OCSP Wage Tables for All Establishments: Decatur, IL, November 1993 Table 1. Weekly hours and earnings of professional, administrative, technical, and clerical occupations, Decatur, IL, November 1993

Occupation and level		Average weekly		Weekly earnings (in dollars)(2)							Percent of workers receiving straight-time weekly earnings (in dollars) of $ heta$															
	of workers	hours(- 1) (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Middle range	150 and under 175	175 - 200	200 - 225	225 - 250	250 - 275	275 - 300	300 - 325	325 - 350	350 - 400	400 - 450	450 - 500	500 - 550	550 - 600	600 - 650	650 - 700	700 - 750	750 - 800	800 - 850	850 - 900	900 - 950	950 - 1000
Administrative Occupations																										
Computer Programmers II III.		39.1 40.0	\$616 726	\$638 727	\$533 - \$68 664 - 81		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 5	32	5 11	23 8	14 16	9 21	5 13	5 8	- 16	-	- 3
Computer Systems Analysts I	17	38.8	679	665	648 - 69	0 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	47	12	6	6	-	-	-
Technical Occupations Computer Operators III Clerical Occupations		39.7	625	618	515 - 77	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	3	21	17	17	-	-	34	-	-	-	-
Clerks, Accounting	79	40.0	377	328	298 - 48	0 -	-	-	-	-	28	16	25	3	-	5	5	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerks, General II	159	40.0	301	280	240 - 32	0 1	3	11	15	16	13	18	-	6	8	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Key Entry Operators II		40.0	446	386		0 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	11	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switchboard Operator-Receptionists	11	39.8	227	-		-	45	18	27	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

2 Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses. Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Scope and Method of Survey for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges. Table 2. Hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, material movement, and custodial occupations, Decatur, IL, November 1993

Occupation and level	Number		Hourly earnings (in dollars)(1)						Percent of workers receiving straight-time hourly earnings (in dollars) of $ heta$																			
	wumber of workers	Mean	Median	Middle	e range	4.25 and under 4.50	-	4.75 - 5.00	-	5.50 - 6.00	6.00 - 6.50	6.50 - 7.00	7.00 - 7.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.00 1 - 19.00 2	-	-
Maintenance and Toolroom Occupations																												
General Maintenance Workers	27	\$8.61	\$9.00	\$7.40	- \$9.55	-	-	-	7	-	4	11	4	-	7	-	59	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance Electricians	180	17.57	18.46	18.46	- 20.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	38
Maintenance Mechanics, Motor Vehicle	93	14.09	12.33	12.33	- 18.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	11	16	-
Material Movement and Custodial Occupations																												
Forklift Operators	350	13.02	16.28	10.75	- 16.28	-	3	(2)	3	3	1	(2)	5	1	1	1	2	23	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	-
Janitors	51	6.39	5.06	5.00	- 7.21	6	8	8	31	4	18	-	4	-	-	-	2	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truckdrivers Tractor Trailer	39	12.23	12.33	10.87	- 12.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	26	8	54	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Warehouse Specialists	176	13.27	13.24	10.50	- 16.37	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	9	-	-	-	11	-	23	5	-	-	47	-	-	-	-

1 Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses. Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Scope and Method of Survey for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges. 2 Less than 0.5 percent.