

The Big Squeeze

K-5

Wendy Shindle







Key Point:

vert Rocks can form from smaller bits of other rocks through a combination of heat and/or pressure.

Materials:

- Aluminum foil
- Different colored crayons
- Crayon sharpener or plastic knife
- Candle
- Tongs or clothespin

Procedure:

- 1. Cut out two squares of aluminum foil for each student or group.
- 2. Place crayon shavings from different colored crayons inside of one of the aluminum foil squares.
- 3. Fold the square over so that no "sediment" shavings can fall out. Fold the other square of aluminum foil around the first.
- 4. Squeeze the foil packet between your hands. Open it up and look at the shavings.
- 5. Rewrap the packet and gently step on it. Unwrap and observe.
- 6. Rewrap the packet, or make a new packet.
- 7. Hold the foil packet over a lit candle with tongs or a clothes pin and rotating it slowly.
- 8. Wait for the packet to cool. Open and observe the results.

Questions:

- 1. What happened to the shaving when they were squeezed? Could you still see the individual crayon shavings? What kind of rock formed when pressure was applied?
- 2. What kind of rock was formed when you applied heat?
- 3. Did heat or pressure make the rock "stick together" better?
- 4. Where can you find real rocks being formed by heat and pressure?