

March 17, 2006



U.S. Department
of Transportation

400 Seventh Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20590

**Pipeline and
Hazardous Materials
Safety Administration**

DOT-SP 10247
(EIGHTH REVISION)

(FOR RENEWAL, SEE 49 CFR § 107.109)

1. GRANTEE: (See individual authorization letter)
2. PURPOSE AND LIMITATION:
 - a. This special permit authorizes the transportation in commerce of certain small quantities of Divisions 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 6.1, and Class 3 and 8 materials which are not authorized under § 173.4. This special permit provides no relief from the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR) other than as specifically stated herein.
 - b. The safety analyses performed in development of this special permit only considered the hazards and risks associated with transportation in commerce.
 - c. Unless otherwise stated herein, this special permit consists of the special permit authorization letter issued to the grantee together with this document.
3. REGULATORY SYSTEM AFFECTED: 49 CFR Parts 106, 107 and 171-180.
4. REGULATIONS FROM WHICH EXEMPTED: 49 CFR § 173.4.
5. BASIS: This special permit is based on the application of VICI Metronics dated December 20, 2004 submitted in accordance with § 107.109.

March 17, 2006

6. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (49 CFR § 172.101):

Hazardous materials description			
Proper shipping name	Hazard Class/ Division	Identi- fication Number	Packing Group
Materials meeting Division 2.1 Listed in Table 1.	2.1	As Applicable	N/A
Materials meeting Division 2.2 Listed in Table 1.	2.2	As Applicable	N/A
Materials meeting Division 2.3 Listed in Table 1.	2.3	As Applicable	N/A
Materials meeting Division 6.1 Listed in Table 1.	6.1	As Applicable	I

7. PACKAGING AND SAFETY MEASURES: Packaging prescribed is one of the five types of permeation devices described in the two page enclosure titled "Device Configurations" filed with VICI Metronics application of August 31, 1989. The permeation device must be constructed of a material which is compatible with the lading. Each permeation device must be placed in a high impact resistant, sealed plastic tube containing sufficient absorbent to completely absorb the contents of the device. These plastic tubes must be overpacked as follows:

- a. The liquid content of each permeation device must not exceed the following amounts: anhydrous hydrogen bromide and anhydrous hydrogen chloride - 0.5 ml; anhydrous ammonia - 0.5 ml; and chlorine, cyclopropane, 1,1-difluoroethane, anhydrous hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen sulfide, dinitrogen tetroxide, phosgene, propane, and propylene - 1.5 ml. These devices, in the plastic tubes described above, must be placed in metal pipes with threaded caps made hermetically tight with teflon tape or other suitable material. More than one permeation device may be placed in a pipe. Each pipe must be placed in a corrugated fiberboard box meeting the applicable requirements of § 173.24.
- b. The liquid content of permeation devices containing acrolein and carbon disulfide may not exceed 5 ml. The packaging must be the same as in paragraph 7.a. above,

March 17, 2006

except that a polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe may be used instead of a metal pipe.

- c. The liquid content of permeation devices containing any other material described in Table I (January 29, 2003 submission) may not exceed 5 ml and the plastic tubes containing the devices must be placed in a corrugated fiberboard box meeting the applicable requirements of § 173.24.
 - d. No more than 100 permeation tubes (500 for ammonia) containing these hazardous materials may be transported per package.
8. SPECIAL PROVISIONS:
- a. A person who is not a holder of this special permit who receives a package covered by this special permit may reoffer it for transportation provided no modifications or changes are made to the package and it is reoffered for transportation in conformance with this special permit and the HMR.
 - b. A current copy of this special permit must be maintained at each facility where the package is offered or reoffered for transportation.
 - c. Packagings permanently marked 'DOT-E 10247', prior to October 1, 2007 may continue to be used under this special permit for the remaining service life of the packaging or until the special permit is no longer valid. Packagings marked on or after October 1, 2007 must be marked 'DOT-SP 10247'.
 - d. Shipping papers displaying 'DOT-E 10247' may continue to be used until October 1, 2007, provided the special permit remains valid.
9. MODES OF TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED: Motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo aircraft only, and passenger aircraft.
10. MODAL REQUIREMENTS: None as a condition of this special permit.
11. COMPLIANCE: Failure by a person to comply with any of the following may result in suspension or revocation of this special permit and penalties prescribed by the Federal hazardous materials transportation law, 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq:

March 17, 2006

- o All terms and conditions prescribed in this special permit and the Hazardous Materials Regulations, 49 CFR Parts 171-180.
- o Persons operating under the terms of this special permit must comply with the security plan requirement in Subpart I of Part 172 of the HMR, when applicable.
- o Registration required by § 107.601 et seq., when applicable.

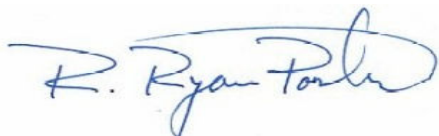
Each "Hazmat employee", as defined in § 171.8, who performs a function subject to this special permit must receive training on the requirements and conditions of this special permit in addition to the training required by §§ 172.700 through 172.704.

