Includes all value of construction work done during 1992 for construction work performed by general contractors and special trades contractors. Included is new construction, additions and alterations or reconstruction, and maintenance and repair construction work. Also included is the value of any construction work done by the reporting establishments for themselves.

Speculative builders were instructed to include the value of buildings and other structures built or being built for sale in 1992 but not sold. They were to include the costs of such construction plus normal profit. Also included is the cost of construction work done on buildings for rent or lease.

Establishments engaged in the sale and installation of such construction components as plumbing, heating, and central air-conditioning supplies and equipment; lumber and building materials; paint, glass, and wallpaper; and electrical and wiring supplies, elevators or escalators were instructed to include both the value for the installation and the receipts covering the price of the items installed.

Excluded was the cost of industrial and other specialized machinery and equipment which are not an integral part of a structure.

Other business receipts. Includes business receipts not reported as value of construction work done. The item includes business receipts from retail and wholesale trade, rental of equipment, manufacturing, transportation, legal service, insurance, finance, rental of property and other real estate operations, and other nonconstruction activities. Receipts for separately definable architectural and engineering work for others are also included here.

Excluded was the value of construction work done and receipts from other business operations in foreign countries and non-operating income such as interest and dividends.

Net value of construction work. Derived for each establishment by subtracting the costs for construction work subcontracted out to others from the value of construction work done. (For a further explanation see "Duplication in Value of Construction Work" section in the Introduction.)

Value added. Derived for each establishment, value added is equal to dollar value of business done, less costs for construction work subcontracted out to others, and costs for materials, components, supplies, and fuels. (For a further explanation see "Duplication in Value of Construction Work" section in the Introduction.)

Selected costs. Represents the costs for materials, components, and supplies; costs for construction work subcontracted out to others; and costs for selected power, fuels, and lubricants. Capital expenditures and rental costs for machinery, equipment, and structures are shown elsewhere.

Costs for materials, components, and supplies include:

 total costs to reporting establishments during 1992 for the purchase of all materials, components, and supplies, except fuels. (Supplies include expendable tools which are charged to current accounts.)

- freight and other direct charges representing only amount paid after discounts, and the value of materials, components, and supplies obtained from other establishments of the respondent's company.
- costs for materials, components, and supplies used by the reporting establishments in the construction or reconstruction of buildings/ structures for themselves which are chargeable to their fixed assets accounts, as well as costs for materials bought and resold to others.
- costs made for direct purchases of materials, components, and supplies even though the purchases were subsequently provided to subcontractors for their use.

Excluded from this item are:

- industrial and other specialized machinery and equipment such as printing presses and computer systems, which are not an integral part of a structure.
- materials furnished to contractors by the owners of projects.

Costs for construction work subcontracted out to others include:

 all costs during 1992 for construction work subcontracted out to other construction contractors.

Excluded from this item are:

- the costs to the reporting establishment for its purchases of materials, components, and supplies provided to a subcontractor for use. Such costs are reported under, "costs for materials, components, and supplies."
- · costs for the rental of machinery or equipment.

Costs for selected power, fuels, and lubricants include:

- costs for fuels, lubricants, and electric energy purchased during the year from other companies or received from other establishments of the company.
- costs for natural and manufactured gas, fuel oil, coal, and coke products.

Rental costs for machinery, equipment, and buildings. Includes all costs during 1992 for renting or leasing construction machinery and equipment, transportation equipment, production equipment, office equipment, furniture and fixtures, scaffolding, office space, and buildings. It excludes costs for the rental of land. It also excludes costs under agreements which, in effect, are conditional sales contracts such as capital leases. Such costs are included in "capital expenditures."

Selected purchased services. Includes all costs during 1992 for communication services purchased from other companies or from other establishments of the company. It also includes the cost of all repairs made to structures and equipment by outside companies or from other establishments of the same company. It includes only the cost of

repair necessary to maintain property and equipment. It excludes the cost of improvements that increase the value of property or the cost of adapting it for another use. Such costs are included in "capital expenditures."

Assets and depreciation. Refers to the original cost of all fixed tangible assets such as buildings and other structures (offices and shops); stationary machinery (generators and shop equipment); mobile machinery (tractors and trucks); and other equipment (office furniture and fixtures). Not included are such items as current assets, depletable assets, intangible assets, and nondepreciable assets.

Data on assets and depreciation were collected separately for: (1) buildings and other structures, additions, and related facilities; and (2) machinery and equipment.

Respondents were also asked to report capitalized expenditures, depreciation charges, and the gross value of assets sold, retired, scrapped, and destroyed during 1992.