No person may use or apply this special permit, including display of its number, when the special permit has expired or is otherwise no longer in effect.

Under Title VII of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU)- 'The Hazardous Materials Safety and Security Reauthorization Act of 2005' (Pub. L. 109-59), 119 Stat. 1144 (August 10, 2005), amended the Federal hazardous materials transportation law by changing the term 'exemption' to 'special permit' and authorizes a special permit to be granted up to two years for new special permits and up to four years for renewals.

12. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: Shipments or operations conducted under this special permit are subject to the Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting requirements specified in 49 CFR §§ 171.15 - Immediate notice of certain hazardous materials incidents, and 171.16 - Detailed hazardous materials incident reports. In addition, the grantee(s) of this special permit must notify the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, in writing, of any incident involving a package, shipment or operation conducted under terms of this special permit.

Issued in Washington, D.C.:

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "R. Ryan Foster". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping initial "R".

for Robert A. McGuire
Associate Administrator
for Hazardous Materials Safety

Address all inquiries to: Associate Administrator for Hazardous
Materials Safety, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety
Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C.
20590. Attention: PHH-31.

Copies of this special permit may be obtained by accessing the
Hazardous Material Safety Homepage at
http://hazmat.dot.gov/sp_app/special_permits/spec_perm_index.htm
Photo reproductions and legible reductions of this special permit
are permitted. Any alternation of this special permit is
prohibited.

PO: SH/AM

TABLE 1

1	Acrolein, stabilized	6.1	UN1092	I
2	Allyl alcohol	6.1	UN1098	I
3	Ammonia, anhydrous	2.3	UN1005	N/A
4	Butadienes, stabilized	2.1	UN1010	N/A
5	Butane <i>also see</i> Petroleum gases liquefied	2.1	UN1011	N/A
6	Butylene <i>see also</i> Petroleum gases, liquefied	2.1	UN1012	N/A
7	Isobutylene <i>see also</i> Petroleum gases, liquefied	2.1	UN1055	N/A
8	Carbonyl sulfide	2.3	UN2204	N/A
9	Chlorine	2.3	UN1017	N/A
10	Chloroacetyl chloride	6.1	UN1752	I
11	Methyl chloromethyl ether	6.1	UN1239	I
12	Chloroacetophenone, solid (CN)	6.1	UN1697	II
13	Chloroacetophenone, liquid (CN)	6.1	UN3416	II
14	Ethyl chloride	2.1	UN1037	N/A
15	Methyl chloride or Refrigerant gas R 40	2.1	UN1063	N/A
16	Dichlorodimethyl ether, symmetrical	6.1	UN2249	I
17	Crotonaldehyde, stabilized	6.1	UN1143	I
18	Cyclopropane	2.1	UN1027	N/A

19	1,1-Difluoroethane <i>or</i> Refrigerant gas R 152a	2.1	UN1030	N/A
20	Dimethylamine, anhydrous	2.1	UN1032	N/A
21	Dimethyl ether	2.1	UN1033	N/A
22	Mercury compounds, liquid, n.o.s. (dimethyl mercury)	6.1	UN2024	I
23	Organophosphorus compound, liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Dimethyl methyl phosphonate)	6.1	UN3278	I
24	Toxic solids, organic, n.o.s. (4,4'-Dipyridyl)	6.1	UN2811	I
25	Ethylamine	2.1	UN1036	N/A
26	Ethylene dibromide	6.1	UN1605	I
27	Ethylene oxide <i>or</i> Ethylene oxide <i>with nitrogen up to a total pressure 1MPa (10bar) at 50 degrees C</i>	2.3	UN1040	N/A
28	Hydrogen bromide, anhydrous	2.3	UN1048	N/A
29	Hydrogen chloride, anhydrous	2.3	UN1050	N/A
30	Hydrogen cyanide, stabilized <i>with less than 3 percent water</i>	6.1	UN1051	I
31	Hydrogen sulfide	2.3	UN1053	N/A
32	Mercury compounds, solid, n.o.s. (mercury (I) chloride)	6.1	UN2025	I
33	Methylamine, anhydrous	2.1	UN1061	N/A
34	Methyl bromide	2.3	UN1062	N/A
35	Methyl iodide	6.1	UN2644	I

March 17, 2006

36	Methyl isocyanate	6.1	UN2480	I
37	Methyl mercaptan	2.3	UN1064	N/A
38	Methyl vinyl ketone, stabilized	6.1	UN1251	I
39	Nitrogen dioxide see Dinitrogen tetroxide	2.3	UN1067	N/A
40	Phosgene	2.3	UN1076	N/A
41	Propane see also Petroleum gases, liquefied	2.1	UN1978	N/A
42	Propylene see also Petroleum gases, liquefied	2.1	UN1077	N/A
43	Sulfur dioxide	2.3	UN1079	N/A
44	Sulfuryl fluoride	2.3	UN2191	N/A
45	Trimethylamine, anhydrous	2.1	UN1083	N/A
46	Vinyl chloride, stabilized	2.1	UN1086	N/A
47	Isobutane see also Petroleum gases, liquefied	2.1	UN1969	N/A