Capital expenditures. Refers to all costs actually incurred during 1992 which were or would be chargeable to the fixed assets accounts of the reporting establishments and which were of the type for which depreciation accounts are ordinarily maintained. These expenditures cover the acquisition, the construction, and the major alteration of the reporting establishment's own buildings and other structures, whether purchased, constructed under contract, or constructed by the reporting establishment's own forces; and the acquisition of machinery and equipment.

If leasing arrangements met the criteria set down by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for a capital lease, respondents were instructed to report the original cost or market value of that equipment or building as a fixed asset and capital expenditure if acquired during 1992.

If capital expenditures were not recorded directly at the establishment level but handled centrally at the company or division level, respondents were requested to report appropriate estimates for the individual establishments.

Inventories. Includes all of the materials and supplies that are owned regardless of where they are held. Excludes materials which are owned by others, but held by the reporting establishment.

Builders who built on their own account for sale were requested to exclude work in progress and finished units not sold from inventories.

Inventories of multiestablishment companies were instructed to be reported by the establishment that is responsible for the inventories even if these inventories were held at a separate location.

Ownership of construction projects. Shows the distribution of the value of construction work done by ownership of the project; that is, Government owned or privately owned. This classification relates to the ownership of the projects or work undertaken during the construction phase. Government owned projects are shown separately for Federal and State and local governments.

Value of construction work subcontracted in from others. Includes the value of construction work during 1992 for work done by reporting establishments as subcontractors. Establishments were asked to report the approximate percent of total value of construction work accounted for by such work, and the percentages reported were applied to the reported value of construction work to develop a value for this item.

Types of construction. Provides data by the types of buildings, structures, or other facilities being constructed or worked on by construction establishments in 1992. Respondents were instructed that each building, structure, or other facility should be classified in terms of its function. For example, a restaurant building was to be classified in the restaurant category whether it was designed as a commercial restaurant building or an auxiliary unit of an educational institution. If respondents worked on more than one type of building or structure in a multibuilding complex, they were instructed to report separately for each building or type of structure. If they worked on a building that had more than one purpose; i.e, office and residential, or commercial, they were to classify the building by major purpose.

In addition, all respondents were requested to report the percentage of the value of construction work done for new construction, additions, alterations, or reconstruction, and maintenance and repair work for each of these types. See the definition of "Construction" for the meanings of these terms.

Building construction:

- Single-family houses, detached. Includes all residential buildings constructed for one family use.
- Single-family houses, attached, including townhouses and townhouse-type condominiums. Includes all residential buildings with two or more living quarters side by side, completely independent of one another, and separated by an unbroken party or lot line wall from ground to roof
- Apartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals, apartment-type condominiums, and cooperatives. Includes high-rise, low-rise, or any structures containing two or more housing units other than attached single-family houses.
- Hotels, motels, and tourist cabins. Includes hotels, motels, bed and breakfast inns, and tourist cabins intended for transient accommodations. Also included are hotel and motel conference centers.
- Other residential buildings. Includes dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, and other nonhousekeeping residential structures.
- Office buildings. Includes all buildings which are used primarily for office space or for government administrative offices. Also included are banks or financial buildings which are three stories or more. Medical office buildings are reported under hospitals and institutional buildings.

- Other commercial buildings, such as stores, restaurants, and automobile service stations. Includes all buildings which are intended for use primarily in the retail and service trades. For example, shopping centers, department stores, drug stores, restaurants, public garages, auto service stations, and one or two story bank or financial institutions.
- Industrial buildings. Includes all industrial buildings and plants which are used to house production and assembly activities. Note that industrial parks should be classified under its primary usage such as warehouses, office space, commercial or industrial type buildings. Heavy industrial facilities such as blast furnaces, petroleum refineries, and chemical complexes are not included in this category but are reported under nonbuilding construction.
- Warehouses. Includes commercial warehouses, cold storage plants, grain elevators, mini-warehouses, and other such storage buildings.
- Religious buildings. Includes all buildings which are intended for religious services or functions such as churches, synagogues, convents, monasteries, and seminaries.
- Educational buildings. Includes all buildings which are
 used directly in administrative and instructional activities
 such as colleges, universities, elementary and secondary schools, correspondence, commercial, and trade
 schools. Libraries, museums, and art galleries, as well as
 laboratories which are not a part of a manufacturing or
 commercial establishment, are also included.
- Hospitals and institutional buildings. Includes medical office buildings and all other buildings which are intended to provide hospital and institutional care such as clinics, infirmaries, sanitariums, nursing homes, homes for the aged, and orphanages.
- Farm buildings, nonresidential. Includes nonresidential farm buildings such as barns, poultry houses, implement sheds, and farm silos.
- Amusement, social, and recreational buildings. Includes buildings which are used primarily for entertainment, social, and recreational activities such as sports arenas, convention centers, theaters, music halls, golf and country club buildings, skating rinks, fitness centers, bowling alleys, and indoor swimming pools.
- Other nonresidential buildings. Includes nonresidential buildings which are not classified elsewhere such as fire stations, post offices, bus and air passenger terminals and hangars, and prisons.

Nonbuilding construction:

 Highways, streets, and related work such as installation of guardrails, highway signs, and lighting. Includes streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, curbs and gutters, culverts, right-of-way drainage, erosion control, and lighting. Also includes earthwork protective structures when used in connection with road improvements.

- Outdoor swimming pools. Includes wading pools and reflecting pools.
- Airport runways and related work. Includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and related work.
- Private driveways and parking areas. Includes all nonstructural parking areas and private driveways of all surface types.
- Fencing. Includes all types of fencing.
- Recreational facilities. Includes athletic fields, golf courses, outdoor tennis courts, trails, and camps.
- Tunnels. Includes highway, pedestrian, railroad, and water distribution tunnels.
- Bridges and elevated highways. Includes viaducts and overpasses, roads, highways, railroads, and causeways built on structural supports.
- **Dam and reservoir construction.** Includes hydroelectric, water supply, and flood control dams and reservoirs.
- Marine construction. Includes dredging, underwater rock removal, breakwaters, navigational channels, and locks.
- Harbor and port facilities. Includes docks, piers, and wharves.
- Conservation and development construction. Includes land reclamation, irrigation projects, drainage canals, levees, jetties, breakwaters, and flood control projects.
- Power and communication transmission lines, towers, and related facilities. Includes electric power lines, telephone and telegraph lines, fiber optic cables, cable television lines, television and radio towers, and electric light and power facilities.
- Sewers, sewerlines, septic tanks, and related facilities. Includes sanitary and storm sewers, pumping stations, septic systems, and related facilities.
- Water mains and related facilities. Includes water supply systems, pumping stations, and related facilities.
- Pipeline construction other than sewer or waterlines. Includes pipelines for the transmission of gas, petroleum products, and liquefied gases.
- Urban mass transit. Includes subways, trollies, street cars, and light rail systems.
- Railroad construction. Includes the construction of railroad beds, tracks, freight yards, and signal towers for systems other than urban mass transit.
- Blast furnaces, petroleum refineries, chemical complexes, etc. Includes coke ovens and mining appurtenances such as tipples and washeries.

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• Power plants, nuclear. Includes atomic energy plants and nuclear reactors.

- Power plants, and cogeneration plants, except nuclear. Includes electric and steam generating plants and cogenerating plants.
- Sewage treatment plants. Includes sewage treatment and waste disposal plants.
- Water treatment plants. Includes water filtration and water softening plants.
- **Ships.** Includes special trade contractors working on ships and boats such as painters, carpenters, joiners, electricians, etc.
- Other nonbuilding construction. Includes all types of nonbuilding construction not included elsewhere.

Appendix B. Standard Industrial Classification Titles for Industry Groups and Industries

SIC code	Industry titles	SIC code	Industry titles
15	BUILDING CONSTRUCTION—GENERAL CONTRACTORS AND OPERATIVE BUILDERS	17	CONSTRUCTION—SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS—Con.
152	General Building Contractors—Residential Buildings	173 1731	Electrical Work Special Trade Contractors Electrical Work Special Trade Contractors
1521 1522	General Contractors—Single-Family Houses General Contractors—Residential Buildings, Other Than Single-Family	174	Masonry, Stone Work, Tile Setting, and Plastering Special Trade Contractors
153	Operative Builders	1741	Masonry, Stone Setting, and Other Stone Work Special Trade Contractors
1531 154	Operative Builders General Building Contractors—Nonresidential	1742	Plastering, Drywall, Acoustical, and Insulation Work Special Trade Contractors
	Buildings	1743	Terrazzo, Tile, Marble, and Mosaic Work Special Trade Contractors
1541	General Contractors—Industrial Buildings and Warehouses	475	
1542	General Contractors—Nonresidential Buildings, Other Than Industrial Buildings and Warehouses	175	Carpentry and Floor Work Special Trade Contractors
16	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION— CONTRACTORS	1751 1752	Carpentry Work Special Trade Contractors Floor Laying and Other Floor Work Special Trade Contractors, Not Elsewhere Classified
161	Highway and Street Construction, Except Elevated Highways	176	Roofing, Siding, and Sheet Metal Work Special Trade Contractors
1611	Highway and Street Construction Contractors, Except Elevated Highways	1761	Roofing, Siding, and Sheet Metal Work Special Trade Contractors
162	Heavy Construction, Except Highway and Street Construction	177	Concrete Work Special Trade Contractors
1622	Bridge, Tunnel, and Elevated Highway Construction Contractors	1771	Concrete Work Special Trade Contractors
1623 1629	Water, Sewer, Pipeline, and Communications and Power Line Construction Contractors Heavy Construction Contractors, Not Elsewhere	178 1781	Water Well Drilling Special Trade Contractors Water Well Drilling Special Trade Contractors
1029	Classified	179	Miscellaneous Special Trade Contractors
17	CONSTRUCTION—SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	1791 1793	Structural Steel Erection Special Trade Contractors Glass and Glazing Work Special Trade
171	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning	1794	Contractors Excavation Work Special Trade Contractors
1711	Special Trade Contractors Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Special Trade Contractors	1795	Wrecking and Demolition Work Special Trade Contractors
172	Painting and Paper Hanging	1796	Installation or Erection of Building Equipment, Special Trade Contractors, Not Elsewhere
1721	Special Trade Contractors Painting and Paper Hanging Special Trade Contractors	1799	Classified Special Trade Contractors, Not Elsewhere Classified

Appendix C.

Geographic Divisions and States

NEW ENGLAND STATES

Connecticut
Maine
Massachusetts
New Hampshire
Rhode Island
Vermont

MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

New Jersey New York Pennsylvania

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

Delaware
District of Columbia
Florida
Georgia
Maryland

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES—Con.

North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas

MOUNTAIN STATES

Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming

PACIFIC STATES

Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington JOBNAME: No Job Name PAGE: 1 SESS: 30 OUTPUT: Fri Oct 13 13:29:53 1995 / pssw02/ disk2/ economic/ cc92i/ 00/ 07txtpub

Publication Program

1992 CENSUS OF CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES

The Census of Construction Industries is taken once every 5 years. The census covers all establishments engaged in construction, including:

- · Building contractors
- Heavy construction contractors
- Special trade contractors (including plumbers, carpenters, painters, electricians)

Data products in the census of construction industries are issued in four publication series and in three media:

Printed reports [P]
CD-ROM [C]
Highlights online [+]

Preliminary Industry Series (CC92-I-1(P) to -27(P))

(Available July 1994 through January 1995) [P] [C]

Twenty-six separate industry reports and a U.S. summary report, providing national statistics for establishments with payroll. Statistics shown for 1992 include:

- Number of establishments
- Number of employees
- Payroll
- Value of construction work done, by type of structure
- · Selected operating costs

Final Industry Series (CC92-I-1 to -27)

(Available April 1995 through August 1995) [P] [C] [+]

Twenty-six separate industry reports and a U.S. summary report, providing statistics for the Nation and individual States on establishments with payroll. These reports update figures from the preliminary industry series (employment, payroll, value of construction, etc.) and provide measures of the following:

- · Capital expenditures
- Inventories
- · Industry profiles
- Assets
- Depreciation
- And much more

Geographic Area Series (CC92-A-1 to -10)

(Available August 1995 through December 1995) [P] [C] [+]

Nine reports on the construction industries, representing each census geographic division, and a U.S. summary report. Regional reports provide detailed data for States and metropolitan areas.

Subject Report—Legal Form of Organization and Type of Operation (CC92-S-1)

(Available August 1995) [P] [C]

One report providing selected national statistics for each industry by legal form of organization and type of operation. This report includes data for establishments with and without payroll. Data in this report include—

- Employment
- Payroll
- · Value of construction work done
- · Selected operating costs

OTHER ECONOMIC CENSUS REPORTS

The census of construction industries is part of the 1992 Economic Census. The economic census is conducted at 5-year intervals in years ending in 2 and 7 and consists of eight separate censuses:

- · Census of Retail Trade
- · Census of Wholesale Trade
- · Census of Service Industries
- Census of Financial, Insurance, and Real Estate Industries
- Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities
- · Census of Manufactures
- · Census of Mineral Industries
- · Census of Construction Industries

...plus several related programs: enterprise statistics; information on minority-owned and women-owned businesses; and the census of outlying areas, including separate economic census of Puerto Rico and other outlying areas. The census of agriculture and census of governments are conducted separately.

HOW TO ORDER DATA PRODUCTS

Order forms for the specific reports and other data products may be obtained from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300. If you have any questions, call Census Customer Services 1-301-457-4100.